

Overview

Progress against global nutrition targets 2018



Under-5 stunting 0/9 on course



Under-5 wasting 0/9 on course



Under-5 overweight 0/9 on course



WRA anaemia
0/9 on course



Exclusive breastfeeding
0/9 on course



Adult female obesity 0/9 on course



Adult male obesity
0/9 on course



Adult female diabetes 7/9 on course



Adult male diabetes

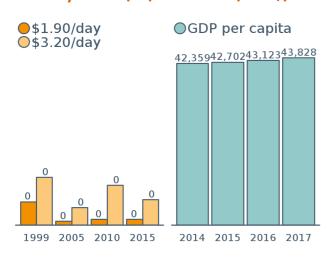
1/9 on course

Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, UNICEF global databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory.

Notes: The methodologies for tracking differ between targets. Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates. See Appendix 1 of the 2018 Global Nutrition Report for details of the methods and sources used to assess progress towards global nutrition targets.

Economics and demography

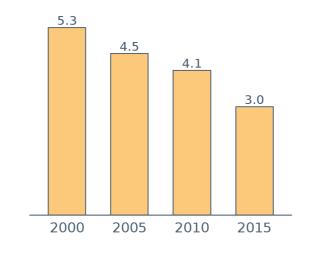
Poverty rates (%) and GDP (PPP\$)



Source: World Bank 2018.

Note: GDP = gross domestic product. PPP = purchasing power parity. n = 7 (poverty); n = 7 (GDP).

Under-5 mortality (per 000 live births)



Source: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2018.

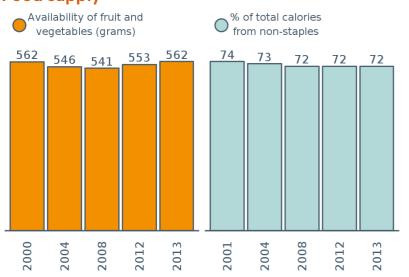
Population

Population (millions)	193	2017
Under-5 population (millions)	10	2018
Rural (%)	20	2017
>65 years (millions)	40	2018

Source: UN Population Division 2017. **Notes**: n = 9 (rural only).

Underlying determinants

Food supply



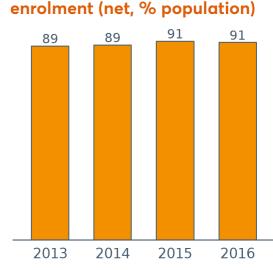
Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

Gender-related determinants

Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%)	NA	NA				
Source : UNICEF 2018. Note : n = NA.						
Population density of health workers per 1,000 people						
Physicians	3.78	2016				
Nurses and midwives	12.22	2016				
Community health workers	0.03	2016				

Source: WHO's Global Health Workforce Statistics, OECD, supplemented by country data. n = 8

Female secondary education enrolment (net, % population)

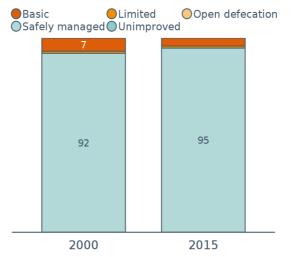


Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2018. n = 5

Drinking water coverage (% population)

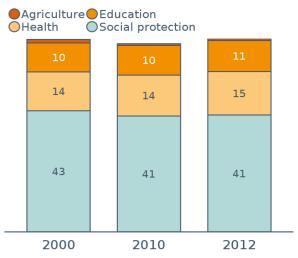


Sanitation coverage (% population)

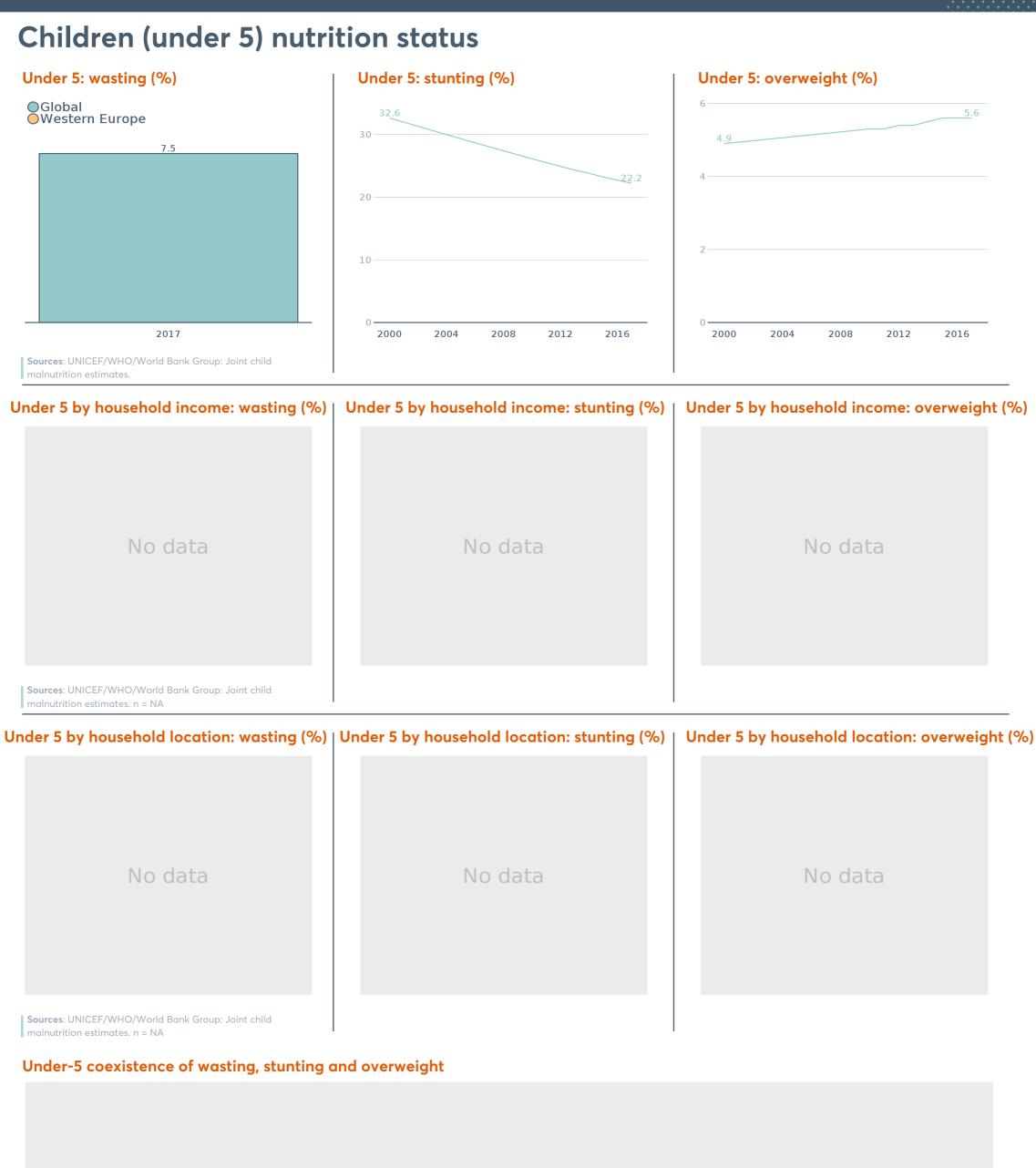


Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2017. **Note**: n = 9

Government expenditures (% total)



Source: IFPRI 2015. n = 6



No data

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Overlapping Stunting, Wasting and Overweight, New York, May 2018. Notes: Percentage of children under 5 years of age who experience different and overlapping forms of malnutrition. n = 0

Child feeding practices

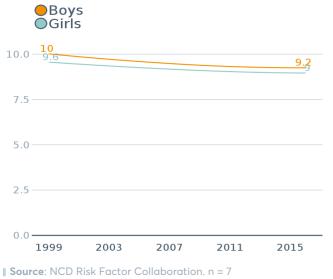


Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2018), Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, New York, May 2018. n = 0

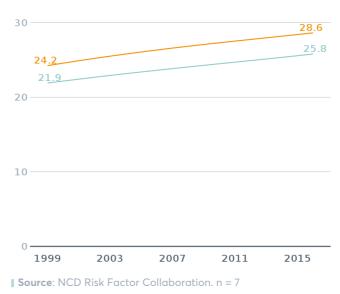
Children and adolescent (aged 5-19) nutrition status

Ages 5-19 by gender: underweight (%)

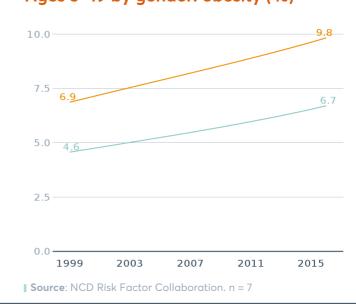
Boys



Ages 5-19 by gender: overweight (%)

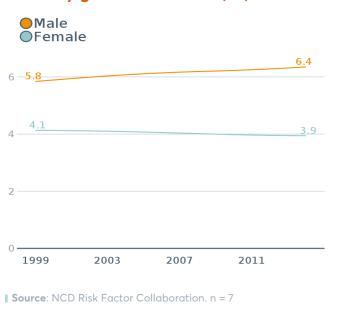


Ages 5-19 by gender: obesity (%)



Adult nutrition status

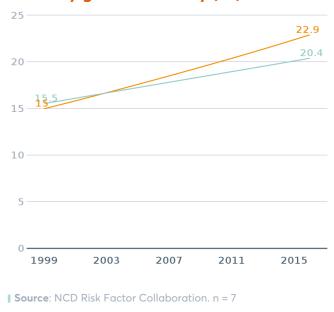
Adult by gender: diabetes (%)



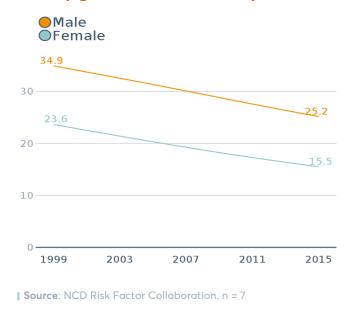
Adult by gender: overweight (%)



Adult by gender: obesity (%)



Adult by gender: raised blood pressure (%)



Adult by gender: anaemia in WRA (%)

Pregnant women Non-pregnant women 25 24.4 20 16.8 15 13.5 10 1999 2003 2007 2011 2015

Source: WHO Global Health Observatory.

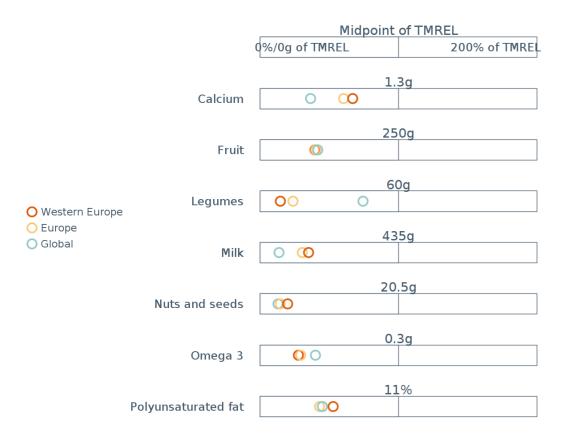
Note: WRA = women of reproductive age. n = 7

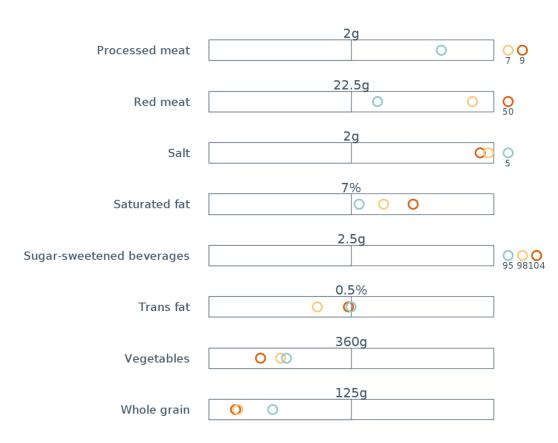
Adult: sodium intake (grams per day)



Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. n = 7

Dietary needs





Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation. Notes: Men and women aged 25 and older. TMREL = theoretical minimum risk exposure level. n = 7

Financial resources and policy, legislation and institutional arrangements

Development assistance

No data

Sources: Development Initiatives based on OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC)

Creditor Reporting System (CRS).

Notes: ODA = official development assistance. Amounts based on gross ODA disbursements, constant 2016 prices. Figure includes ODA grants and loans, but excludes other official flows and private grants.

National policies

Mandatory legislation for salt iodisation	1/9
Sugar-sweetened beverage tax	2/9
Food-based dietary guidelines	6/9
Multisectoral comprehensive nutrition plan	3/9

Sources: Global Fortification Data Exchange 2018; Sugar-sweetened data prepared using data from the NOURISHING database, academic references and market reports; FAO 2018; WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.

Targets included in national (nutrition or other) plan

Stunting	Anaemia	Low birth weight	Child overweight	Exclusive breastfeeding	Wasting	Salt intake	Overweight adults and adolescents
0/9	0/9	1/9	6/9	1/9	0/9	2/9	7/9