In [45]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

In [43]:

pip install autoviz --upgrade

```
Requirement already satisfied: autoviz in c:\users\91755\appdata\local \programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (0.1.58)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in c:\users\91755\appdata\local\p rograms\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from autoviz) (1.5.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pyamg in c:\users\91755\appdata\local\pr ograms\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from autoviz) (4.2.3)
Requirement already satisfied: jupyter in c:\users\91755\appdata\local
```

\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from autoviz) (1.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: nltk in c:\users\91755\appdata\local\pro
grams\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from autoviz) (3.8.1)

Requirement already satisfied: hvplot>=0.7.3 in c:\users\91755\appdata \local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from autoviz) (0.8. 3)

Requirement already satisfied: panel~=0.12.6 in c:\users\91755\appdata \local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from autoviz) (0.12.7)

Requirement already satisfied: holoviews>=1.14.6 in c:\users\91755\appd ata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from autoviz) (1. 14.9)

In [10]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegressio
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from autoviz.classify_method import data_cleaning_suggestions,data_suggestions
from xgboost import XGBRegressor
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
from sklearn import metrics
%matplotlib inline
```

In [118]:

```
df=pd.read_csv("Advertising.csv")
```

In [119]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[119]:

	Unnamed: 0	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
0	1	230.1	37.8	69.2	22.1
1	2	44.5	39.3	45.1	10.4
2	3	17.2	45.9	69.3	9.3
3	4	151.5	41.3	58.5	18.5
4	5	180.8	10.8	58.4	12.9

In [120]:

```
df.sample(5)
```

Out[120]:

	Unnamed: 0	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
199	200	232.1	8.6	8.7	13.4
80	81	76.4	26.7	22.3	11.8
104	105	238.2	34.3	5.3	20.7
7	8	120.2	19.6	11.6	13.2
95	96	163.3	31.6	52.9	16.9

In [121]:

df.shape

Out[121]:

(200, 5)

In [122]:

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 200 entries, 0 to 199

Data columns (total 5 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Unnamed: 0	200 non-null	int64
1	TV	200 non-null	float64
2	Radio	200 non-null	float64
3	Newspaper	200 non-null	float64
4	Sales	200 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(4), int64(1)

memory usage: 7.9 KB

In [123]:

df.describe()

Out[123]:

	Unnamed: 0	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
count	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000	200.000000
mean	100.500000	147.042500	23.264000	30.554000	14.022500
std	57.879185	85.854236	14.846809	21.778621	5.217457
min	1.000000	0.700000	0.000000	0.300000	1.600000
25%	50.750000	74.375000	9.975000	12.750000	10.375000
50%	100.500000	149.750000	22.900000	25.750000	12.900000
75%	150.250000	218.825000	36.525000	45.100000	17.400000
max	200.000000	296.400000	49.600000	114.000000	27.000000

In [124]:

df.isnull()

Out[124]:

	Unnamed: 0	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
0	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False
195	False	False	False	False	False
196	False	False	False	False	False
197	False	False	False	False	False
198	False	False	False	False	False
199	False	False	False	False	False

200 rows × 5 columns

In [125]:

```
df.tail()
```

Out[125]:

	Unnamed: 0	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
195	196	38.2	3.7	13.8	7.6
196	197	94.2	4.9	8.1	9.7
197	198	177.0	9.3	6.4	12.8
198	199	283.6	42.0	66.2	25.5
199	200	232.1	8.6	8.7	13.4

In [126]:

```
df=df.drop(columns=['Unnamed: 0'])
```

In [127]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[127]:

	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
0	230.1	37.8	69.2	22.1
1	44.5	39.3	45.1	10.4
2	17.2	45.9	69.3	9.3
3	151.5	41.3	58.5	18.5
4	180.8	10.8	58.4	12.9

In [128]:

pip install plotly

Requirement already satisfied: plotly in c:\users\91755\appdata\local\prog rams\python\python39\lib\site-packages (5.14.1)Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

Requirement already satisfied: packaging in c:\users\91755\appdata\local\p rograms\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from plotly) (23.0)

Requirement already satisfied: tenacity>=6.2.0 in c:\users\91755\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site-packages (from plotly) (8.2.2)

WARNING: You are using pip version 21.2.3; however, version 23.0.1 is available.

You should consider upgrading via the 'C:\Users\91755\AppData\Local\Progra ms\Python\Python39\python.exe -m pip install --upgrade pip' command.

In [129]:

import plotly.express as px

In [130]:

 $\label{linear_scatter} fix=px.scatter(df,x="TV",y="Sales",color="Newspaper",hover_name="Radio",size="Sales",titfix.show()$

In [131]:

import plotly.graph_objects as go

In [132]:

```
fig=go.Figure()
fig.add_trace(go.Bar(x=df.index,y=df['TV'],name='TV'))
fig.add_trace(go.Bar(x=df.index,y=df['Radio'],name='Radio'))
fig.add_trace(go.Bar(x=df.index,y=df['Newspaper'],name='Newspaper'))
fig.update_layout(barmode='stack',xaxis_title='observations',yaxis_title='Sales')
fig.show()
```

In [133]:

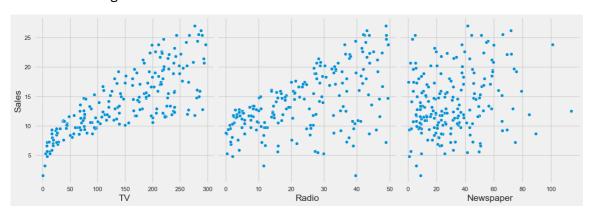
```
import seaborn as sns
```

In [134]:

```
sns.pairplot(data=df,x_vars=['TV','Radio','Newspaper'],y_vars=['Sales'],height=5)
```

Out[134]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x23941262880>



In [135]:

```
df.isna().sum()
```

Out[135]:

TV 0
Radio 0
Newspaper 0
Sales 0
dtype: int64

In [136]:

```
df.duplicated().sum()
```

Out[136]:

0

In [137]:

```
df.corr()
```

Out[137]:

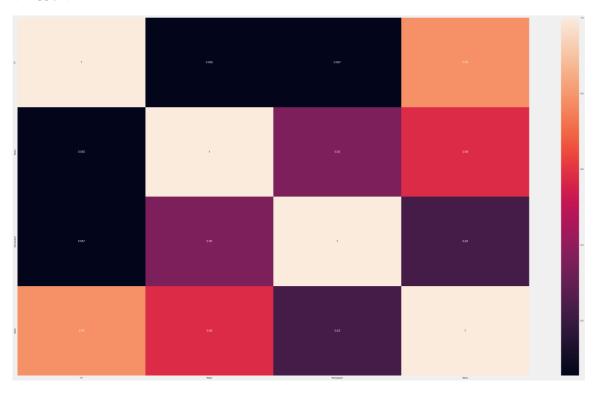
	TV	Radio	Newspaper	Sales
TV	1.000000	0.054809	0.056648	0.782224
Radio	0.054809	1.000000	0.354104	0.576223
Newspaper	0.056648	0.354104	1.000000	0.228299
Sales	0.782224	0.576223	0.228299	1.000000

In [138]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(50,30))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
```

Out[138]:

<Axes: >



In [139]:

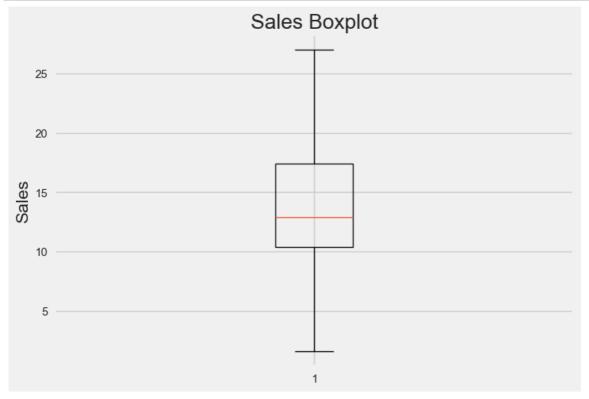
fig= px.imshow(df.corr(), text_auto=True, color_continuous_scale='Viridis')

In [140]:

fig.show()

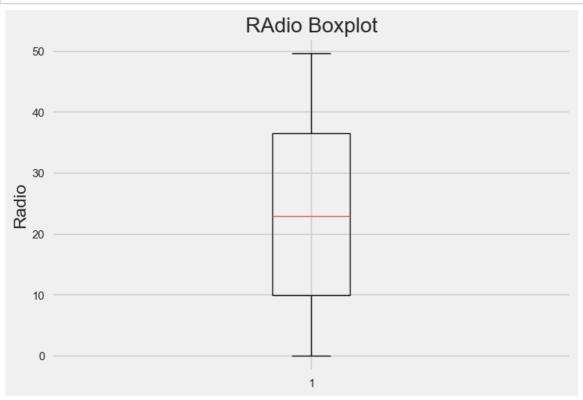
In [141]:

```
plt.boxplot(df['Sales'])
plt.title("Sales Boxplot")
plt.ylabel("Sales")
plt.show()
```



In [142]:

```
plt.boxplot(df['Radio'])
plt.title("RAdio Boxplot")
plt.ylabel("Radio")
plt.show()
```



In [143]:

```
def find_outliers(dataframe):
    outlier_percentages=[]
    for column in dataframe.columns:
        if dataframe[column].dtype != object :
            q1,q3=dataframe[column].quantile([0.25,0.75])
            iqr=q3 - q1
            upper_bound=q3 + 1.5*iqr
            lower_bound=q3 - 1.5*iqr
            num_outliers=len(dataframe[(dataframe[column]<lower_bound)|(dataframe[column outlier_percentage=round(num_outliers/len(dataframe[column])*100,2)
            outlier_percentages.append((column,outlier_percentage))
            outlier_df=pd.DataFrame(outlier_percentages,columns=['Column','Outlier Perce outlier_df=outlier_df.sort_values(by='Outlier Percentage',ascending=False).r
            return outlier_df</pre>
```

In [144]:

```
outlier_df=find_outliers(df)
outlier_df
```

Out[144]:

Column Outlier Percentage

0 TV 0.5

In [145]:

```
def remove_outliers(dataframe):
    df=dataframe.copy()
    for column in dataframe.columns:
        if df[column].dtype != object :
            q1,q3=df[column].quantile([0.25,0.75])
            iqr=q3 - q1
            upper_bound=q3 + 1.5*iqr
            lower_bound=q3 - 1.5*iqr
            df=df[(df[column]>=lower_bound)&(df[column]<=upper_bound)]
    return df</pre>
```

In [146]:

```
df_without_outliers=remove_outliers(df)
```

In [147]:

```
outlier_df=find_outliers(df_without_outliers)
outlier_df
```

Out[147]:

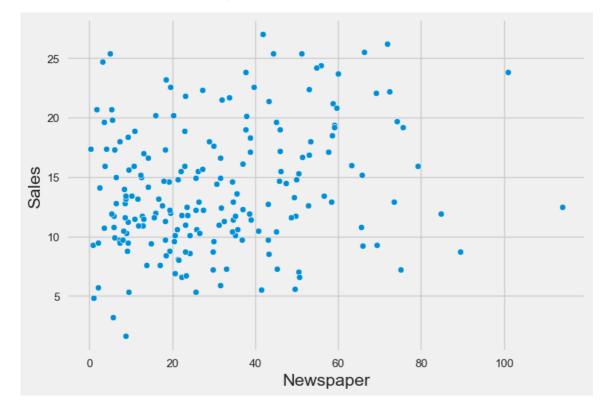
	Column	Outlier Percentage
0	TV	3.78

In [148]:

```
sns.scatterplot(x='Newspaper',y='Sales',data=df)
```

Out[148]:

<Axes: xlabel='Newspaper', ylabel='Sales'>

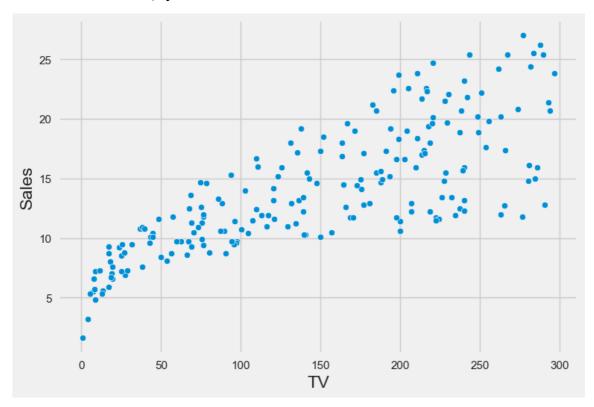


In [149]:

```
sns.scatterplot(x='TV',y='Sales',data=df)
```

Out[149]:

<Axes: xlabel='TV', ylabel='Sales'>

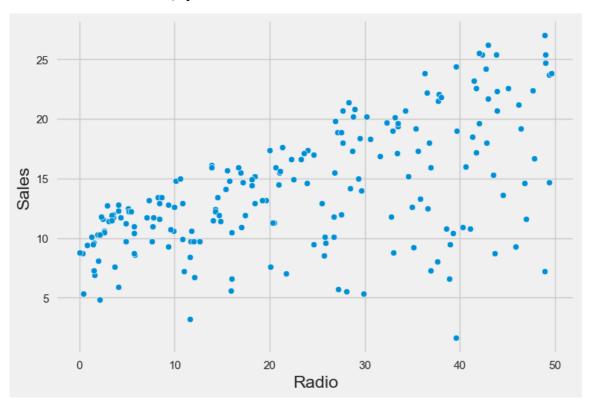


In [150]:

```
sns.scatterplot(x='Radio',y='Sales',data=df)
```

Out[150]:

<Axes: xlabel='Radio', ylabel='Sales'>



In [151]:

```
x=df.iloc[:,0:-1]
x
```

Out[151]:

	TV	Radio	Newspaper
0	230.1	37.8	69.2
1	44.5	39.3	45.1
2	17.2	45.9	69.3
3	151.5	41.3	58.5
4	180.8	10.8	58.4
195	38.2	3.7	13.8
196	94.2	4.9	8.1
197	177.0	9.3	6.4
198	283.6	42.0	66.2
199	232.1	8.6	8.7

200 rows × 3 columns

```
In [152]:
y=df.iloc[:,-1]
У
Out[152]:
0
       22.1
       10.4
1
2
        9.3
3
       18.5
4
       12.9
195
        7.6
        9.7
196
       12.8
197
198
       25.5
       13.4
199
Name: Sales, Length: 200, dtype: float64
In [153]:
x\_train, x\_test, y\_train, y\_test=train\_test\_split(x,y,test\_size=0.2, random\_state=42)
In [154]:
sc=StandardScaler()
In [155]:
x_train_scaled=sc.fit_transform(x_train)
In [156]:
x_test_scaled=sc.fit_transform(x_test)
In [157]:
lr=LinearRegression()
In [158]:
lr.fit(x_train_scaled,y_train)
Out[158]:
 ▼ LinearRegression
LinearRegression()
In [159]:
y_pred=lr.predict(x_test_scaled)
r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
```

In [160]:	
r2_score(y_test,y_pred)	
Out[160]:	
0.8863195562008254	
In []:	