

### **Overview**

#### Progress against global nutrition targets 2018



**Under-5 stunting** 2/5 on course



**Under-5 wasting** 3/5 on course



**Under-5 overweight** 1/5 on course



**WRA** anaemia 0/5 on course



**Exclusive breastfeeding** 

0/5 on course



Adult female obesity 0/5 on course



Adult male obesity 0/5 on course



Adult female diabetes 0/5 on course



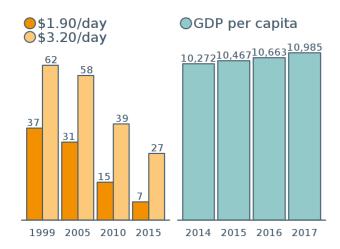
Adult male diabetes

0/5 on course

Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, UNICEF global databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory. Notes: The methodologies for tracking differ between targets. Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates. See Appendix 1 of the 2018 Global Nutrition Report for details of the methods and sources used to assess progress towards global nutrition targets.

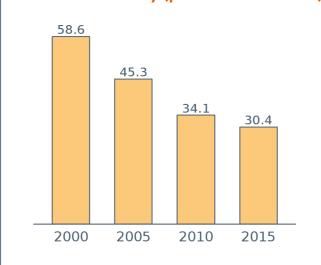
### **Economics and demography**

#### Poverty rates (%) and GDP (PPP\$)



Source: World Bank 2018. Note: GDP = gross domestic product. PPP = purchasing power parity. n = 5 (poverty); n = 5 (GDP).

#### Under-5 mortality (per 000 live births)



**Source**: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2018.

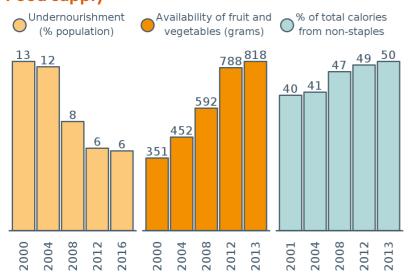
#### **Population**

Population (millions)	71	2017
Under-5 population (millions)	8	2018
Rural (%)	52	2017
>65 years (millions)	4	2018

Source: UN Population Division 2017. **Notes**: n = 5 (rural only).

## **Underlying determinants**

#### Food supply



| Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

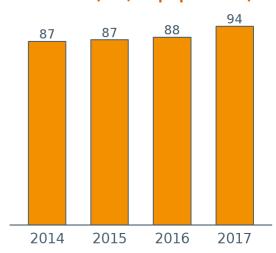
#### **Gender-related determinants**

Early childbearing: births by ag 18 (%)	<b>e</b> 2	2015					
<b>Source</b> : UNICEF 2018. <b>Note</b> : n = 5.							
Population density of health workers per 1,000 people							
per 1,000 people							
Physicians	2.51	2016					

NA

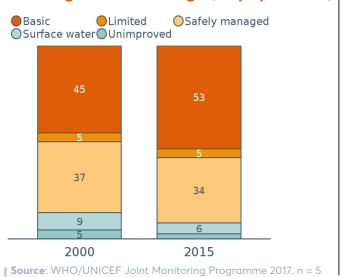
NA





Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2018. n = 2

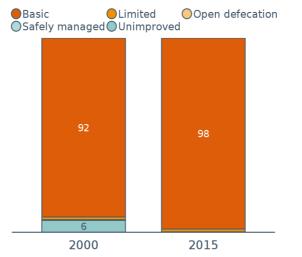
#### Drinking water coverage (% population)



#### Sanitation coverage (% population)

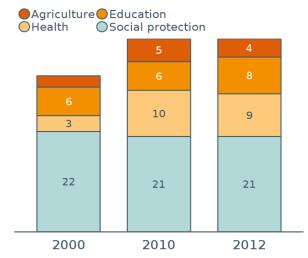
Community health workers

supplemented by country data. n = 5



Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2017. **Note**: n = 5

#### Government expenditures (% total)

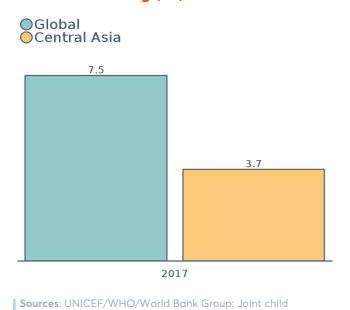


| Source: IFPRI 2015. n = 2

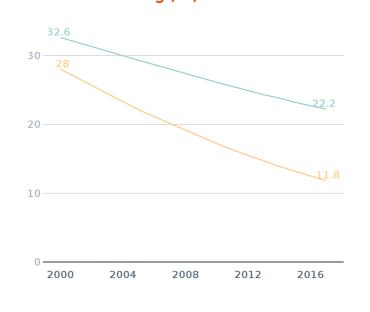
### Children (under 5) nutrition status



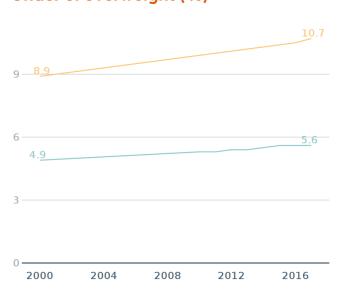
malnutrition estimates.



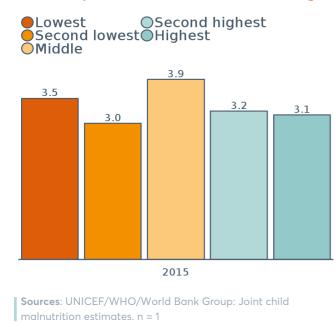
#### **Under 5: stunting (%)**



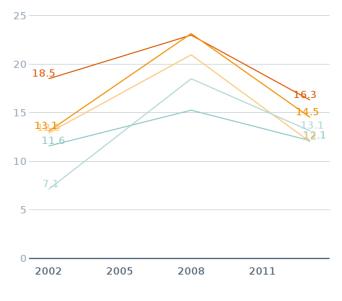
#### **Under 5: overweight (%)**



#### Under 5 by household income: wasting (%)

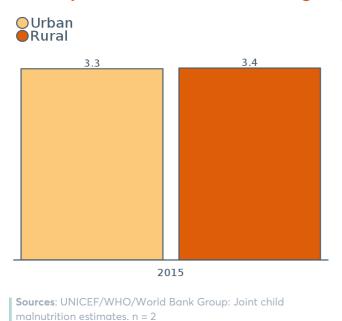


#### Under 5 by household income: stunting (%)



#### Under 5 by household income: overweight (%)

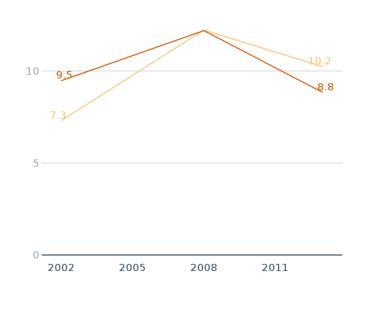




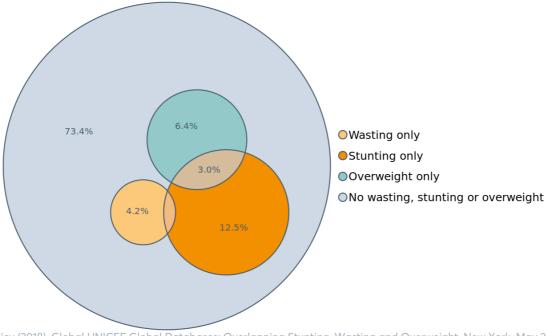
#### Under 5 by household location: wasting (%) | Under 5 by household location: stunting (%)



#### Under 5 by household location: overweight (%)

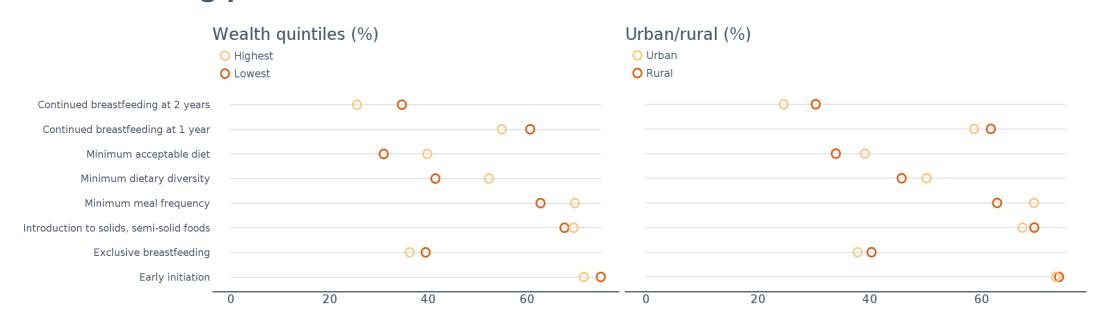


#### Under-5 coexistence of wasting, stunting and overweight



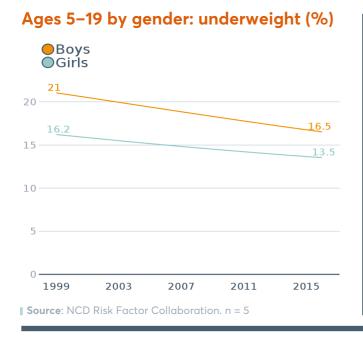
Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Overlapping Stunting, Wasting and Overweight, New York, May 2018.

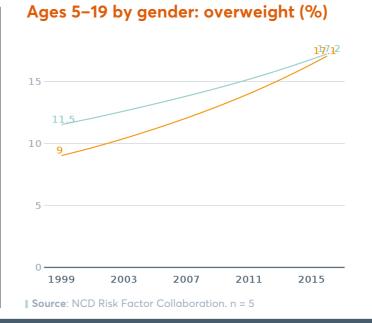
## **Child feeding practices**

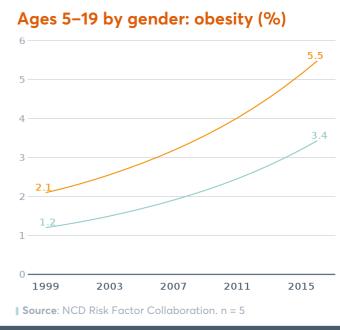


Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, New York, May 2018. n = 4

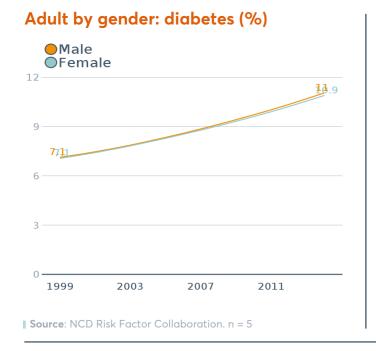
## Children and adolescent (aged 5-19) nutrition status

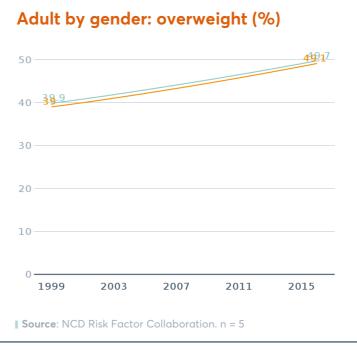


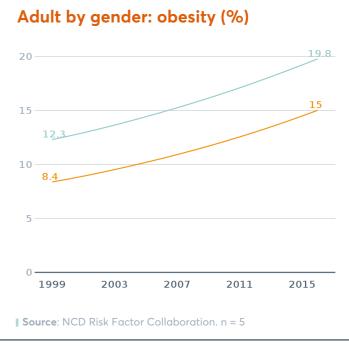


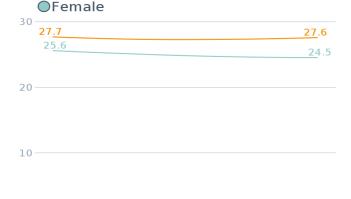


### **Adult nutrition status**



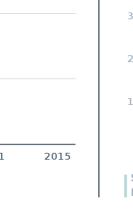


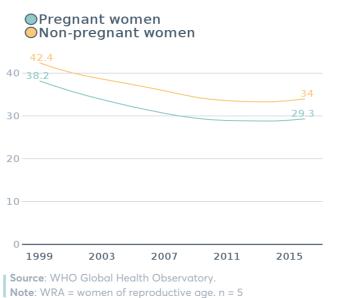




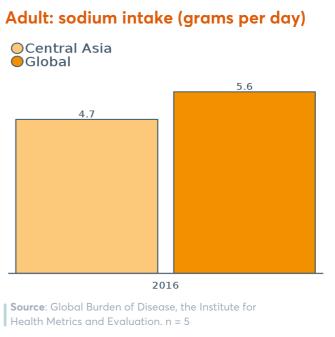
**| Source**: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration. n = 5

Adult by gender: raised blood pressure (%)





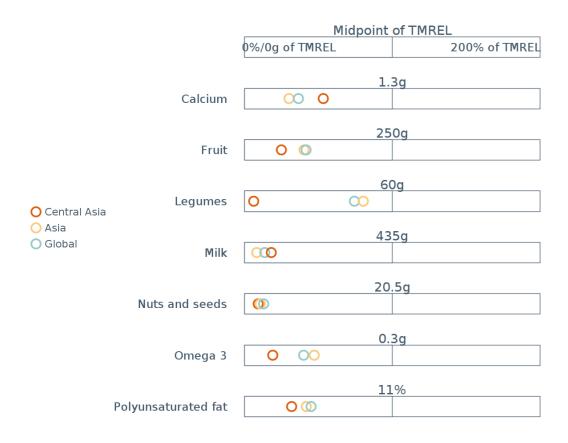
Adult by gender: anaemia in WRA (%)

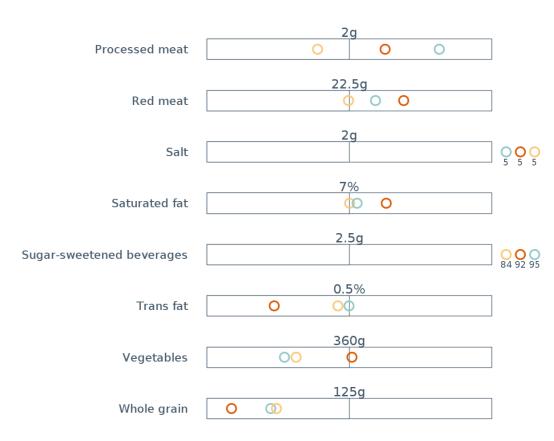


1999

Male

### **Dietary needs**

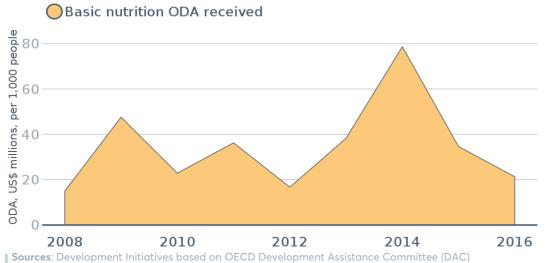




**Source**: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. **Notes**: Men and women aged 25 and older. TMREL = theoretical minimum risk exposure level. n = 5

## Financial resources and policy, legislation and institutional arrangements

#### **Development assistance**



Creditor Reporting System (CRS).

**Notes**: ODA = official development assistance. Amounts based on gross ODA disbursements, constant 2016 prices. Figure includes ODA grants and loans, but excludes other official flows and private grants.

#### **National policies**

Mandatory legislation for salt iodisation	5/5
Sugar-sweetened beverage tax	0/5
Food-based dietary guidelines	0/5
Multisectoral comprehensive nutrition plan	1/5

**Sources**: Global Fortification Data Exchange 2018; Sugar-sweetened data prepared using data from the NOURISHING database, academic references and market reports; FAO 2018; WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.

#### Targets included in national (nutrition or other) plan

Stunting	Anaemia	Low birth weight	Child overweight	Exclusive breastfeeding	Wasting	Salt intake	Overweight adults and adolescents
2/5	3/5	0/5	2/5	2/5	2/5	4/5	4/5

Sources: WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.