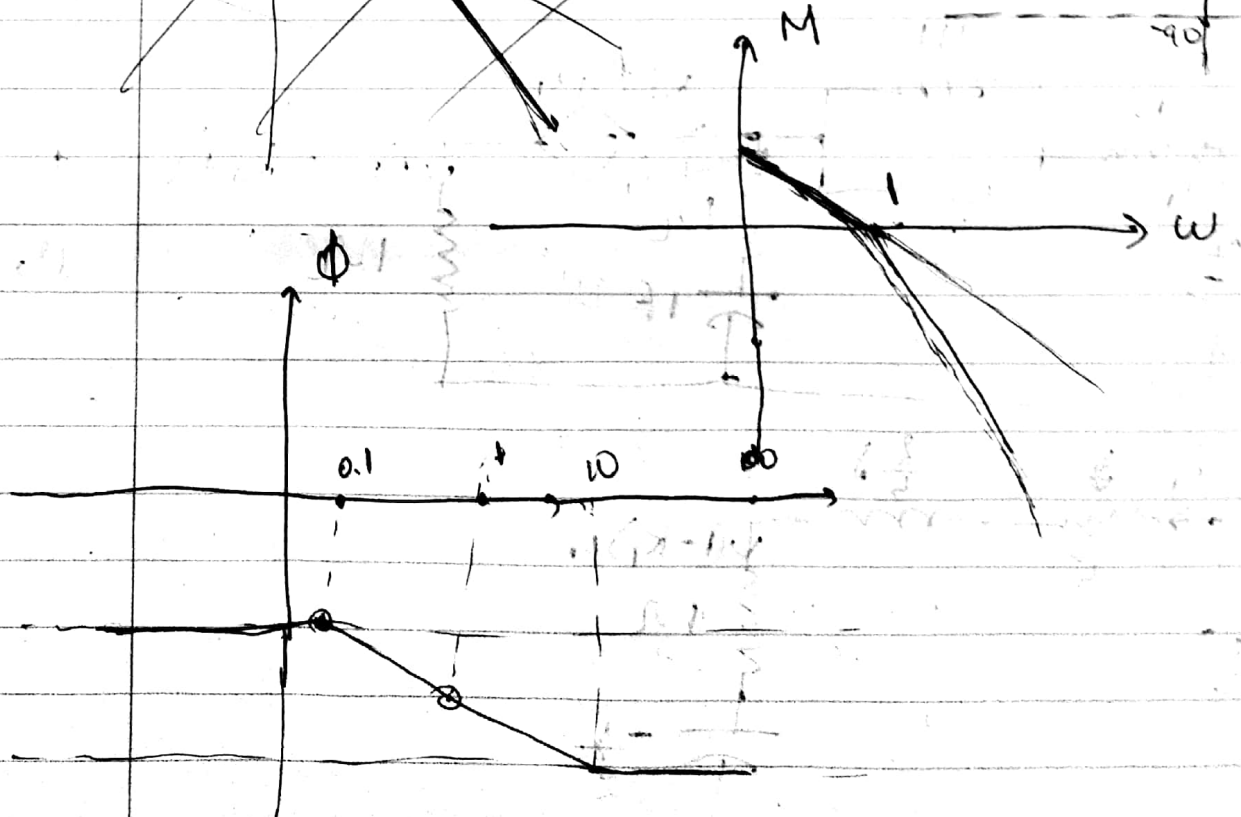
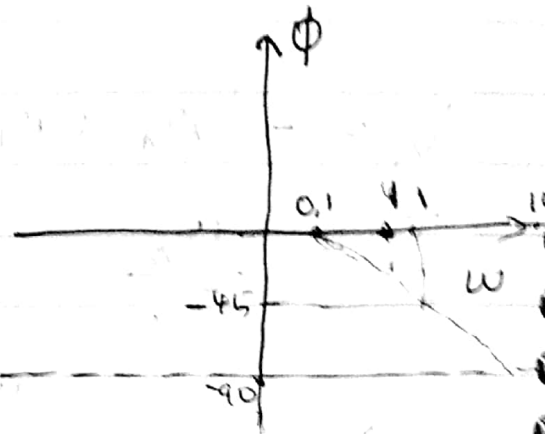
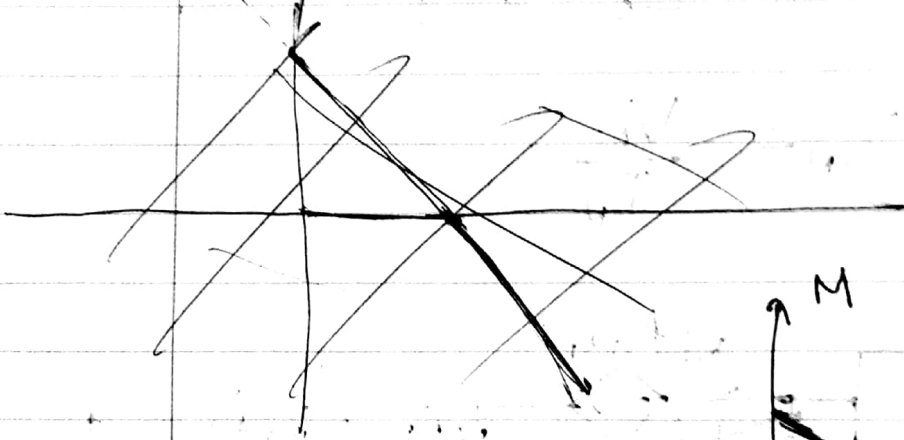


## Bode - Plots

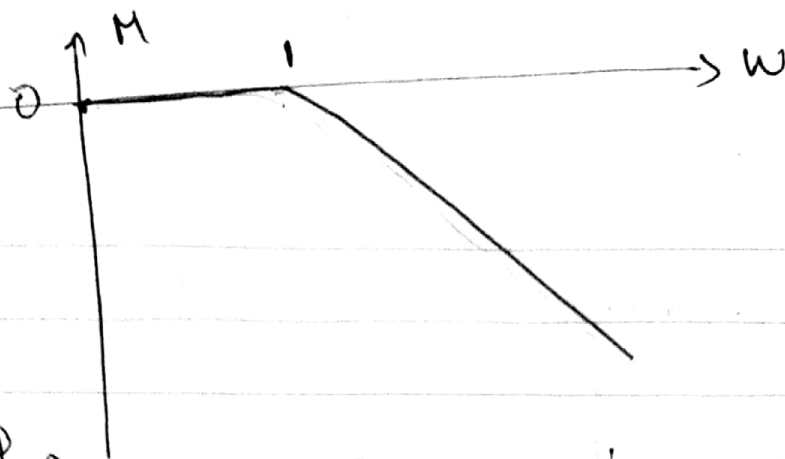
①.  $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)}$

$G(j\omega+1) = \frac{1}{(j\omega+1) \cdot j\omega}$

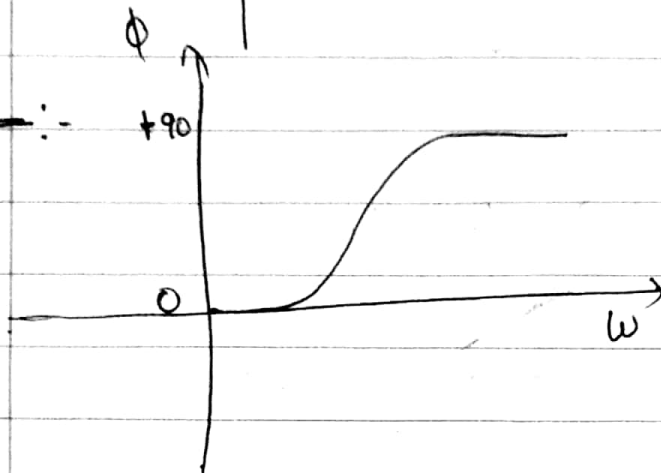
$20 \log |G| = - \ln(\omega^2 + 1) - \ln(\omega^2)$



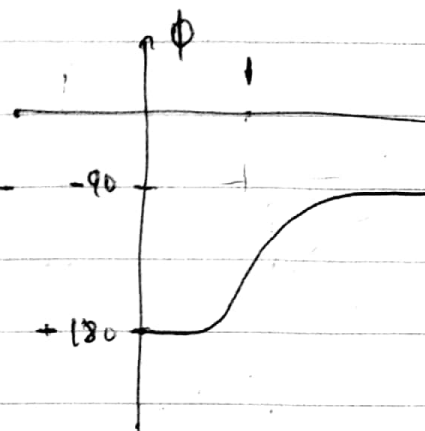
$\frac{1}{s-1} \& \frac{1}{1-s}$



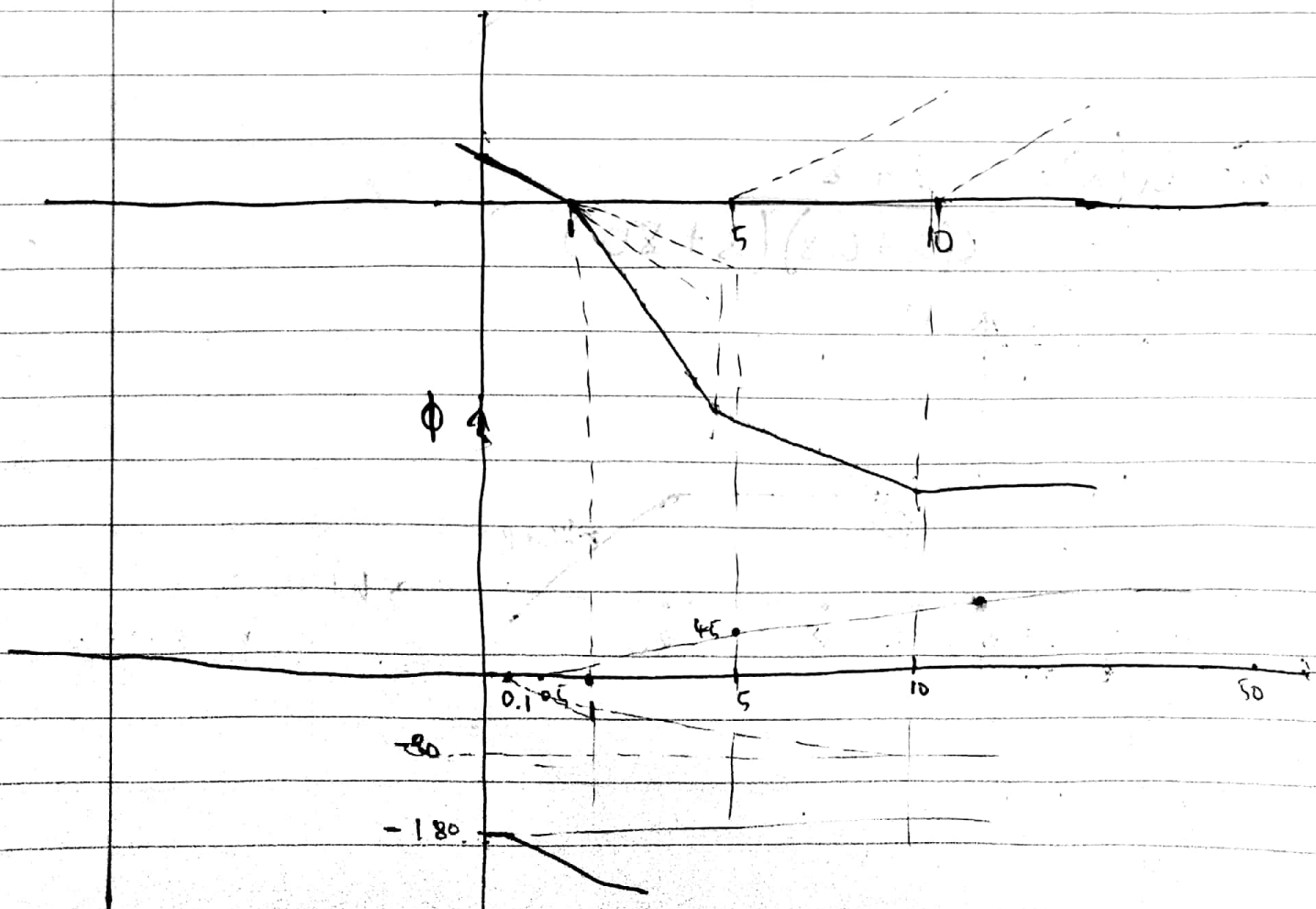
$\frac{1}{1-s}$



$\frac{1}{s-1}$

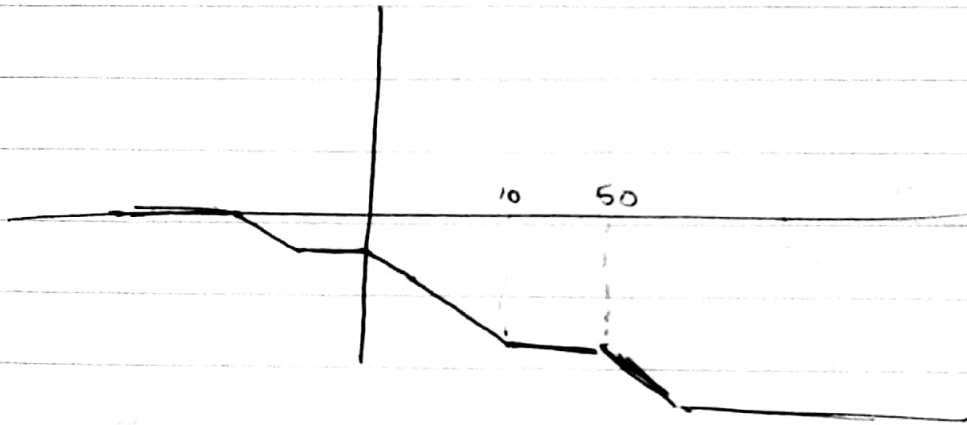
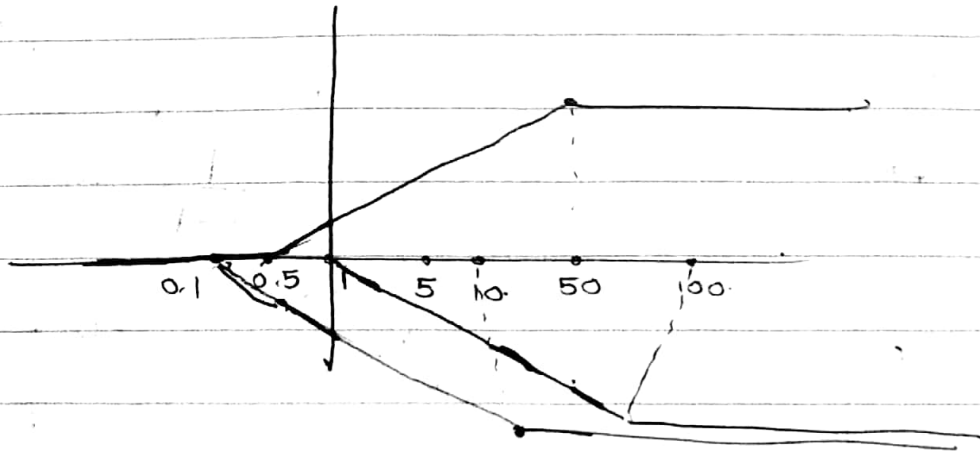


d.  $G = \frac{s+5}{s^2(s+1)(s+10)}$

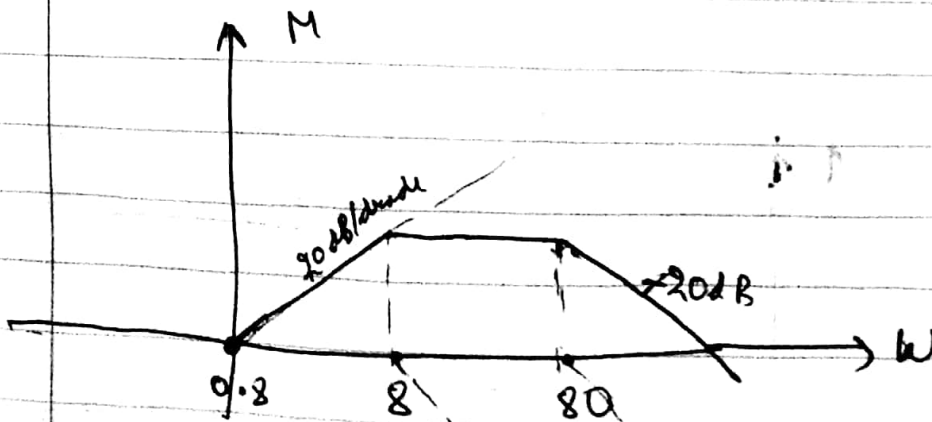



0.1 → 24  
0.01 → 4

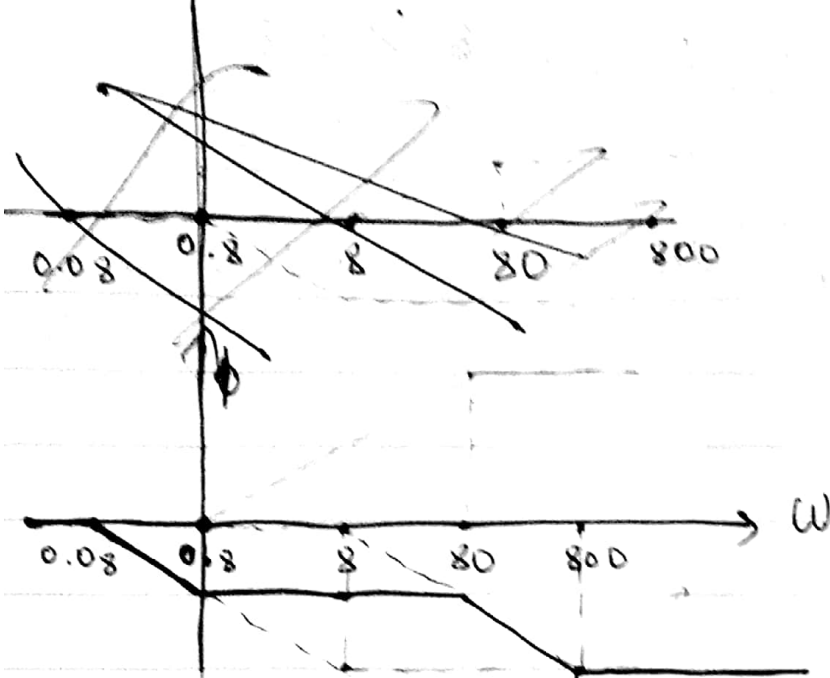
$$L_G(j\omega) = L(s+5) - (180^\circ) - L(s+1) - L(s+10)$$



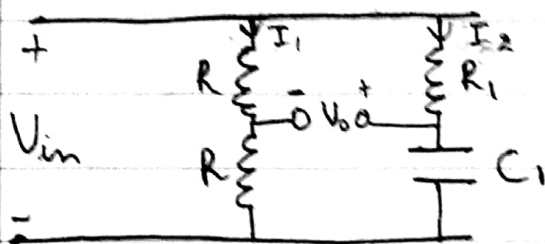
(a)  $G(s) = \frac{s+8}{s(s+0.8)(s+80)}$



$$\frac{2-s}{2-s} \quad 2-s\omega$$




③

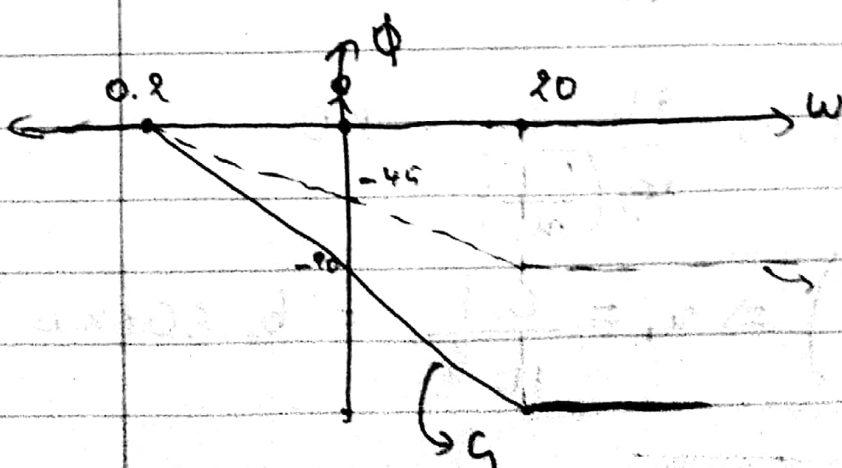


$$I_1 = \frac{V_{in}}{2R} ; I_2 = \frac{V_{in}}{R_1 + \frac{1}{sC_1}}$$

$$V_0 = \frac{1}{sC_1} I_2 - R I_1 = \frac{V_{in}}{sC_1 R_1 + 1} - \frac{V_{in}}{2}$$

$$G = \frac{V_0}{V_i} = \frac{2 - sC_1 R_1 - 1}{2(sC_1 R_1 + 1)} = \frac{1 - sC_1 R_1}{2(1 + sC_1 R_1)}$$

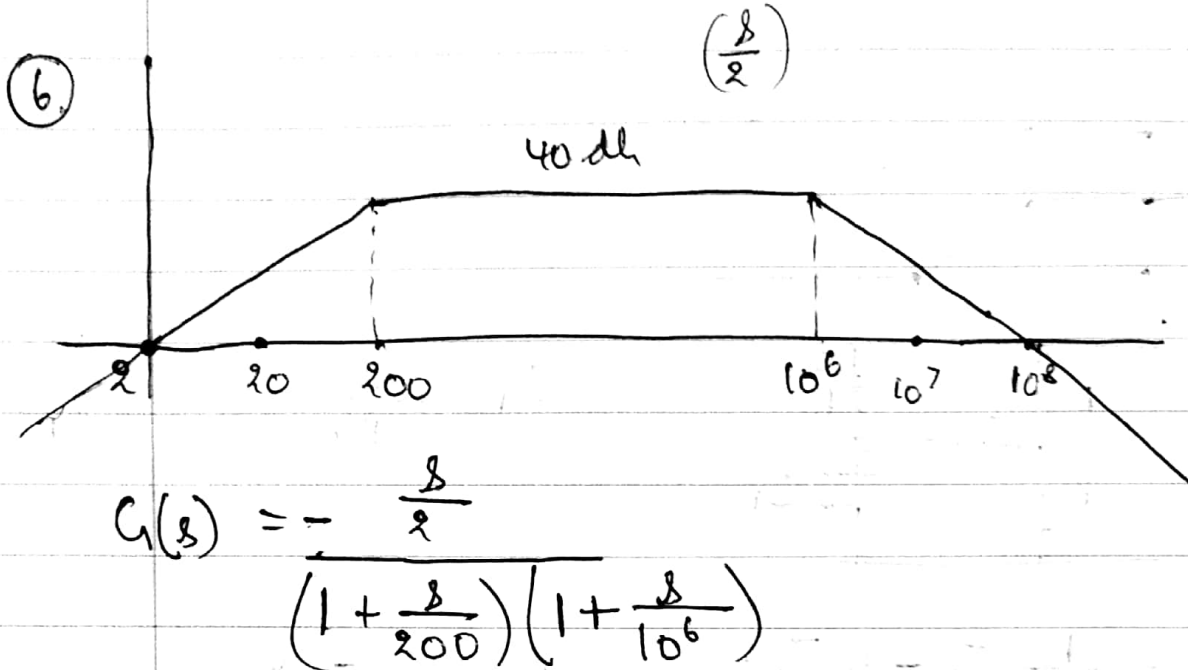
$$\Rightarrow G = \frac{1 - \frac{s}{2}}{2(1 + \frac{s}{2})} \quad H = \frac{1}{2} \text{ (constant)}$$



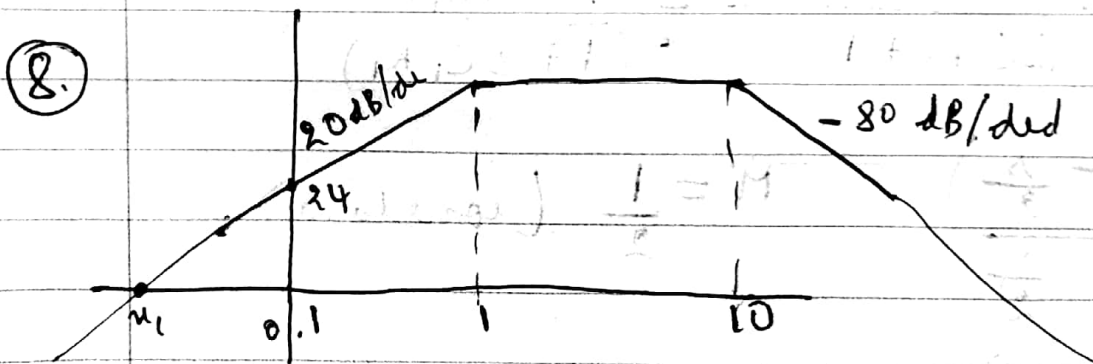
$$\rightarrow \text{for Bode } \left( \frac{2-s}{2+s} \right)$$

$$(4.) G_1(s) = \frac{(s+2)}{s(2-s)} \quad G_2(s) = \frac{s(s+3)}{s(3-s)}$$

Bode plots are similar to those calculated in (3)



$$\text{If } \omega=0 \Rightarrow G=0 \Rightarrow V_o=0$$



$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{\log u_2 - \log u_1} = 20 \Rightarrow \frac{24 - 0}{\log\left(\frac{0.1}{u_1}\right)} = 20$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{24}{20} = \log\left(\frac{0.1}{u_1}\right) \Rightarrow u_1 = \frac{0.1}{10^{\frac{24}{20}}} = 6.309 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\Rightarrow G(s) = \frac{s}{6.309 \times 10^{-3} \left(1 + s\right) \times \left(1 + \frac{s}{10}\right)^4}$$