

# SEYCHELLES

This country profile highlights trends in poverty, domestic public resources and international finance based on the latest available data.

## Overview

HOW MANY OF THE  
POOREST 20% OF PEOPLE  
GLOBALLY LIVE IN  
SEYCHELLES?

**< 0.1  
million**

WHAT RESOURCES ARE  
AVAILABLE?

Domestic public

**US\$427.9m**

International

**US\$224.2m**

HOW MUCH DOES THE  
GOVERNMENT SPEND  
PER PERSON?

**PPP\$8,470**

See Notes

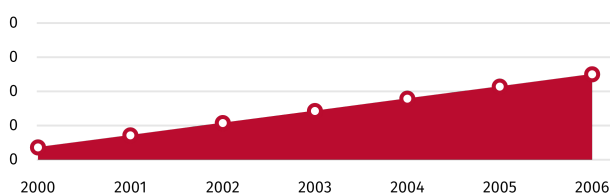
HOW DEEP IS POVERTY?

**0%**

Depth of poverty

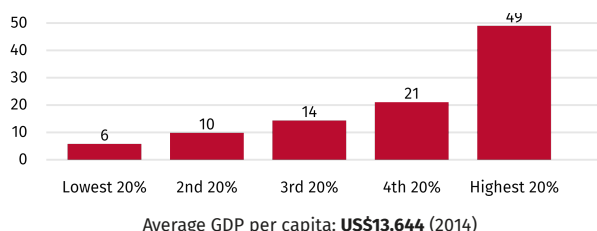
### Trends in extreme poverty

2000-2014, % of population living on under \$1.25 per day



### The distribution of income

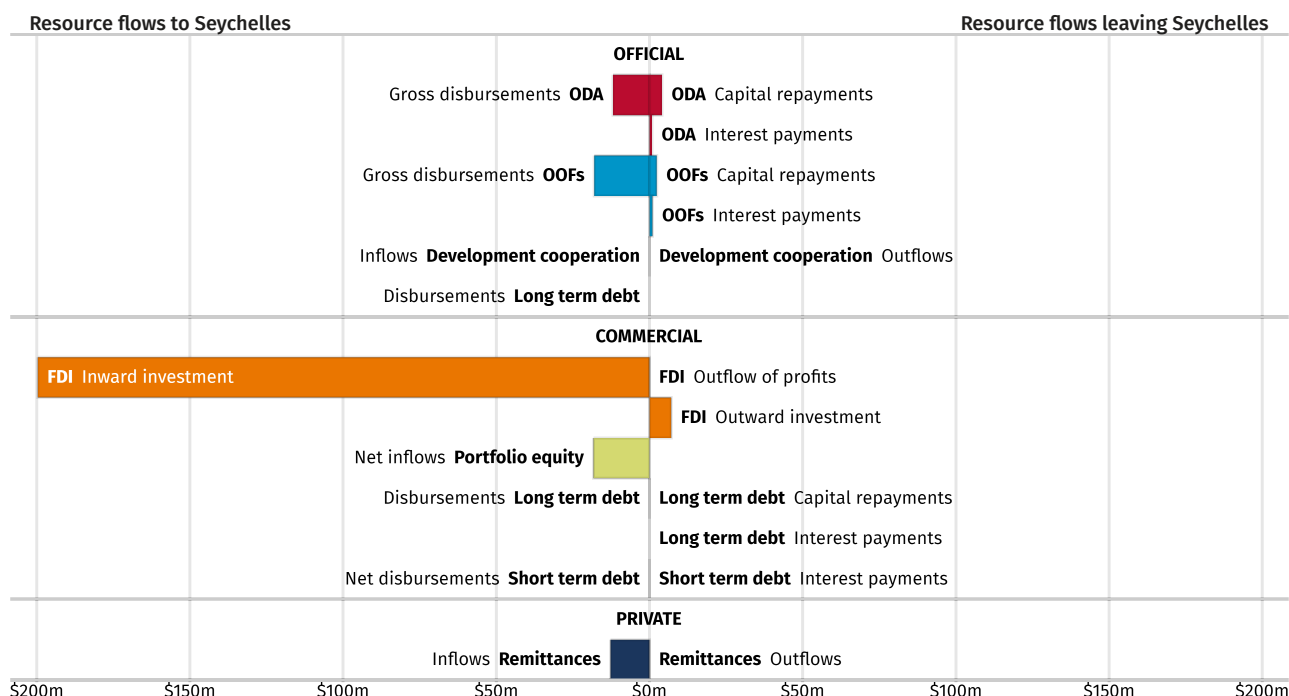
2014, share of income of bottom 20% of population



## Resource flows to and from Seychelles

### Official, commercial, private and estimated illicit flows

2014, international resource inflows and outflows (US\$ billions, constant 2012 prices)



Notes: We define extreme poverty as measured using the \$1.25 (PPP 2005) extreme poverty line. Purchasing power parity (PPP) prices are the rate at which a country's currency would have to be converted into that of another country to buy the same amount of goods and services in each country. PPPs are constructed by comparing the cost of a common basket of goods in different countries. Depth of poverty is a measure of the average gap in incomes for people living below the poverty line spread across the population of the whole country, expressed as a percentage of the \$1.25 a day poverty line. 'Domestic public resources available' refers to the total non-grant revenue either collected or projected to be collected by the government in the financial year 2014.

## Government finance

### Revenue and grants

2013, latest year of actual revenue (US\$ billions, constant 2012 prices)

Total Revenue and grants 100% of total   US\$0.5bn	Grants 11% of total   US\$0.1bn		
	revenue 89% of total   US\$0.4bn	Nontax 12% of total   US\$0.1bn	Fees and Charges 5% of total   US\$0bn
		Tax 77% of total   US\$0.4bn	Dividends From Parastatals 7% of total   US\$0bn
			Excise Tax 11% of total   US\$0.1bn
			Other 6% of total   US\$0bn
			Goods And Services Tax 27% of total   US\$0.1bn
			Business Tax 13% of total   US\$0.1bn
			Trade tax 7% of total   US\$0bn
			Personal income tax 12% of total   US\$0.1bn

### Financing

2013, latest year of actual financing (US\$ billions, constant 2012 prices)

Financing -100% of total   US\$0bn	Statistical Discrepancy -178% of total   US\$0bn		
	Net Domestic Finance -252% of total   US\$0bn	Bank Financing 668% of total   US\$0bn	
		Nonbank Financing -920% of total   US\$0bn	
	Net External Finance 224% of total   US\$0bn	Disbursements 554% of total   US\$0bn	Project Loans 304% of total   US\$0bn
		Scheduled Amortization -330% of total   US\$0bn	ProgramBudget Support 250% of total   US\$0bn
	Privatization and Long-Term Lease Of Fixed Assets 106% of total   US\$0bn		

### Expenditure

2013, latest year of actual expenditure (US\$ billions, constant 2012 prices)

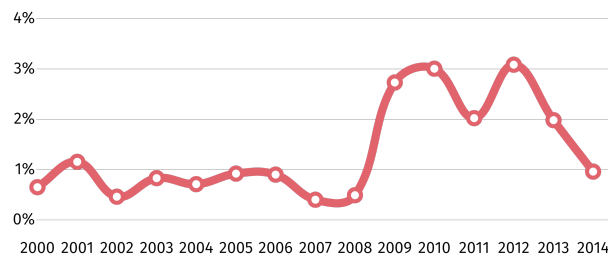
Total Expenditure 100% of total   US\$0.5bn	Recurrent Expenditure 74% of total   US\$0.4bn	Goods And Services 20% of total   US\$0.1bn	
		Transfers 22% of total   US\$0.1bn	Benefits and Programs of Social Security Fund 6% of total   US\$0bn
		Wages And Salaries 18% of total   US\$0.1bn	Social Program of Central Government 9% of total   US\$0bn
		Interest Due 13% of total   US\$0.1bn	Transfers to Public Sector From Central Government 11% of total   US\$0.1bn
	Capital Expenditure 25% of total   US\$0.1bn	Foreign Financed 12% of total   US\$0.1bn	Domestic Interest 10% of total   US\$0bn
		Domestically financed 13% of total   US\$0.1bn	

Notes: Year of data refers to the fiscal year 2013 running from January to December and is sourced from: Seychelles: First Review under the Extended Arrangement and Request for Modification of Performance Criteria-Staff Report; Press Release December 22, 2014. The pink boxes represent negative values, typically showing repayments of loans under financing. Some labels have been omitted from these visualisations; for these, and those that are too small to read, please refer to the online country profile page on the Development Data Hub for more details.

# ODA

## ODA and national income

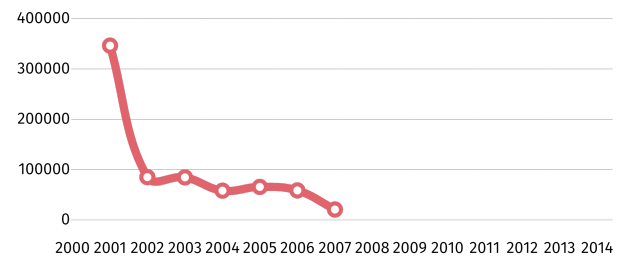
Gross ODA % of GDP



■ Total ODA as a % of GDP ■ Total ODA (excl-non-transfer) % of GDP

## ODA per poor person

ODA per person living under \$1.25 a day



■ Total ODA as a % of GDP ■ Total ODA (excl-non-transfer) % of GDP

## The bundle of ODA

2014, gross disbursements

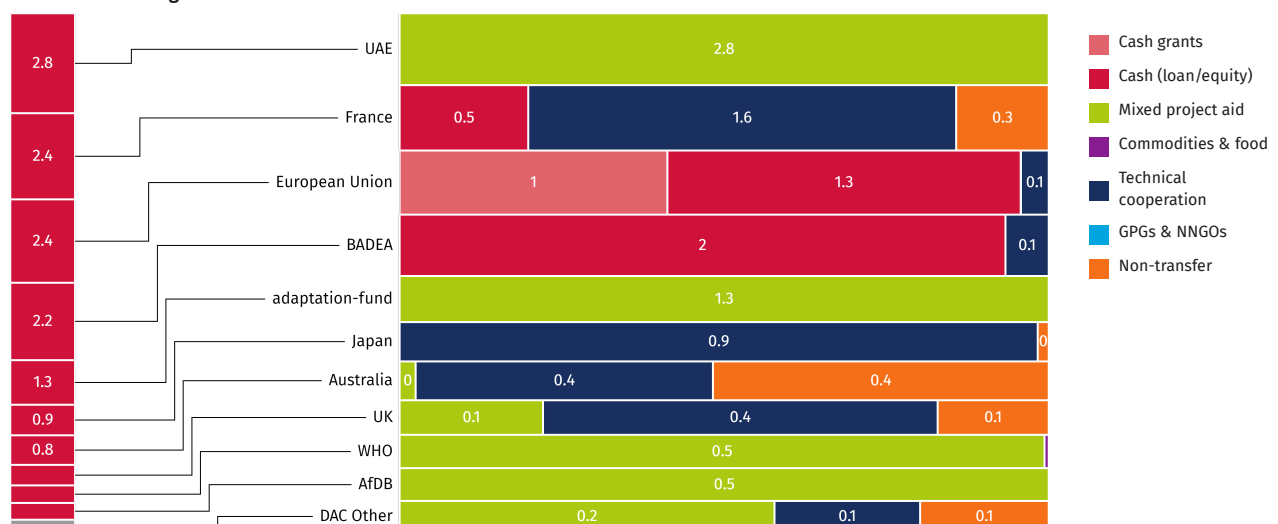


Note: GPGs, global public goods; NNGOs, Northern non-governmental organisations.

## The bundle of ODA from the 10 largest providers

2014, US\$ millions, gross disbursements

Aid from the ten largest donors



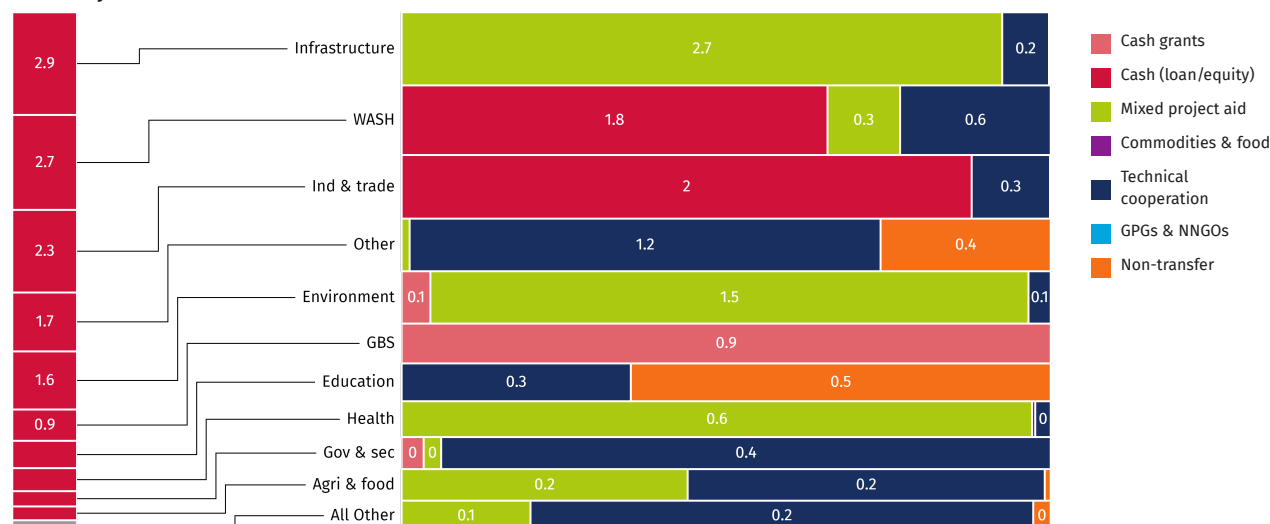
Note: ODA is equivalent to an average 0.64% of GDP across all developing countries. We define extreme poverty as measured using the \$1.25 (PPP 2005) extreme poverty line.

## What is aid spent on?

### The bundle of ODA to the 10 largest sectors

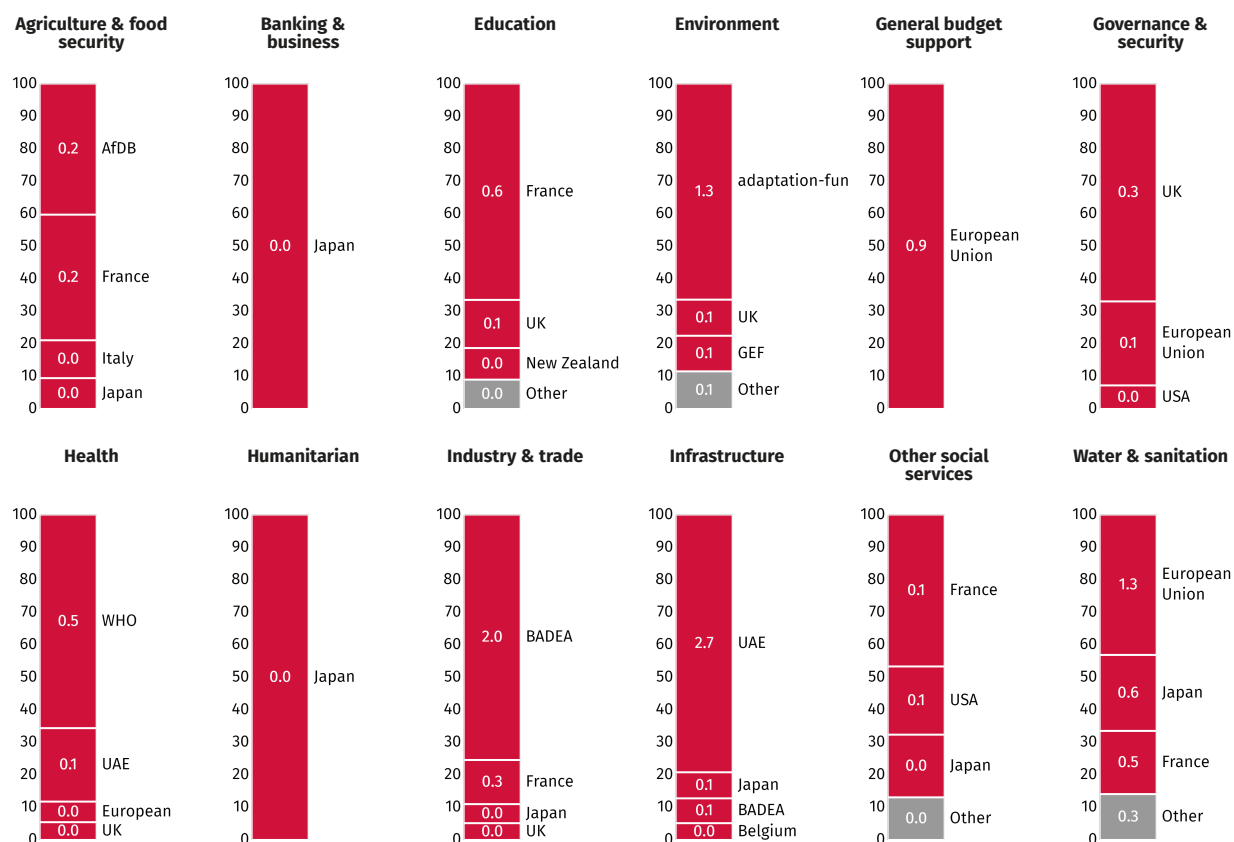
2014, US\$ millions, gross disbursements

Total aid by sector



### The largest providers to each sector

2014, gross ODA, % of total (US\$ disbursements in columns)



Notes: Data is from the OECD Development Assistance Committee (ODA and other official flows data), the World Bank (long-term debt, remittances, gross national income (GNI) and poverty), the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (FDI), IMF article IV publications (domestic revenue and expenditure), Global Financial Integrity (illicit financing and trade mispricing). Other official flows (OOFs) are typically loans that are either not sufficiently concessional to count as ODA, or are mainly in support of commercial objectives, such as donor exports. All data in US\$ is in 2012 prices. 'Other' sector aid includes multisector ODA, administrative costs, support for refugees in the donor country and unallocated or unspecified ODA. Acronyms: FDI: foreign direct investment; IMF: International Monetary Fund; OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; OOFs: other official flows.