SOUTH SUDAN

This country profile highlights trends in poverty, domestic public resources and international finance based on the latest available data.

Overview

HOW MANY OF THE POOREST 20% OF PEOPLE GLOBALLY LIVE IN SOUTH SUDAN?

9.4m

WHAT RESOURCES
ARE AVAILABLE?
Domestic public
US\$2.1bn
International
US\$1.7bn

HOW MUCH DOES THE GOVERNMENT SPEND PER PERSON?

PPP\$497

See Notes

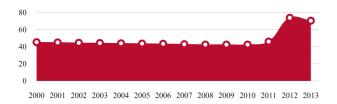
HOW DEEP IS POVERTY?

38%

Depth of poverty

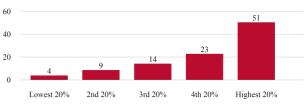
Trends in extreme poverty

% of population living on under \$1.90 per day



The distribution of income

2009, share of income by quintile of population



Average GDP per capita: US\$731 (2015)

Resource flows to and from South Sudan

Official, commercial and private flows

2015, international resource inflows and outflows (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Resourc	ce flows to South Sud	an		Reso	ource flows leavi	ng South Sudan
			OFFIC	CIAL		
	ODA Gross disburseme	ents		ODA Capital repayments		
				ODA Interest payments		
		Gross disburs	ements OOFs	OOFs Capital repayments		
				OOFs Interest payments		
		Inflows Developmen	nt cooperation	Development cooperation Outflows		
		Disbursements L	ong term debt	Long term debt Capital repayments		
				Long term debt Interest payments		
				RCIAL		
	Inward i		vestment FDI	FDI Outflow of profits		
				FDI Outward investment		
		Net inflows Po	ortfolio equity			
		Disbursements L	ong term debt	Long term debt Capital repayments		
				Long term debt Interest payments		
		Net disbursements Sh	ort term debt	Short term debt Interest payments		
			PRIV	ATE		
		Inflows	Remittances	Remittances Outflows		
\$2b	\$1.5b	\$1b \$500m	\$0r	m \$500m \$1	b \$1	.5b \$2b

Notes: We define extreme poverty as measured using the 2011PPP\$1.90 extreme poverty line. Purchasing power parity (PPP) prices are the rate at which a country's currency would have to be converted into that of another country to buy the same amount of goods and services in each country. PPPs are constructed by comparing the cost of a common basket of goods in different countries. Depth of poverty is a measure of the average gap in incomes for people living below the poverty line spread across the population of the whole country, expressed as a percentage of the PPP\$1.90 a day poverty line. Poverty data in the overview boxes is for the year 2013. 'Domestic public resources available' refers to the total non-grant revenue either collected or projected to be collected by the government in the financial year 2015. Data on 'international resources available' also refers to the year 2015. Data on government spending per person is expressed in 2015 PPP\$, as estimated by the IMF, and refers to the year 2015 or most recent year prior. Acronyms: ADB: Asian Development Bank; GDP: gross domestic product; IDA: International Development Association; IMF: International Monetary Fund; ODA: official development assistance.

Government finance

Revenue and grants

2014, latest year of actual revenue (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Total Revenue And Grants 100% of total US\$2bn	Grants 9% of total US\$175m	Off-Budget Grants 9% of total US\$175m	
10070 01 (0)(41 0)(42011	Revenue 92% of total US\$2bn	Non Resource Revenue 7% of total US\$140m	
		Resource Revenue 83% of total US\$2bn	Government Share From Oil Exports 83% of total US\$2bn

Financing

2014, latest year of actual financing (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Financing 100% of total US\$228m	Net External Finance -85% of total US\$-193m	Amortization -177% of total US\$-403m
		Disbursements 92% of total USS210m
	Net Domestic Finance 192% of total US\$438m	Central Bank 177% of total US\$403m
		and the

Expenditure

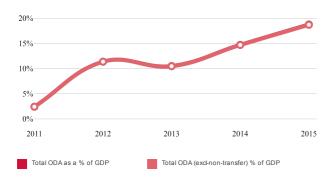
2014, latest year of actual expenditure (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Total Expenditure 100% of total US\$2bn	Recurrent Expenditure 87% of total US\$2bn	Operating Expenses 15% of total US\$333m	
		Wages And Salaries 28% of total US\$631m	
		Other Recurrent 21% of total US\$473m	Off-Budget Grant-Financed Current Spending 6% of total USS123m
			Block Grants To States 6% of total US\$123m
			Transfers To States 9% of total US\$210m
		Name of the second seco	
		Transfers And Oil Service Payments To Sudan 20% of total US\$456m	
	Capital Expenditure 13% of total US\$298m	Domestically Financed 12% of total US\$263m	

Notes: Year of data refers to the fiscal year 2014 running from January to December. The pink boxes represent negative values, typically showing repayments of loans under financing. Some labels have been omitted from these visualisations; for these, and those that are too small to read, please refer to the online country profile page on the Development Data Hub. For the specific source information see here: https://github.com/devinit/digital-platform/blob/master/user-data/domestic/csv/domestic-sources.csv

ODA and national income

Gross ODA % of GDP



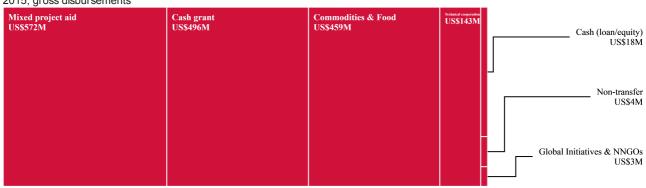
ODA per poor person

ODA per person living under \$1.90 a day



The bundle of ODA

2015, gross disbursements

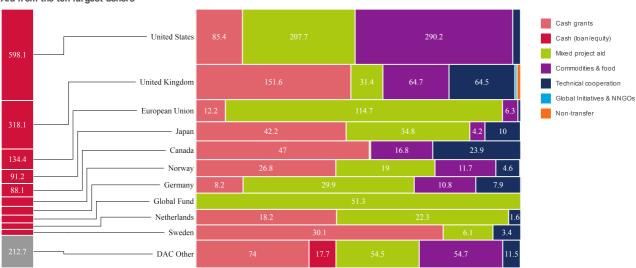


Note: NNGOs, Northern non-governmental organisations.

The bundle of ODA from the 10 largest providers

2015, US\$ millions, gross disbursements

Aid from the ten largest donors

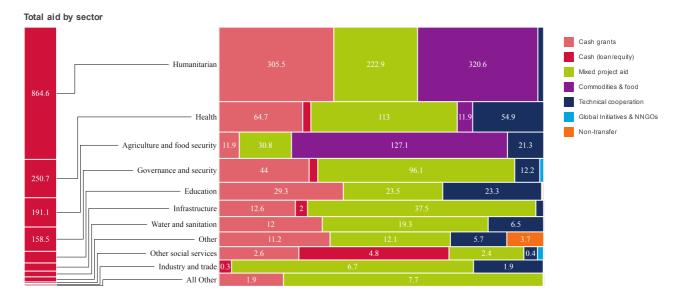


Note: ODA is equivalent to 0.48% of GDP in all developing countries. Acronyms: NNGOs: northern non-governmental organisations.

What is aid spent on?

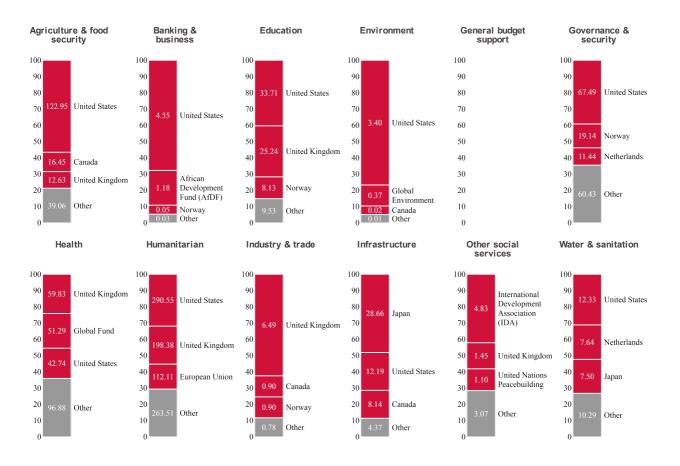
The bundle of ODA to the 10 largest sectors

2015, US\$ millions, gross disbursements



The largest providers to each sector

2015, gross ODA, % of total (US\$ millions disbursements in columns)



Notes: Data is from the OECD Development Assistance Committee (ODA and other official flows data), the World Bank (long-term debt, remittances, gross national income (GNI) and poverty), the UN Conference on Trade and Development (FDI), IMF article IV publications (domestic revenue and expenditure). Other official flows (OOFs) are typically loans that are either not sufficiently concessional to count as ODA, or are mainly in support of commercial objectives, such as donor exports. All data in US\$ is in 2015 prices. 'Other' sector aid includes multisector ODA, administrative costs, support for refugees in the donor country and unallocated or unspecified ODA. Acronyms: FDI: foreign direct investment; OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.