

## Problem Set 5

1. Which of the following are FO definable? Which are not FO-definable (without a proof), but regular?
  - (a) The set of words over  $\{a, b\}$  which has equal number of occurrences of  $ab$  and  $ba$ . For example,  $aba$  is in the language, while  $abab$  is not.
  - (b) The set of words over  $\{a, b, \#\}$  with a single occurrence of  $\#$ , and every symbol before the  $\#$  is an  $a$ , and all symbols after the  $\#$  are  $b$ 's.
  - (c) The set of strings over  $\{a, b\}$  which does not contain any occurrence of  $ba$ .
  - (d) The set of strings over  $\{0, 1\}$  such that the second symbol from both ends is 0.
  - (e) Let  $\Sigma = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} \mid a, b \in \{0, 1\} \right\}$ . A string over  $\Sigma$  gives two rows of 0's and 1's. Treat each row as a binary number. The set of words  $\{w \in \Sigma^* \mid \text{the top row is larger than the bottom row}\}$
2. Consider the following FO formulae. In each case,
  - (a) what is  $L(\varphi)$ ? (b) what is  $\overline{L(\varphi)}$ ? (c) Is  $L(\varphi)$  regular? (d) Is  $\overline{L(\varphi)}$  regular?
  - (1)  $\forall x(x \neq x)$
  - (2)  $\exists x \exists y[x < y \wedge Q_b(x) \wedge Q_a(y) \wedge \forall x[(x < z < y) \rightarrow Q_a(z)]]$
  - (3)  $\exists x[Q_a(x) \wedge \exists y[S(x, y) \wedge \forall z[z \leq y]]]$
  - (4)  $\exists x \forall y[x \leq y \wedge Q_a(x)] \wedge \exists x \forall y[y \leq x \wedge Q_b(x)] \wedge \forall x \forall y[Q_a(x) \wedge S(x, y) \rightarrow Q_b(y)] \wedge \forall x \forall y[Q_b(x) \wedge S(x, y) \rightarrow Q_a(y)]$
3. Consider the following automaton. What is the language  $L$  accepted? Can you write an FO formula  $\varphi$  such that  $L = L(\varphi)$ ?

