

TCP: Connection Management

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Background



- TCP is a connection oriented protocol
 - Processes can run on any type of machine in the Internet
- Connection establishment helps
 - Exchange and initiate state variables
 - MSS size, initial sequence number, ACK type
 - Allocate resources (buffer space)
 - ↓ send Buffer
4KB - 1MB
 - ↓ receive Buffer
8KB

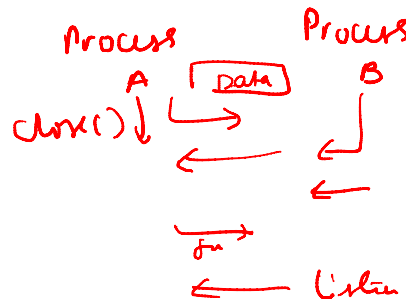
Initial Sequence Number (ISN)

- Why not start with Seqno zero?
- Segments from different connections can get mixed up
- Security risk when ISN's are predictable
- Original solution: Use a clock (e.g. increments every 4 microsec) to choose ISN
 - 32 bit sequence number wraps around in 4 hrs
- Current implementations use random ISN

IP → TTL

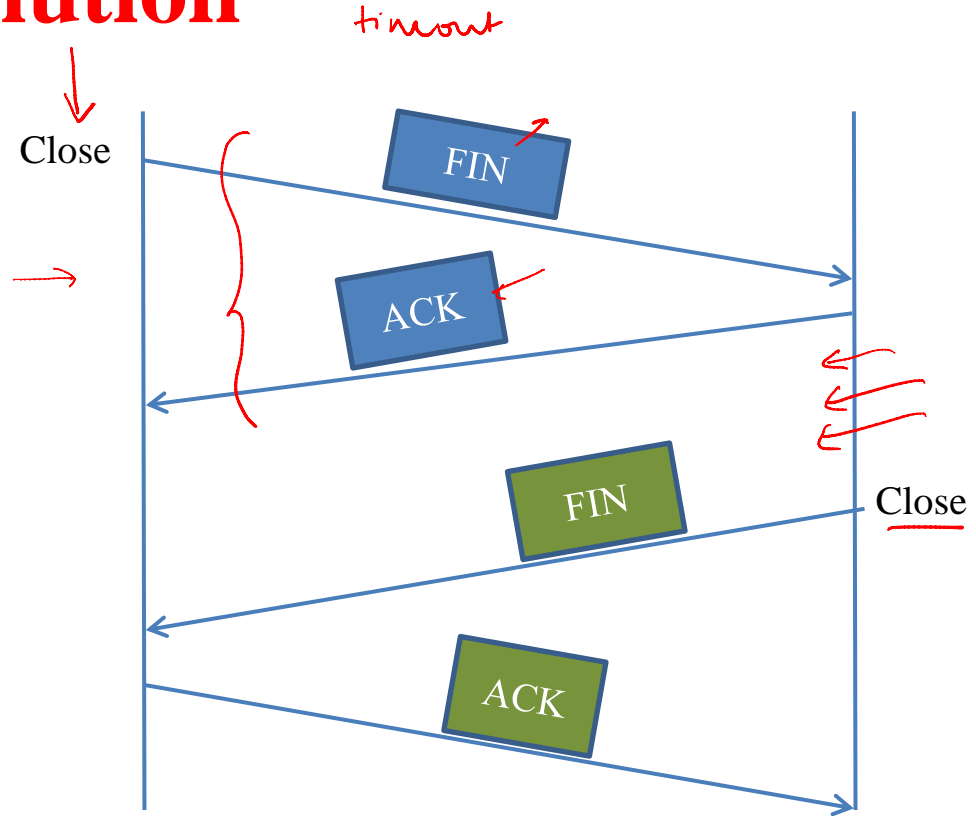
Connection Termination

- Asymmetric release (just hang-up) leads to loss of data
- Symmetric release
 - Treat connection as two separate unidirectional connections
 - Each side should be released separately



- Follows simple two-way handshake
- Each side independently closes connection

Solution



[illegible]