

### **Overview**

### Progress against global nutrition targets 2018



Under-5 stunting 0/10 on course



Under-5 wasting 0/10 on course



Under-5 overweight 0/10 on course



WRA anaemia 0/10 on course



Exclusive breastfeeding

0/10 on course



Adult female obesity 0/10 on course



Adult male obesity 0/10 on course



Adult female diabetes 5/10 on course



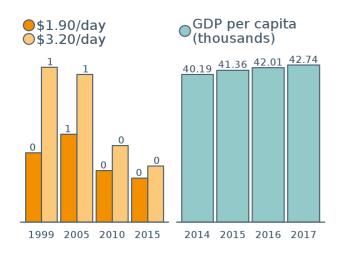
Adult male diabetes 4/10 on course

Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, UNICEF global databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory.

Notes: The methodologies for tracking differ between targets. Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates. See Appendix 1 of the 2018 Global Nutrition Report for details of the methods and sources used to assess progress towards global nutrition targets.

## **Economics and demography**

#### Poverty rates (%) and GDP (PPP\$)



Source: World Bank 2018.

Note: GDP = gross domestic product. PPP = purchasing power parity. n = 10 (poverty); n = 10 (GDP).

### Under-5 mortality (per 000 live births)



**Source**: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2018.

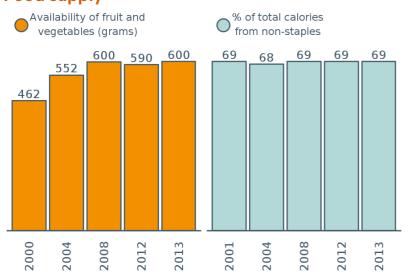
### **Population**

Population (millions)	104	2017
Under-5 population (millions)	6	2018
Rural (%)	18	2017
≥65 years (millions)	20	2018

**Source**: UN Population Division 2017. **Notes**: n = 10 (rural only).

## **Underlying determinants**

### Food supply



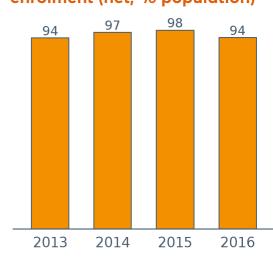
Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

### **Gender-related determinants**

Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%)	NA	NA		
Source: UNICEF 2018. Note: n = NA.				
Population density of health workers per 1,000 people				
Physicians	3.17	2016		
Nurses and midwives	10.14	2016		
Community health workers	NA	NA		

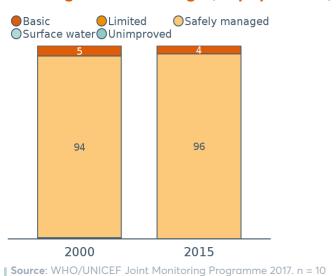
**Source**: WHO's Global Health Workforce Statistics, OECD, supplemented by country data. n = 10

# Female secondary education enrolment (net, % population)

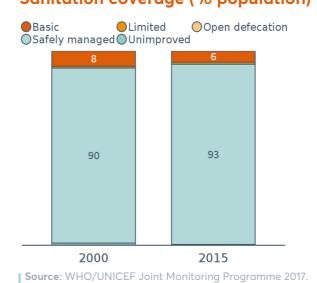


Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2018. n = 9

### **Drinking water coverage (% population)**

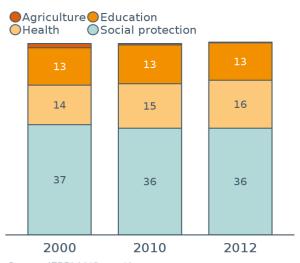


### Sanitation coverage (% population)



**Note**: n = 10

### **Government expenditures (% total)**



**Source**: IFPRI 2015. n = 10

# Children (under 5) nutrition status

Under 5: wasting (%)	Under 5: stunting (%)	Under 5: overweight (%)			
No data	No data	No data			
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.	Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.	Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.			
Under 5 by household income: wasting (%)	Under 5 by household income: stunting (%)	Under 5 by household income: overweight (%			
No data	No data	No data			
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA	Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA	Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA			
Under 5 by household location: wasting (%)	Under 5 by household location: stunting (%)	Under 5 by household location: overweight (			
No data	No data	No data			
<b>Sources</b> : UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA	Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA	Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA			
Under-5 coexistence of wasting, stunting	and overweight				
	No data				

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Overlapping Stunting, Wasting and Overweight, New York, May 2018.

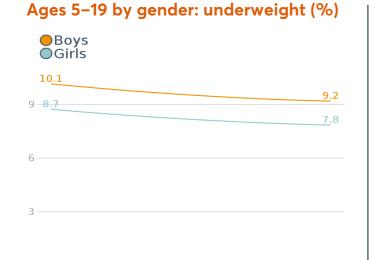
Notes: Percentage of children under 5 years of age who experience different and overlapping forms of malnutrition. n = NA

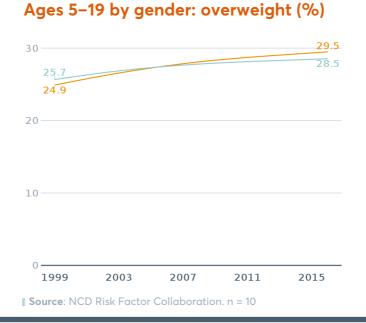
# **Child feeding practices**

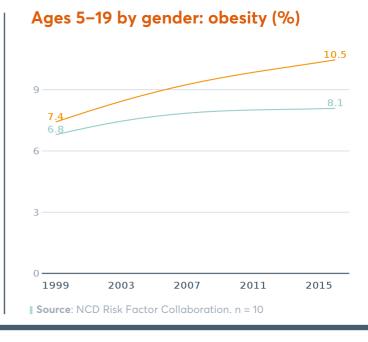
No data

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, New York, May 2018. n = 0

## Children and adolescent (aged 5-19) nutrition status





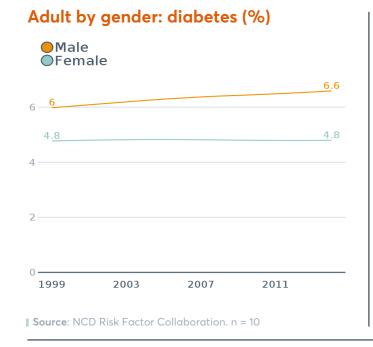


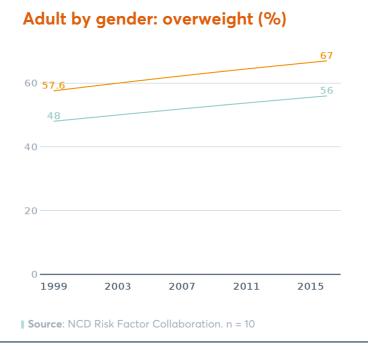
### **Adult nutrition status**

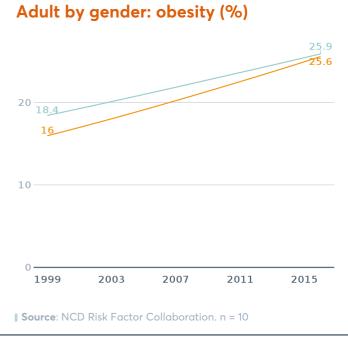
2007

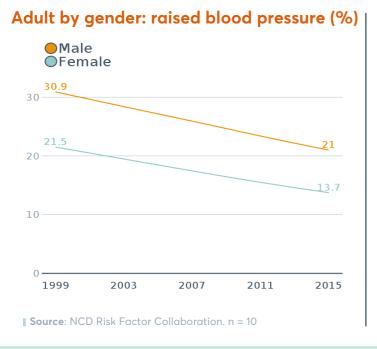
**■ Source**: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 10

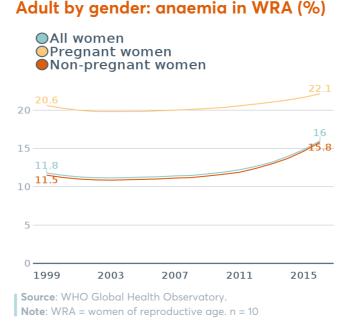
1999

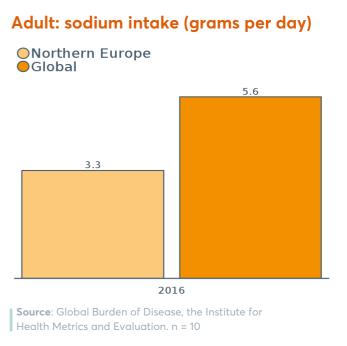




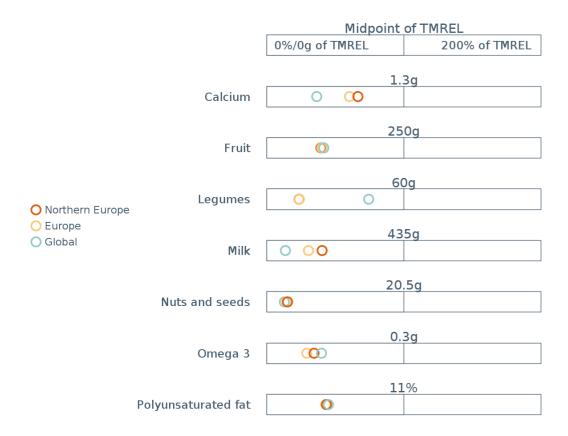








## **Dietary needs**





Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. Notes: Men and women aged 25 and older. TMREL = theoretical minimum risk exposure level. n = 10

## Financial resources and policy, legislation and institutional arrangements

### **Development assistance**

No data

Sources: Development Initiatives based on OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC)

Creditor Reporting System (CRS).

Notes: ODA = official development assistance. Amounts based on gross ODA per capita, constant 2016 prices. Figure includes ODA grants and loans, but excludes other official flows and private grants.

### **National policies**

Mandatory legislation for salt iodisation	2/10
Sugar-sweetened beverage tax	6/10
Food-based dietary guidelines	9/10
Multisectoral comprehensive nutrition plan	2/10

**Sources**: Global Fortification Data Exchange 2018; Sugar-sweetened data prepared using data from the NOURISHING database, academic references and market reports; FAO 2018; WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.

### Targets included in national (nutrition or other) plan

Stunting	Anaemia	Low birth weight	Child overweight	Exclusive breastfeeding	Wasting	Salt intake	Overweight adults and adolescents
0/10	1/10	0/10	10/10	4/10	0/10	6/10	10/10