

### **Overview**

#### **Burden classification**

#### There is insufficient data for the Global Nutrition Report to classify this country's burden

Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory.

Notes: Thresholds for a country having the form or not: stunting in children aged under 5 years  $\geq$ 20%; anaemia in women of reproductive age  $\geq$ 20%; overweight (body mass index  $\geq$ 25) in adult women aged  $\geq$ 18 years  $\geq$ 35%.

### Progress against global nutrition targets 2018



Under-5 stunting



Under-5 wasting



Under-5 overweight



**WRA** anaemia

NA



**Exclusive breastfeeding** 

NA

Adult female obesity



Adult male obesity



Adult female diabetes



Adult male diabetes

No Data

Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, UNICEF global databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory.

Notes: The methodologies for tracking differ between targets. Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates. See Appendix 1 of the 2018 Global Nutrition Report for details of the methods and sources used to assess progress towards global nutrition targets.

## **Economics and demography**

### Poverty rates (%) and GDP (PPP\$)

No data

Source: World Bank 2018.

**Note**: GDP = gross domestic product. PPP = purchasing power parity.

### Under-5 mortality (per 000 live births)

No data

**Source**: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2018.

### **Income inequality**

Gini index score <sup>1</sup>	Gini index rank <sup>2</sup>	Year	
NA	NA	NA	

Source: World Bank 2018.

**Notes**: 0 = perfect equality, 100 = perfect inequality. Countries are ranked from most equal (1) to most unequal (155). 2

#### **Population**

Population (000)	38	2017
Under-5 population (000)	NA	NA
Rural (%)	86	2017
>65 years (000)	NA	NA

Source: UN Population Division 2017.

## **Underlying determinants**

### Food supply

No data

Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

### **Gender-related determinants**

Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%) <sup>1</sup>	NA	NA
Gender Inequality Index (score*) <sup>2</sup>	NA	NA
Gender Inequality Index (country rank) <sup>2</sup>	NA	NA

Sources: UNICEF 2018; UNDP 2018. 2

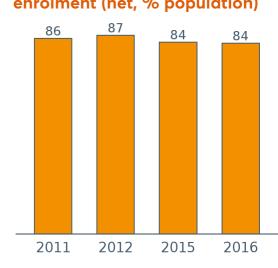
**Note**: \*0 = low inequality, 1 = high inequality.

## Population density of health workers per 1,000 people

Physicians	NA	NA
Nurses and midwives	NA	NA
Community health workers	NA	NA

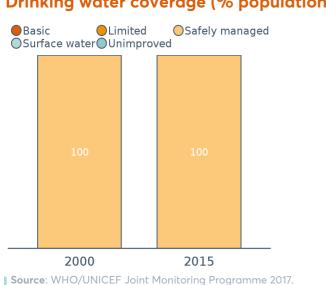
Source: WHO's Global Health Workforce Statistics, OECD, supplemented by country data.

## Female secondary education enrolment (net, % population)

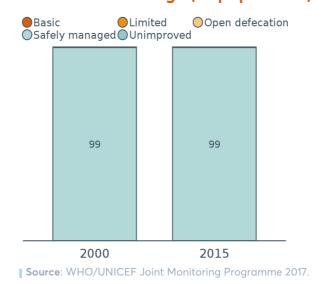


Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2018.

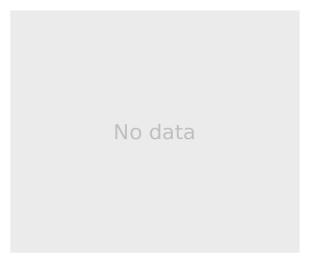
### Drinking water coverage (% population)



### Sanitation coverage (% population)

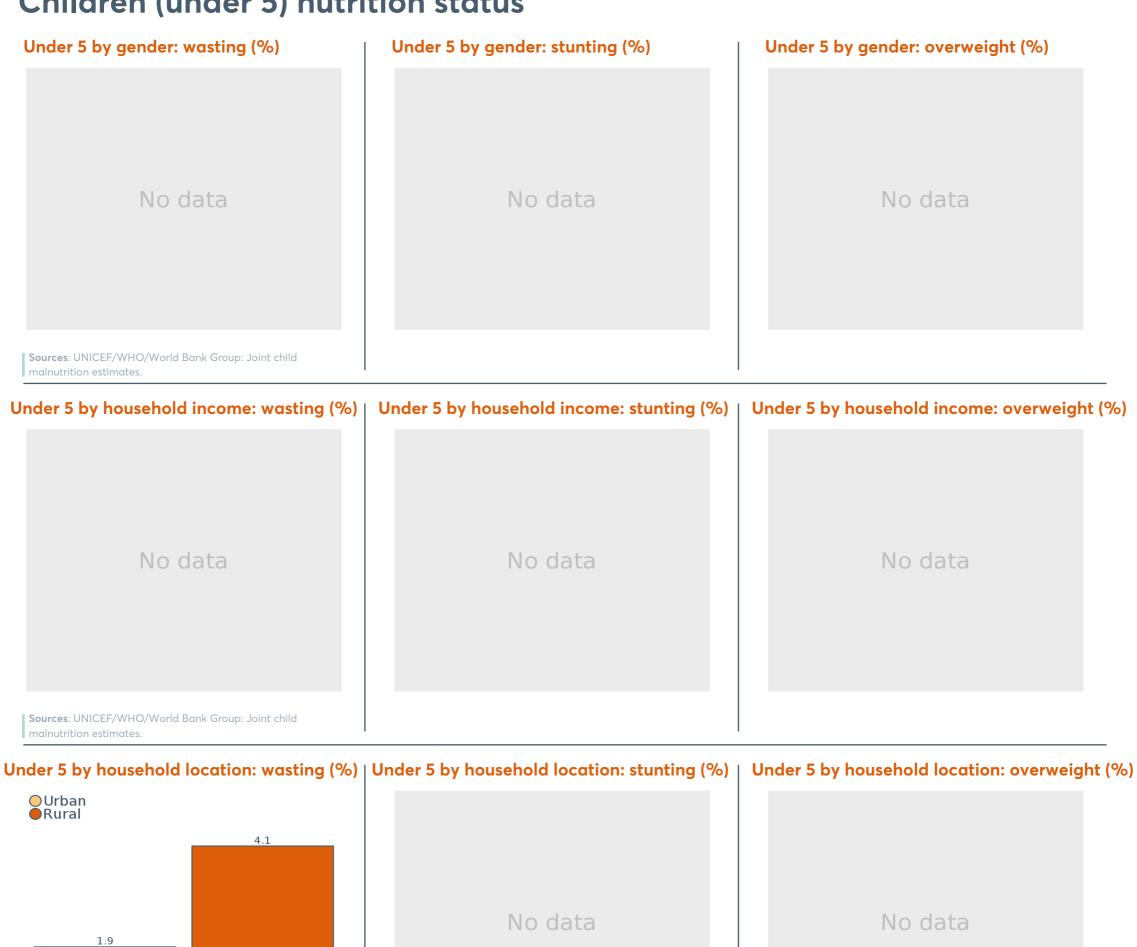


### Government expenditures (% total)



Source: IFPRI 2015.

## Children (under 5) nutrition status



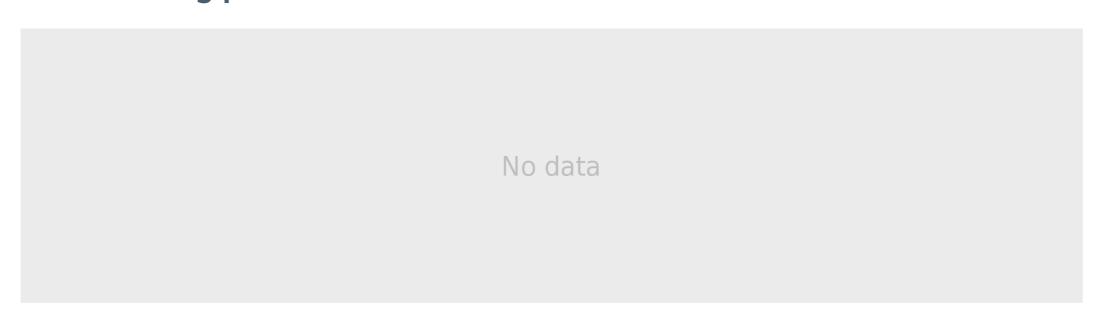
### Under-5 coexistence of wasting, stunting and overweight

**Sources**: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child

malnutrition estimates.

No data

## **Child feeding practices**



Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, New York, May 2018.

## Children and adolescent (aged 5–19) nutrition status

Ages 5–19 by gender: underweight (%)

No data

No data

Ages 5–19 by gender: overweight (%)

Ages 5–19 by gender: obesity (%)

No data

Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration.

Adult by gender: diabetes (%)

### **Adult nutrition status**

No data

Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration.

Adult by gender: overweight (%)

No data

Adult by gender: obesity (%)

No data

Adult by gender: raised blood pressure (%) |

No data

Adult by gender: anaemia in WRA (%)

No data

**Source**: WHO Global Health Observatory. **Note**: WRA = women of reproductive age.

Adult: sodium intake (grams per day)

No data

**Source**: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation.

| Source: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration.

## **Dietary needs**

No data

No data

Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. Notes: Men and women aged 25 and older. TMREL = theoretical minimum risk exposure level.

## Financial resources and policy, legislation and institutional arrangements

### **Development assistance**

### No data

Sources: Development Initiatives based on OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC)

Creditor Reporting System (CRS).

**Notes**: ODA = official development assistance. Amounts based on gross ODA disbursements, constant 2016 prices. Figure includes ODA grants and loans, but excludes other official flows and private grants.

### **National policies**

Mandatory legislation for salt iodisation	NA
Sugar-sweetened beverage tax	No
Food-based dietary guidelines	NA
Multisectoral comprehensive nutrition plan	NA

**Sources**: Global Fortification Data Exchange 2018; Sugar-sweetened data prepared using data from the NOURISHING database, academic references and market reports; FAO 2018; WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.

### Targets included in national (nutrition or other) plan

Stunting	Anaemia	Low birth weight	Child overweight	Exclusive breastfeeding	Wasting	Salt intake	Overweight adults and adolescents
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

## Intervention coverage

Coverage/practice indicator	%	Male	Female	Year
Children 0–59 months with diarrhoea who received zinc treatment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Children 6–59 months who received vitamin A supplements in last 6 months	NA	NA	NA	NA
Children 6–59 months given iron supplements in past 7 days	NA	NA	NA	NA
Women with a birth in last five years who received iron and folic acid during their most recent pregnancy	NA		NA	NA
Household consumption of any iodised salt	NA	NA	NA	NA

Sources: Kothari M. and Huestis A., based on 2016 Global Nutrition Report and UNICEF global databases, 2018. Notes: Data is compiled using STATcompiler and taken from country Demographic and Health Surveys for 2005–2017.