MARCH 17, 2021

OFFICIAL USER MANNUAL EECS 2311 SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

GROUP 14:

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1. About TAB2XML

1.1 Product Name and Intended Use

TAB2XML is a tool designed to convert musical tablature in a text format into MusicXML, a popular open-source file format used for exchanging digital sheet music. TAB2XML is a java-based application that is currently actively supported, with more features being added every week.

1.2 Features of Product

This product is able to convert tablature of following instruments: Guitar, Drum, Bass.

Note: Since this product is still in development, instruments that the product can convert are limited, as of now. Reference How to Use.

2. System Requirements

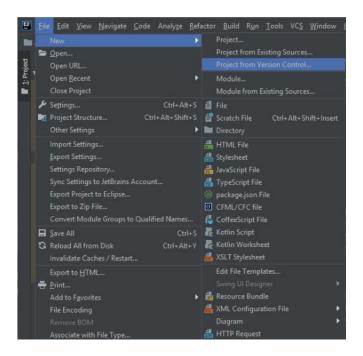
Available Disk Space	50 MB
RAM	256 MB
Java version	Java 15
Operating System	Windows, MacOS, Ubuntu, any platform with Gradle

3. Installing TAB2XML using Gradle

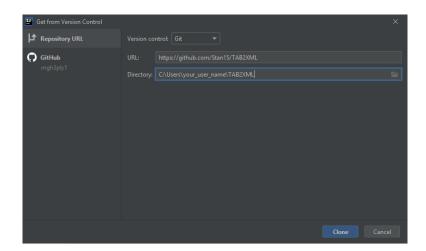
TAB2XML is built as a Gradle project and thus should work on any IDE of your choice. However, we will only go over how to run the program using the IntelliJ and Eclipse IDE.

3.1 IntelliJ

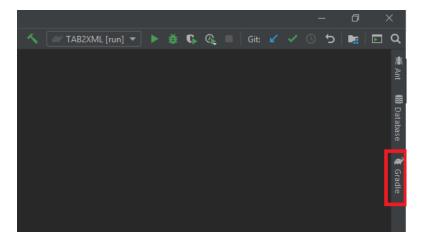
1. We first need to clone the project from the online GitHub repository onto our local device. To do that, first open IntelliJ. At the top right, select <u>File > New > Project from Version Control</u>



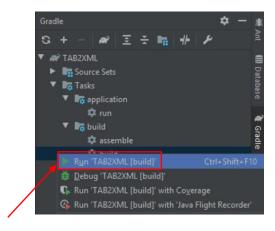
2. This will direct you to a window which prompts you to enter a repository URL. Enter the link https://github.com/Stan15/TAB2XML as the URL, and select a directory where the project should be saved.



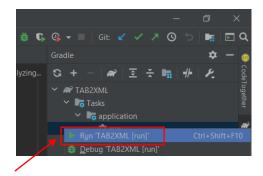
3. *Once the project opens, click the Gradle toolbar on the right side of your screen.*



4. When the toolbar opens, click <u>Tasks > build</u>, and then right click "build" and the following dialog should pop up. Click "Run TAB2XML [build]"

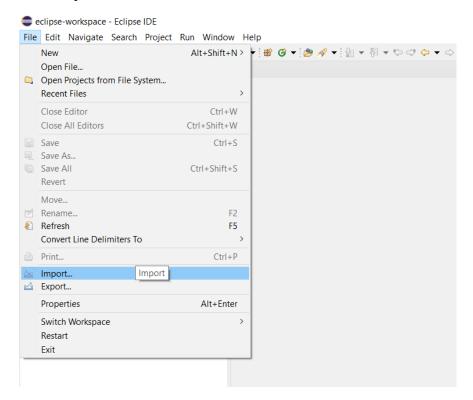


5. Finally select <u>Tasks > application</u>, and then right click the run task and select Run 'TAB2XML [run]'. The program will now launch.

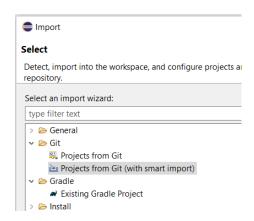


3.2 Eclipse

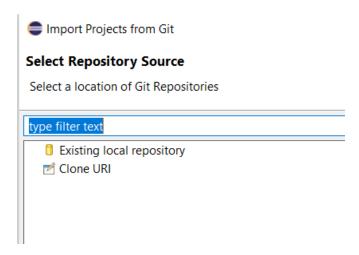
1. Like with IntelliJ, we want to clone the project from the GitHub repository. To do this, we select <u>File > Import</u>.



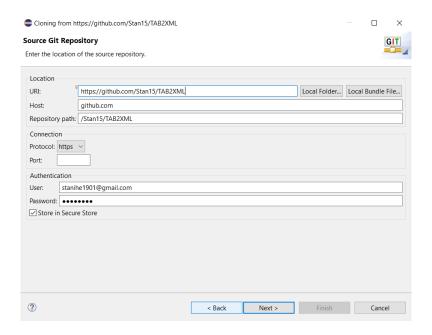
2. This will take you to a new window like the one below. Under the Git folder, click Projects from Git (with smart import)



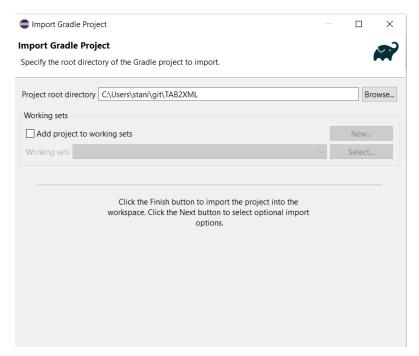
3. Next, click Clone URI



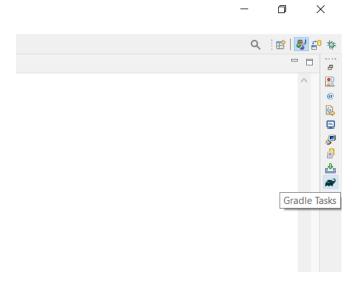
4. This will take you to a window where you are prompted to input a URI. Paste in the link https://github.com/Stan15/TAB2XML and click proceed with the steps (clicking next) until you see the finish button. Click on that.



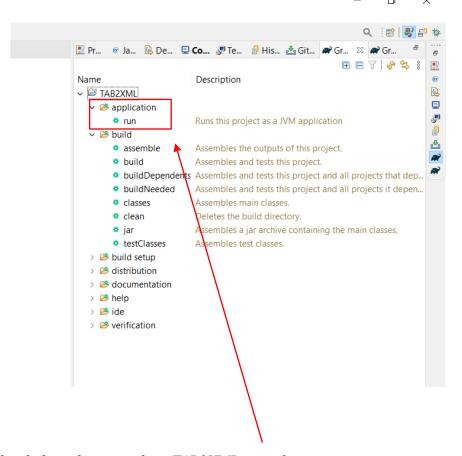
5. Now we have imported the project onto our local device, we want import it again as a Gradle project. Repeat step 1. When you get to the view shown in step 2, instead of clicking projects from Git, click Existing Gradle project. Proceed till you come to this page.



- 6. Specify the path of the Git project you cloned in the previous steps and click finish.
- 7. Click on the "Gradle tasks" icon on the right of your screen



8. Double click on the Gradle "build" task at <u>TAB2XML > build > build</u>



9. Finally, click on the run task on <u>TAB2XML > application > run</u>

4. How to use TAB2XML

1. When you run the program, you will be able to see a text field at the center of screen (**Figure 1**). This is where you paste in your tablature txt file.



Figure 1

- 2. To put your input, click <u>file-open</u> and choose your file, or copy and paste your text file in text field.
- 3. Once you put your text input, the system identifies errors in your input if any exists, and it notates them using a color-coded highlighting system.

There are 4 levels of highlighting:

- i. Red highlight: This is used to identify errors which may critically affect the output of the conversion.
- ii. Yellow highlight: Errors with this highlight are less critical, but we do not guarant ee an accurate output with these errors.
- iii. Grey highlight: This highlight is used to identify content which may have little to no effect on the output.

Detailed below are a few examples of different error highlighting scenarios:

- Grey highlight: "This text can't be understood." (**Figure 2**). This is used to identify text which were not identified to be a score object (i.e measure, no te, repeat instruction, e.t.c.)

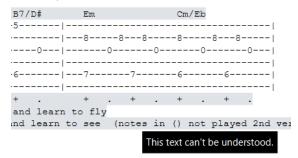


Figure 2

- Yellow highlight: "A guitar measure should have 6 lines." (Figure 3).

As a warning, if you get such an error on a measure which seems to be accurate, make sur e no text is written on the side of the measure as this makes the system identify it as two d ifferent measures. Reference the *Input Requirements* section of this manual for more information regarding this.

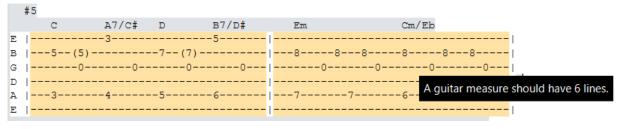
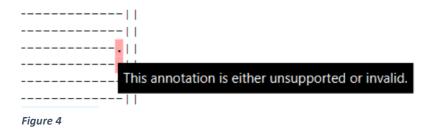


Figure 3

- Red highlight: "This annotation is either unsupported or invalid" This is used to identify elements which are either not supported or not identified as valid measure annotations.



Note: There are more error scenarios which may occur, but they are all categorized into the three groups identified above.

4. For a more accurate output, be sure to resolve any errors highlighted red or yellow. The gr ey errors can usually be ignored without consequence.

• How to resolve errors:

Be sure the number of lines of instrument is right.

Remove all unrecognizable notations in tablature and replace with dash '-'.

Remove all text placed around measures, except for measure instructions (time sig nature and repeats)

(How to fix errors: instructional video: https://drive.google.com/file/d/174oWzsw HkvnTvyask AUpYKRjKmuz3 m/view?usp=sharing)

Note: If you removed all yellow and red highlights, the score is ready to be converted. However, if there are no yellow or red highlights in the score, you can skip this step.

5. Click the "Convert" button. This opens new window for some option (Figure 5).

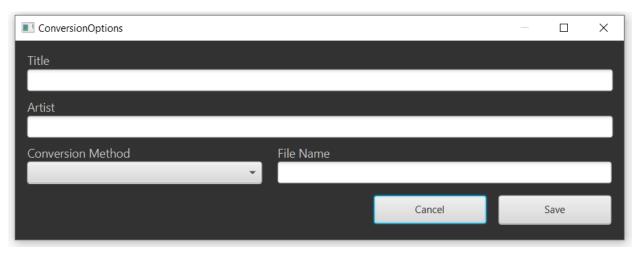


Figure 5

Title – You can set the title of song.

Artist – You can set the artist name.

Conversion Method – You can choose your score type. Piano or Tablature type.

File Name – You can name your file.

- Note: All of functions has not been implemented. It will be updated gradually.

If you set all of them, click save button.

6. If you set all of them, click save button. Navigate to the location where you want to save y our converted file and save it. You can also change file name (**Figure 6**).

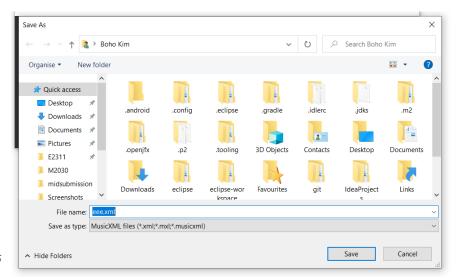


Figure 6

5. Input Requirements

5.1 Measure instructions (Repeats and time signature)

This program allows for the application of repeats and time signatures to individual measures. He re, we will go over the input restrictions governing these features.

For instructions in general, the following requirements are outlined:

- 1. For a line to be interpreted as having instructions, it must only be composed of valid instructions separated by spaces and nothing else.
- 2. The 'tab' button should not be used in your instruction lines as this might result in the system not applying the instructions to the correct measure.
- 3. For your instructions to be recognized, the line directly below the instruction line must be a measure line or another instruction line (instruction chaining is allowed).
- 4. Lines of instructions are chained by connecting the lines by one new line.
- 5. The order of priority for applying instructions is left to right, up to down.

Repeats:

For repeats, the following input requirements must be followed for repeats to be correctly applied

1. Repeats must start and end with a vertical bar, and can have any combination of spaces or dashes "-" in-between, as seen below.

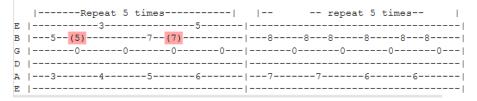


Figure 7

2. Repeats can be notated in any one of the three below stated ways.

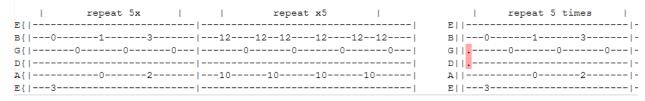


Figure 8

Time Signatures:

- 1. The list of possible time signatures has been artificially restricted to the following generally accepted time signatures: 2/4, 2/2, 3/8, 3/4, 4/8, 4/4, 4/2, 6/8, 6/4, 9/8, 9/4, 12/8, and 12/4.
- 2. If an invalid time signature is provided, the following error is received:

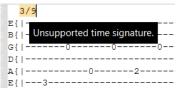
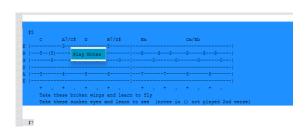


Figure 9

- 3. The default time signature is 4/4 if no time signature instruction is provided.
- 4. Time signatures with a beat or beat count consisting of three or more values are not recognized as instructions and will make the line of instructions invalid.

Note Player:

You can also select measures and play them through our note player:





5.2 Guitar

Some sample tablature text files that meet the below requirements can be found in the project fol der in the directory <u>TAB2XML/src/test/resources/test_tab_files</u>. The tablature file input into the p rogram must meet the following requirements:

- 1. A measure must start with a vertical line after the string name.
- 2. you may not have text by the side of a measure which itself is not a measure.

Note: System does not guarantee an accurate output if measure collections do not contain blank

line dividing's, and if they do not have clear line names specified. (i.e string names/drum names).

Note: Information of other instruments will be updated gradually.