



Safety Plan Lane Assistance

Document Version: 1.1

Template Version 1.0, Released on 2017-06-21



Document history

Date	Version	Editor	Description
3/24/18	1.0	Yury Astashonok	First revision
4/3/18	1.1	Yury Astashonok	Updated Goals and Measures

Table of Contents

[Document history](#)

[Table of Contents](#)

[Introduction](#)

[Purpose of the Safety Plan](#)

[Scope of the Project](#)

[Deliverables of the Project](#)

[Item Definition](#)

[Goals and Measures](#)

[Goals](#)

[Measures](#)

[Safety Culture](#)

[Safety Lifecycle Tailoring](#)

[Roles](#)

[Development Interface Agreement](#)

[Confirmation Measures](#)

Introduction

Purpose of the Safety Plan

The purpose of this safety plan is to provide an overall framework for the Lane Assistance item, and to assign goals and responsibilities for the functional safety for this item.

Scope of the Project

For the lane assistance project, the following safety lifecycle phases are in scope:

- Concept phase
- Product Development at the System Level
- Product Development at the Software Level

The following phases are out of scope:

- Product Development at the Hardware Level
- Production and Operation

Deliverables of the Project

The deliverables of the project are:

- Safety Plan
- Hazard Analysis and Risk Assessment
- Functional Safety Concept
- Technical Safety Concept
- Software Safety Requirements and Architecture

Item Definition

The Lane Assistance item helps the driver to avoid moving out of the current lane unintentionally. It alerts the driver when the vehicle steers out of the lane with an oscillating steering torque and applies counter-steering to direct the vehicle towards lane center.

Lane Assistance item performs two main functions:

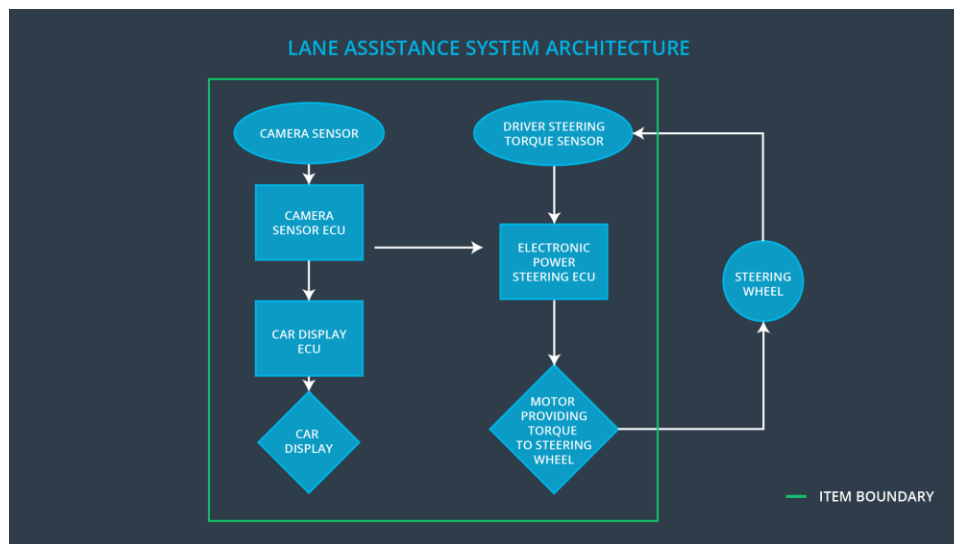
1. Lane departure warning.
2. Lane keeping assistance.

The lane departure warning function shall apply an oscillating steering torque to provide the driver a haptic feedback.

The lane keeping assistance function shall apply the steering torque when active in order to stay in ego lane.

Lane Assistance item contains the following three subsystems:

1. Camera system;
2. Electronic Power Steering system;
3. Car Display system.



Goals and Measures

Goals

The major goal of the project is to avoid accidents caused by Lane Assistance item malfunction by reducing risk to acceptable level. This is achieved by ensuring that the Lane Assistance functionality meets ISO 26262 safety standard. In order to meet the goal the following activities are identified:

1. Provide hazard analysis and risk assessment;
2. Identify functional safety requirements;
3. Derive technical safety requirements;
4. Define software requirements;

Measures

Measures and Activities	Responsibility	Timeline
-------------------------	----------------	----------

Follow safety processes	All Team Members	Constantly
Create and sustain a safety culture	All Team Members	Constantly
Coordinate and document the planned safety activities	Safety Manager	Constantly
Allocate resources with adequate functional safety competency	Project Manager	Within 2 weeks of start of project
Tailor the safety lifecycle	Safety Manager	Within 4 weeks of start of project
Plan the safety activities of the safety lifecycle	Safety Manager	Within 4 weeks of start of project
Perform regular functional safety audits	Safety Auditor	Once every 2 months
Perform functional safety pre-assessment prior to audit by external functional safety assessor	Safety Manager	3 months prior to main assessment
Perform functional safety assessment	Safety Assessor	Conclusion of functional safety activities

Safety Culture

Safety is an important part of our culture, and we strive to maintain high safety standards by implementing the following key characteristics:

1. Safety is the highest priority. We do not compromise safety for the sake of cost or productivity;
2. Every design and management process is clearly defined with an owner who is fully accountable for process safety when making design decisions;
3. Safety audits are performed regularly by auditors independent from developers. We praise individuals for achieving functional safety;
4. We ensure projects have enough resources and teams are staffed with experts having necessary skills; We value intellectual diversity and encourage leaders to seek for it;
5. Efficient communication is important for making informed decisions; we ask teams to open and maintain communication channels with all stakeholders.

Safety Lifecycle Tailoring

Lane Assistance project extends an existing Advanced Driver Assistance System with new features, Lane Departure Warning and Lane Keeping Assistant. New functionality impacts only certain project phases, therefore not all of the phases of the safety lifecycle are in the scope for this project. Particularly, the following safety lifecycle phases are in scope for the project:

- Concept phase
- Product Development at the System Level
- Product Development at the Software Level

The following phases are out of scope:

- Product Development at the Hardware Level
- Production and Operation

Keeping certain phases out of the scope of the project allows to focus only on the new parts of the product.

Roles

Role	Org
Functional Safety Manager- Item Level	OEM
Functional Safety Engineer- Item Level	OEM
Project Manager - Item Level	OEM
Functional Safety Manager- Component Level	Tier-1
Functional Safety Engineer- Component Level	Tier-1
Functional Safety Auditor	OEM or external
Functional Safety Assessor	OEM or external

Development Interface Agreement

The purpose of Development Interface Agreement is to define roles and responsibilities of each party of the development process. All involved parties need to agree on the content of the DIA before the project begins.

Activities and processes to be performed by the OEM:

1. Develop item prototype
2. Integrate components provided by the Tier-1 supplier into the item
3. Perform regular functional safety audits on the item level

Activities and processes to be performed by the Tier-1 supplier:

1. Tailor the safety lifecycle on the component level
2. Plan the development phase on the component level
3. Develop components prototype
4. Allocate resources on the component level

Confirmation Measures

The main purpose of confirmation measures is to ensure that the project

1. conforms to ISO 26262 standard;
2. increases vehicle safety.

Three primary confirmation measures will be used:

1. Confirmation review;
2. Functional safety audit;
3. Functional safety assessment.

Confirmation review ensures that the project complies with ISO 26262.

Functional safety audit is performed to make sure that the implementation of the project conforms the safety plan described in this document.

Functional safety assessment plans, designs and developed products achieve functional safety.