Experimental Setup expSetup

The experimental setup that is described in this section, is designed to measure, the properties of LXe scintillation. However it is designed in a modular way, so it can serve different requirements from different future experiments. There are three main building blocks consisting the full setup, The purification and circulation system, the cryogenic system, and the detector system. Each building block can be replaced without effecting the others. The full assembly (figure. fig:fulldet) is held on three separate wracks, one for the DAQ, while the two others which hold the the detector and purification system are joined using a 100mm bar with shock absorbers on both sides.

Gas handling system subsec:gas

A typical LXe detector must keep a high level of purity. Careful selection and meticulously cleaning of all parts before mounting, is needed, however is not sufficient. The desired level of most detectors of impurity concentration is at the level of 1 ppb O_2 equivalent Aprile:2009dv. This is crucial to allow ionization electrons drift for several cm. To reach that level in a reasonable amount of time (several days instead of months), continuous purification is needed. The gas system, provides this process, alongside with all gas handling operations such as filling and recuperation.

During purification mode, xenon is taken from the chamber (in liquid phase) passes through a heat exchangerGEA GBS100M-24 plate heat exchangerhere it is heated and vapored. Then the xenon is forced by a KNF diaphragm pump into a hot getterMONO-TORR PS4-MT15-R-2hich cleans the xenon from most impurities. The xenon also passes through an MKS Mass Flow ControllerMKS mass flow controllerMFC).

After the xenon is purified, it is delivered back to the cryogenic system through the heat exchanger, there the remained xenon gas is liquefied before it continuous back to the chamber. A schematic of this system is shown in fig. fig:gasSchematic.

figure[t!] [width=1.]GasSchematics.png Schematics of the purification system. High pressure valves are indicated as valves with arcs. Needle valves are indicated as a valve with an arrow. fig:gasSchematic

olate heat exchanger w DRR PS4-MT15-R-2 w mass flow controller (