• Supporting Document For J2EE Material on Servlets

Servlet Examples

Example 1: Servlet generating Plain Text

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;

public class HelloWorld extends HttpServlet {
  public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws
  ServletException, IOException
  {
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    out.println("Hello, world!");
    }
}
```

Example2: Servlet generating HTML

Example 3: Servlet Communicating with Database

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.sql.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class s1 extends HttpServlet
  private Connection conn;
 private Statement st;
 private ResultSet res;
 protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request,
                     HttpServletResponse response)
                     throws ServletException, IOException
 {
     response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
     PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
     try
       Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
     conn=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysgl://localhost:3306/e","root","amirtha");
      st=conn.createStatement();
      res=st.executeQuery("select * from employee2");
      int i=0:
      out.println("<html>");
      out.println("<body>");
      while(res.next())
         out.println(res.getInt(1));
          out.println( res.getString(2)+ "<br> ");
     out.println("</body></html>");
     out.close(); st.close(); conn.close();
}catch (ClassNotFoundException err) { }
         catch (SQLException err) { }
```

```
protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
    processRequest(request, response);
}
protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
    processRequest(request, response);
}
```

• For the Example above create a table employee2(mysql) under database e with with 2 fields of type char array or varchar

Example 4: Servlet getting form information and processing it and storing it in database.

Client Side Form – HTML CODE

```
<html>
<head>
<script>
var flag = false;
var flag1 = false;
function validate()
{
    var s = form1.upwd.value;
    var repwd1 = /^\w{6,8}$/;
    if (!repwd1.test(s))
    {
        alert("enter a alphanumric set of min 6 or max 8 chars");
        form1.upwd.value= " ";
    }
    else
        flag = true;
}
```

```
function check()
if (form1.upwd.value != form1.cpwd.value)
    alert("password doesn't match")
    form1.cpwd.value= " ";
 else
 flag = true;
function check()
 if (form1.upwd.value!= form1.cpwd.value)
 {
    alert("password doesn't match")
    form1.cpwd.value= " ";
 else
  flag1 = true;
</script>
</head>
<body>
<form name ="form1" action="Registration" method="GET">
<strong>User_Name:</strong>
<input type="text" name="user">
<strong>Password:</strong>
<input type="password" name="upwd" onblur="validate()" >
<t
<input type="password" name="cpwd" onblur="check()">
<input type="submit" name="button" value ="finalize">
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

Server Side Code - SERVLET CODE for Example 4

```
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.sql.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class Registration extends HttpServlet {
  protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request.
  HttpServletResponse response)
  throws ServletException, IOException {
     response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
     PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
     try
       Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
       Connection
con=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/e","root","amirtha");
     PreparedStatement st=con.prepareStatement("insert into re values (?,?)");
     st.setString(1, request.getParameter("user"));
     st.setString(2, request.getParameter("upwd"));
     st.executeUpdate();
     con.commit();
     st.close();
     con.close();
    }catch (ClassNotFoundException err) { System.out.println(err); }
     catch (SQLException err) { System.out.println(err); }
     out.close();
```

• For the Example above create a table re(mysql)under database e with with 2 fields of type char array or varchar

Example 5: Servlet getting information from database and form, processing using both information and storing it in database and display on the servlet window.

Client Form-HTML CODE

```
<html>
<head>
 <title></title>
</head>
<body bgcolor="steel blue">
<form method="GET" action="vser">
   Vote for Ur Favourite Composer
     <input type="radio" name="Composer" value= "Illayaraja">Illayaraja<br \>
     <input type="radio" name="Composer" value="Rehman">A.R.Rehman<br \>
     <input type="radio" name="Composer" value="Yuvan">Yuvan Shankar Raja<br \>
     <input type="radio" name="Composer" value="Harris Jeyraj">Harris Jeyraj<br \>
     <input type="radio" name="Composer" value="G.V">G.V.Prakash<br \>
     <input type="submit" name="vote" value="vote" style="font-size:20pt">
     </form>
</body>
</html>
```

Server Side Code-SERVLET for Example 5

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.sql.*;
import java.util.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
class Cpr
   public String name;
   public int count;
   public Cpr(String n, int c)
      name = n;
      count = c;
   }
public class vser extends HttpServlet {
                  rSet(HttpServletRequest
 public
                                              req,HttpServletResponse
          Cpr
                                                                            response)
                                                                                          throws
ServletException, IOException
   Cpr cobj[]= new Cpr[ 5 ];
   int i = 0;
   try
     Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
     Connection
conn=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/e","root","amirtha");
     Statement st1 = conn.createStatement();
     ResultSet res:
     res=st1.executeQuery("select * from poll");
     while(res.next())
        cobj[i++] = new Cpr(res.getString(1),res.getInt(2));
     st1.close();
```

```
conn.close();
  }catch (ClassNotFoundException err) { }
   catch (SQLException err) { }
  int j = 0;
  for (j = 0; j < cobj.length; j++)
     if (cobj[ i ].name.equalsIgnoreCase(req.getParameter("Composer")))
      cobi[ i ].count++;
      break;
   displayServlet(cobj,response);
   return cobj[j];
public void displayServlet(Cpr c1[], HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException
  response.setContentType("text/html");
  PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
  out.println("<html><title>Display Form</title>" +
        "<BODY BGCOLOR=\"orange\">\n" +
        "<H1 ALIGN=\"CENTER\">" + "MOST FAVOURITE COMPOSER" + "</H1>\n" +
        "<TABLE BORDER=1 ALIGN=CENTER>\n" +
        "<TR BGCOLOR=\"red\">\n" +
        "<TH style=\"color :orange\"><h2>Composer Name</h2><TH><h3>vote</h3>");
  out.println("<UL>");
   for(int i=0; i<c1.length; i++) {
     out.println("<TR BGCOLOR=\"red\">");
     out.println("<TD style=\"font-size:20pt; color:orange\">" + c1[i].name);
     out.println("<TD style=\"font-size:20pt\">" + c1[i].count);
     out.println("</TR>");
   out.println("</TABLE>\n</BODY></HTML>");
public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
throws ServletException, IOException {
   response.setContentType("text/html");
   PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
```

```
Cpr co = rSet(request ,response);
try
{
        Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
Connection
conn=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/e","root","amirtha");
PreparedStatement st = conn.prepareStatement("update poll set vct = ? Where name =?");
        st.setInt(1,co.count);
        st.setString(2,co.name);
        st.executeUpdate();
        st.close();
        conn.commit();
        conn.close();
        }catch (ClassNotFoundException err) { }
        catch (SQLException err) { }
}
```

• For the Example above create a table poll(mysql) under database e with name(varchar/char(20) and vct(int/number) as fields

Example 6: Servlet processing form information and displaying the information on servlet window.

<u>Client Form -HTML CODE using XHTML RULES and usage of and tags(deprecated)</u>

```
Price Each
             :<INPUT TYPE="TEXT" NAME="price" >
             :<INPUT TYPE="TEXT" NAME="firstName">
 First Name
             :<INPUT TYPE="TEXT" NAME="lastName">
 Last Name
 Middle Initial
             :<INPUT TYPE="TEXT" NAME="initial">
 Shipping Address:<TEXTAREA NAME="address" ROWS=3 COLS=40></TEXTAREA>
 Card Details
          <INPUT TYPE="RADIO" NAME="cardType" VALUE="Visa">Visa
          <INPUT TYPE="RADIO" NAME="cardType" VALUE="Master Card">Master Card
          <INPUT TYPE="RADIO" NAME="cardType" VALUE="Mastero">Mastero
          <INPUT TYPE="RADIO" NAME="cardType" VALUE="credit">Credit
          <INPUT TYPE="RADIO" NAME="cardType" VALUE="other">other
 Credit Card Number:<INPUT TYPE="PASSWORD" NAME="cardNum">
 Pin Num
                  :<INPUT TYPE="PASSWORD" NAME="cardNum">
  </font>
 </PRE>
 <CENTER>
  <INPUT TYPE="SUBMIT" VALUE="Submit Order">
 </CENTER>
</FORM>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

<u>Server Side Code-Servlet Code for Example 6 using getParamterNames ()</u> <u>and getParameterValues ()</u>

```
"<TABLE BORDER=1 ALIGN=CENTER>\n" +
       "<TR BGCOLOR=\"#FFAD00\">\n" +
       "<TH>Parameter Name<TH>Parameter Value(s)");
Enumeration paramNames = request.getParameterNames();
while(paramNames.hasMoreElements())
 String paramName = (String)paramNames.nextElement();
 out.println("<TR><TD>" + paramName + "\n<TD>");
 String[] paramValues = request.getParameterValues(paramName);
 if (paramValues.length == 1)
  String paramValue = paramValues[0];
  if (paramValue.length() == 0)
   out.print("<I>No Value</I>");
  else
   out.print(paramValue);
else
  out.println("<UL>");
  for(int i=0; i<paramValues.length; i++)
   out.println("<LI>" + paramValues[i]);
  out.println("</UL>");
out.println("</TABLE>\n</BODY></HTML>");
```