# **CS 228 : Logic in Computer Science**

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# Recap

- Syntax, Formulae of Propositional Logic
- Encoding puzzles, specifications in general
- Sound and Complete Proof Engine for Propositional Logic : Natural Deduction
- ▶ A finite set of rules/tool box which helps to prove valid formulae
  - $\varphi_1, \ldots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$  read as  $\varphi_1, \ldots, \varphi_n$  "entail"  $\psi$ . The tool box helps in proving or arriving at  $\psi$  starting with  $\varphi_1, \ldots, \varphi_n$
  - ▶  $\vdash \chi$ , when  $\chi$  is valid. With no premises, the toolbox proves  $\psi$ .
  - Opening the toolbox

# **Rules for Natural Deduction**

#### The and introduction rule denoted $\wedge i$



#### **Rules for Natural Deduction**

The and elimination rule denoted  $\wedge e_1$ 

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge \psi}{\varphi}$$

The and elimination rule denoted  $\wedge e_2$ 

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge \psi}{\psi}$$

# **A** first proof using $\land i, \land e_1, \land e_2$

▶ Show that  $p \land q, r \vdash q \land r$ 

- 1.  $p \wedge q$  premise
- 2.

# A first proof using $\land i, \land e_1, \land e_2$

▶ Show that  $p \land q, r \vdash q \land r$ 

```
1. p \wedge q premise
```

2. r premise

# **A** first proof using $\wedge i$ , $\wedge e_1$ , $\wedge e_2$

▶ Show that  $p \land q, r \vdash q \land r$ 

```
1. p \land q premise 2. r premise
```

3.  $q \wedge e_2$  1

4.

# A first proof using $\land i, \land e_1, \land e_2$

▶ Show that  $p \land q, r \vdash q \land r$ 

```
1. p \land q premise 2. r premise
```

3. 
$$q \wedge e_2$$
 1

4.  $q \wedge r \wedge i 3,2$ 

#### **Rules for Natural Deduction**

The rule of double negation elimination ¬¬e

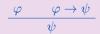
$$\frac{\neg\neg\varphi}{\varphi}$$

The rule of double negation introduction  $\neg \neg i$ 

$$\frac{\varphi}{\neg\neg\varphi}$$

#### **Rules for Natural Deduction**

#### The implies elimination rule or Modus Ponens MP



▶ Show that  $p, p \rightarrow q, p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r) \vdash r$ 

1.  $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r)$  premise

▶ Show that  $p, p \rightarrow q, p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r) \vdash r$ 

1. 
$$p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r)$$
 premise

2. 
$$p \rightarrow q$$
 premise

▶ Show that  $p, p \rightarrow q, p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r) \vdash r$ 

1. 
$$p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r)$$
 premise  
2.  $p \rightarrow q$  premise

3. *p* premise

▶ Show that  $p, p \rightarrow q, p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r) \vdash r$ 

1.	$p  ightarrow (q  ightarrow \lnot \lnot r)$	premise
2.	$ extcolor{black}{ ho}  o  extcolor{black}{q}$	premise
3.	p	premise
4.	$q  ightarrow \lnot \lnot r$	MP 1,3

▶ Show that  $p, p \rightarrow q, p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r) \vdash r$ 

1.	p  o (q  o  eg  eg r)	premise
2.	$ extcolor{p} ightarrow  extcolor{q}$	premise
3.	p	premise
4.	$q  ightarrow \lnot \lnot r$	MP 1,3
5.	q	MP 2,3
6.		

▶ Show that  $p, p \rightarrow q, p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r) \vdash r$ 

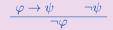
1.	p  o (q  o  eg  eg r)	premise
2.	${m  ho}  ightarrow {m q}$	premise
3.	р	premise
4.	$q  ightarrow \lnot \lnot r$	MP 1,3
5.	q	MP 2,3
6.	$\neg \neg r$	MP 4,5
7		

▶ Show that  $p, p \rightarrow q, p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \neg \neg r) \vdash r$ 

1.	p  o (q  o  eg  eg r)	premise
2.	$ extcolor{p}  ightarrow  extcolor{q}$	premise
3.	p	premise
4.	$q  ightarrow \lnot \lnot r$	MP 1,3
5.	q	MP 2,3
6.	$\neg \neg r$	MP 4,5
7.	r	<i>¬¬e</i> 6

#### **Rules for Natural Deduction**

#### Another implies elimination rule or Modus Tollens MT



▶ Show that  $p \rightarrow \neg q, q \vdash \neg p$ 

- 1.  $p \rightarrow \neg q$  premise
- 2.

▶ Show that  $p \rightarrow \neg q, q \vdash \neg p$ 

- 1.  $p \rightarrow \neg q$  premise
- 2. q premise
- 3.

▶ Show that  $p \rightarrow \neg q, q \vdash \neg p$ 

- 1.  $p \rightarrow \neg q$  premise 2. q premise
- 3.  $\neg \neg q$   $\neg \neg i 2$
- 4.

▶ Show that  $p \rightarrow \neg q, q \vdash \neg p$ 

1.	p  ightarrow  eg q	premise
2.	q	premise
3.	$\neg \neg q$	¬¬ <i>i</i> 2
4.	$\neg \sigma$	MT 1.3

▶ Can we prove  $p \rightarrow q \vdash \neg q \rightarrow \neg p$ ?

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- ▶ So far, no proof rule that can do this.

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- ▶ Given  $p \rightarrow q$ , let us assume  $\neg q$ . Can we then prove  $\neg p$ ?

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- So far, no proof rule that can do this.
- ▶ Given  $p \rightarrow q$ , let us assume  $\neg q$ . Can we then prove  $\neg p$ ?
- ► Yes, using MT.

# The implies introduction rule $\rightarrow i$

1.	p  o q	premise
2.	$\neg q$	assumption

4. 
$$\neg q \rightarrow \neg p \rightarrow i \ 2-3$$

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

1. true

premise

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

- 1. true premise 2.  $q \rightarrow r$  assumption
- 3

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

1.	true	premise
2.	q  o r	assumption
3.	eg q  ightarrow  eg p	assumption
4.		

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

1.	true	premise
2.	q  o r	assumption
3.	eg q  o  eg p	assumption
4.	р	assumption
5.		

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

1.	true	premise
2.	q  o r	assumption
3.	eg q  ightarrow  eg p	assumption
4.	p	assumption
5.	$  \   \ \neg \neg p$	¬¬ <i>i</i> 4
6.		

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

1.	true	premise
2.	q  o r	assumption
3.	eg q  o  eg p	assumption
4.	p	assumption
5.	$  \   \   \ \neg \neg p$	¬¬ <i>i</i> 4
6.	$  \   \   \ \neg \neg q$	MT 3,5
7.		

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

1.	true	premise
2.	$q \rightarrow r$	assumption
3.	eg q  ightarrow  eg p	assumption
4.	p	assumption
5.	$\neg \neg p$	¬¬ <i>i</i> 4
6.		MT 3,5
7.	q	¬¬ <i>e</i> 6
8.		

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

١.	true	premise
2.	$q \rightarrow r$	assumption
3.	eg q  ightarrow  eg p	assumption
4.	p	assumption
5.	$  \   \ \neg \neg p$	¬¬ <i>i</i> 4
6.	$  \   \   \ \neg \neg q$	MT 3,5
7.		¬¬ <i>e</i> 6
8.		MP 2.7

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

1.	true	premise
2.	$q \rightarrow r$	assumption
3.	eg q  ightarrow  eg p	assumption
4.	p	assumption
5.		¬¬ <i>i</i> 4
6.		MT 3,5
7.	q	¬¬ <i>e</i> 6
8.	r	MP 2,7
9.	$p \rightarrow r$	<i>→ i</i> 4-8

### More on $\rightarrow i$

$$\blacktriangleright \vdash (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$$

1.	true	premise
2.	q  o r	assumption
3.	eg q  o  eg p	assumption
4.	p	assumption
5.	$  \cdot   \cdot   \neg \neg p$	¬¬ <i>i</i> 4
6.	$  \cdot   \cdot   \neg \neg q$	MT 3,5
7.		¬¬ <i>e</i> 6
8.	r	MP 2,7
9.	ho  ightarrow r	→ <i>i</i> 4-8
10.	$(\neg q  ightarrow  eg p)  ightarrow (p  ightarrow r)$	→ <i>i</i> 3-9

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11.

#### More on $\rightarrow i$

 $\vdash$   $(q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$ 

1.truepremise2.
$$q \rightarrow r$$
assumption3. $\neg q \rightarrow \neg p$ assumption4. $p$ assumption5. $\neg \neg p$  $\neg \neg i \ 4$ 6. $\neg \neg q$ MT 3,57. $q$  $\neg \neg e \ 6$ 

 $(q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow [(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)] \rightarrow i \text{ 2-10}$ 

MP 2,7

 $\rightarrow$  *i* 4-8

 $\rightarrow$  *i* 3-9

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8.

9.

10.

11.

 $p \rightarrow r$ 

 $(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)$ 

## **Transforming Proofs**

- $ightharpoonup (q 
  ightarrow r), (\neg q 
  ightarrow \neg p), p \vdash r$
- ► Transform any proof  $\varphi_1, \ldots, \varphi_n \vdash \psi$  to  $\vdash \varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow \ldots (\varphi_n \rightarrow \psi) \ldots))$  by adding n lines of the rule  $\rightarrow i$

▶ 
$$p \to (q \to r) \vdash (p \land q) \to r$$

1.  $p \to (q \to r)$  premise 2.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \blacktriangleright & p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \vdash (p \land q) \rightarrow r \\ \hline & 1. & p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) & \text{premise} \\ \hline & 2. & p \land q & \text{assumption} \\ \hline & 3. & p & \land e_1 \ 2 \\ \hline & 4. & q & \land e_2 \ 2 \\ \hline & 5. & \end{array}$$

▶ 
$$p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \vdash (p \land q) \rightarrow r$$

1.  $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$  premise

2.  $p \land q$  assumption

3.  $p \land e_1 2$ 

4.  $q \land e_2 2$ 

5.  $q \rightarrow r \land P 1,3$ 

6.  $r \land P 4,5$ 

7.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \blacktriangleright & p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \vdash (p \land q) \rightarrow r \\ & 1. & p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) & \text{premise} \\ & 2. & p \land q & \text{assumption} \\ & 3. & p & \land e_1 \ 2 \\ & 4. & q & \land e_2 \ 2 \\ & 5. & q \rightarrow r & \text{MP 1,3} \\ & 6. & r & \text{MP 4,5} \\ & 7. & p \land q \rightarrow r & \rightarrow i \ 2\text{-}6 \end{array}$$

### **More Rules**

#### The or introduction rule $\vee i_1$

$$\frac{\varphi}{\varphi\vee\psi}$$

#### The or introduction rule $\vee i_2$

$$\frac{\psi}{\varphi \vee \psi}$$

### **More Rules**

#### The or elimination rule $\vee e$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \varphi \lor \psi & \varphi \vdash \chi & \psi \vdash \chi \\ \hline \chi & \end{array}$$

$$P q \to r \vdash (p \lor q) \to (p \lor r)$$

- 1.  $q \rightarrow r$
- 2

premise

$$P q \rightarrow r \vdash (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \lor r)$$

1.	$q \rightarrow r$	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
2		

3.

$$P q \rightarrow r \vdash (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \lor r)$$

1.	q  ightarrow r	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
3.	p	assumption
4.		

$$P q \rightarrow r \vdash (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \lor r)$$

١.	$q \rightarrow r$	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
3.	р	assumption
4.	$p \lor r$	∨ <i>i</i> <sub>1</sub> 3
5.		

$$P q \rightarrow r \vdash (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \lor r)$$

١.	q  o r	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
3.	p	assumption
1.	$p \lor r$	∨ <i>i</i> <sub>1</sub> 3
5.	q	assumption
3.		

$$P q \to r \vdash (p \lor q) \to (p \lor r)$$

1.	$oldsymbol{q} ightarrow oldsymbol{r}$	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
3.	p	assumption
4.	$p \lor r$	√ <i>i</i> <sub>1</sub> 3
5.	q	assumption
6.	r	MP 1,5
7.		

$$P q \rightarrow r \vdash (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \lor r)$$

1.	q  o r	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
3.	р	assumption
4.	$p \lor r$	√ <i>i</i> ₁ 3
5.	q	assumption
6.	r	MP 1,5
7.	p∨r	∨ <i>i</i> <sub>2</sub> 6

$$P q \to r \vdash (p \lor q) \to (p \lor r)$$

1.	$q \rightarrow r$	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
3.	р	assumption
4.	$p \lor r$	√ <i>i</i> ₁ 3
5.	q	assumption
6.	r	MP 1,5
7.	$p \lor r$	∨ <i>i</i> <sub>2</sub> 6
8.	p∨r	∨ <i>e</i> 2, 3-4, 5-7

$$P q \rightarrow r \vdash (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \lor r)$$

1.	$oldsymbol{q} ightarrow oldsymbol{r}$	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
3.	p	assumption
4.	$p \lor r$	∨ <i>i</i> <sub>1</sub> 3
5.	q	assumption
6.	r	MP 1,5
7.	$p \lor r$	∨ <i>i</i> <sub>2</sub> 6
8.	p∨r	∨ <i>e</i> 2, 3-4, 5-7
_		

$$P q \rightarrow r \vdash (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \lor r)$$

1.	$oldsymbol{q}  ightarrow oldsymbol{r}$	premise
2.	$p \lor q$	assumption
3.	р	assumption
4.	<i>p</i> ∨ <i>r</i>	∨ <i>i</i> <sub>1</sub> 3
5.	q	assumption
6.	r	MP 1,5
7.	$p \lor r$	∨ <i>i</i> <sub>2</sub> 6
8.	p∨r	∨ <i>e</i> 2, 3-4, 5-7
9	$(n \lor a) \to (n \lor r)$	→ <i>i</i> 2-8