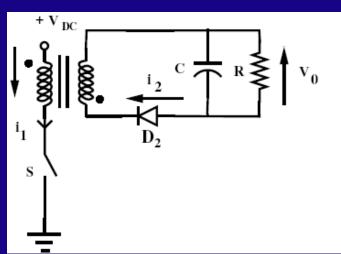
Re view

- 1. Flyback converter:
- \Rightarrow Energy is stored in $L_{\underline{m}}$ & it is transferred to o/p
- ⇒ Isolated Buck Boost control

$$\mathbf{V}_0 = \mathbf{V}_{\mathsf{dc}} \left(\frac{\mathbf{N}_2}{\mathbf{N}_1} \right) \frac{\mathbf{D}}{\left(1 - \mathbf{D} \right)}$$

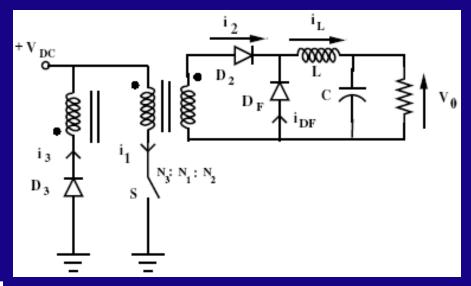
- ⇒ Operated in discontinuous mode (flux reseting)
- ⇒ Generally airgap is provided during the fabrication of transformer
- ⇒ Multiple o/p's are possible
- ⇒ Closed loop operation is a must



Forward Converter

With non-ideal transformer

- $\Rightarrow \mu_r \neq \infty$, R \rightarrow finite
- ... magnetising current is finite.
- \Rightarrow when $\mathbf{i_2} = \mathbf{0}$, $\mathbf{i_1} \neq 0$
- ⇒ magnetising current should be continuous
- ⇒calls for a seperate winding
- ⇒should provide a path for the magnetising 'I'(similar to fly-back connection)



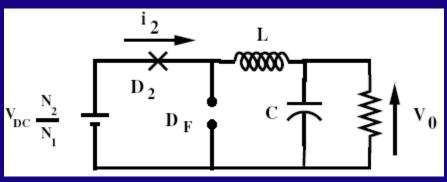
Close 'S'

$$\mathbf{i}_1 = \mathbf{i}_2 + \mathbf{i}_m$$

 $i_m \rightarrow magnetising current$

'V' applied to $L_m = V_{DC}$

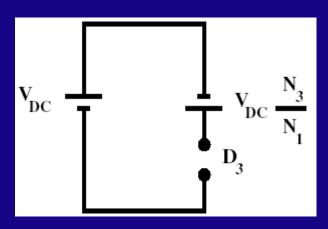
 \therefore i_m \uparrow linearly with time.



'V' induced in N_2 supplies current to load (i_2 can leave the dot)

'V' across
$$D_F = V_{DC} \frac{N_2}{N_1}$$

Right direction for i_3 is to leave the dot. \Rightarrow not possible due to D_3



OR: – 'V' induced in $N_3 = V_{DC} \frac{N_3}{N_1}$ with '•' as +ve.

∴ 'V' across
$$D_3 = -V_{DC} \left(1 + \frac{N_3}{N_1}\right)$$

Open 'S'

$$\mathbf{i}_1 = \mathbf{0}$$
 $\therefore \mathbf{i}_2 = \mathbf{0}$

i_m & i_l should be continuous ∴ i_l flows through D_F.

'V' across $D_2 =$ 'V' induced in N_2

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\phi}{dt}$$
 is -ve \therefore all '•' are -ve

 \Rightarrow D $_3$ starts conducting providing a path for i $_m$

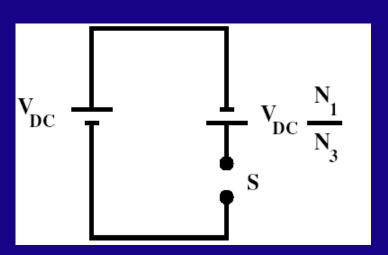
Peak value of
$$i_m = I_m = \frac{V_{DC}}{I_m} DT$$

Peak value in $N_3 = I_m \frac{N_1}{N_3}$

'V' applied to $N_3 = V_{DC}$ (with '•' as -ve)

:. Induced 'V' in $N_1 = V_{DC} \frac{N_1}{N_3}$

∴'V' across 'S' =
$$V_{DC} \left(1 + \frac{N_1}{N_3} \right)$$



⇒'V' induced in $N_2 = V_{DC} \frac{N_2}{N_3}$ (with '•' as -ve) V_{DC}

∴'V' rating of
$$D_2 = V_{DC} \frac{N_2}{N_3}$$

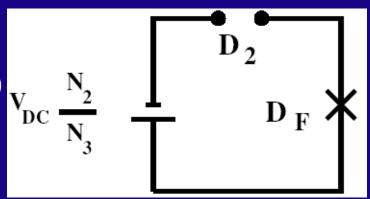
What is the value of $N_3 = ?$

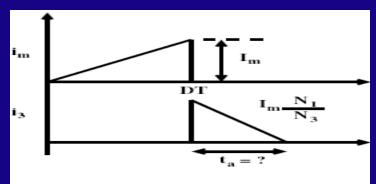
$$\uparrow d\phi = \frac{V_{DC}DT}{N_{I}}$$

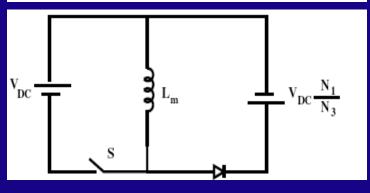
$$\downarrow d\phi = \frac{V_{\text{DC}}}{N_{\text{3}}} t_{\alpha}$$

equating above equation,

$$t_{\alpha} = \frac{N_3}{N_1} DT$$







For core flux to become zero,

$$t_{a} < (1 - D)T$$

 \therefore D must be limited to D_{max} such that

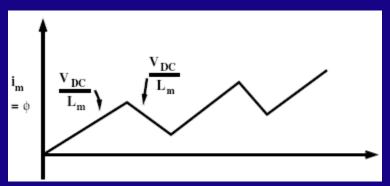
$$\frac{\mathbf{N}_3}{\mathbf{N}_1}\mathbf{D}_{\max}\mathbf{T} = (1 - \mathbf{D}_{\max})\mathbf{T}$$

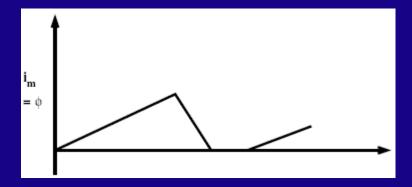
$$\Rightarrow D_{\text{max}} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{if } N_3 = N_1$$

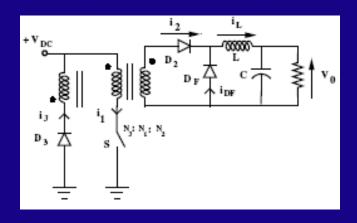
If
$$N_3 = N_1$$
, $D > 0.5$:

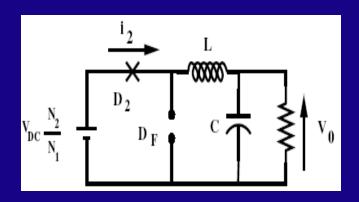
i_m will not become zero , because

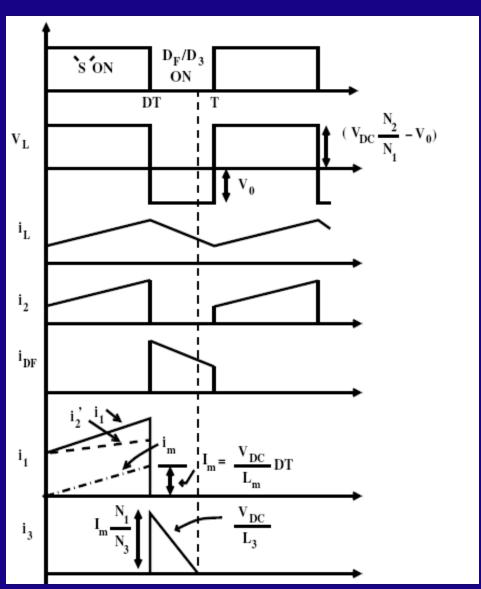
- +V_{DC} is applied for 'DT' &
- $-V_{DC}$ is applied for (1-D)T
- \Rightarrow slope is the same
- →core will saturate
- \rightarrow : For D < 0.5, discontinuous (flux) conduction

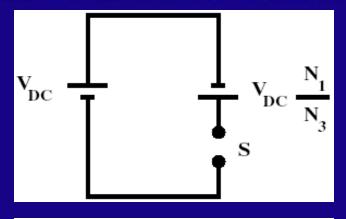


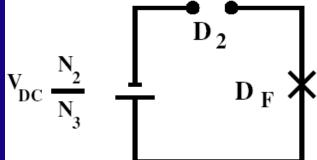


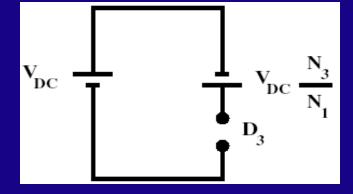


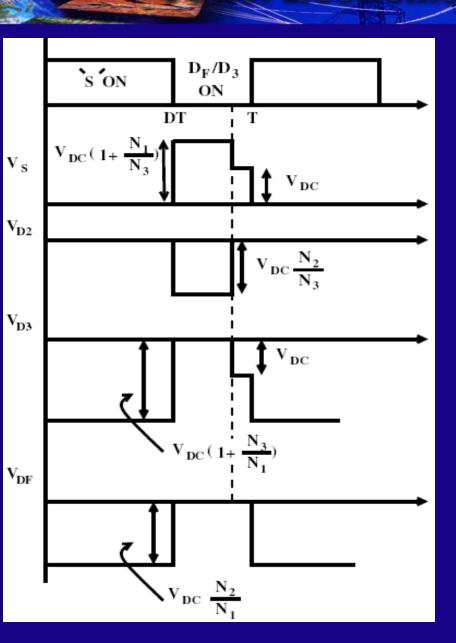






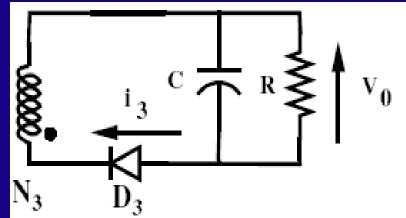






Special Cases:

- ⇒ Primary & tertiary winding form a
 - flyback converter
 - (C & R are replaced by V_{DC})
- \Rightarrow No need to connect to V_{DC} instead connect to $C \parallel R$

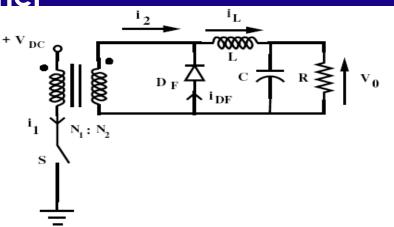


OR: Using 2 – winding transformer

Close 'S'

- i, enters the dot
- i, can leave the dot

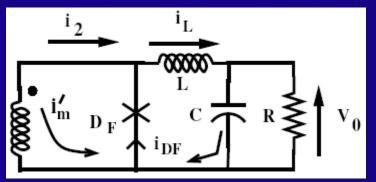
$$\mathbf{I}_1 = \mathbf{I}_{\mathsf{m}} + \mathbf{I}_2'$$

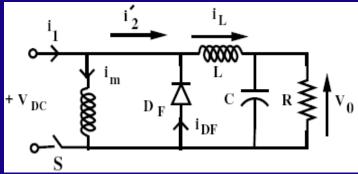


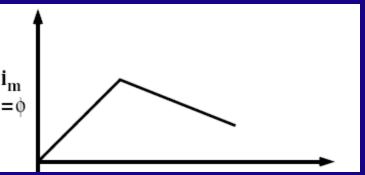
Open 'S'

i_m & i_L should be continuous For continuity of flux, right direction for 'i' in secondary (when 'S' is opened) is to enter the dot.

- ⇒ Possible.
- \Rightarrow 'i' in $D_F = i'_m + i_L$
- \Rightarrow But \downarrow of d ϕ is very slow
- ⇒ Next cycle core may saturate







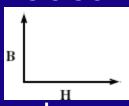
If L, is not present

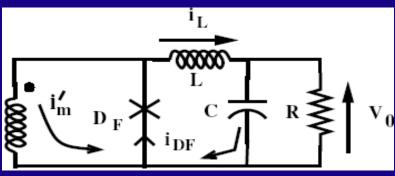
'V₀' appears directly

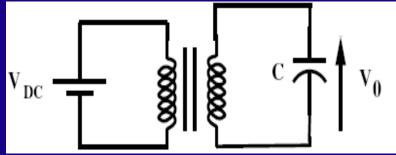
across secondary

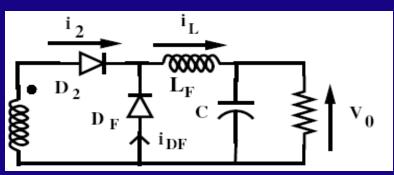


- \Rightarrow Do not allow 'V₀' to appear across 'N₂'
- \Rightarrow Use 'L_F'
- ⇒ i, must be continuous
- \Rightarrow Use D_{F}









⇒ Operation in the Ist quadrant only