EPR and Paramagnetic NMR NWChem Tutorial

This tutorial involves tensor/matrix operations, which can be readily done with Octave, a GNU license MATLAB-like program, freely available in any Linux or Cygwin (Windows) distribution. Octave will be used to demonstrate tensor manipulation and calculation of g-tensor, A-tensor, and paramagnetic NMR parameters obtained from an example NWChem output.

```
Example input:
echo
start ch3radical_rot
title ch3radical rot
geometry noautoz units angstrom nocenter
symmetry c1
c +0.00000000 +0.00000000 +0.00000000
h -0.21385373 +0.98738914 +0.39826283
h -0.78597592 -0.69448290 +0.28059107
h +0.09050298 +0.04455726 -1.08102723
end
BASIS "ao basis" PRINT
* library 6-311G
END
relativistic
zora on
zora:cutoff_NMR 1d-8
zora:cutoff 1d-30
end
dft
odft
mult 2
xc b3lvp
end
task dft
property
gshift
hyperfine
shielding
end
task dft property
```

First, the following constants and values are needed:

```
>ge = 2.002319304; Be = 9.27400915e-24; k = 1.3806504e-23; u0 = 4*pi*(10^7); h = 6.62606896e-34; BN = 5.05078317e-27; gnC = 1.4044;
```

gnC is the nuclear g-factor for a 13 C nucleus; it is calculated from the measured gyromagnetic ratio (in 10^6 rad s $^{-1}$ T $^{-1}$) for 13 C:

```
>gammaC = 67.262;
>gnC = gammaC*(h/(2*pi))/BN*(10^6);
```

Note that the example system CH₃ ground state is a doublet.

```
>S = 0.5;
```

Since paramagnetic NMR is temperature-dependent, specify a temperature in Kelvin:

```
>T = 305.15;
```

Reconciling the g-tensor from NWChem calculation:

Note that the tensor from a g-shift (Δg) calculation from NWChem is in ppt (parts-per-thousand). Enter the total Δg (g-shift) tensor into Octave:

```
>GShiftTens = [0.1740 0.2216 -0.2640; 0.2216 0.6888 0.0981; -0.2640 0.0981 0.6542];
```

Transform Δg tensor to g tensor:

```
>GTens = 0.001*GShiftTens + (ge*eye(3))
2.0025e+00 2.2160e-04 -2.6400e-04
2.2160e-04 2.0030e+00 9.8100e-05
-2.6400e-04 9.8100e-05 2.0030e+00
```

Note that 'eye(3)' stands for the 3x3 identity matrix (diagonal 1's and off-diagonal 0's). To obtain gxx, gyy, and gzz from the g tensor matrix, find the eigenvalues of gg^T and take the square root of the eigenvalues:

```
>sqrt(eig(GTens*transpose(GTens)))
ans =
    2.0023
    2.0031
    2.0031
```

To obtain g_{iso} , take the trace of g and divide by 3:

```
>trace(GTens)/3
2.0028
```

Reconciling the A-tensor from NWChem calculation:

Enter the total A tensor (for convenience use the tensor that is in MHz) for the first carbon atom listed:

```
>ATensC = [428.6293 -58.2145 69.3689; -58.2145 293.3841 -25.7459; 69.3689 - 25.7459 302.4571];
```

Correct this matrix by rotating it into the reference frame of the g-tensor (obtained in the last section):

```
>ATensC_Corr = (ATensC/ge)*GTens
428.651   -58.184    69.332
-58.184    293.477    -25.732
69.332    -25.732    302.546
```

To find Axx, Ayy, Azz, find the eigenvalues of AA^T and take the square root of the eigenvalues:

```
> sqrt(eig(ATensC_Corr*transpose(ATensC_Corr)))
ans =
    271.88
    271.88
    480.91
```

To calculate A_{iso}, take the trace of the corrected A tensor and divide by 3:

```
>trace(ATensC_Corr)/3
341.56
```

Reconciling the pNMR parameters from NWChem calculation:

Calculate the dipolar form of the corrected A tensor for the carbon atom:

```
>ATensC_Corr_Dip = ATensC_Corr - (trace(ATensC_Corr)/3)*eye(3)

87.093 -58.184 69.332

-58.184 -48.081 -25.732

69.332 -25.732 -39.012
```

For convenience, convert the hyperfine tensors units from MHz to J:

```
>ATensC_Energy = (10^6)*h*ATensC

2.8401e-25 -3.8573e-26 4.5964e-26

-3.8573e-26 1.9440e-25 -1.7059e-26

4.5964e-26 -1.7059e-26 2.0041e-25

>ATensC_Corr_Energy = (10^6)*h*ATensC_Corr

2.8403e-25 -3.8553e-26 4.5940e-26

-3.8553e-26 1.9446e-25 -1.7050e-26

4.5940e-26 -1.7050e-26 2.0047e-25

>ATensC_Corr_Dip_Energy = (10^6)*h*ATensC_Corr_Dip

5.7708e-26 -3.8553e-26 4.5940e-26

-3.8553e-26 -3.1859e-26 -1.7050e-26

4.5940e-26 -1.7050e-26 -2.5850e-26
```

To calculate the Fermi contact shift:

```
>FCShiftC =
(10^6)*trace(GTens)/3*Be/(gnC*BN)*(S*(S+1))/(3*k*T)*trace(ATensC_Energy)/3
FCShiftC = 3.5159e+04
```

To calculate the pseudocontact shift (in ppm):

```
>PCShiftC =
(10^6)*(S*(S+1))/(9*k*T)*Be/(gnC*BN)*trace(ATensC_Corr_Dip_Energy*GTens)
PCShiftC = -1.9008
```

From the shielding calculation in NWChem,

```
> OrbShldC = 83.7136
```

Putting it all together, the total chemical shielding in ppm is:

```
>TotShldC = OrbShldC - FCShiftC - PCShiftC
TotShldC = -3.5074e+04
```

Subtract this value from the appropriate reference to obtain the chemical shift.

We can repeat these steps for the hydrogen atom. The proton nuclear g-factor is:

```
>gnH = 5.5856947
```

The hyperfine A tensor for the hydrogen atom from the NWChem output is:

```
>ATensH = [-39.8498 -17.0675 5.2453; -17.0675 0.9102 23.3706; 5.2453 23.3706 -46.3284];
```

Correct this tensor by transforming it into the reference frame of the g-tensor:

```
>ATensH_Corr = (ATensH/ge)*GTens
-39.85584 -17.07752 5.25143
-17.07196 0.90977 23.38053
5.25445 23.37695 -46.34308
```

Calculate the dipolar form of the corrected A tensor for the H atom:

```
>ATensH_Corr_Dip = ATensH_Corr - (trace(ATensH_Corr))/3*eye(3)
-11.4261 -17.0775 5.2514
-17.0720 29.3395 23.3805
5.2545 23.3770 -17.9134
```

Convert the hyperfine tensors units from MHz to J:

```
>ATensH_Energy = (10^6)*h*ATensH

-2.6405e-26 -1.1309e-26 3.4756e-27

-1.1309e-26 6.0310e-28 1.5486e-26

3.4756e-27 1.5486e-26 -3.0698e-26

>ATensH_Corr_Energy = (10^6)*h*ATensH_Corr

-2.6409e-26 -1.1316e-26 3.4796e-27

-1.1312e-26 6.0282e-28 1.5492e-26

3.4816e-27 1.5490e-26 -3.0707e-26

>ATensH_Corr_Dip_Energy = (10^6)*h*ATensH_Corr_Dip

-7.5710e-27 -1.1316e-26 3.4796e-27
```

Calculate the Fermi Contact Shift:

```
>FCShiftH =
(10^6)*trace(GTens)/3*Be/(gnH*BN)*(S*(S+1))/(3*k*T)*trace(ATensH_Energy)/3
FCShiftH = -735.76
```

Calculate the pseudocontact shift:

```
>PCShiftH =
(10^6)*(S*(S+1))/(9*k*T)*Be/(gnH*BN)*trace(ATensH_Corr_Dip_Energy*GTens)
PCShiftH = 0.0032218
```

From the NWChem output, the orbital shielding is:

```
>OrbShldH = 28.1923
```

Putting it all together, the total chemical shielding in ppm is:

```
>TotShldH = OrbShldH - FCShiftH - PCShiftH
TotShldH = 763.95
```