

Campus:	Grade:	Teacher:	Score:
Student's fu	ıll name:		Score.
Class:	(M/F)	Date: /	/100
		/	

Term 1 Final Exam

Subject ICT

(Time allowed: 40 minutes)

EXAM RULES

- 1. Write the date, your full name, gender and class on the front page.
- 2. NO talking in the examination room.
- 3. Stay seated at your desk until the teacher says you can get up.
- 4. If you need help, raise your hand. Do not stand up or shout out!
- 5. Food and drinks are not allowed (only clear water bottles).
- 6. No cell phones, tablets, i-pads or other electronics are allowed in the class.
- 7. Write neatly and clearly! Check your work when you have finished.
- 8. **CHEATING** will not be tolerated! Do not look at other students' work, do not whisper or communicate in any way with other students.

IF YOU ARE CAUGHT CHEATING, YOUR EXAM WILL BE TAKEN AWAY, MARKS WILL BE DEDUCTED (YOU MIGHT GET ZERO) AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES WILL BE FOLLOWE

1.	System	software
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- A perform memory management to keep track of what programs are in memory and where in memory they are located.
- C manages the computer system itself. It provides the tools and an environment in which application software can be created and run.
- B refers to all the programs that are designed to solve problems in the real world, helping the computer user.
- (D) track where and how a program is located in memory

2. IP addresses are made up of 4 groups of numbers between

- (A) -260 to 260
- (C) 0 to 260

- B -255 to 255
- D 0 to 255

3. Hostname

- (A) is a series of four decimal numbers separated by dots.
- C The name of the person using the computer.
- B The .com part in a website.
- D is a unique name that specifies a particular computer on the internet.

 Hostnames are generally readable words separated by dots.

4. Give the meaning of the word "volatile"

- (A) Memory content that is lost when the power is interrupted or switched off
- C Memory content is saved even while the power is turned off.
- (B) An example of volatile memory is a USB flash Drive.
- D The computer is angry and wants to fight you.
- 5. What does this Protocol do: "FTP"
 - (A) Translate host name to IP address
 - (C) Transfers files

- B Transfers electronic mail
- (D) Offering secure communication
- 6. What does this Protocol do: "HTTPS"
 - A Transfers files
 - C Translate host name to IP address
- B Offering secure communication
- (D) Transfers electronic mail

7.	oper	perating system		
	A	perform memory management to keep track of what programs are in memory and where in memory they are located.	B	refers to all the programs that are designed to solve problems in the real world, helping the computer user.
	C	manages the computer system itself. It provides the tools and an environment in which application software can be created and run.	D	track where and how a program is located in memory
8.	Appl	lication software		
	A	track where and how a program is located in memory	B	manages the computer system itself. It provides the tools and an environment in which application software can be created and run.
	(C)	perform memory management to keep track of what programs are in memory and where in memory they are located.	D	refers to all the programs that are designed to solve problems in the real world, helping the computer user.
9.	What	t does this Protocol do: "SMTP"		
	A	Transfers electronic mail	B	Transfers files
	<u>C</u>	Translate host name to IP address	D	Offering secure communication
10.	Give	an example of volatile memory		
	A	RAM	\bigcirc B	Hard Disk Drive
	<u>C</u>	USB Flash Memory	D	CPU Cash
11.	. Information on a hard disk is organized and stored in what?		vhat?	
	A	Folders	\bigcirc B	Files
	<u>C</u>	Icons	D	Volatile Memory
12.	Say w	which answer is Incorrect		
	Give	an example of a process State		
	A	Priority	B	Ready
	<u>C</u>	Running	D	Wait
13.	What	t does the acronym DNS mean		
	A	Domain name service	\bigcirc B	Database name service
	\bigcirc	Domain name system	D	Database name system

14.	Wha	t does this Protocol do: "DNS"		
	A	Offering secure communication	\bigcirc B	Translate host name to IP address
	<u>C</u>	Transfers electronic mail	D	Transfers files
15.		main memory is seen by the operating sy ed into groups of bits, containing instruc		<u> </u>
	A	True	B	False
16.		ndividual packets of a message all take the destination.	same	routes in the network on their way to
	A	False	B	True
17.	that	stands for User Datagram Protocol. It is UDP is highly reliable, at the cost of dec ble, but generally faster.		
	A	True	\bigcirc B	False
18.		e system is the logical view that an operatir mation as a collection of databases.	ng syst	em provides so that users can manage
	A	False	\bigcirc B	True
19.	and c	ewall is a software or hardware-based network traffic by analyzing the dild be allowed through or not.		
	A	True	\bigcirc B	False
20.	level	atest firewalls, called application layer fire protocols like FTP, DNS and HTTP and blocing abused in any harmful way.		
	A	True	B	False

Name	Quiz
Date	Class
ABCDE	ABCDE
	11 (A) (B) (C) (D)
2 (A) (B) (C) (D)	12 (A) (B) (C) (D)
3 (A) (B) (C) (D)	13 (A) (B) (C) (D)
4 (A) (B) (C) (D)	14 (A) (B) (C) (D)
5 A B C D	15 ABCD
6 A B C D	16 A B C D
7 A B C D	17 A B C D
8 A B C D	18 A B C D
9 A B C D	19 ABCD
10 A B C D	20 A B C D
Test Version A B	