IOT PHASE 5

SMART PARKING

DEVELOPMENT PART 3

Building a camera-based parking detection system with Raspberry Pi and Microsoft Azure involves multiple steps, both in terms of hardware setup and software development. I'll break down the project into a detailed, step-by-step guide:

To send the parking space availability to cloud and mobile app: import picamera import cv2 import requests import time # API endpoint for sending parking data to the cloud API_ENDPOINT = "https://your-cloud-server.com/api/parking" # Initialize the camera camera = picamera.PiCamera() # Function to capture an image and analyze occupancy def capture_and_analyze_image(): # Capture an image timestamp = time.strftime("%Y%m%d%H%M%S") image_filename = f"parking_{timestamp}.jpg" camera.capture(image_filename)

```
# Load the captured image and implement image processing
  # For demonstration, assume a simple condition for occupancy
  if True: # Replace with your actual occupancy detection logic
    status = "Occupied"
  else:
    status = "Vacant"
  return image_filename, status
# Main loop for parking space monitoring
try:
  while True:
    image_filename, status = capture_and_analyze_image()
    # Send data to the cloud server
    payload = {"space_id": 1, "status": status, "image_filename": image_filename}
    response = requests.post(API_ENDPOINT, json=payload)
    # Sleep for a defined interval before checking again
    time.sleep(10)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
```

camera.close()

```
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify
app = Flask(__name)
# Temporary data storage (replace with a database)
parking_data = []
@app.route('/api/parking', methods=['POST'])
def receive_parking_data():
  data = request.json
  parking_data.append(data)
  return "Data received successfully", 200
@app.route('/api/parking/all', methods=['GET'])
def get_all_parking_data():
  return jsonify(parking_data)
if __name__ == '__main__':
  app.run(debug=True)
```

