



VIT
UNIVERSITY
(Estd. u/s 3 of UGC Act 1956)

Vellore - 632 014, Tamil Nadu, India.

School of Information Technology and Engineering

Fall-2015

B.Tech (Information Technology) – V Semester

ITE304 Computer Networks Lab

Cycle sheet-1

1.Study and test the functionality of basic networking commands in the laboratory.

A.) PING

- i) What is the IP address of www.vit.ac.in ?
- ii) Check whether TCP/IP is properly installed and functioning in your system.
- iii) Indicate what percentage of packets sent resulted in a successful response. For the packets from which you received a response, write down the minimum, average and maximum round trip times in milliseconds.
- iv) Increase or Decrease the Time Interval between Packets. Write the response.
- v) Send 6 packets .Indicate what percentage of the packets resulted in a successful response.
- vi) Print Only Ping Command Summary Statistics.
- vii) Change Ping Packet Size of 512, 1024 bytes of data. Write the response.
- viii) Execute the Timeout option for 5 seconds.
- ix) Write the current version of ping program.
- x) For some of the hosts, you may not have received any responses for the packets you have sent. What are the reasons for not getting a response?

B.) IFCONFIG

- i) What is the MAC address of the network interface card of your system?
- ii) What is the IP address of your system?
- iii) Find out all the network interfaces connected to your system.
- iv) Display the Network Settings of Specific Interface.

C.) HOSTNAME

- i) Find the name of your system?
- ii) What is the significance of the name?

D.) NETSTAT

- i) List Various Listening Ports.
- ii) List TCP Ports connections
- iii) List UDP Ports connections
- iv) List all the LISTENING Connections
- v) Find the statistics of all protocols.
- vi) Display Kernel IP routing table.
- vii) Show the Kernel interface table, similar to ifconfig command.
- viii) By simply opening a browser connection to HTTP (port 80) server (while still offline!) what will be status of *netstat* command?
- ix) Display Service name with PID.

E.) TRACERoute or TRACERT

- i) Write the function of this command.

F.) NSLOOKUP

- i) What is the IP address and name of the machine www.google.com?

G.) ARP

- i) How do you show the full ARP table for your machine? Capture a printout of what it is. Explain each column of what is printed.
- 2) Write a Java program to run the basic networking commands.
- 3) Write a program to display the name of the computer and its IP address that you are currently working on.
- 4) Write a program to print the IP address of “www.google.com” all IP addresses of “www.microsoft.com”.
- 5) Write a program to print all Network Interfaces of “localhost”.
- 6) Implement the simple version of “nslookup” utility.
- 7) Write a program to download the contents associated with a HTTP URL and save it in a file.