

Overview

Progress against global nutrition targets 2018



Under-5 stunting 0/10 on course



Under-5 wasting 0/10 on course



Under-5 overweight 0/10 on course



WRA anaemia 0/10 on course



Exclusive breastfeeding

0/10 on course



Adult female obesity 0/10 on course



Adult male obesity 0/10 on course



Adult female diabetes 5/10 on course

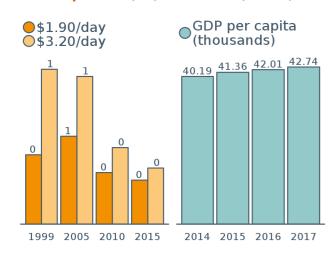


Adult male diabetes 4/10 on course

Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, UNICEF global databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory. Notes: The methodologies for tracking differ between targets. Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates. See Appendix 1 of the 2018 Global Nutrition Report for details of the methods and sources used to assess progress towards global nutrition targets.

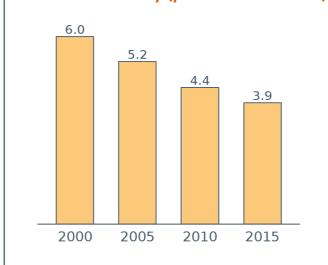
Economics and demography

Poverty rates (%) and GDP (PPP\$)



Source: World Bank 2018. Note: GDP = gross domestic product. PPP = purchasing power parity. n = 10 (poverty); n = 10 (GDP).

Under-5 mortality (per 000 live births)



Source: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2018.

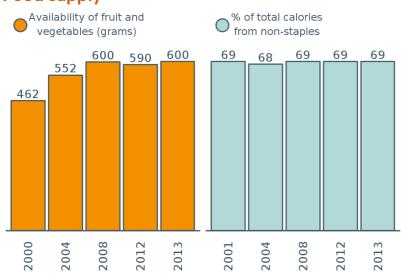
Population

| Population (millions) | 104 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|-----|------|
| Under-5 population (millions) | 6 | 2018 |
| Rural (%) | 18 | 2017 |
| ≥65 years (millions) | 20 | 2018 |
| | | |

Source: UN Population Division 2017. **Notes**: n = 10 (rural only).

Underlying determinants

Food supply



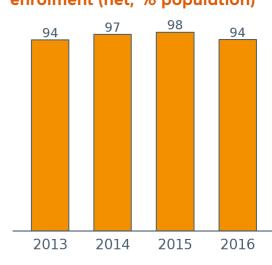
| Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

Gender-related determinants

| Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%) | NA | NA |
|--|----------|------|
| Source: UNICEF 2018. Note: n = NA. | | |
| Population density of healt per 1,000 people | th worke | ers |
| Physicians | 3.17 | 2016 |
| Nurses and midwives | 10.14 | 2016 |
| Community health workers | NA | NA |

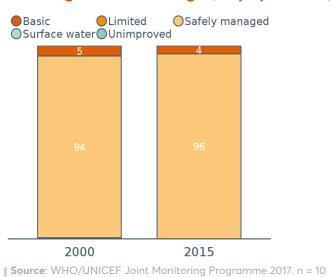
supplemented by country data. n = 10

Female secondary education enrolment (net, % population)



Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2018. n = 9

Drinking water coverage (% population)



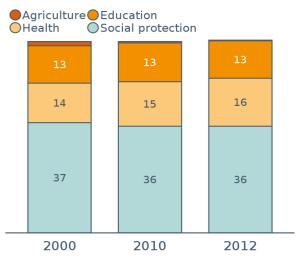
Sanitation coverage (% population)



Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2017.

Note: n = 10

Government expenditures (% total)



■ Source: IFPRI 2015. n = 10

Children (under 5) nutrition status

| Under 5: wasting (%) | Under 5: stunting (%) | Under 5: overweight (%) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| No data | No data | No data | | | |
| Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. | Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. | Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. | | | |
| Under 5 by household income: wasting (%) | Under 5 by household income: stunting (%) | Under 5 by household income: overweight (% | | | |
| No data | No data | No data | | | |
| Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA | Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA | Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA | | | |
| Under 5 by household location: wasting (%) | Under 5 by household location: stunting (%) | Under 5 by household location: overweight (| | | |
| No data | No data | No data | | | |
| Sources : UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA | Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA | Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA | | | |
| Under-5 coexistence of wasting, stunting | and overweight | | | | |
| | No data | | | | |

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Overlapping Stunting, Wasting and Overweight, New York, May 2018.

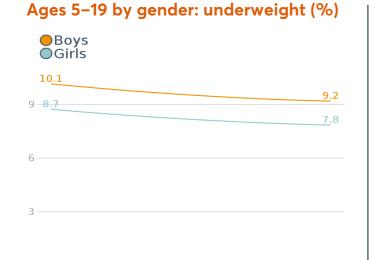
Notes: Percentage of children under 5 years of age who experience different and overlapping forms of malnutrition. n = NA

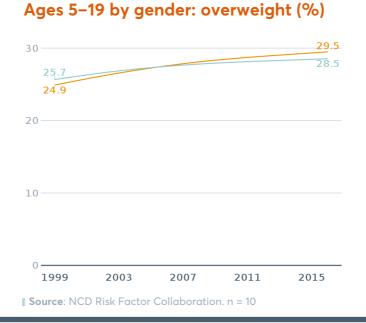
Child feeding practices

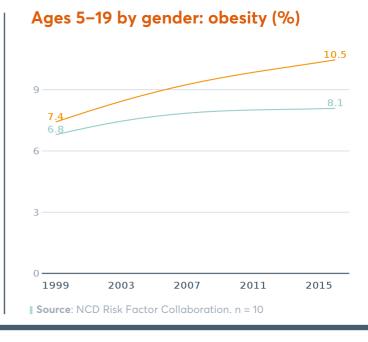
No data

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, New York, May 2018. n = 0

Children and adolescent (aged 5-19) nutrition status





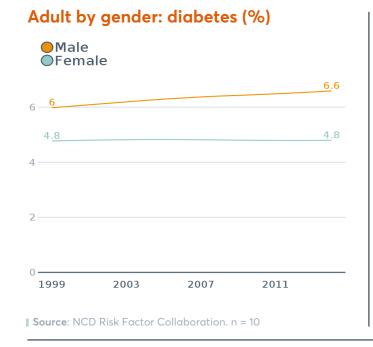


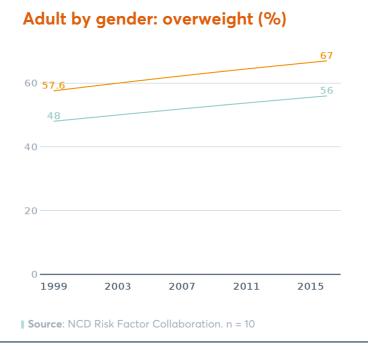
Adult nutrition status

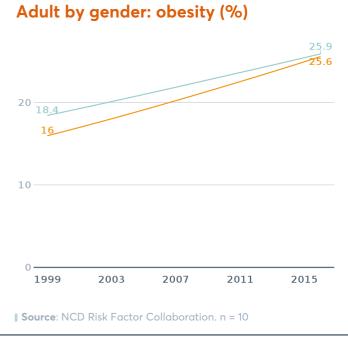
2007

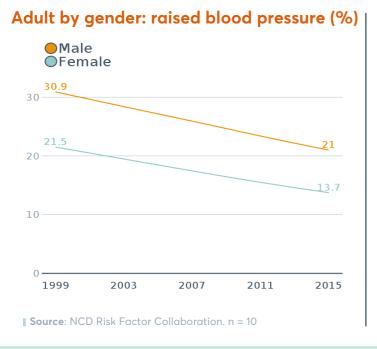
■ Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 10

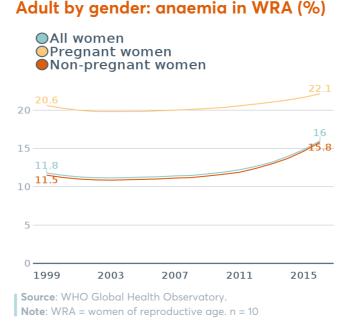
1999

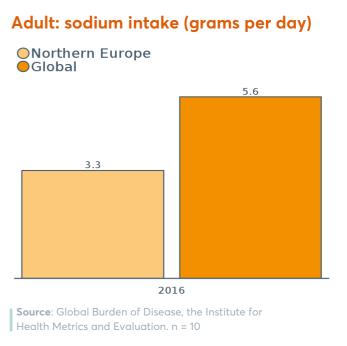




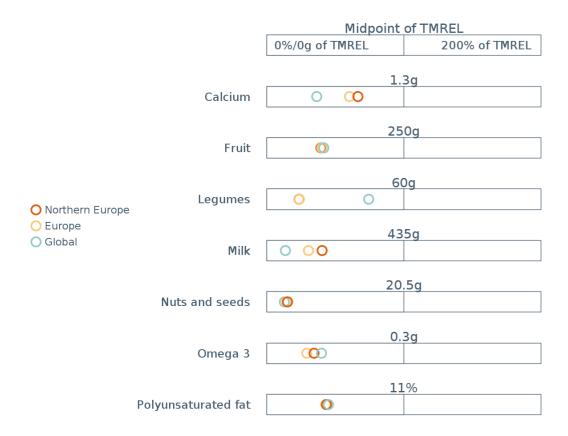








Dietary needs





Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. Notes: Men and women aged 25 and older. TMREL = theoretical minimum risk exposure level. n = 10

Financial resources and policy, legislation and institutional arrangements

Development assistance

No data

Sources: Development Initiatives based on OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC)

Creditor Reporting System (CRS).

Notes: ODA = official development assistance. Amounts based on gross ODA per capita, constant 2016 prices. Figure includes ODA grants and loans, but excludes other official flows and private grants.

National policies

| Mandatory legislation for salt iodisation | 2/10 |
|--|------|
| Sugar-sweetened beverage tax | 6/10 |
| Food-based dietary guidelines | 9/10 |
| Multisectoral comprehensive nutrition plan | 2/10 |

Sources: Global Fortification Data Exchange 2018; Sugar-sweetened data prepared using data from the NOURISHING database, academic references and market reports; FAO 2018; WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.

Targets included in national (nutrition or other) plan

| Stunting | Anaemia | Low birth weight | Child overweight | Exclusive breastfeeding | Wasting | Salt intake | Overweight adults and adolescents |
|----------|---------|------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0/10 | 1/10 | 0/10 | 10/10 | 4/10 | 0/10 | 6/10 | 10/10 |