

Android

# Install latest Android Studio on Linux Mint 20 and Ubuntu 20.04

3 years ago • by Kamran Sattar Awaisi

Android studio is a popular tool for android application development. Eclipse IDE was the popular tool for android application development before the android studio. But now, the android studio has got the attention of android application developers and replaced the Eclipse IDE. Android studio is a multi-platform tool and full of many built-in features and provides various layouts for attractive user interface creation. It provides the facility to create virtual devices to run and test your applications. In this guide, you will learn how to install the latest android studio on Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20.

## Installation of Android Studio on Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20

There are two following ways for installing Android Studio on Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20:

1. Install Android Studio using android-studio repository
2. Install Android Studio using snap

We will discuss both installation methods in this article.

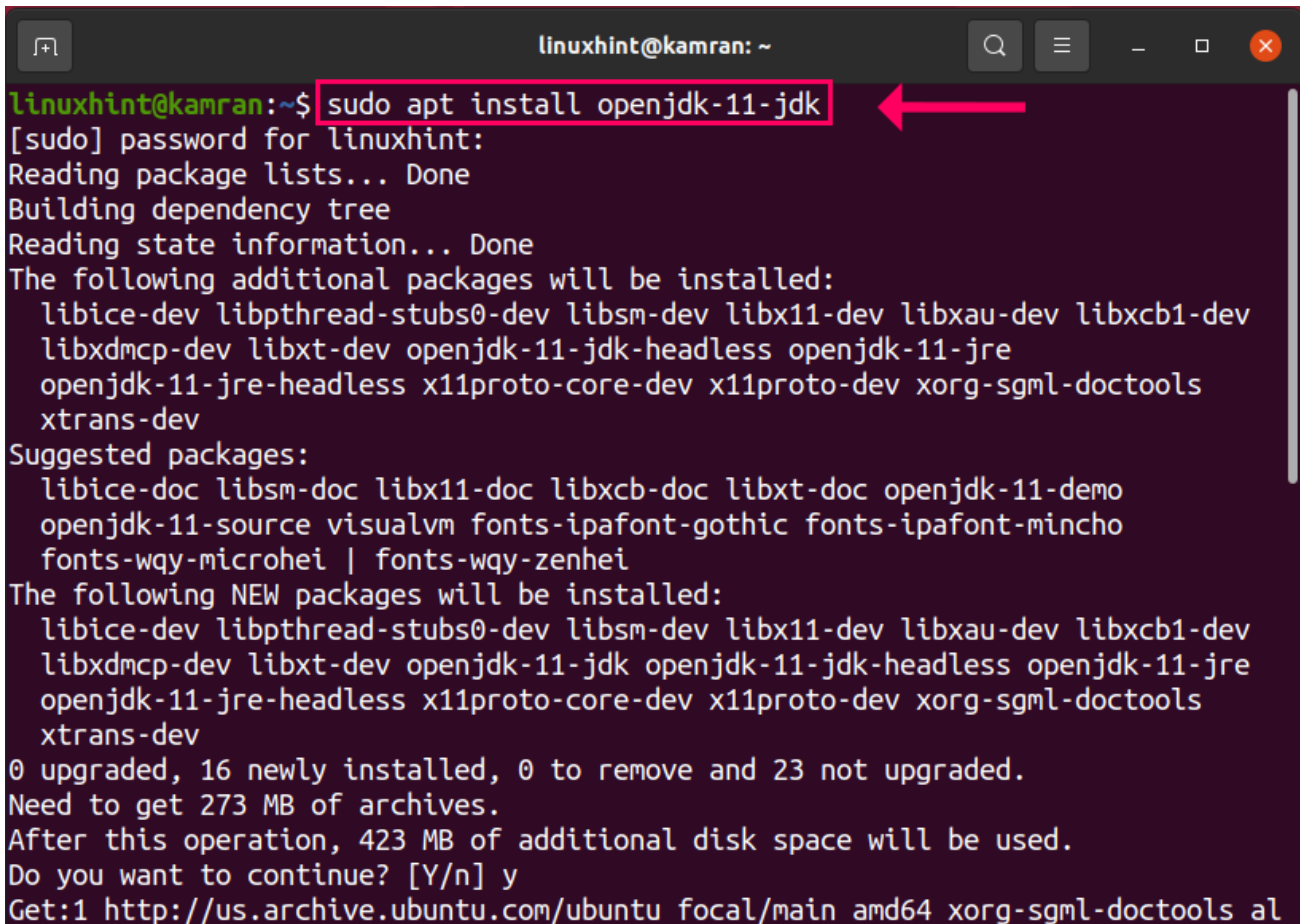
## Method 1: Install Android Studio using android-studio repository

By this method, we can install the Android Studio on Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20 through the official Personal Package Archive (PPA) repository. Before installing the android studio, make sure to install the Java Development Kit (JDK) on your system as it is the pre-requisite of Android Studio installation.

### Step 1: Install JDK on Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20

If the JDK is not installed on your system, then run the following command to install it on your Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20:

```
$ sudo apt install openjdk-11-jdk
```



```
linuxhint@kamran: ~  
linuxhint@kamran:~$ sudo apt install openjdk-11-jdk  
[sudo] password for linuxhint:  
Reading package lists... Done  
Building dependency tree  
Reading state information... Done  
The following additional packages will be installed:  
  libice-dev libpthread-stubs0-dev libsm-dev libx11-dev libxau-dev libxcb1-dev  
  libxdmcp-dev libxt-dev openjdk-11-jdk-headless openjdk-11-jre  
  openjdk-11-jre-headless x11proto-core-dev x11proto-dev xorg-sgml-doctools  
  xtrans-dev  
Suggested packages:  
  libice-doc libsm-doc libx11-doc libxcb-doc libxt-doc openjdk-11-demo  
  openjdk-11-source visualvm fonts-ipafont-gothic fonts-ipafont-mincho  
  fonts-wqy-microhei | fonts-wqy-zenhei  
The following NEW packages will be installed:  
  libice-dev libpthread-stubs0-dev libsm-dev libx11-dev libxau-dev libxcb1-dev  
  libxdmcp-dev libxt-dev openjdk-11-jdk openjdk-11-jdk-headless openjdk-11-jre  
  openjdk-11-jre-headless x11proto-core-dev x11proto-dev xorg-sgml-doctools  
  xtrans-dev  
0 upgraded, 16 newly installed, 0 to remove and 23 not upgraded.  
Need to get 273 MB of archives.  
After this operation, 423 MB of additional disk space will be used.  
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y  
Get:1 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/main amd64 xorg-sgml-doctools al
```

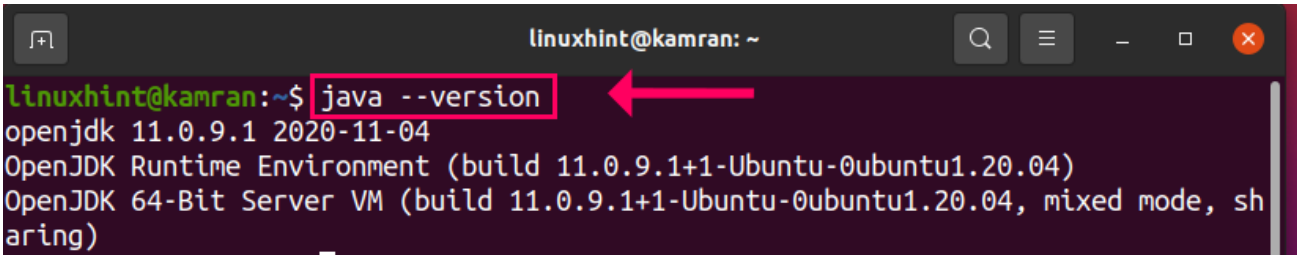
During the JDK installation, the command line will display a prompt.

You should click “y” to proceed with the installation process. In any case, if you want to cancel the installation process then press ‘n’ and hit “Enter”.

## Step 2: Verify the JDK installation

After installing the JDK, you can view the installed version of JDK. Moreover, it also verifies the installation. Run the following command:

```
$ java --version
```



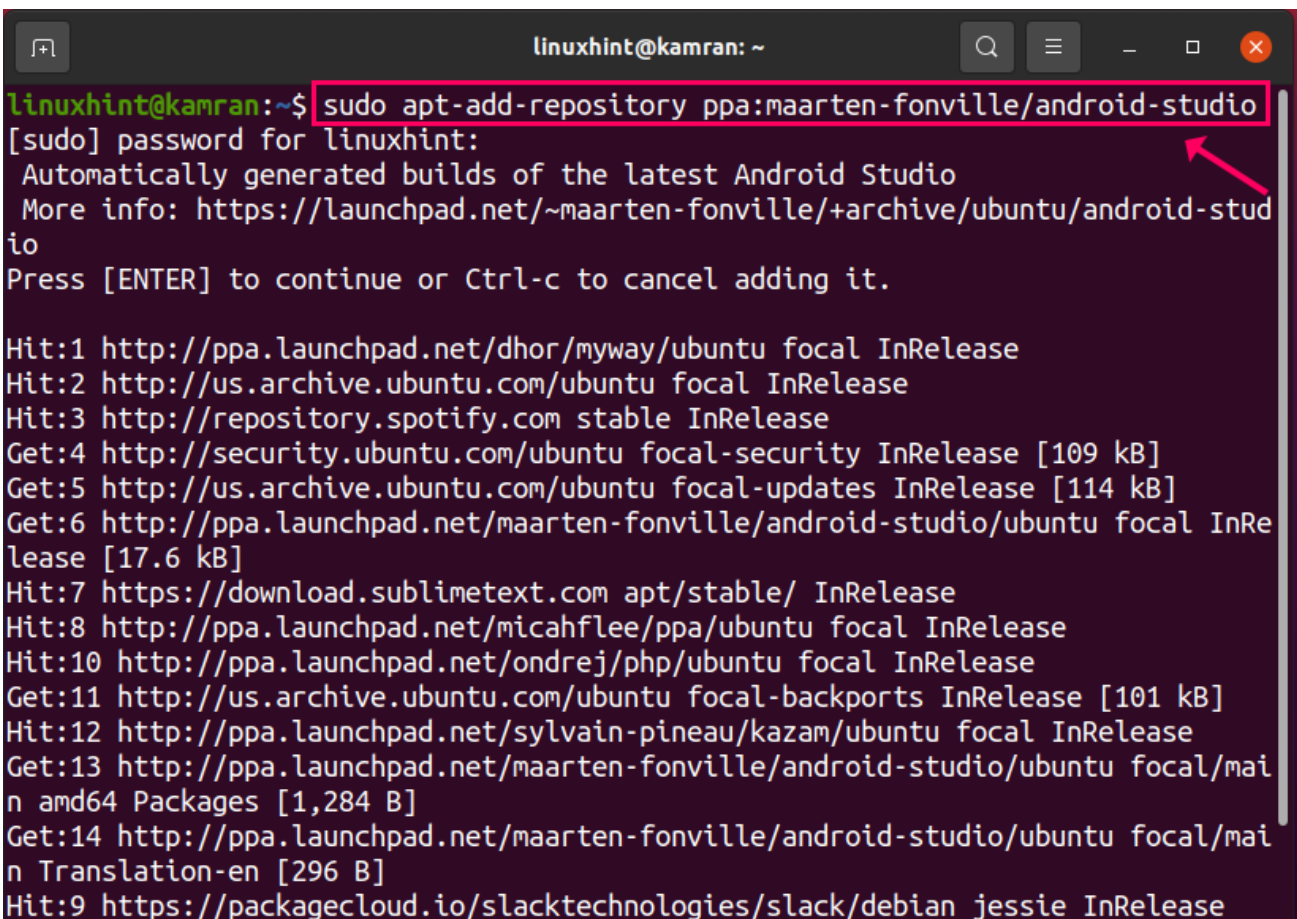
```
linuxhint@kamran: ~  
linuxhint@kamran:~$ java --version  
openjdk 11.0.9.1 2020-11-04  
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 11.0.9.1+1-Ubuntu-0ubuntu1.20.04)  
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 11.0.9.1+1-Ubuntu-0ubuntu1.20.04, mixed mode, sharing)
```

JDK 11.0.9.1 is successfully installed.

### Step 3: Add android-studio official repository

After the successful installation of JDK, now we are ready to add the android-studio repository. Run the following command to do so:

```
$ sudo apt-add-repository ppa:maarten-fonville/android-studio
```



```
linuxhint@kamran: ~  
linuxhint@kamran:~$ sudo apt-add-repository ppa:maarten-fonville/android-studio  
[sudo] password for linuxhint:  
Automatically generated builds of the latest Android Studio  
More info: https://launchpad.net/~maarten-fonville/+archive/ubuntu/android-studio  
Press [ENTER] to continue or Ctrl-c to cancel adding it.  
  
Hit:1 http://ppa.launchpad.net/dhor/myway/ubuntu focal InRelease  
Hit:2 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal InRelease  
Hit:3 http://repository.spotify.com stable InRelease  
Get:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security InRelease [109 kB]  
Get:5 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates InRelease [114 kB]  
Get:6 http://ppa.launchpad.net/maarten-fonville/android-studio/ubuntu focal InRelease [17.6 kB]  
Hit:7 https://download.sublimetext.com apt/stable/ InRelease  
Hit:8 http://ppa.launchpad.net/micahflee/ppa/ubuntu focal InRelease  
Hit:10 http://ppa.launchpad.net/ondrej/php/ubuntu focal InRelease  
Get:11 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-backports InRelease [101 kB]  
Hit:12 http://ppa.launchpad.net/sylvain-pineau/kazam/ubuntu focal InRelease  
Get:13 http://ppa.launchpad.net/maarten-fonville/android-studio/ubuntu focal/main amd64 Packages [1,284 B]  
Get:14 http://ppa.launchpad.net/maarten-fonville/android-studio/ubuntu focal/main Translation-en [296 B]  
Hit:9 https://packagecloud.io/slacktechnologies/slack/debian jessie InRelease
```

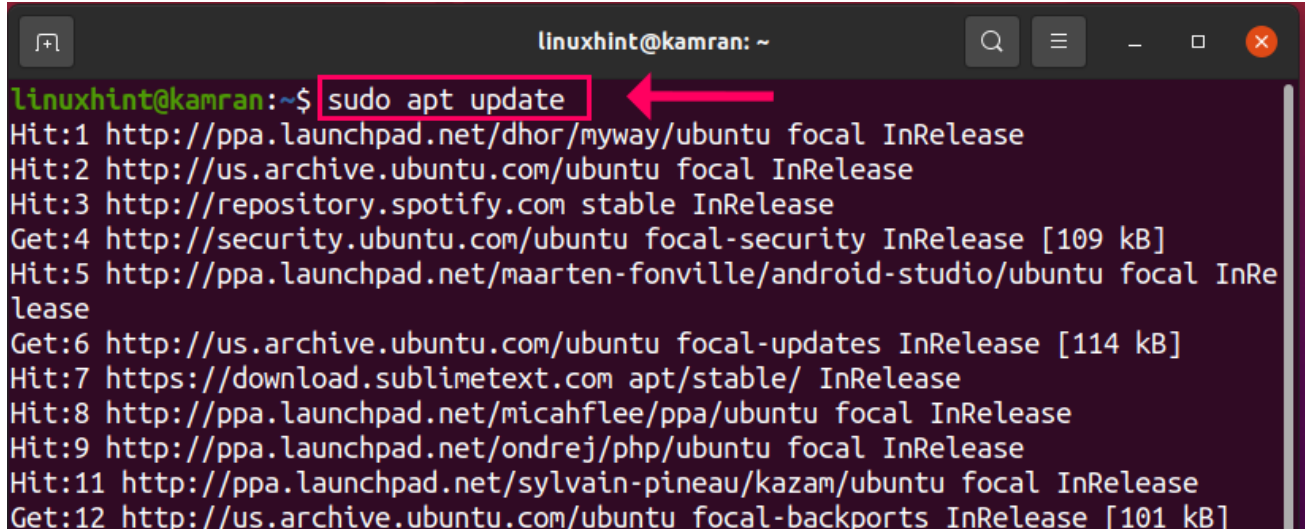
During the installation of the repository, the command line will display a prompt. You should press “Enter” to proceed with the process.

. In any case, if you want to cancel the repository addition process then press Ctrl+c.

### Step 4: Update apt repository cache

After adding the repository, it is recommended to update the system apt repository cache with the following command:

```
$ sudo apt update
```

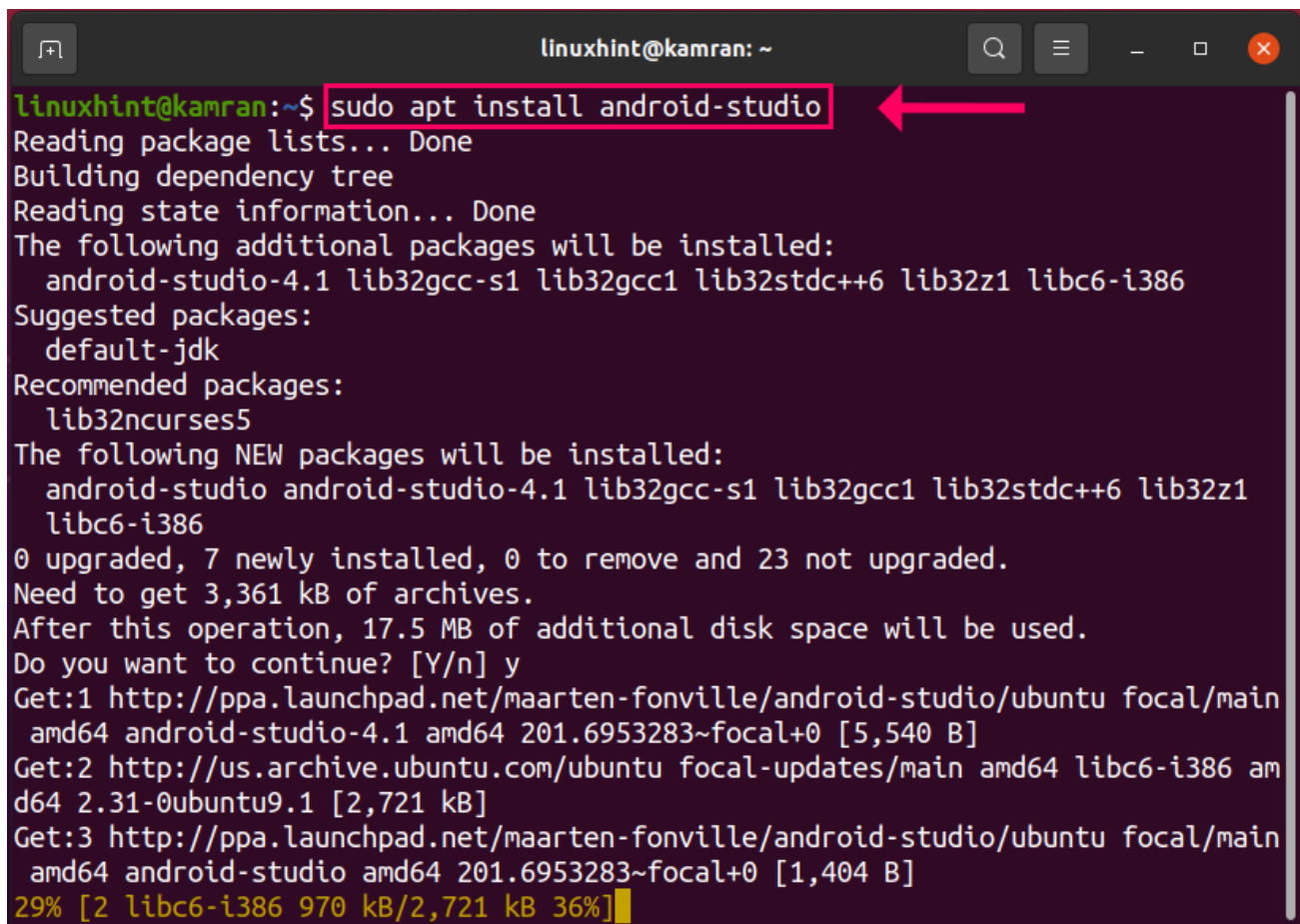


```
linuxhint@kamran: ~$ sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://ppa.launchpad.net/dhor/myway/ubuntu focal InRelease
Hit:2 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal InRelease
Hit:3 http://repository.spotify.com stable InRelease
Get:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security InRelease [109 kB]
Hit:5 http://ppa.launchpad.net/maarten-fonville/android-studio/ubuntu focal InRelease
Get:6 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates InRelease [114 kB]
Hit:7 https://download.sublimetext.com apt/stable/ InRelease
Hit:8 http://ppa.launchpad.net/micahflee/ppa/ubuntu focal InRelease
Hit:9 http://ppa.launchpad.net/ondrej/php/ubuntu focal InRelease
Hit:11 http://ppa.launchpad.net/sylvain-pineau/kazam/ubuntu focal InRelease
Get:12 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-backports InRelease [101 kB]
```

## Step 5: Install Android Studio

Alright! Now everything is set and we are ready to install android studio. Write the following command on the terminal to do so and hit Enter:

```
$ sudo apt install android-studio
```

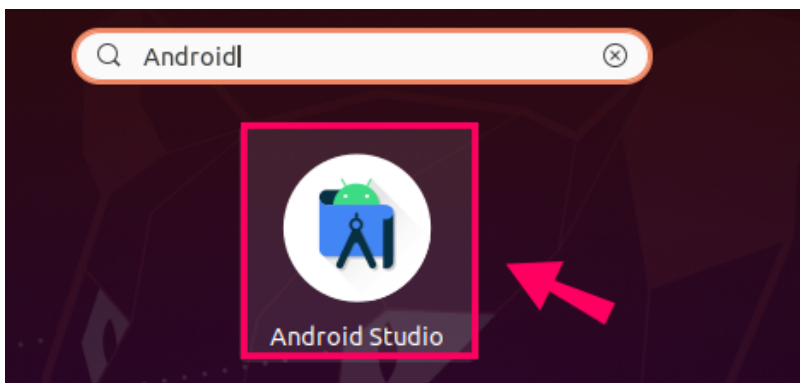
A terminal window titled 'linuxhint@kamran: ~' with standard window controls. The command 'sudo apt install android-studio' is entered and highlighted with a red box. A red arrow points to the command. The terminal output shows the package list being read, the dependency tree being built, and the state information being read. It lists additional packages to be installed (android-studio-4.1, lib32gcc-s1, lib32gcc1, lib32stdc++6, lib32z1, libc6-i386), suggested packages (default-jdk), and recommended packages (lib32ncurses5). It then lists the new packages to be installed (android-studio, android-studio-4.1, lib32gcc-s1, lib32gcc1, lib32stdc++6, lib32z1, libc6-i386) and shows the disk space requirements (3,361 kB of archives, 17.5 MB of additional disk space). It asks for confirmation to continue, which is answered 'y'. It then shows the progress of downloading the packages from various sources, with a progress bar at the bottom indicating 29% completion for the libc6-i386 package.

```
linuxhint@kamran:~$ sudo apt install android-studio
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
  android-studio-4.1 lib32gcc-s1 lib32gcc1 lib32stdc++6 lib32z1 libc6-i386
Suggested packages:
  default-jdk
Recommended packages:
  lib32ncurses5
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  android-studio android-studio-4.1 lib32gcc-s1 lib32gcc1 lib32stdc++6 lib32z1
  libc6-i386
0 upgraded, 7 newly installed, 0 to remove and 23 not upgraded.
Need to get 3,361 kB of archives.
After this operation, 17.5 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://ppa.launchpad.net/maarten-fonville/android-studio/ubuntu focal/main
amd64 android-studio-4.1 amd64 201.6953283~focal+0 [5,540 B]
Get:2 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 libc6-i386 am
d64 2.31-0ubuntu9.1 [2,721 kB]
Get:3 http://ppa.launchpad.net/maarten-fonville/android-studio/ubuntu focal/main
amd64 android-studio amd64 201.6953283~focal+0 [1,404 B]
29% [2 libc6-i386 970 kB/2,721 kB 36%]
```

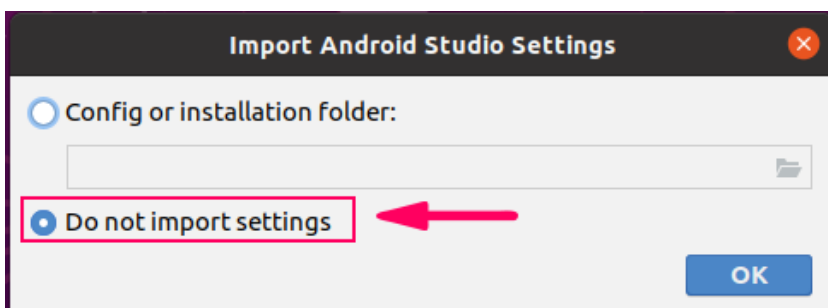
During the Android Studio installation, the command line will prompt with a yes and no option. Press 'y' to continue the installation process and hit "Enter". In case, if you want to discontinue the installation process, then press 'n' and hit "Enter".

## Step 6: Launch Android Studio Application

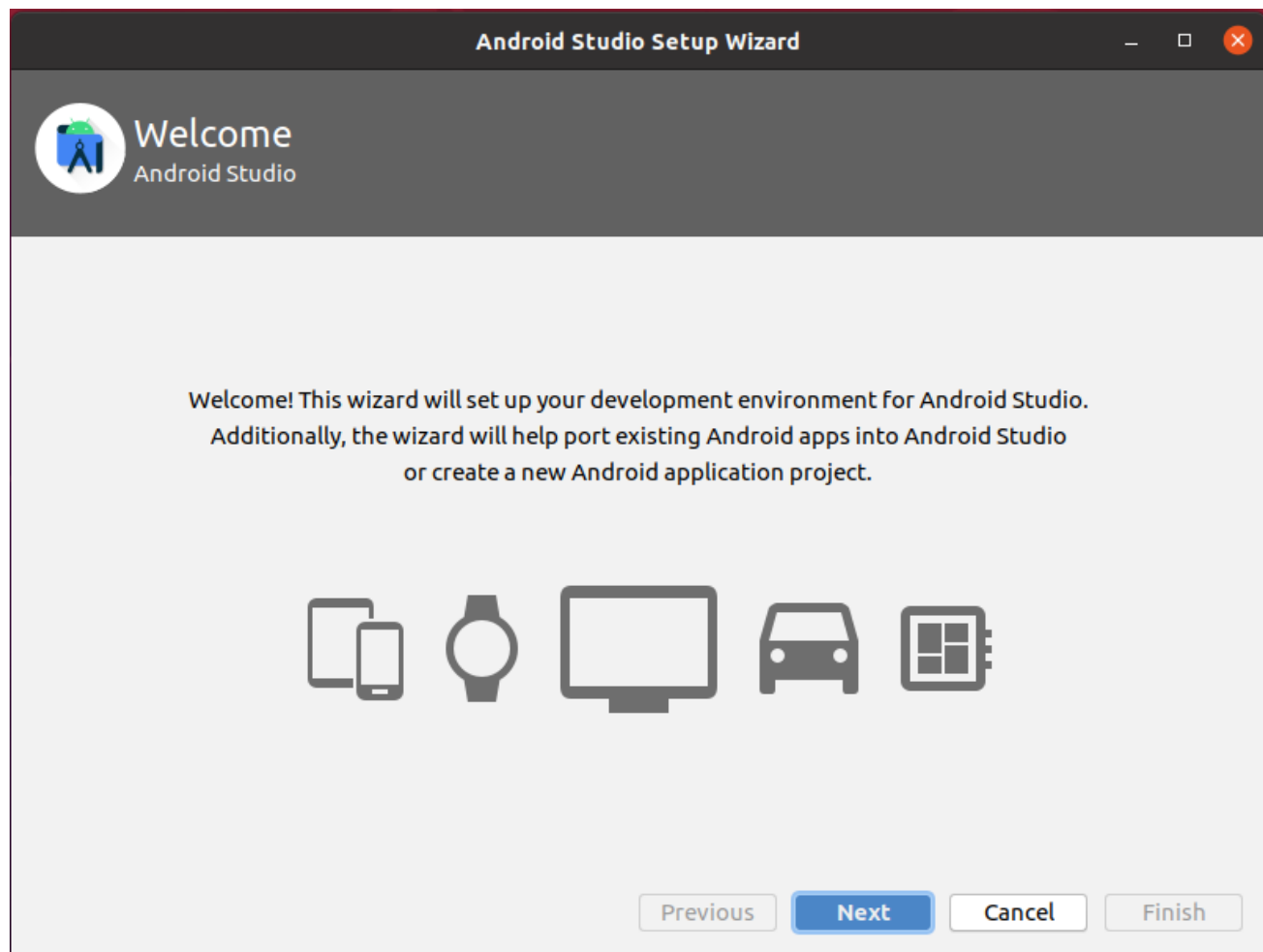
Congratulations! Android studio is installed successfully. To launch Android Studio, Click on Application Menu and in the write Android Studio. The Android Studio application will appear. Click on it.



On the following screen, select on "Do not import settings" option and click on "OK"

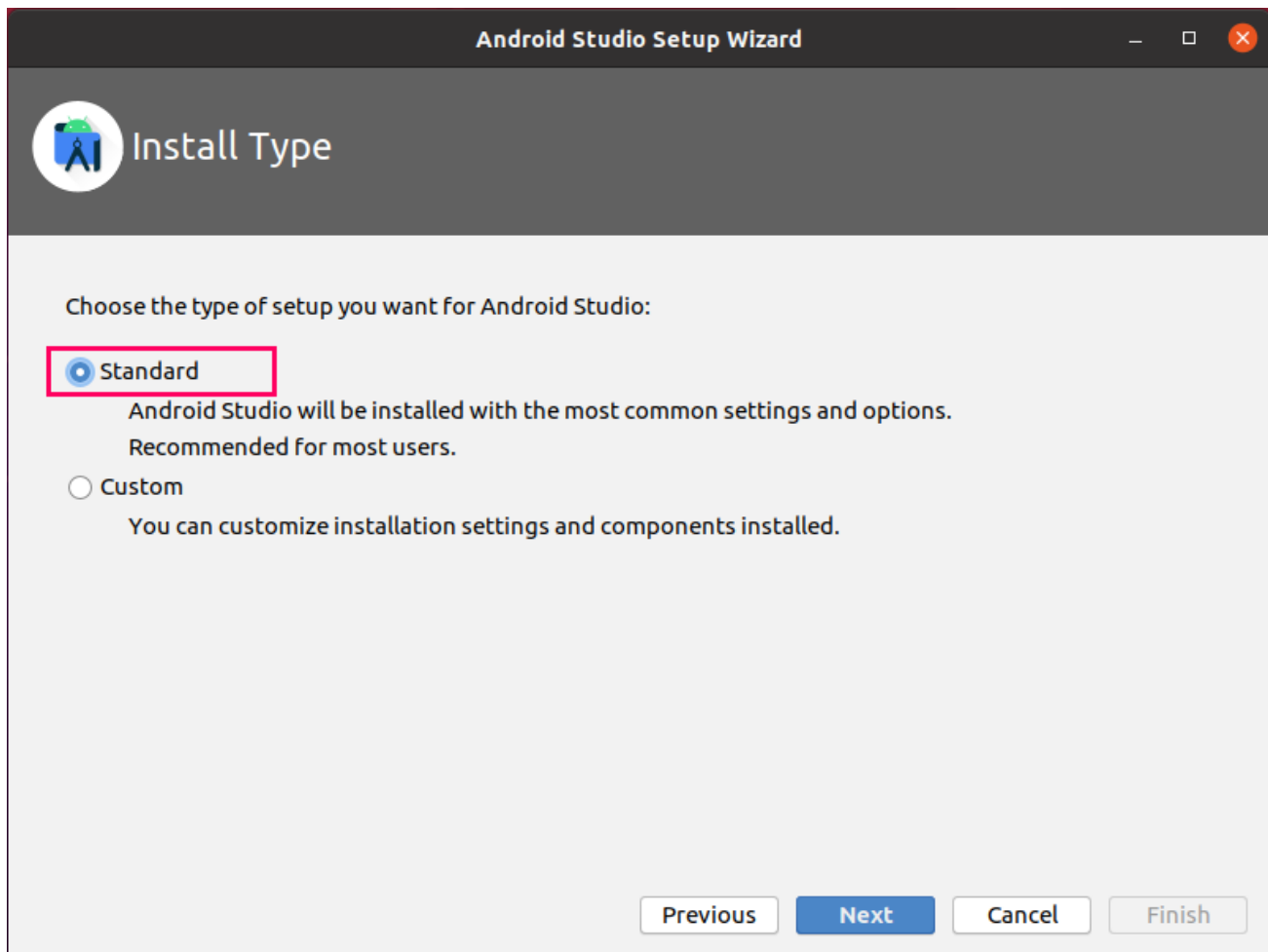


Next, the Android Studio setup wizard screen will display. Click on “Next”.

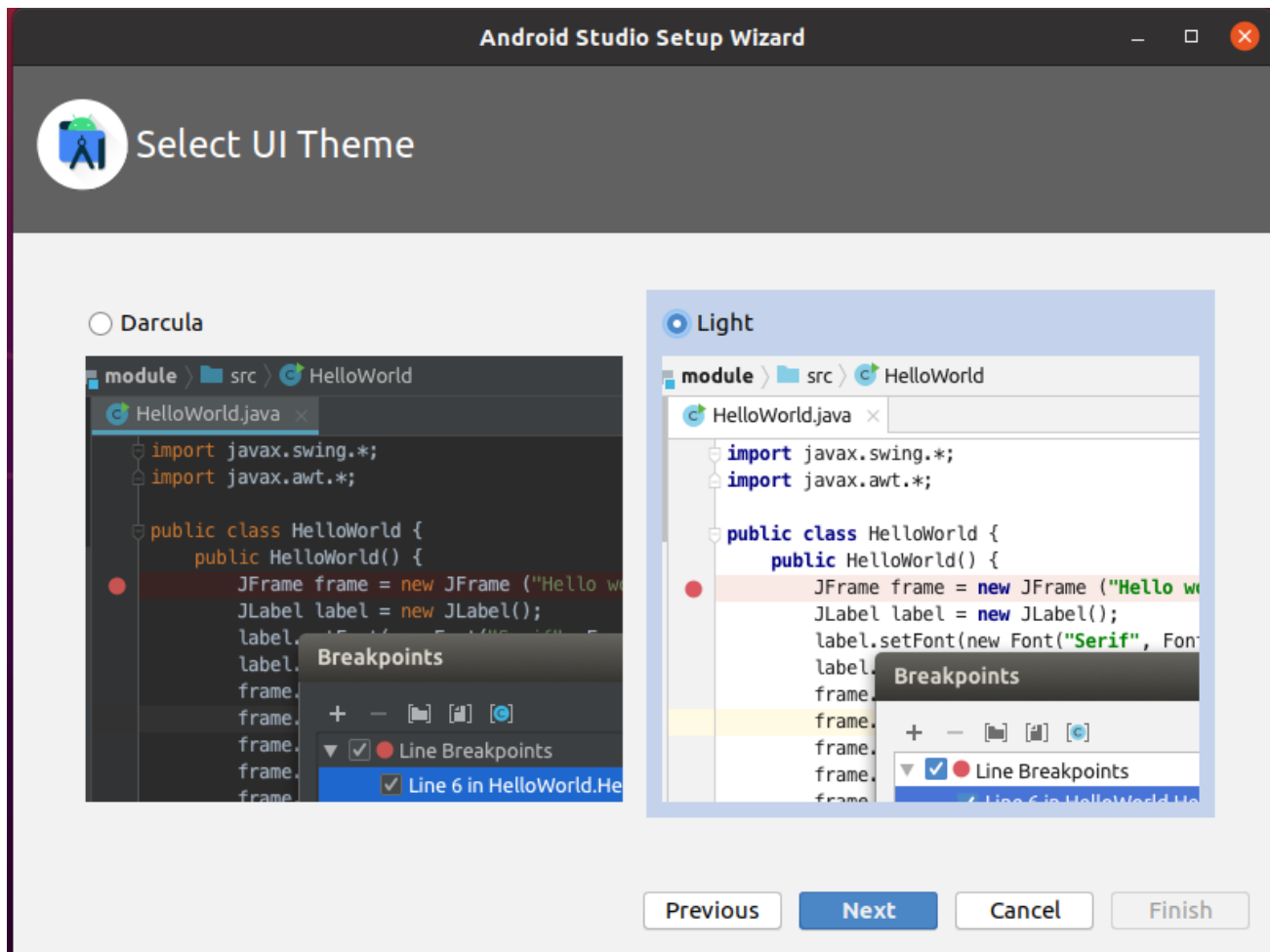


Choose standard install type and click on “Next”.

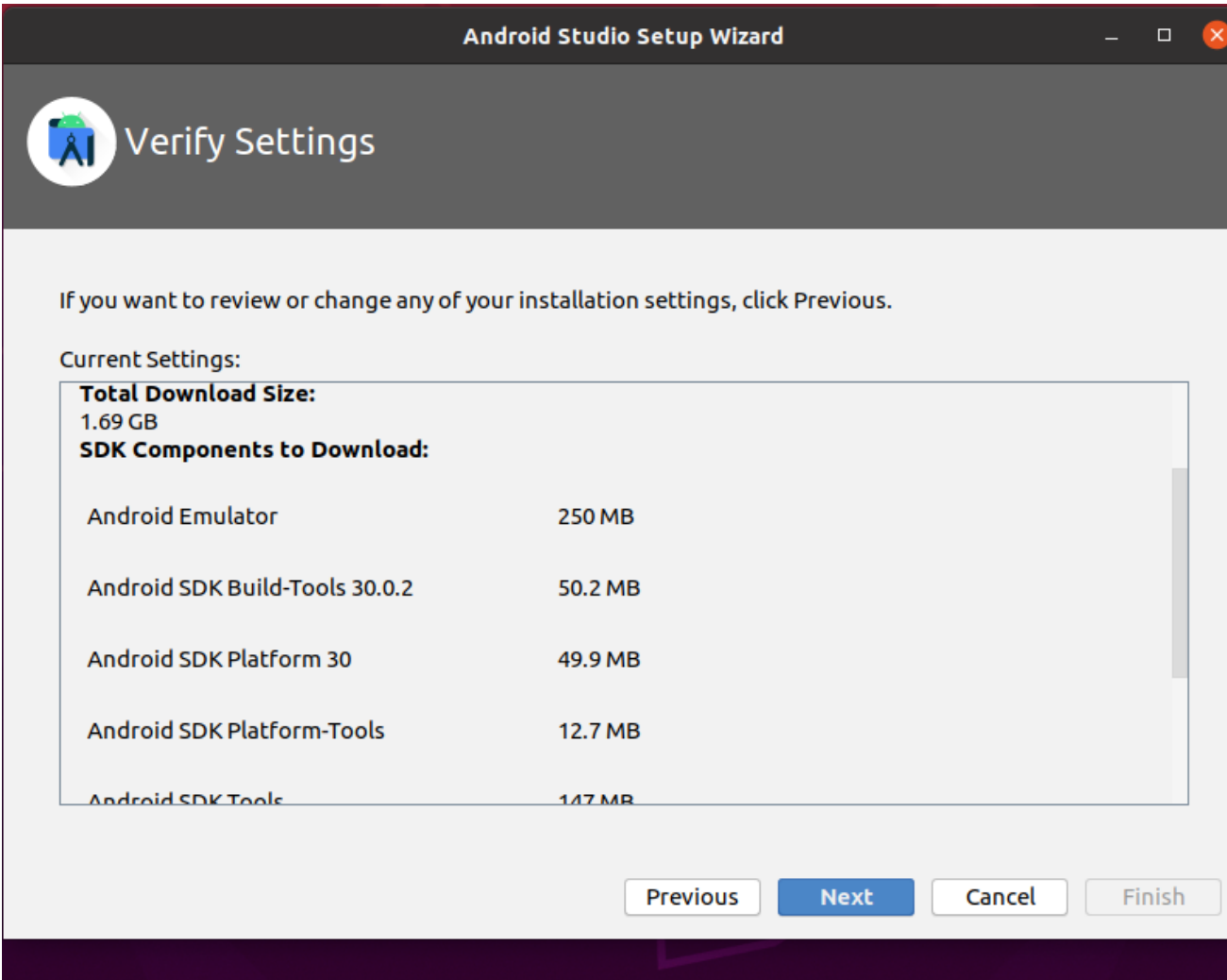




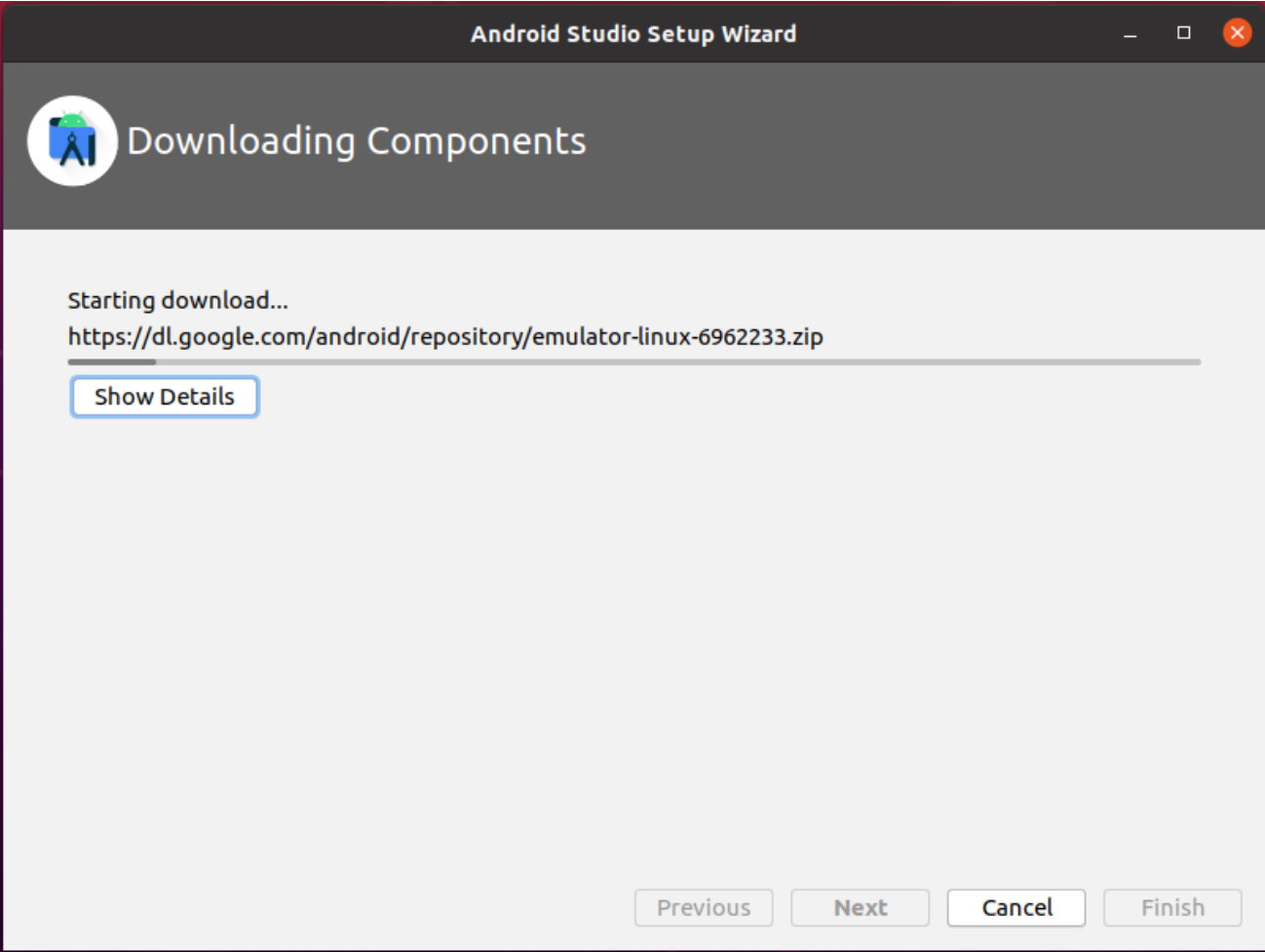
Now, select the desired theme and click on “Next”.



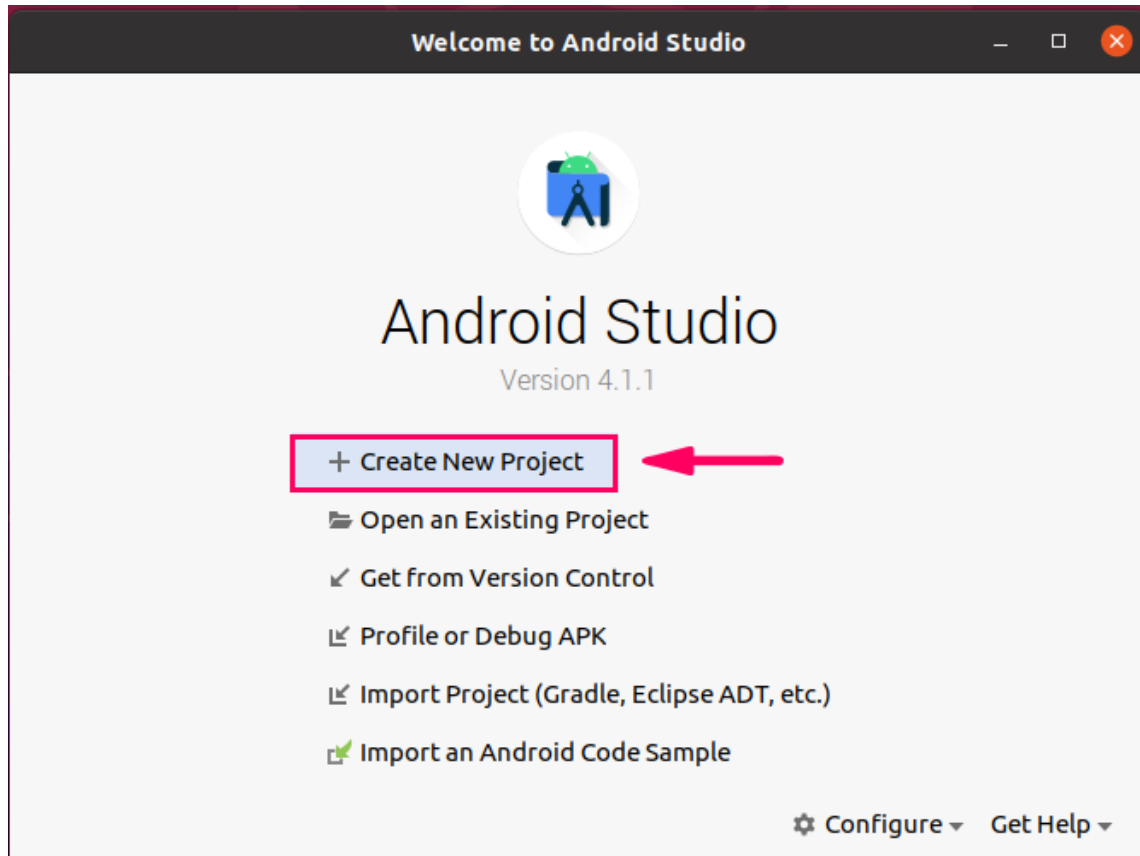
Android Studio will download some required packages and tools. Click on “Next”.



The component will be downloaded.



Android studio is now ready for use. Create and new project and start using Android Studio.



## Method 2: Install Android Studio using snap

### Step 1: Enable snap installation and install snap on Linux Mint 20

Android studio can be installed using snap. Snap comes pre-installed in Ubuntu 20.04, but in the case of Linux Mint 20, the snap installation is disabled. The line of code for disabling snap is present in **nosnap.pref** file. To download the snap-on Linux Mint 20, delete this file first using the following command:

```
$ sudo rm /etc/apt/preferences.d/nosnap.pref
```

Now install the snap-on Linux Mint 20 using the following command:

```
$ sudo apt install snapd
```

Note: You don't need to run the above command in the case of Ubuntu 20.04.

## Step 2: Install JDK on Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20

Similar to the previous method, make sure to install JDK on your system before installing Android Studio using snap with the following command:

```
$ sudo apt install openjdk-11-jdk
```

## Step 3: Install Android Studio

To install Android Studio using snap, run the following command:

```
$ sudo snap install android-studio --classic
```

Android studio will be successfully installed on Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20 using snap.

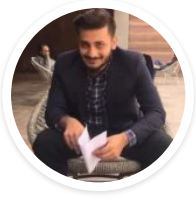
## Conclusion

Android studio is a tool for Android application development. It has a huge community and is used by hundreds of thousands of Android application developers across the globe. This article briefly explains all the possible methods to install Android Studio on Ubuntu 20.04 and Linux Mint 20 in detail.

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ABOUT THE AUTHOR

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## Kamran Sattar Awaisi

I am a software engineer and a research scholar. I like to write article and make tutorial on various IT topics including Python, Cloud Computing, Fog Computing and Deep Learning. I love to use Linux based operating systems.

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