

**EE 236 Lab Report**  
**Basic Electronic Devices**

**Experiment No. 5**

Name : Devesh Kumar

Batch: Monday

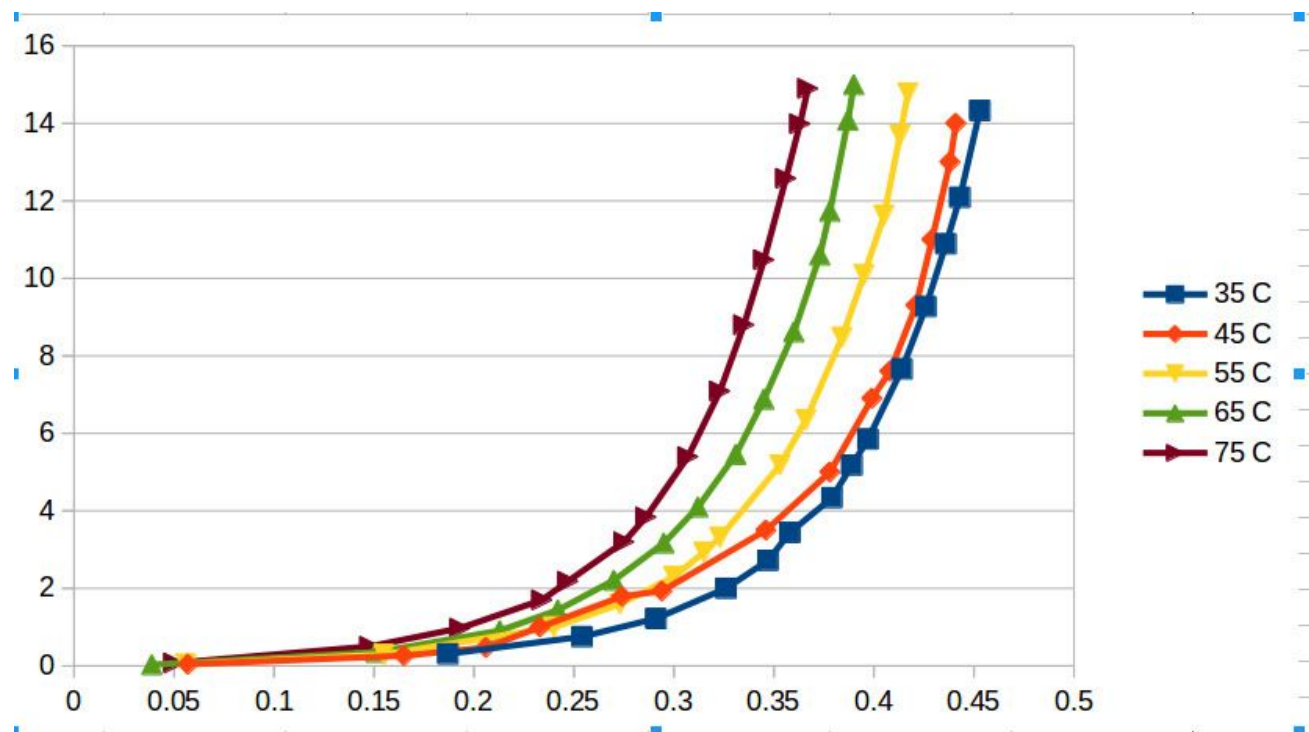
Exp Date:

Name of TA/RA : Arindam Sarkar

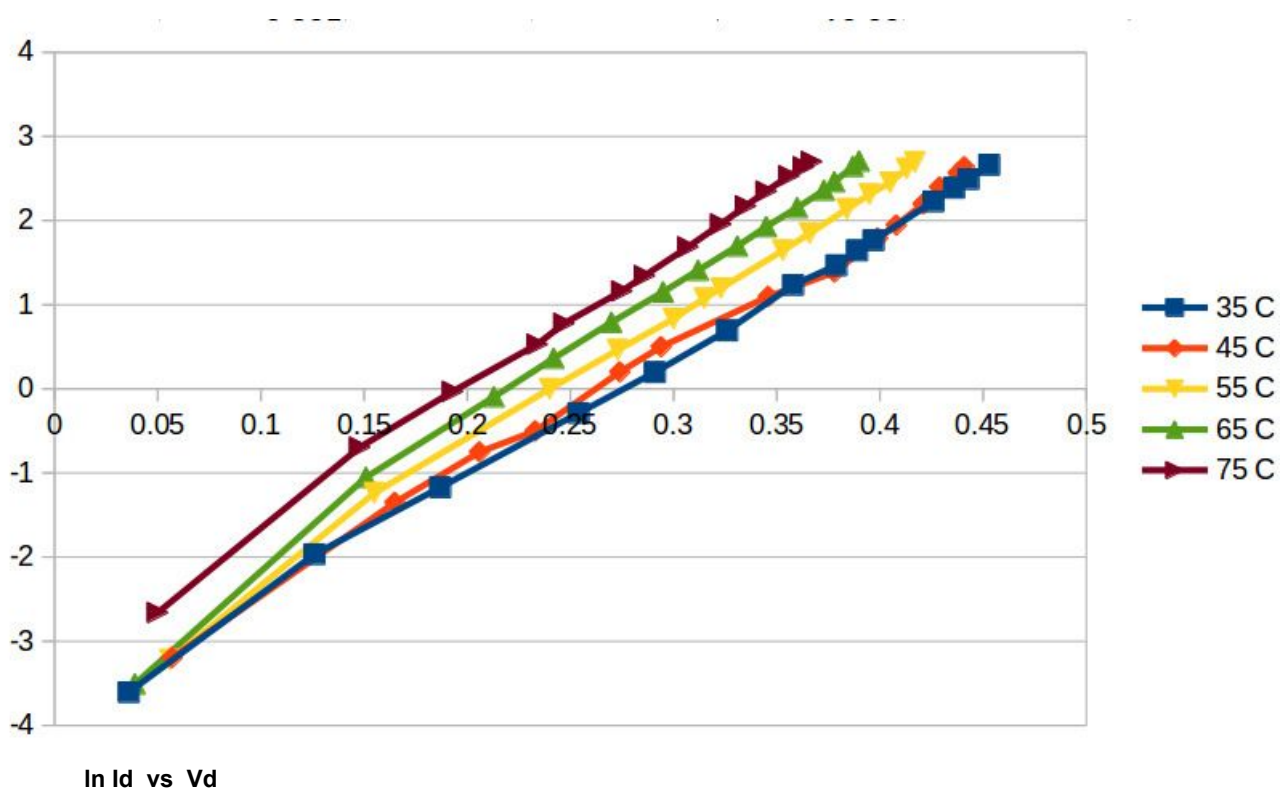
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Table No: 20

**Plot  $I_d$  -  $V_d$  and  $\ln I_d / V_d$  characteristics at all temperatures.**



$I_d$  vs  $V_d$



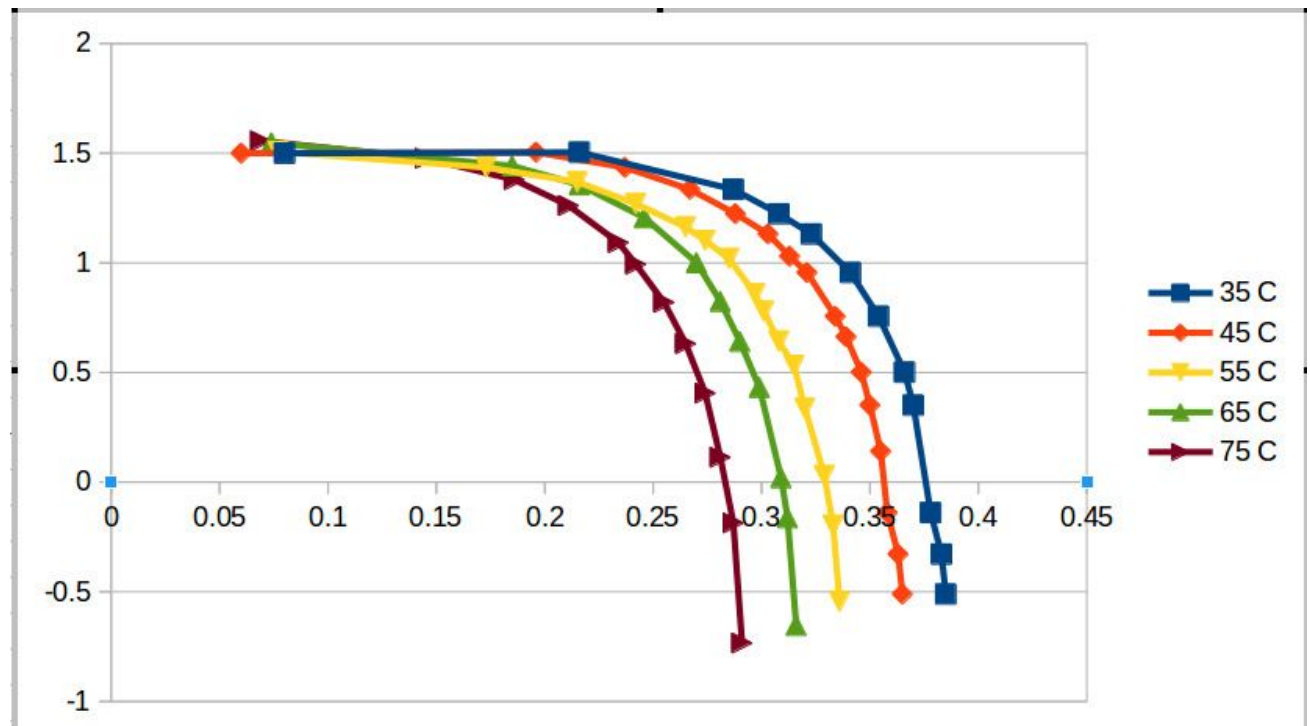
From  $I_d$ - $V_d$  plots find voltage at 1 mA, 2 mA and 5 mA at each temperature. from  $\ln I_d$ - $V_d$  plots, obtain ideality factor at all temperature

Temperature	Vd for $I_d$ =1mA	Vd for $I_d$ =2mA	Vd for $I_d$ =5mA
35	0.3	0.37	0.41
45	0.27	0.34	0.395
55	0.24	0.3	0.36
65	0.22	0.26	0.33
75	0.2	0.24	0.3

Ideality factor does not seem to change for either current or voltage and is constant at 2.32 V

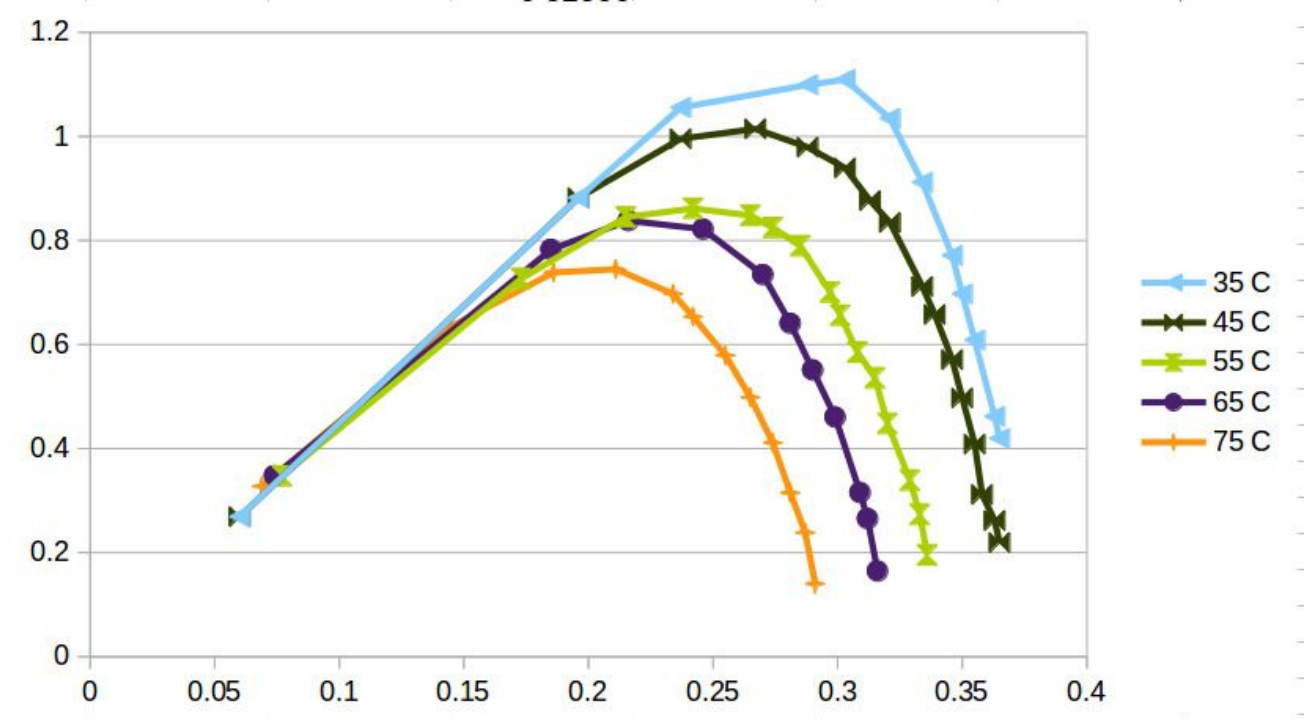
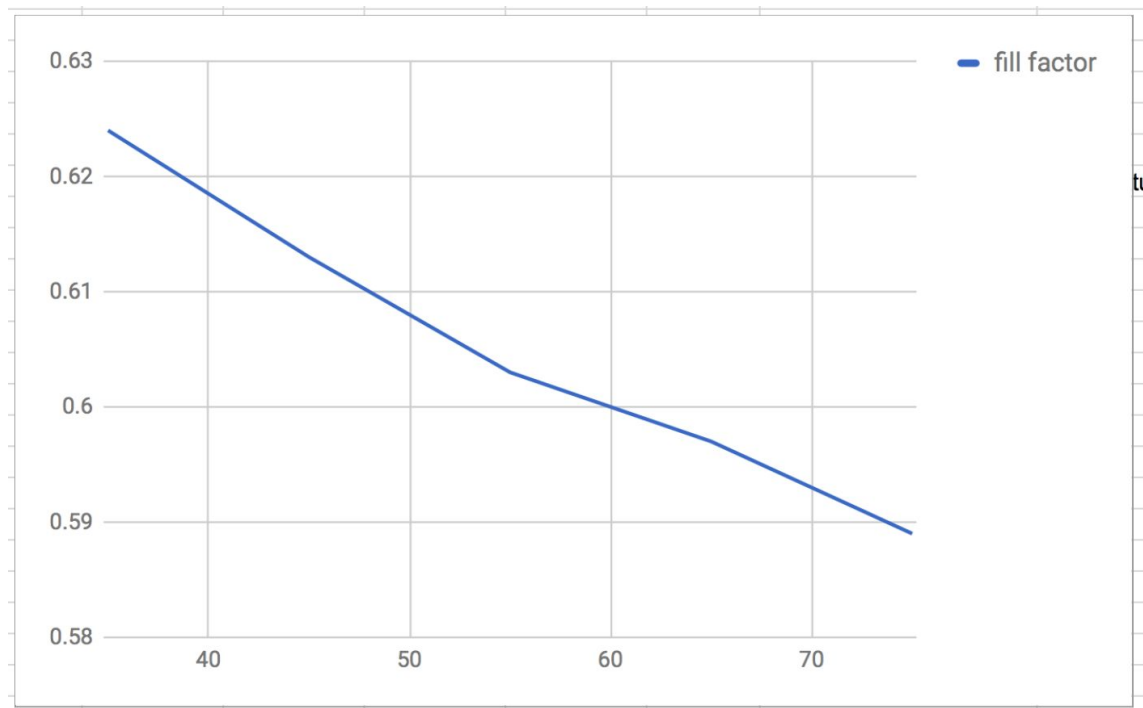
## Part 2

Plot  $I_L$ - $V_L$  and  $P_L$ - $V_L$  characteristics under lighted condition at all temperatures mentioned in slide 10.  
Obtain fill factor(FF) for all temperatures and plot FF v/s temperature.



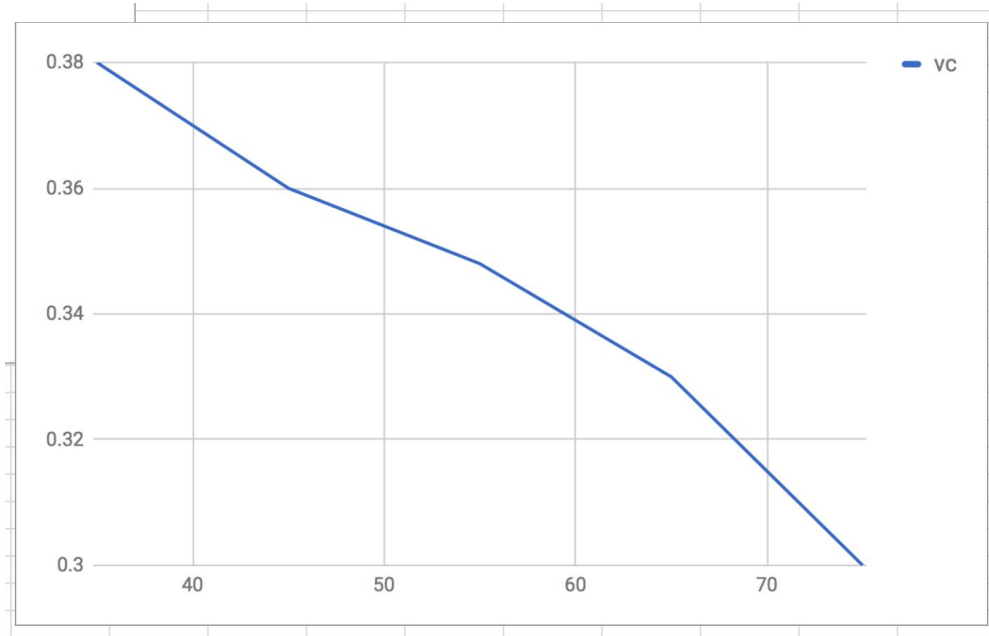
$I_L$ - $V_L$

temperature	fill factor
35	0.624
45	0.613
55	0.603
65	0.597
75	0.589

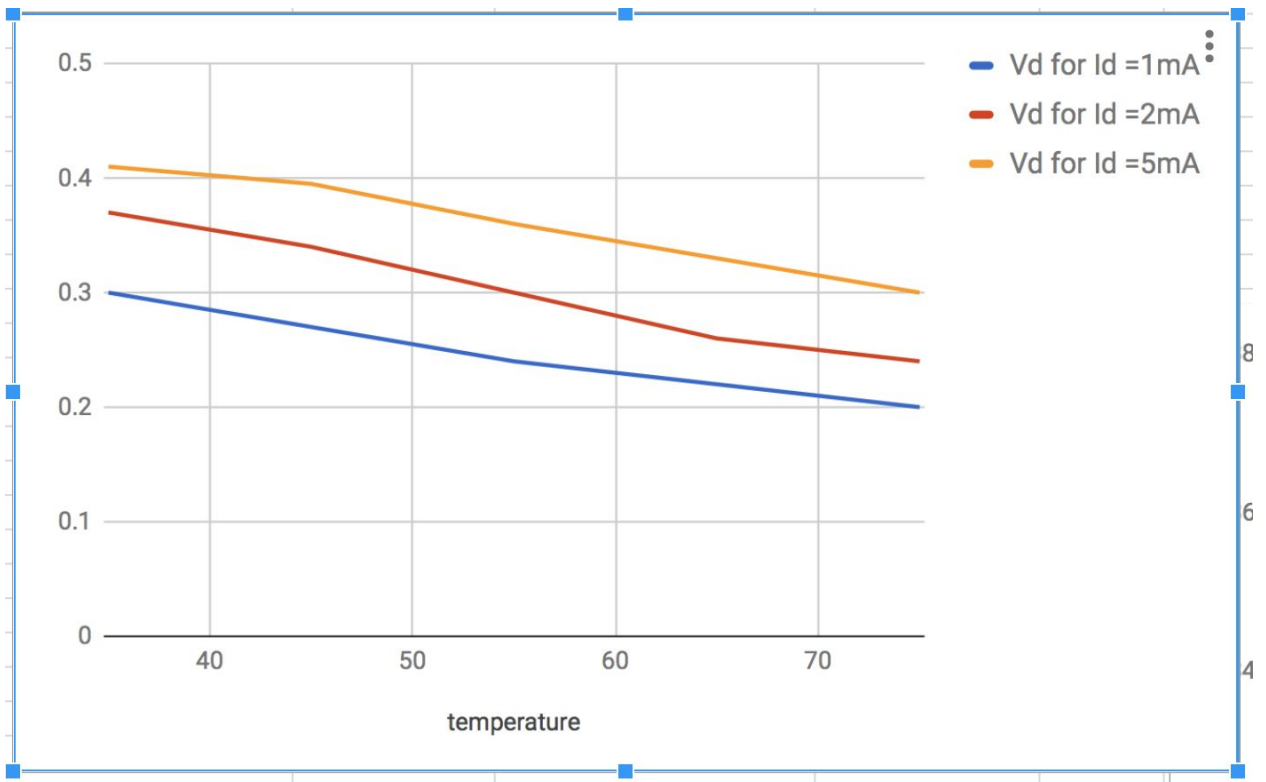


PL-VL

Plot  $V_d$  v/s  $T(\text{temp})$  and  $V_{oc}$  v/s  $T(\text{temp})$ .



$V_{oc}$  v/s  $T$



Note: You will get three sets of  $V_d$  for  $I_d$  equal to 1mA, 2mA and 5mA each obtained in part - 1.

Comment upon the temperature dependence of :  $V_{oc}$ ,  $I_{sc}$ , fill factor, and  $V_d$ .

**$V_d$**  and  **$V_{oc}$**  decrease linearly with increase in temperature.as temp increases bandgap decreases,as a result  $V_d$  decreases for a given  $I_d$ .

Due to increase in temperature and decrease in bandgap semiconductor absorbs more photon ,thus  **$I_{sc}$**  increases.

The product  $I_{sc}$  vs  $V_{oc}$  decreases but total power produced reduces further thus **fill factor** reduces substantially.