# **Test Plan**

## **Unit Tests**

## **Test Cases:**

Test Case #	Description	<b>Test Data</b>
1.	Check a Piano Key event results in the correct corresponding note (both in pitch and octave)	A4 -> A4
2.	Check that an Octave Up event results in output of one octave higher.	4 -> 5
3.	Check than an Octave Down event results in output of one octave lower.	5 -> 4
4.	Check chord played corresponds to chord recognized. (need to test one of each type of chord, and a few non-chords)	too many
5.	Check that a midi device has been added	midi != null

## **Proof:**

## **Use case Tests**

**Test Cases:** 

**Chord Recognition** 

Actor: User

Requirements: None.

### Main Scenario:

- 1. User plays notes on PolyChord piano
- 2. System plays the note sounds
- 3. System looks up notes in database
- 4. System displays chord to User

#### **Alternatives**:

- 1a. User plays only one note
- 1a1. System displays note, instead of Chord.
- 3a. System is unable to load chord database.

- 3a1. System tells user it could not load the database, please try again later.
- 4a. Notes do not make a valid chord.
- 4a1. No chord or note is displayed.

#### **Test Situations**:

- 1. User plays chord
- 2. User plays single note
- 3. User plays notes that do not make a chord
- 4. User plays notes when database is unavailable

## **Test Coverage**:

Situations: 4

Tests: 4

Coverage: 100%

## **Midi Input**

Actor: Advanced User

Requirements: User has MIDI device.

### Main Scenario:

1. User plugs in MIDI device

#### **Alternatives**:

1a. User does not add MIDI device 1a1. System allows use with keyboard

#### **Test Situations**:

1. User plays note on MIDI device

#### **Test Coverage**:

Situations: 1

Tests: 1

Coverage: 100%

#### Metronome

Actor: User

**Requirements**: User has toggled the metronome on.

#### Main Scenario:

- 1. User inputs a bpm value
- 2. User turns metronome on
- 3. User hears metronome sound
- 4. User turns metronome off

#### Alternatives:

1a. User does not input a value 1a1. System cannot play metronome 1b. User inputs an invalid value 1b1. System behaves incorrectly

#### **Test Situations:**

- 1. User does not enter a value
- 2. User inputs an invalid value

#### **Test Coverage**:

Situations: 2

Tests: 2

Coverage: 100%

### **Sustain Key**

Actor: User

**Requirements**: None.

#### Main Scenario:

- 1. User plays note(s)
- 2. User presses sustain key
- 3. System plays corresponding tones.
- 4. User releases notes (but not sustain key)
- 5. System continues to play tones
- 6. User releases sustain key
- 7. System stops tones.

#### **Alternatives:**

- 1a. User presses sustain key and notes at the same time
- 1a1. System plays corresponding tones.
- 1a2. (go to 4.)
- 6a. User plays more notes.
- 6a1. System plays additional tones.
- 6a2. User releases sustain key

6a3. System stops all tones.

#### **Test Situations:**

- 1. Play notes and then sustain & then release notes.
- 2. Start sustain and notes at the same time.
- 3. Play notes during sustain.

#### **Test Coverage**:

Situations: 3

Tests: 3

Coverage: 100%

#### **Proof:**

## **Acceptance Tests**

#### **Test Cases:**

- 1. Test that the application functions as expected on all common\* browsers, such as Chrome, Safari, Firefox, and IE. Note that because the MIDI features are browser dependent, a failure message is the expected behavior on other browsers when activating that feature.
- 2. Test that application recognizes Major, Minor, Dominant, Augmented, Suspended, Half-Diminished, and Diminished chords, as well as their alternative variants.
- 3. Test that the system accepts MIDI input as expected when using a supported browser.
- 4. Test that the metronome can play at a default value.
- 5. Test that the metronome does not accept in invalid bpm number.
- 6. Test that the system's sustain key acts as expected, sustaining all notes played while it is pressed, and releasing all notes when it is released.
- 7. Test that the application switches octaves as expected: the octave up button results in the system playing tones an octave higher (within the 5 octave maximum), and the octave down button results in the system playing tones an octave lower (within the 5 octave minimum).

#### **Proof:**