

Did you know...

Pinworm infects about 40 million people in the US?



Don't toy with pinworm.

Talk to your doctor about the prescription treatment with a 95% cure rate.

Important Safety Information about EMVERM

You should not use EMVERM if you are allergic to mebendazole or any of the active ingredients in EMVERM.

What is EMVERM used for?

EMVERM is used to treat infections by intestinal worms including pinworm, whipworm, common roundworm, common hookworm and American hookworm either alone or in combination with one another in adults and children older than 2 years of age.



Emverm™
(mebendazole)
chewable tablet, USP
100 mg

6 Learn about pinworm

■ **ANYONE CAN GET PINWORM**—it infects people of all ages and socioeconomic backgrounds.

■ **AN ITCHY BOTTOM** is the most common sign of a pinworm infection.

■ Pinworm is the **MOST COMMON PARASITIC WORM INFECTION** in the US.

■ **40 MILLION PEOPLE** in the US get pinworm.

■ Pinworm is **3x MORE COMMON THAN HEAD LICE**.

■ Pinworm is commonly found in **CHILDREN AGES 5 TO 14**.

■ Pinworm infection is **HIGHLY CONTAGIOUS** and often comes back.

■ Pinworm infection frequently **SPREADS TO OTHERS IN THE HOUSEHOLD**.

■ You **CANNOT CATCH** a pinworm infection **FROM YOUR PETS**.

■ Pinworm can be treated with a **PRESCRIPTION MEDICINE**.



→ How pinworm infections start

Pinworm infection begins when a person unknowingly swallows tiny (invisible to the naked eye) pinworm eggs.

The eggs mature inside a person's intestine. It takes about a month for adult pinworms to mature and move through the intestines. With new eggs to lay, the female pinworms crawl out of the person's bottom, usually at night. The female pinworm lays thousands of tiny, sticky eggs in the anal area, causing intense itching and scratching.

When an infected person scratches his/her bottom, the sticky eggs cling to the fingers. The infected person unknowingly spreads eggs and contaminates everything he/she touches.

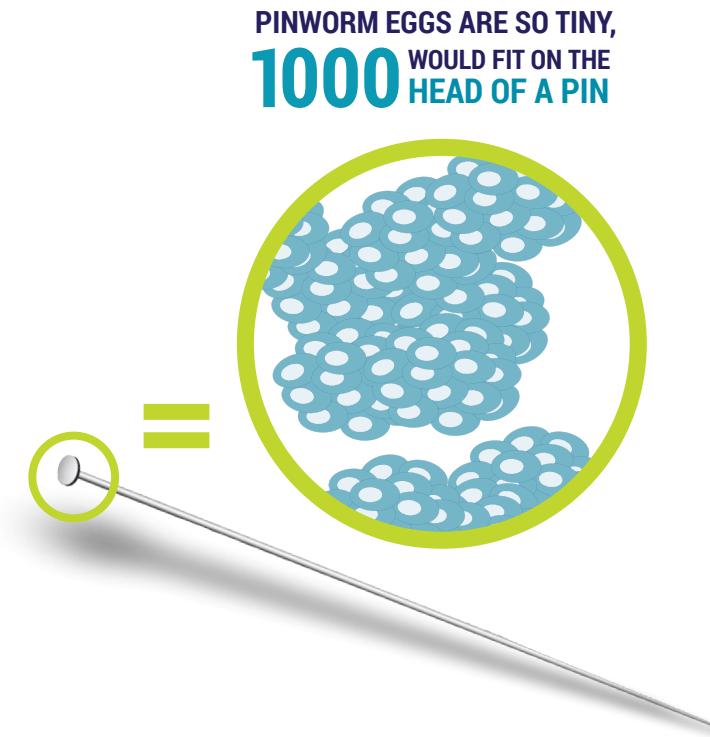


Pinworm can infect the entire family.



Why pinworm spreads so easily

- Nearly invisible pinworm eggs can live for 3 weeks on surfaces such as doorknobs, bedding, furniture, toys, and other objects.
- As people unknowingly touch these contaminated objects, the eggs stick to their fingers.
- If they touch their mouth, they unknowingly swallow the tiny pinworm eggs and become infected.
- This is how pinworm infection spreads easily between family members.



IF LEFT UNTREATED, PINWORM CAN INFECT THE SAME PERSON AGAIN.

Important Safety Information

Do not use EMVERM if you:

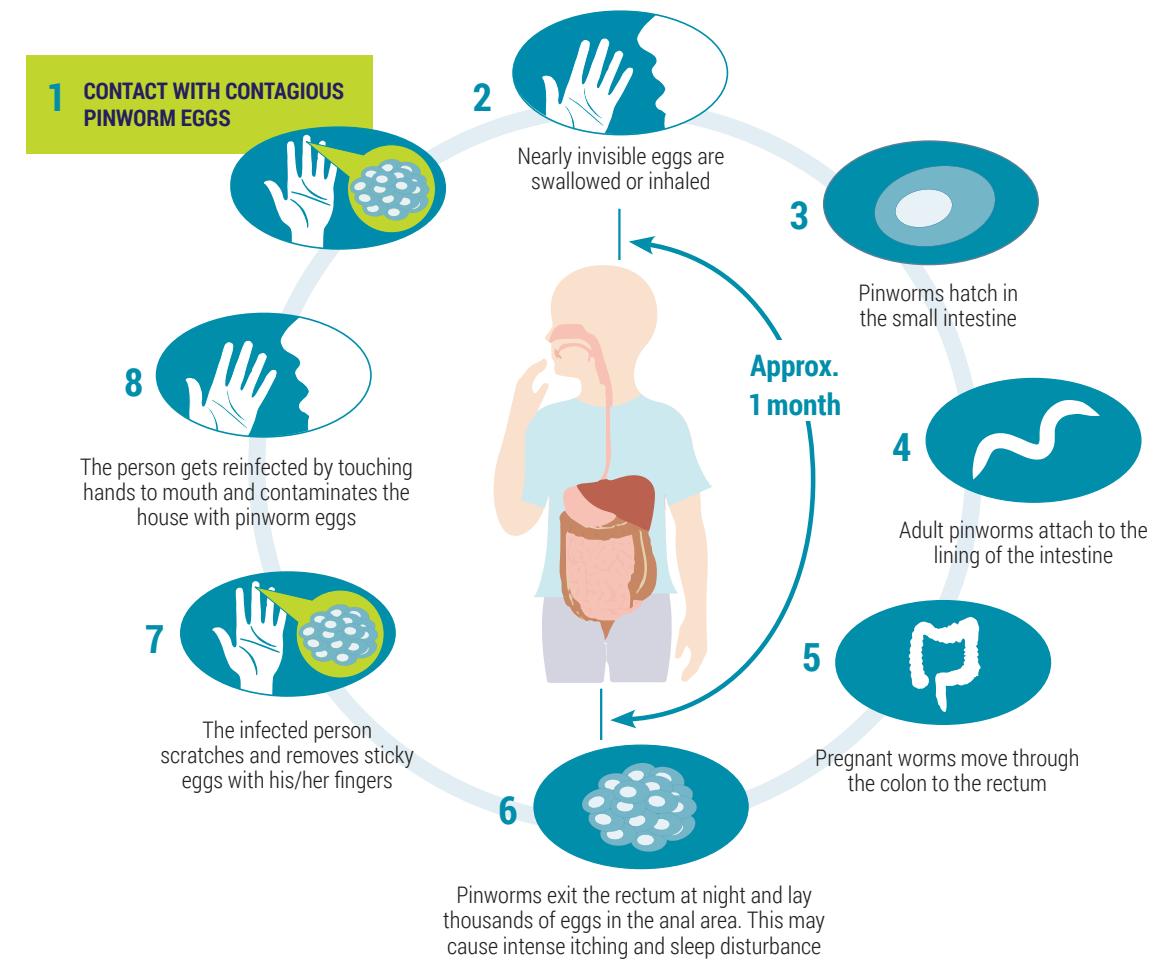
- Are allergic to the ingredients in EMVERM (see page 13 under "What are the ingredients in EMVERM?"). Allergic reactions have been seen rarely with the use of EMVERM and include: hives (raised reddened rash that itches intensely); swelling of your face, lips, mouth, or tongue; and skin rash, redness, or swelling.

Call your healthcare provider or get medical care right away if you have any of the above symptoms. Your healthcare provider will tell you if you should stop treatment with EMVERM and if needed, tell you how to discontinue EMVERM.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and accompanying full Prescribing Information including Patient Information.



How pinworm can infect and reinfect



- Pinworm infection can come back. If you have had pinworm recently, or you think a family member or loved one may be infected, talk to your doctor about treatment.

PINWORM EGGS CAN BECOME AIRBORNE AND SWALLOWED, SPREADING THE INFECTION.



Who gets pinworm?

Anyone can get pinworm. Pinworm infections are spread when the sticky eggs are left on household items such as:

- | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| ■ Clothing | ■ School desks | ■ Toilet seats |
| ■ Kitchen counters | ■ Towels | ■ Other shared items and surfaces |
| ■ Bed sheets | ■ Toys | |

What are the signs?

An itchy bottom is the most common sign of a pinworm infection. Other common symptoms may include disturbed sleep and irritability.



Important Safety Information

Possible side effects when taking EMVERM:

- Reported rarely:
 - Allergic reactions such as hives (raised reddened rash that itches intensely); swelling of your face, lips, mouth, or tongue; and skin rash, redness, or swelling.
 - If taken for long periods of time and at dosages higher than recommended:
 - Low levels of white blood cells known as neutrophils and granulocytes. This could result in you becoming more susceptible to other types of infections.
 - High levels of proteins in your blood (that are a measure of liver function) and hepatitis (a serious liver disease that makes your skin and eyes yellow and causes fever).

Your doctor may recommend you have periodic blood tests to check for either low levels of white blood cells or elevation of liver proteins in your blood.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and accompanying full Prescribing Information including Patient Information.



Treating pinworm

with prescription-strength EMVERM™ (mebendazole)

- EMVERM is the only prescription medicine approved for pinworm.
- Mebendazole, the active medicine in EMVERM, has been prescribed by doctors for pinworm for more than 40 years.
- EMVERM can cure pinworm, often in a single dose. However, a second course of treatment may be given to prevent a reinfection. The second treatment is to kill any worms that hatched after the first treatment.
- Other people in your household may also be infected, so your doctor may prescribe EMVERM for everyone.
- Ask your doctor about EMVERM today—the prescription pinworm medication with a 95% cure rate.

**EMVERM (MEBENDAZOLE) HAS A
95% CURE RATE
AGAINST PINWORM**

Important Safety Information

Possible side effects when taking EMVERM (cont.):

- Reported very rarely:
 - Convulsions (sudden, uncontrollable shaking of the muscle)
- In case of massive infection:
 - Abdominal pain and diarrhea





Taking EMVERM (mebendazole) 100-mg chewable tablet



- One 100-mg tablet, taken once, is the same dose for adults and children aged 2 years and older.
- Three weeks after the first dose, a second dose may be required.
- EMVERM has not been studied in children under 2 years of age.

EMVERM is kid-friendly

- Chewable, kid-friendly tablet can be swallowed or crushed and mixed with food.
- Your doctor may prescribe EMVERM for everyone in the household, because others are frequently infected.

Important Safety Information

Before taking EMVERM, tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including:

- Any prescription and non-prescription medicines including vitamins, and herbal supplements.
- **Especially tell your healthcare provider if you use a medicine called cimetidine which is used to reduce stomach acid production. This medicine may increase the amount of EMVERM that is present in your blood.**

Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist for a list of these medicines if you are not sure.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and accompanying full Prescribing Information including Patient Information.



Possible side effects

What Warnings and Precautions and possible Side Effects should I know about when taking EMVERM:

- In case of massive infection:
 - ◆ Abdominal pain and diarrhea
- Reported rarely:
 - ◆ Allergic reactions such as hives (raised reddened rash that itches intensely); swelling of your face, lips, mouth, or tongue; and skin rash, redness, or swelling.
 - ◆ If taken for long periods of time and at dosages higher than recommended:
 - Low levels of white blood cells known as neutrophils and granulocytes. This could result in you becoming more susceptible to other types of infections.
 - High levels of proteins in your blood (that are a measure of liver function) and hepatitis (a serious liver disease that makes your skin and eyes yellow and causes fever).
- Your doctor may recommend you have periodic blood tests to check for either low levels of white blood cells or elevation of liver proteins in your blood.
- Reported very rarely:
 - ◆ Convulsions (sudden, uncontrollable shaking of the muscle).



Important Safety Information

Know the medicines you use. Keep a list of them and show it to your healthcare provider and pharmacist when you get a new prescription. EMVERM and other medicines may interact with each other causing side effects. EMVERM may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how EMVERM works.



The EMVERM Savings Program

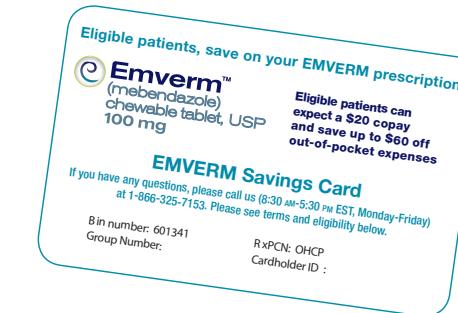
The EMVERM Savings Program is designed to help make your EMVERM prescription more affordable.

Use the EMVERM Savings Card

Eligible patients can expect a \$20 copay and save up to \$60 off out-of-pocket expenses. For prescription savings, download your EMVERM Savings Card today.

Restrictions apply.

To learn more, including terms, conditions, and eligibility criteria, visit www.EMVERM.com/savings



Important Safety Information

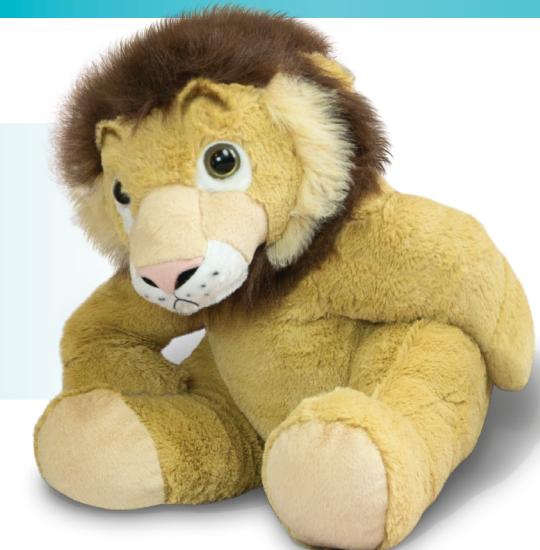
Tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including:

- If you are pregnant or breast feeding. It is not recommended that EMVERM be taken by women who are pregnant, especially early in the pregnancy because of the potential risk to the fetus. It is also not recommended to be taken by women who are breast feeding because it is unknown if EMVERM is excreted in breast milk.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and accompanying full Prescribing Information including Patient Information.



Protecting your home



There are steps you can take to avoid the spread of pinworm.

- Avoid scratching** the anus—that's where the eggs are deposited.
- Ask children to **wash their hands** if you see them scratching their bottoms.
- Have everyone in the family **wash their hands frequently** with soap and hot water, especially after using the toilet, changing diapers, and before preparing or eating food.
- Clean shared surfaces** like doorknobs, toilet seats, and furniture with a disinfectant.
- Launder** underwear, pajamas, towels, and bed sheets frequently using hot water.
- Take morning showers** and change underclothes daily.
- Keep fingernails short**, and avoid fingernail biting because pinworm eggs accumulate under the fingernails.
- Consider buying a nail brush** for each family member and sanitize the brush after each use.
- Do not shake out blankets and bed sheets.** Pinworm eggs can become airborne, inhaled, and swallowed.
- Take EMVERM (mebendazole)** as directed by your doctor—one dose per person in the house. Repeat in 3 weeks or as directed by your doctor.

General information about the safe and effective use of EMVERM

- This medicine was prescribed for you by your healthcare provider for your condition. Do not use it for another condition or give the medicine to others.

While important, personal cleanliness and housecleaning alone are unlikely to stop a pinworm outbreak. If you think you have pinworm, or you think a family member may be infected, call your doctor right away.

Important Safety Information

How should I use EMVERM?

Your healthcare provider has prescribed this medicine to treat an infection caused by an intestinal worm. Follow your healthcare provider's instructions carefully. In addition to your healthcare provider's treatment, you can help prevent reinfection and infection of other people by understanding a few simple facts about pinworms.

Important Safety Information

PINWORM

Pinworms look like tiny white threads and live in the bowel. Usually at night, they travel to the anal opening and lay eggs on the outside skin. This sometimes causes itching which may be very annoying. That is why restless sleep is a frequent sign of pinworms, especially in children. Scratching will cause pinworm eggs to stick to the fingers. Reinfection can occur if the fingers are placed in the mouth.

Pinworms are highly contagious. The eggs, which are too small to see, contaminate whatever they come in contact with: bedclothes, underwear, hands, and food touched by contaminated hands. Pinworm eggs floating in the air can be swallowed and cause infection. Even the cleanest and most careful people can get pinworms.

To help prevent reinfection follow these rules:

- Wash hands and fingernails with soap frequently during the day, especially before eating and after using the toilet.
- Wear tight underpants both day and night. Change them daily.
- For several days after treatment, clean the bedroom floor by vacuuming or damp mopping. Avoid dry sweeping that may stir up dust.
- After treatment, wash bed sheets and bedclothes (don't shake them).
- Keep the toilet seats clean.

Follow your healthcare provider's advice, take the medication he or she gives you and follow the rules mentioned here. If you have other questions about worms, be sure to ask your healthcare provider.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA.
Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088. To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS contact Impax Laboratories Inc. at 1-877-994-6729.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and accompanying full Prescribing Information including Patient Information.

Important Safety Information

What should I avoid while using EMVERM?

- Do not take this medication if you are pregnant or think you may be pregnant. Consult your healthcare provider.

How should I store EMVERM?

- Store EMVERM tablets between 68° to 77°F (20° to 25°C). Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist if you have any questions about storing your tablets.
- Use EMVERM before the expiration date printed on the carton.
- **Keep EMVERM tablets and all medicines out of the reach of children.**

What does EMVERM look like?

EMVERM is a 100 mg round, light peach-colored, unscored tablet, debossed with "ap" above "107" on one side and plain on the other side, supplied in boxes of one tablet in a blister pack.

What are the ingredients in EMVERM?

- **Active Ingredients:** mebendazole.
- **Inactive Ingredients:** microcrystalline cellulose, corn starch, anhydrous lactose NF, sodium starch glycolate, magnesium stearate, stearic acid, sodium lauryl sulfate, sodium saccharin, and FD&C Yellow #6.

This information is not comprehensive.

For more information:

- Talk to your healthcare provider or pharmacist
- Visit www.EMVERM.com to obtain the FDA-approved product labeling
- Call 1-877-994-6729





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- Mebendazole, the active medicine in EMVERM, has been prescribed by doctors for pinworm for more than 40 years.
- Ask your doctor about EMVERM today—the prescription pinworm medication with a 95% cure rate.

For more information on pinworm, please visit www.EMVERM.com/patient.

Important Safety Information about possible side effects when taking EMVERM:

- Abdominal pain and diarrhea in cases of massive infection
- Reported rarely:
 - Allergic reactions such as hives (raised reddened rash that itches intensely); swelling of your face, lips, mouth, or tongue; and skin rash, redness, or swelling.
 - If taken for long periods of time and at dosages higher than recommended:
 - Low levels of white blood cells known as neutrophils and granulocytes. This could result in you becoming more susceptible to other types of infections.
 - High levels of proteins in your blood (that are a measure of liver function) and hepatitis (a serious liver disease that makes your skin and eyes yellow and causes fever).

Your doctor may recommend you have periodic blood tests to check for either low levels of white blood cells or elevation of liver proteins in your blood.

- Convulsions (sudden, uncontrollable shaking of the muscle) reported very rarely.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and accompanying full Prescribing Information including Patient Information.