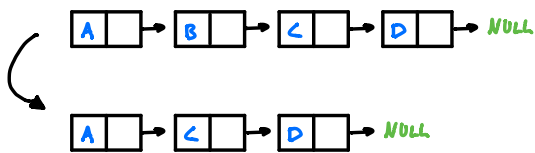


Singular Linked Lists Deletion

Given a key (data field) delete node with this field

Assume elements in the linked list are unique

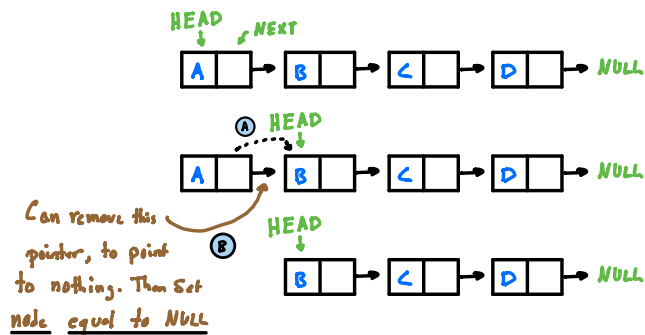
Example: Delete node with data field "B"



2 Cases:

- Node to be deleted is head
- Node to be deleted is not head

Node to be deleted is head



What we have to do:

Ⓐ Move head pointer over to next element in the linked list

Ⓑ Set former "head" pointing to NULL



```
def delete_node(self, key):
```

```
    current_node = self.head
```

```
    if current_node and current_node.data == key:
```

```
        self.head = current_node.next
```

```
        current_node = None
```

```
    return
```

Going to start at beginning of the linked list

(Check if list is not empty and if our current node data is equal to the node to be deleted)
(Both are True, so we proceed)

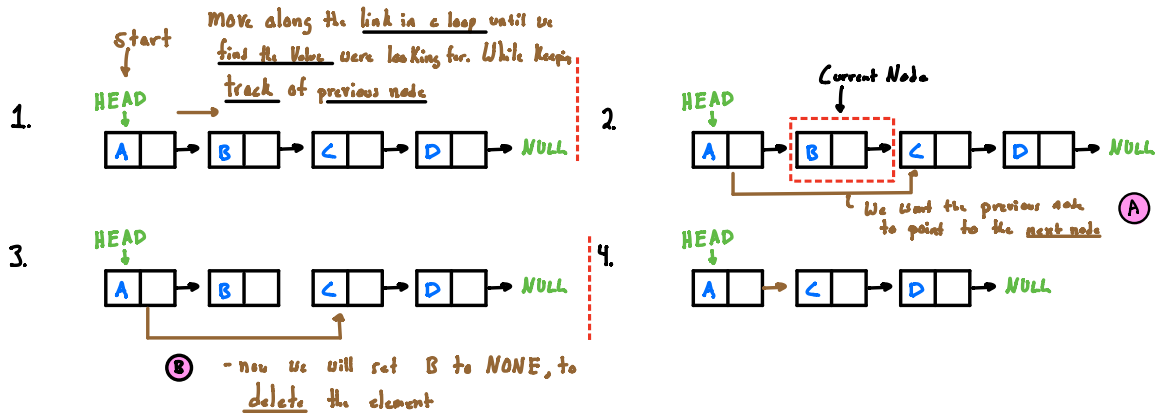
We set the head value equal to the next element in our linked list Ⓐ

Set former "head" pointing to NULL (or NONE) Ⓑ

Node to be deleted is not head

Delete node with data field "B"

Case 2



```
def delete_node(self, key):
```

```
    current_node = self.head
```

Going to start at beginning of the linked list

Case 1
ABOVE

```
    if current_node and current_node.data == key:
```

```
        self.head = current_node.next
```

```
        current_node = None
```

```
        return
```

```
    previous = None
```

Use keeping track of the Previous node, set initial equal to NONE

```
    while current_node and current_node.data != key:
```

Iterate through the linked list until the data field matches our input.

```
        previous = current_node
```

While we iterate through the linked list we will keep track of our previous node and the current node

```
        current_node = current_node.next
```

- Now we've exited the loop

```
    if current_node is None:
```

```
        return
```

Check if element is in the list

```
    previous.next = current_node.next
```

```
    current_node = None
```

(A) Set the previous node pointing to the next node

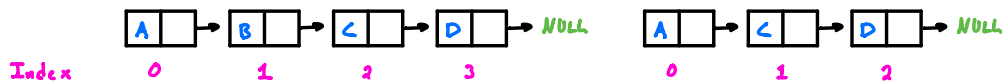
(B) Set current node (the one we want to delete) to NONE

Delete Node at Position

Given a position, delete node with this position

Assume elements in linked list are unique.

Example: Delete node with position 1



```
def delete_node_at_pos(self, position):
```

```
    current_node = self.head
```

← Going to start at beginning of the linked list

```
    if position == 0:
```

← If we're given Position 0, we know we're deleting the head node, so we follow the steps above in Case 1

```
        self.head = current_node.next
        current_node = None
```

```
    return
```

```
    previous = None
```

← We're keeping track of the Previous node, set initial equal to NONE and the Count

```
    count = 0
```

```
    while current_node and count != position:
```

← While node isn't equal to NONE and not in desired Position we're going to loop through the list - Keeping track of Previous node and Current node

```
        previous = current_node
        current_node = current_node.next
```

```
        count += 1
```

← Increment the count each loop to track the index
Exit loop when our Position is found

```
    if current_node is None:
```

← Check if element is in the list

```
        return
```

```
    previous.next = current_node.next
```

← Set the previous node pointing to the next node

```
    current_node = None
```

← Set current node (the one we want to delete) to NONE

