DOMINICA

This country profile highlights trends in poverty, domestic public resources and international finance based on the latest available data.

Overview

HOW MANY OF THE POOREST 20% OF PEOPLE GLOBALLY LIVE IN DOMINICA?

No data

WHAT RESOURCES
ARE AVAILABLE?
Domestic public

US\$135.3m
International
US\$93.6m

HOW MUCH DOES THE GOVERNMENT SPEND PER PERSON?

PPP\$4,152

See Notes

HOW DEEP IS POVERTY?

No data

Trends in extreme poverty

The distribution of income

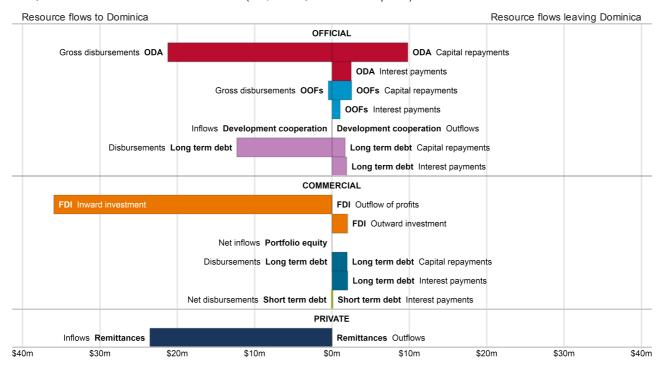
NO AVAILABLE DATA

NO AVAILABLE DATA

Resource flows to and from Dominica

Official, commercial and private flows

2015, international resource inflows and outflows (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)



Notes: We define extreme poverty as measured using the 2011PPP\$1.90 extreme poverty line. Purchasing power parity (PPP) prices are the rate at which a country's currency would have to be converted into that of another country to buy the same amount of goods and services in each country. PPPs are constructed by comparing the cost of a common basket of goods in different countries. Depth of poverty is a measure of the average gap in incomes for people living below the poverty line spread across the population of the whole country, expressed as a percentage of the PPP\$1.90 a day poverty line. Poverty data in the overview boxes is for the year 2013. 'Domestic public resources available' refers to the total non-grant revenue either collected or projected to be collected by the government in the financial year 2015. Data on 'international resources available' also refers to the year 2015. Data on government spending per person is expressed in 2015 PPP\$, as estimated by the IMF, and refers to the year 2015 or most recent year prior. Acronyms: ADB: Asian Development Bank; GDP: gross domestic product; IDA: International Development Association; IMF: International Monetary Fund; ODA: official development assistance.

Government finance

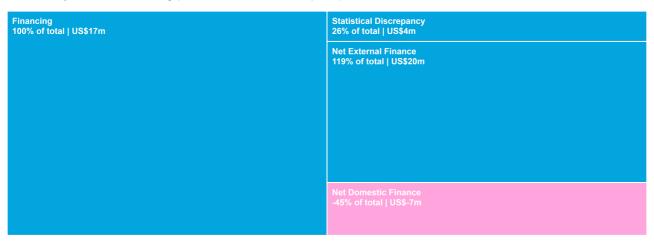
Revenue and grants

2011, latest year of actual revenue (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Total Revenue And Grants 100% of total US\$177m	Grants 26% of total US\$46m		
	Revenue 74% of total US\$130m	Other Revenue	Other Non-Tax Revenue
		8% of total US\$15m	5% of total US\$9m
		Taxes 65% of total US\$115m	Taxes On International Trade And Transactions 15% of total US\$26m
			Taxes On Goods And Services 38% of total US\$66m
			Taxes On Income 12% of total US\$21m

Financing

2011, latest year of actual financing (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)



Expenditure

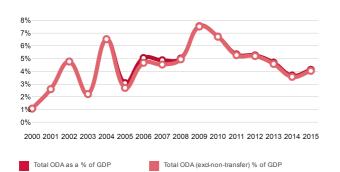
2011, latest year of actual expenditure (US\$ billions, constant 2015 prices)

Total Expenditure 100% of total US\$193m	Recurrent Expenditure 59% of total US\$114m	Compensation Of Employees 26% of total US\$49m	
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		Transfers And Subsidies 13% of total US\$25m	Grants 8% of total US\$15m
		13 % Of total 03\$25111	Social Benefits 6% of total US\$11m
		Purchase Of Goods And Services 16% of total US\$32m	
	Capital Expenditure 41% of total US\$80m		

Notes: Year of data refers to the fiscal year 2011 running from January to December. The pink boxes represent negative values, typically showing repayments of loans under financing. Some labels have been omitted from these visualisations; for these, and those that are too small to read, please refer to the online country profile page on the Development Data Hub. For the specific source information see here: https://github.com/devinit/digital-platform/blob/master/user-data/domestic/csv/domestic-sources.csv

ODA and national income

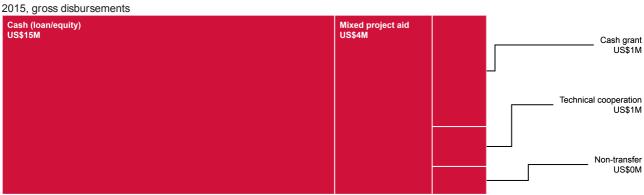
Gross ODA % of GDP



ODA per poor person

NO AVAILABLE DATA

The bundle of ODA

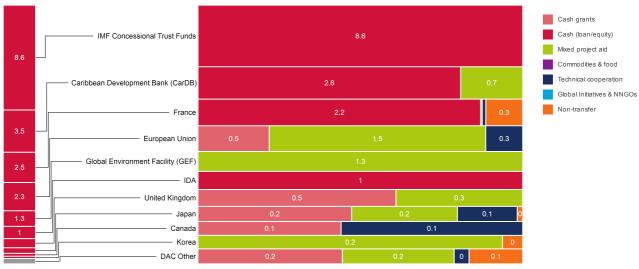


Note: NNGOs, Northern non-governmental organisations.

The bundle of ODA from the 10 largest providers

2015, US\$ millions, gross disbursements

Aid from the ten largest donors

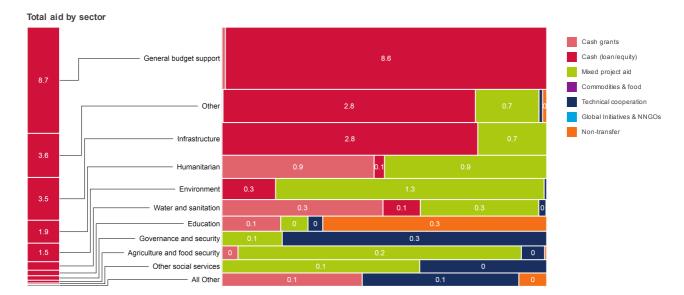


Note: ODA is equivalent to 0.48% of GDP in all developing countries. Acronyms: NNGOs: northern non-governmental organisations.

What is aid spent on?

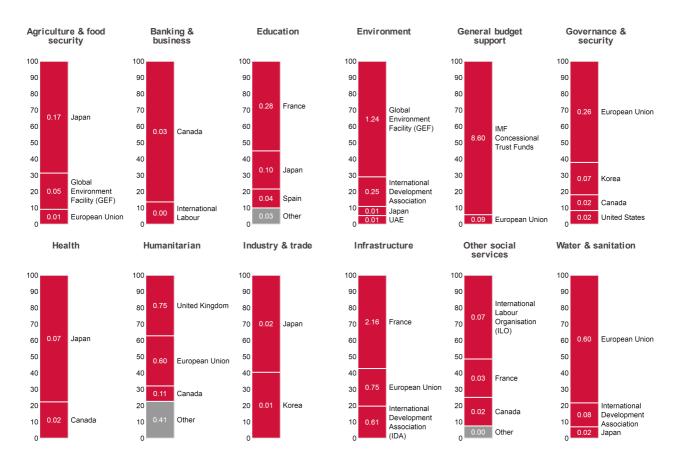
The bundle of ODA to the 10 largest sectors

2015, US\$ millions, gross disbursements



The largest providers to each sector

2015, gross ODA, % of total (US\$ millions disbursements in columns)



Notes: Data is from the OECD Development Assistance Committee (ODA and other official flows data), the World Bank (long-term debt, remittances, gross national income (GNI) and poverty), the UN Conference on Trade and Development (FDI), IMF article IV publications (domestic revenue and expenditure). Other official flows (OOFs) are typically loans that are either not sufficiently concessional to count as ODA, or are mainly in support of commercial objectives, such as donor exports. All data in US\$ is in 2015 prices. 'Other' sector aid includes multisector ODA, administrative costs, support for refugees in the donor country and unallocated or unspecified ODA. Acronyms: FDI: foreign direct investment; OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.