http://data.devinit.org/#!/country/bosnia-and-herzegovina

# BOSNIA & HERZEGOVINA

This country profile highlights trends in poverty, domestic public resources and international finance based on the latest available data.

## **Overview**

HOW MANY OF THE POOREST 20% OF PEOPLE GLOBALLY LIVE IN BOSNIA & HERZEGOVINA?

WHAT RESOURCES
ARE AVAILABLE?
Domestic public

US\$6.8bn
International
US\$3.4bn

HOW MUCH DOES THE GOVERNMENT SPEND PER PERSON?

PPP\$4,893

See Notes

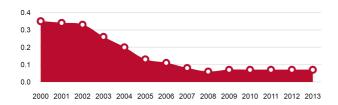
HOW DEEP IS POVERTY?

0%

Depth of poverty

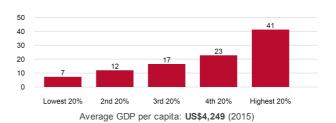
## Trends in extreme poverty

% of population living on under \$1.90 per day



#### The distribution of income

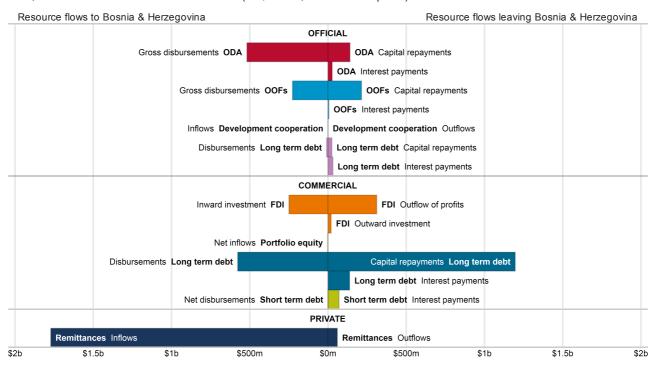
2011, share of income by quintile of population



# Resource flows to and from Bosnia & Herzegovina

## Official, commercial and private flows

2015, international resource inflows and outflows (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)



Notes: We define extreme poverty as measured using the 2011PPP\$1.90 extreme poverty line. Purchasing power parity (PPP) prices are the rate at which a country's currency would have to be converted into that of another country to buy the same amount of goods and services in each country. PPPs are constructed by comparing the cost of a common basket of goods in different countries. Depth of poverty is a measure of the average gap in incomes for people living below the poverty line spread across the population of the whole country, expressed as a percentage of the PPP\$1.90 a day poverty line. Poverty data in the overview boxes is for the year 2013. 'Domestic public resources available' refers to the total non-grant revenue either collected or projected to be collected by the government in the financial year 2015. Data on 'international resources available' also refers to the year 2015. Data on government spending per person is expressed in 2015 PPP\$, as estimated by the IMF, and refers to the year 2015 or most recent year prior. Acronyms: ADB: Asian Development Bank; GDP: gross domestic product; IDA: International Development Association; IMF: International Monetary Fund; ODA: official development assistance.

# **Government finance**

## Revenue and grants

2014, latest year of actual revenue (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Total Revenue And Grants 100% of total   US\$7bn	Grants 6% of total   US\$391m		
	Revenue 94% of total   US\$7bn	Tax Revenue 83% of total   US\$6bn	Indirect Taxes 41% of total   US\$3bn
			Direct Taxes 7% of total   US\$517m
			Social Security Contributions 35% of total   US\$2bn
		Other Revenue 11% of total   US\$783m	

## **Financing**

2014, latest year of actual financing (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Financing 100% of total   US\$450m	Net Domestic Finance 23% of total   US\$105m	Domestic Liabilities 29% of total   US\$132m
	Statistical Discrepancy 10% of total   US\$45m	
	Net External Finance 67% of total   US\$299m	Foreign Liabilities 67% of total   US\$299m

## Expenditure

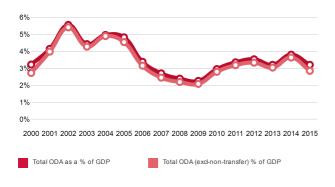
2014, latest year of actual expenditure (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Total Expenditure 100% of total   US\$7bn	Capital Expenditure	Domestically Financed Capital Spending 9% of total   US\$376m	
	15% of total   US\$1bn	Foreign Financed Capital Spending 10% of total   US\$725m	
	Recurrent Expenditure 85% of total   US\$6bn	Compensation Of Employees 25% of total   US\$2bn	
		Use Of Goods And Services 21% of total   US\$2bn	
		Subsidies And Transfers To Non-Public Agents 31% of total   US\$2bn	Social Benefits 31% of total   US\$2bn
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Notes: Year of data refers to the fiscal year 2014 running from January to December. The pink boxes represent negative values, typically showing repayments of loans under financing. Some labels have been omitted from these visualisations; for these, and those that are too small to read, please refer to the online country profile page on the Development Data Hub. For the specific source information see here: https://github.com/devinit/digital-platform/blob/master/user-data/domestic/csv/domestic-sources.csv

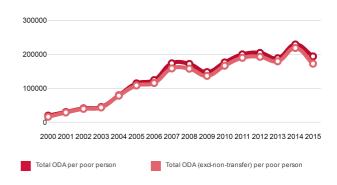
## **ODA** and national income

Gross ODA % of GDP



## ODA per poor person

ODA per person living under \$1.90 a day



## The bundle of ODA

2015, gross disbursements

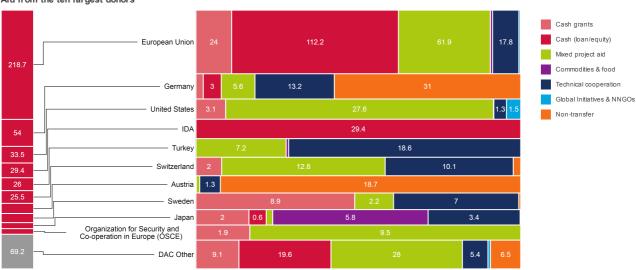


Note: NNGOs, Northern non-governmental organisations.

# The bundle of ODA from the 10 largest providers

2015, US\$ millions, gross disbursements

Aid from the ten largest donors

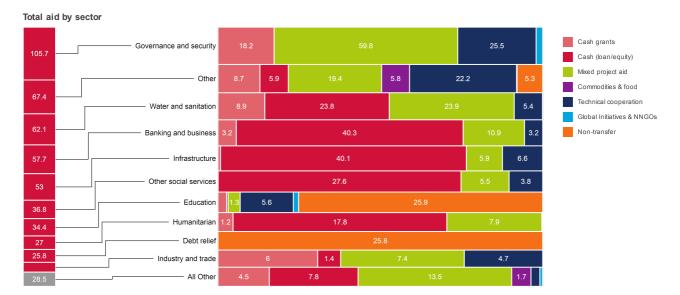


Note: ODA is equivalent to 0.48% of GDP in all developing countries. Acronyms: NNGOs: northern non-governmental organisations.

# What is aid spent on?

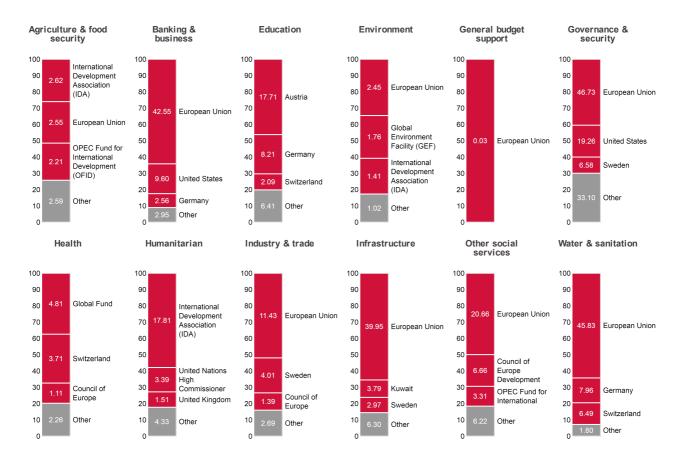
## The bundle of ODA to the 10 largest sectors

2015, US\$ millions, gross disbursements



## The largest providers to each sector

2015, gross ODA, % of total (US\$ millions disbursements in columns)



Notes: Data is from the OECD Development Assistance Committee (ODA and other official flows data), the World Bank (long-term debt, remittances, gross national income (GNI) and poverty), the UN Conference on Trade and Development (FDI), IMF article IV publications (domestic revenue and expenditure). Other official flows (OOFs) are typically loans that are either not sufficiently concessional to count as ODA, or are mainly in support of commercial objectives, such as donor exports. All data in US\$ is in 2015 prices. 'Other' sector aid includes multisector ODA, administrative costs, support for refugees in the donor country and unallocated or unspecified ODA. Acronyms: FDI: foreign direct investment; OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.