

## **Overview**

### Progress against global nutrition targets 2018



Under-5 stunting 0/10 on course



Under-5 wasting 0/10 on course



Under-5 overweight 0/10 on course



WRA anaemia
0/10 on course



Exclusive breastfeeding

0/10 on course



Adult female obesity 0/10 on course



Adult male obesity 0/10 on course



Adult female diabetes 0/10 on course

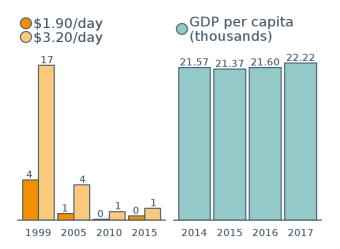


Adult male diabetes 0/10 on course

**Sources**: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, UNICEF global databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory. **Notes**: The methodologies for tracking differ between targets. Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates. See Appendix 1 of the 2018 Global Nutrition Report for details of the methods and sources used to assess progress towards global nutrition targets.

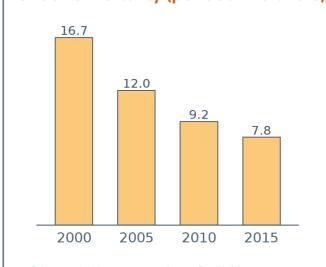
## **Economics and demography**

#### Poverty rates (%) and GDP (PPP\$)



**Source**: World Bank 2018. **Note**: GDP = gross domestic product. PPP = purchasing power parity. n = 10 (poverty); n = 10 (GDP).

### Under-5 mortality (per 000 live births)



Source: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2018.

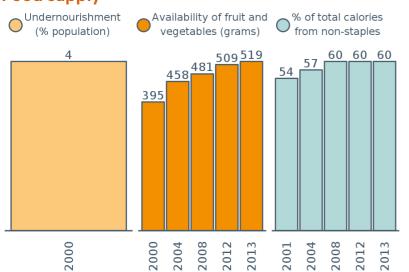
### Population

292	2017
17	2018
31	2017
47	2018
	17

**Source**: UN Population Division 2017. **Notes**: n = 10 (rural only).

## **Underlying determinants**

### Food supply



Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

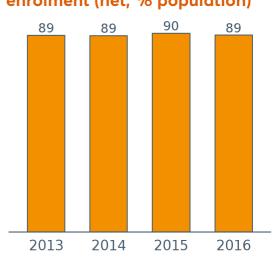
### **Gender-related determinants**

Source: UNICEF 2018. Note: n = 4.  Population density of health workers per 1,000 people	Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%)	4	2015
•			
	•	:h wo	rkers

Physicians3.462016Nurses and midwives7.712016Community health workersNANA

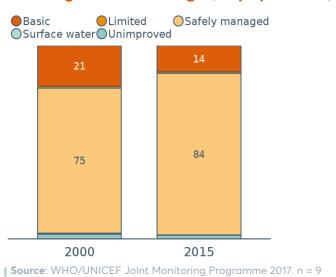
supplemented by country data. n = 10

## Female secondary education enrolment (net, % population)

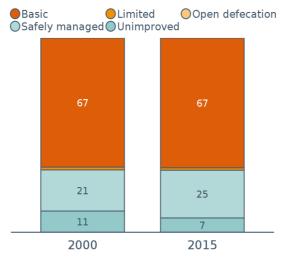


**Source**: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2018. n = 3

### **Drinking water coverage (% population)**

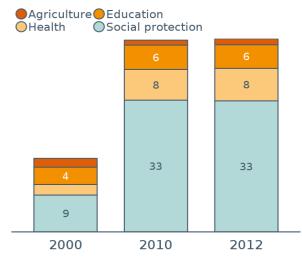


### Sanitation coverage (% population)



**Source**: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2017. **Note**: n = 9

### **Government expenditures (% total)**



Source: IFPRI 2015. n = 10

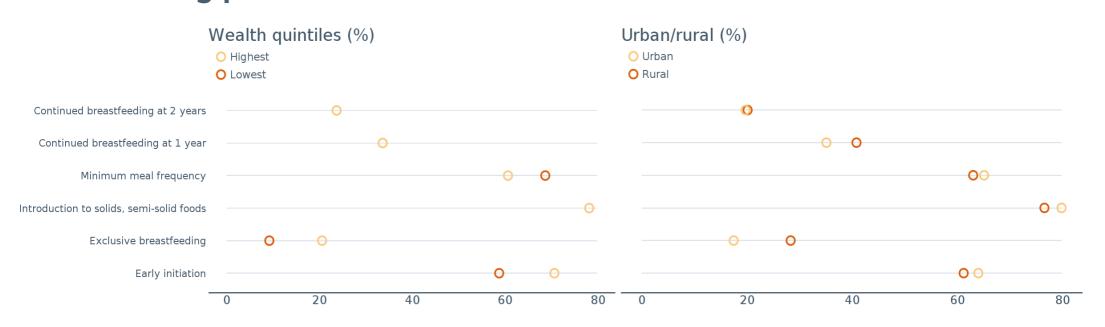
## Children (under 5) nutrition status

Under 5: wasting (%)	Under 5: stunting (%)	Under 5: overweight (%)
No data	No data	No data
Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.	Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.	Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.
Under 5 by household income: wasting (%)	Under 5 by household income: stunting (%)	Under 5 by household income: overweight (%)
No data	No data	No data
<b>Sources</b> : UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA	<b>Sources</b> : UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA	<b>Sources</b> : UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA
Under 5 by household location: wasting (%)	Under 5 by household location: stunting (%)	Under 5 by household location: overweight (%)
No data	No data	No data
<b>Sources</b> : UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA	<b>Sources</b> : UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA	<b>Sources</b> : UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates. n = NA
Under-5 coexistence of wasting, stunting a	nd overweight	
	No data	

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Overlapping Stunting, Wasting and Overweight, New York, May 2018.

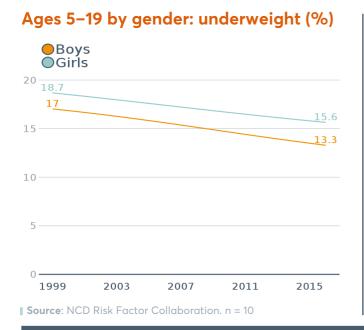
Notes: Percentage of children under 5 years of age who experience different and overlapping forms of malnutrition. n = NA

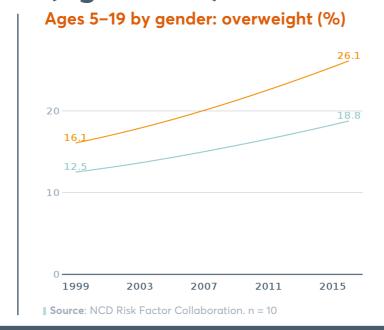
## Child feeding practices

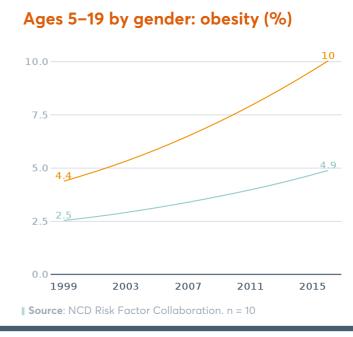


Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, New York, May 2018. n = 3

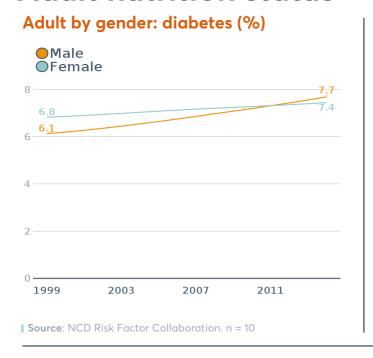
## Children and adolescent (aged 5-19) nutrition status

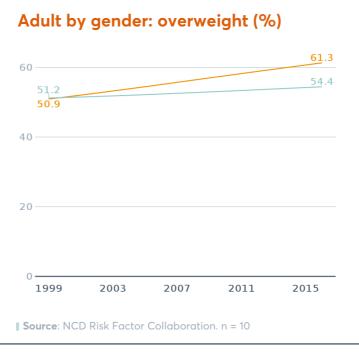


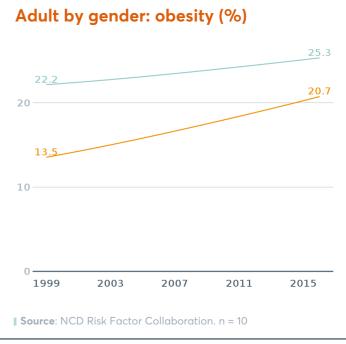


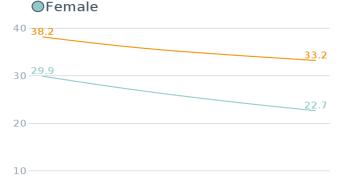


### **Adult nutrition status**

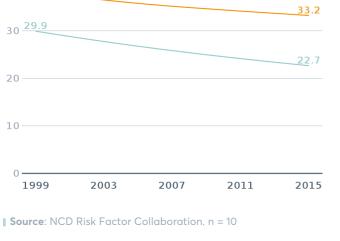


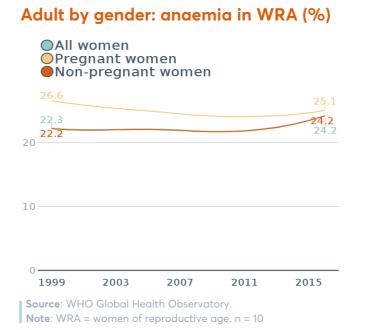


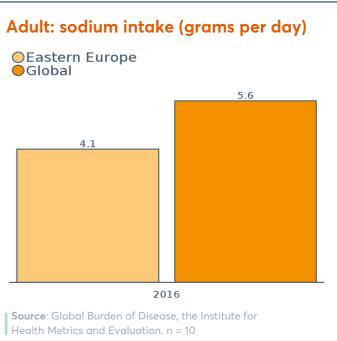




Adult by gender: raised blood pressure (%)

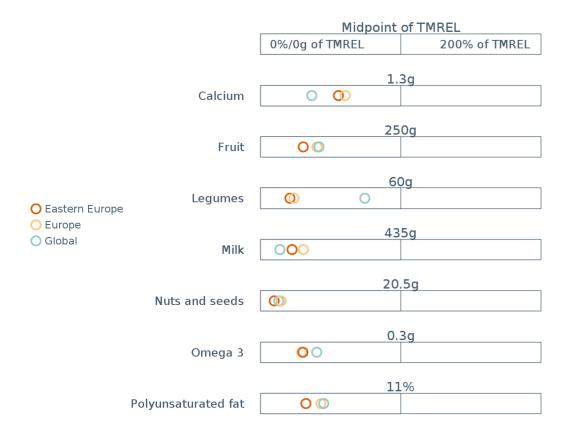


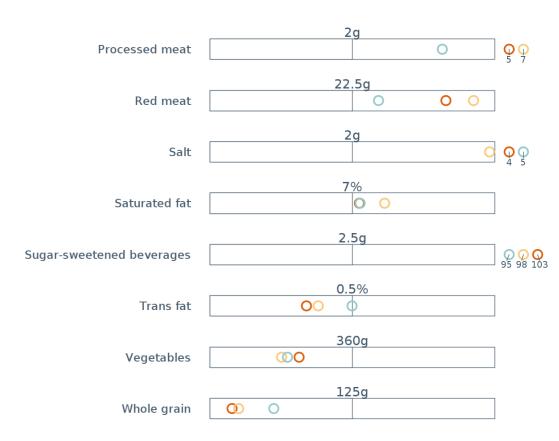




Male

## **Dietary needs**



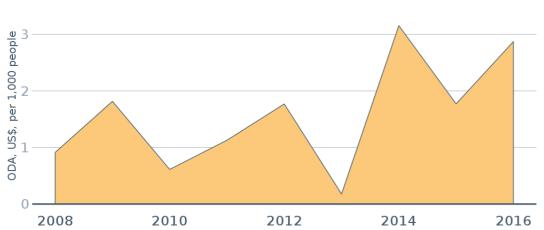


Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. Notes: Men and women aged 25 and older. TMREL = theoretical minimum risk exposure level. n = 10

## Financial resources and policy, legislation and institutional arrangements

### **Development assistance**

Basic nutrition ODA received



Sources: Development Initiatives based on OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC)

Creditor Reporting System (CRS).

Notes: ODA = official development assistance. Amounts based on gross ODA per capita, constant 2016 prices. Figure includes ODA grants and loans, but excludes other official flows and private grants.

### **National policies**

Mandatory legislation for salt iodisation	7/10
Sugar-sweetened beverage tax	1/10
Food-based dietary guidelines	4/10
Multisectoral comprehensive nutrition plan	6/10

**Sources**: Global Fortification Data Exchange 2018; Sugar-sweetened data prepared using data from the NOURISHING database, academic references and market reports; FAO 2018; WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.

### Targets included in national (nutrition or other) plan

Stunting	Anaemia	Low birth weight	Child overweight	Exclusive breastfeeding	Wasting	Salt intake	Overweight adults and adolescents
3/10	3/10	3/10	10/10	3/10	3/10	7/10	10/10