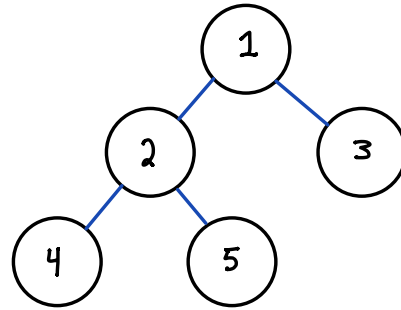


## Size of a Binary Tree

### Size of Tree:

The total number of nodes in the tree.



Stack data structure

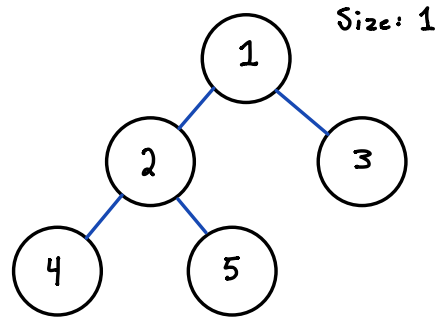
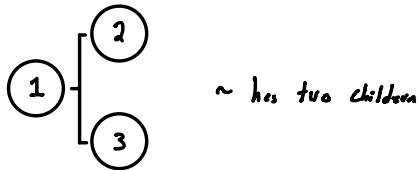
Step-by-step:

Check if root node is not NULL

Start with tree node in the stack



Then check if they have any children  
and push them on the stack as well



- Add children to the stack



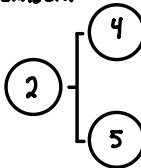
- increase counter by 2

Size = 1 + 2  
Size = 3

Take top of the stack off:



check for children



Add children to  
the Stack



- increase counter by 2

Size = 3 + 2  
Size = 5

- Pop 3 off the stack



3

- Check for children  
- none

- Pop 4 off the stack



4

- Check for children  
- none

- Pop 5 off the stack



5

- Check for children  
- none

### Size Function Code:

```
def size_(self, node):
    if node is None:
        return 0
    return 1 + self.size_(node.left) + self.size_(node.right)

def size(self):
    if self.root is None:
        return 0

    stack = Stack()
    stack.push(self.root)
    size = 1
    while stack:
        node = stack.pop()
        if node.left:
            size += 1
            stack.push(node.left)
        if node.right:
            size += 1
            stack.push(node.right)
    return size
```