CodeForces Problem

March 27, 2023

B. Points on Plane

Constriants

Time Limit 2 seconds

Memory Limit 256 MB

Problem Statement

You are given a two-dimensional plane, and you need to place n chips on it.

You can place a chip only at a point with integer coordinates. The cost of placing a chip at the point (x, y) is equal to |x| + |y| (where |a| is the absolute value of a).

The cost of placing n chips is equal to the maximum among the costs of each chip.

You need to place n chips on the plane in such a way that the Euclidean distance between each pair of chips is strictly greater than 1, and the cost is the minimum possible.

Input Description

The first line contains one integer t $(1 \le t \le 10^4)$ — the number of test cases. Next t cases follow. The first and only line of each test case contains one integer n $(1 \le n \le 10^{18})$ — the number of chips you need to place.

Output Description:

For each test case, print a single integer — the minimum cost to place n chips if the distance between each pair of chips must be strictly greater than 1.

Examples

```
Input
4
1
3
5
975461057789971042
Output
0
1
2
987654321
```

Note

In the first test case, you can place the only chip at point (0,0) with total cost equal to 0+0=0. In the second test case, you can, for example, place chips at points (-1,0), (0,1) and (1,0) with costs |-1|+|0|=1, |0|+|1|=1 and |0|+|1|=1. Distance between each pair of chips is greater than 1 (for example, distance between (-1,0) and (0,1) is equal to $\sqrt{2}$). The total cost is equal to

 $\max(1,1,1)=1$. In the third test case, you can, for example, place chips at points (-1,-1), (-1,1), (1,1), (0,0) and (0,2). The total cost is equal to $\max(2,2,2,0,2)=2$.