#### 

BUILDING REST SERVICES WITH

# Spring

github.com/joshlong/the-spring-rest-stack

### About Josh Long (龙之春) Spring Developer Advocate, Pivotal

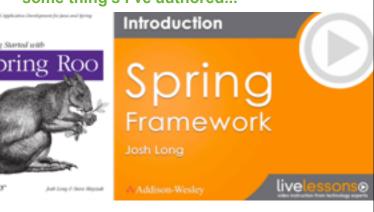
@starbuxman josh@joshlong.com slideshare.net/joshlong github.com/joshlong speakerdeck.com/joshlong

Jean Claude van Damme!

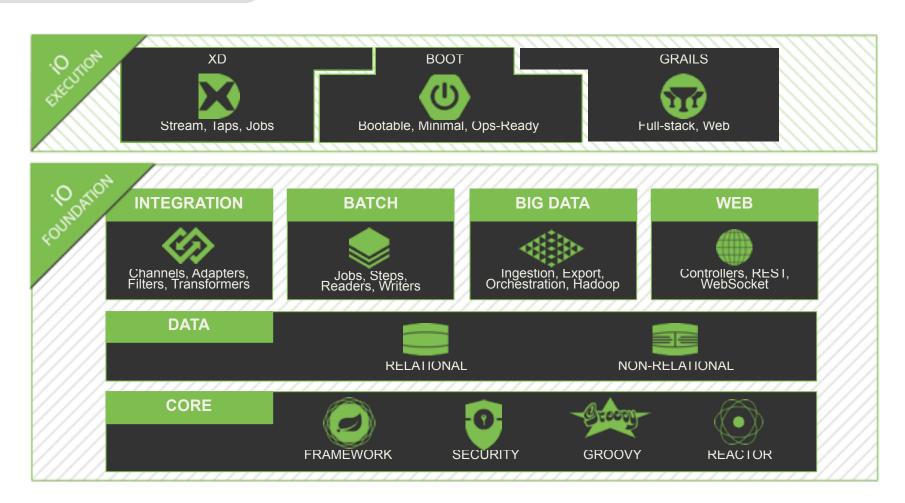
Java mascot Duke



some thing's I've authored...



### Starting with Spring





GITHUB.COM/JOSHLONG/THE-SPRING-REST-STACK

Consuming a RESTful Web Service

using Spring for Android's RestTemplate.

Learn how to retrieve web page data

Registering an Application with

with Spring for Android

Uploading Files

Learn how to build a Spring application that accepts multi-part file uploads.

Building Android Projects with Maven

Accessing Relational Data using

Authenticating a User with LDAP

Learn how to access relational data with

JDBC with Spring

Spring.

websockets: supports JSR 356, native APIs

### Async RestTemplate

based on NIO 2 HTTP client in JDK.

Java SE 8 and Java EE 7 extends support to emerging platforms

**@Conditional** provides the ability to conditionally create a bean

```
@Conditional (NasdaqIsUpCondition.class)
@Bean
Mongo extraMongoNode() {
   // ...
}
```

And, best of all, @Conditional powers Spring Boot!



single point of focus, productionready, easy to customize

#### Installation:

- > Java 1.6 or better
- > Mayen 3.0 or better
- > optionally install spring **CLI** (or gvm or brew)

### **Demonstration**

Take Spring Boot CLI for a spin around the block

### **Demonstration**

Take Spring Boot around the track.

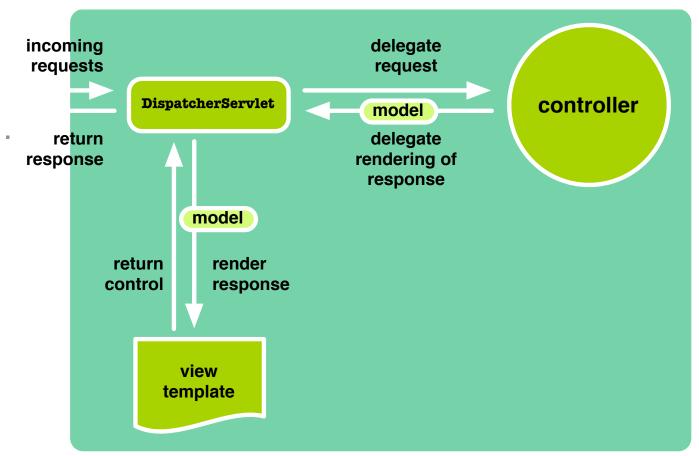
# Testing

### **Demonstration**

how to write unit tests with Spring

## Spring MVC

stop me if you've heard this one before...



<param-value>org.springframework.web.context.support.AnnotationConfigWebApplicationContext

<servlet-class>org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet/servlet-class>

<param-name>contextClass</param-name>

<servlet-name>appServlet</servlet-name>

<param-value></param-value>

<url-pattern>/</url-pattern>

<load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>

<servlet-name>appServlet</servlet-name>

<param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name>

<context-param>

</param-value>
</context-param>

<init-param>

</init-param>

<servlet-mapping>

</servlet-mapping>

</servlet>

</web-app>

<servlet>

#### WebApplicationInitializer ~= Java web.xml

```
public class SampleWebApplicationInitializer implements WebApplicationInitializer {
    public void onStartup(ServletContext sc) throws ServletException {
        AnnotationConfigWebApplicationContext ac = new AnnotationConfigWebApplicationContext();
        ac.setServletContext(sc);
        ac.scan("a.package.full.of.services", "a.package.full.of.controllers");
        sc.addServlet("spring", new DispatcherServlet(ac));
        // register filters, other servlets, etc., to get Spring and Spring Boot working
}
```

### or, just fill out the form...

```
public class SimplerDispatcherServletInitializer
    extends AbstractAnnotationConfigDispatcherServletInitializer {
  @Override
  protected Class<?>[] getRootConfigClasses() {
   return new Class<?>[]{ ServiceConfiguration.class };
  @Override
  protected Class<?>[] getServletConfigClasses() {
    return new Class<?>[]{ WebMvcConfiguration.class };
  @Override
  protected String[] getServletMappings() {
    return new String[]{"/*"};
```

### or, just use Spring Boot and never worry about it

```
@ComponentScan
@EnableAutoConfiguration
public class Application extends SpringBootServletInitializer {
 private static Class< Application> applicationClass = Application.class;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    SpringApplication.run(applicationClass);
  @Override
  protected SpringApplicationBuilder configure(SpringApplicationBuilder application) {
    return application.sources(applicationClass);
```

### other niceties Spring's web support provides:

**HttpRequestHandlers** supports remoting technologies : Caucho, HTTP Invoker, etc.

**DelegatingFilterProxy** javax.filter.Filter that delegates to a Spring-managed bean

HandlerInterceptor wraps requests to HttpRequestHandlers

ServletWrappingController lets you force requests to a servlet through the Spring Handler chain

WebApplicationContextUtils look up the current ApplicationContext given a ServletContext

**HiddenHttpMethodFilter** routes HTTP requests to the appropriate endpoint

### REST Essentials



**REST** is an architectural constraint based on HTTP 1.1, and created as part of Roy Fielding's doctoral dissertation in 2000.

It embraces HTTP.

It's a style, not a standard

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Representational state transfer

**REST** has no hard and fast rules.

**REST** is an architectural **style**, not a standard.

**REST** uses **Headers** to describe requests & responses

**REST** embraces HTTP verbs. (DRY)

**GET** requests retrieve information.

**GET** can have side-effects (but it's unexpected)

**GET** can be conditional, or partial:

If-Modified-Since, Range

GET /users/21

**DELETE** requests that a resource be removed, though the deletion doesn't have to be immediate.

#### **DELETE** /users/21

**POST** requests that the resource do something with the enclosed entity

**POST** can be used to **create** or **update**.

```
POST /users
{ "firstName": "Juergen" }
```

**PUT** requests that the entity be stored at a URI **PUT** can be used to **create** or **update**.

```
PUT /users/21
{ "firstName": "Juergen" }
```

**status codes** convey the result of the server's attempt to satisfy the request.

### Categories:

1xx: informational

2xx: success

3xx: redirection

4xx: client error

**5xx**: server error

200 OK - Everything worked

**201 Created** - Returns a **Location** header for new resource

**202 Accepted** - server has accepted the request, but it is not yet complete. Status URI optionally conveyed in **Location** header

400 Bad Request - Malformed Syntax. Retry with change.

**401 Unauthorized** - authentication is required

**403 Forbidden** - server has understood, but refuses request

404 Not Found - server can't find a resource for URI

406 Incompatible - incompatible Accept headers specified

409 Conflict - resource conflicts with client request

Clients and services must agree on a representation media type through **content negotiation**.

Client specifies what it wants through Accept header

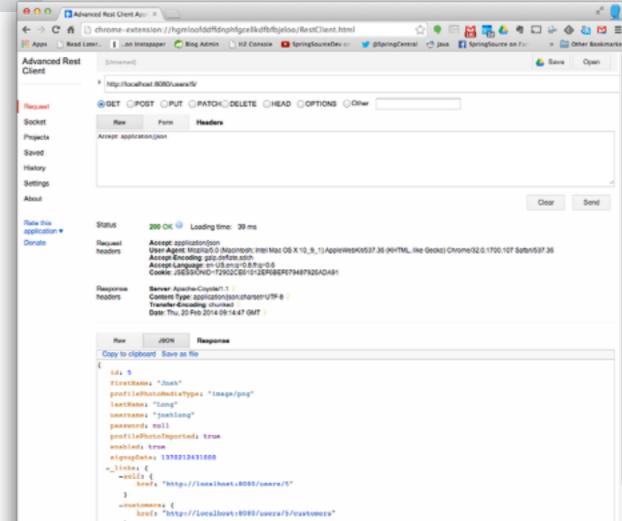
Server specifies what it produces through Content-Type header

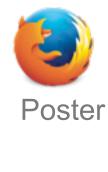


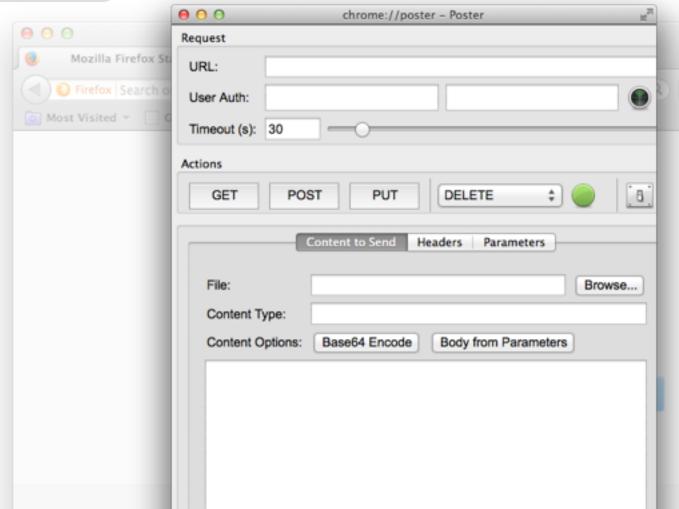
### **Spring MVC** supports multiple types of content negotiation through its **ContentNegotiationStrategy**:

e.g., Accept header, URL extension, request parameters, or a fixed type









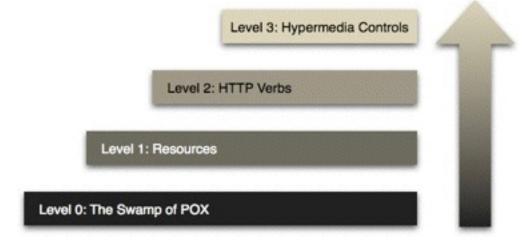
curl

```
↑ Jiong@joshuas-MacBook-Pro-2: - - zsh -- 149×40

→ ~ curl -X POST -u android-crm:123456 http://localhost:8080/oauth/token \
  -H "Accept: application/json" \
  -d "password=....."
{"access_token":"426481ea-c3eb-45a0-8b2d-d1f9cfae0fcc","token_type":"bearer","expire
```

# Towards Hypermedia

The Richardson Maturity Model is a way to grade your API according to the REST constraints with 4 levels of increasing compliance



#### Level 0: swamp of POX

Uses **HTTP** mainly as a tunnel through one URI e.g., **SOAP**, **XML-RPC** 

Usually features on HTTP verb (**POST**)

#### Level 1: resources

Multiple URIs to distinguish related nouns e.g., /articles/1, /articles/2, vs. just /articles

#### Level 2: HTTP verbs

leverage transport-native properties to enhance service e.g., **HTTP GET** and **PUT** and **DELETE** and **POST** 

Uses idiomatic HTTP controls like status codes, headers

Our first @RestController

#### Level 3: Hypermedia Controls (aka, HATEOAS)

No *a priori* knowledge of service required Navigation options are provided by service and *hypermedia* controls

Promotes longevity through a uniform interface

**Links** provide possible navigations from a given resource

**Links** are dynamic, based on resource state.

```
k href="http://...:8080/users/232/customers"
rel= "customers"/>

{ href: "http://...:8080/users/232/customers",
rel: "customers" }
```

Working with Hypermedia and Spring HATEOAS

Builds on top of Spring Data Repository support:

```
@RestResource (path = "users", rel = "users")
```

public interface **UserRepository** extends **PagingAndSortingRepository**<User, Long> {

User findByUsername(@Param ("username") String username);

Builds on top of Spring Data Repository support:

```
@RestResource (path = "users", rel = "users")
```

public interface UserRepository extends PagingAndSortingRepository<User, Long> {

User findByUsername(@Param ("username") String username);

select **u** from **User** where **u.username** = ?

Builds on top of Spring Data Repository support:

```
@RestResource (path = "users", rel = "users")
public interface UserRepository extends PagingAndSortingRepository<User, Long> {
    List<User> findUsersByFirstNameOrLastNameOrUsername(
        @Param ("firstName") String firstName,
        @Param ("lastName") String lastName,
        @Param ("username") String username);
}
```

Builds on top of Spring Data Repository support:

```
@RestResource (path = "users", rel = "users")
public interface UserRepository extends PagingAndSortingRepository<User, Long> {
```

```
select u from User u
where u.username = ?
or u.firstName = ?
or u.lastName = ?
```

# Testing REST

Testing web services with Spring MVC Test framework

# Error Handling

#### Developers learn to use an API through errors

Extreme programming and Test-Driven development embrace this truth

Errors introduce transparency

#### Status codes map to errors

pick a meaningful subset of the 70+ status codes

```
200 - OK
201 - Created
304 - Created - Not Modified
400 - Bad Request
401 - Unauthorized
403 - Forbidden
404 - Not Found
500 - Internal Server Error
```

```
// 1xx Informational
 * {@code 100 Continue}.
  @see <a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc20
CONTINUE(100, "Continue"),
 * {@code 101 Switching Protocols}.
 * @see <a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc20
SWITCHING PROTOCOLS(101, "Switching Protocols"),
 * {@code 102 Processing}.
 * @see <a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2
PROCESSING(102, "Processing"),
 * {@code 103 Checkpoint}.
 * @see <a href="http://code.google.com/p/gears/v
 * resumable POST/PUT HTTP requests in HTTP/1.0</
CHECKPOINT(103, "Checkpoint"),
```

public enum HttpStatus {

https://blog.apigee.com/detail/restful api design what about errors

#### Send meaningful errors along with status codes

```
"message": "authentication failed",
                                           "type": "authentication",
                                           "message": "the username and
"errors": [
                                         password provided are invalid",
                                           "status": "401"
  "resource": "Issue",
  "field": "title",
  "code": "missing field"
```

https://blog.apigee.com/detail/restful\_api\_design\_what\_about\_errors

application/vnd.error+json & application/vnd.error+xml

```
"logref": 42,
"message": "Validation failed",
"_links": {
  "help": {
    "href": "http://.../", "title": "Error Information"
  "describes": {
    "href": "http://.../", "title": "Error Description"
```

https://github.com/blongden/vnd.error

Handling errors with vnd.errors and @ControllerAdvice

Using @ControllerAdvice

# API Versioning

#### **Build a version into your API**

API versions can be dealt with one of two ways:

through API URIs: https://api.foo.com/vl

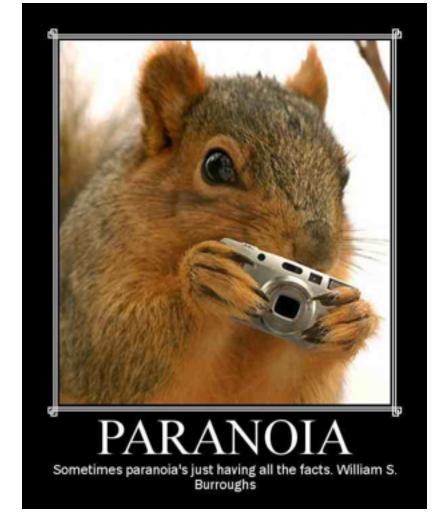
through media types: application/vnd.company.urapp-v3+json

# Security

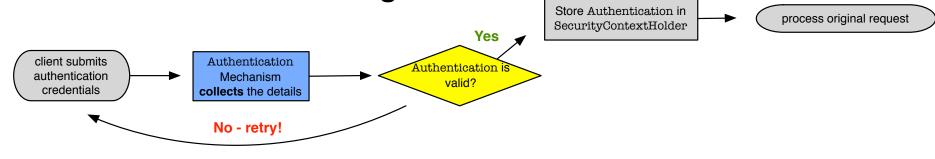
**Security is hard.** Don't reinvent the wheel!

Things to worry about when developing web applications? **EVERYTHING** 

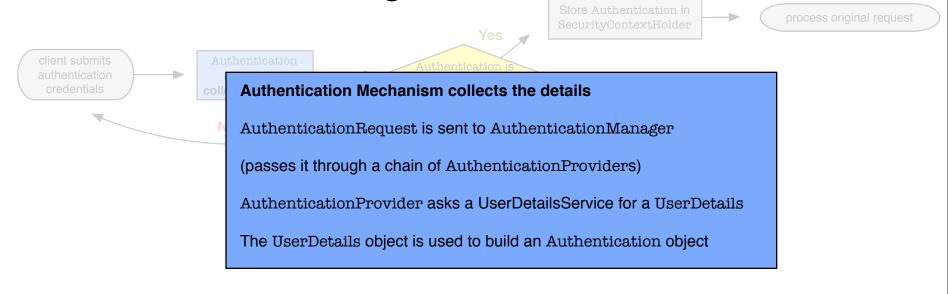
(cross-site scripting, session fixation, identification, authorization, and authentication, encryption, and SO much more.)



**Spring Security is a modern security framework for a modern age** 



## Spring Security is a modern security framework for a modern age



adding a Spring Security sign in form to a regular application

#### **Usernames and Passwords**

If you can **trust the client** to keep a secret like a password, then it can send the password using:

...HTTP Basic - passwords are sent plaintext!

... HTTP Digest - hashed passwords, but still plaintext.

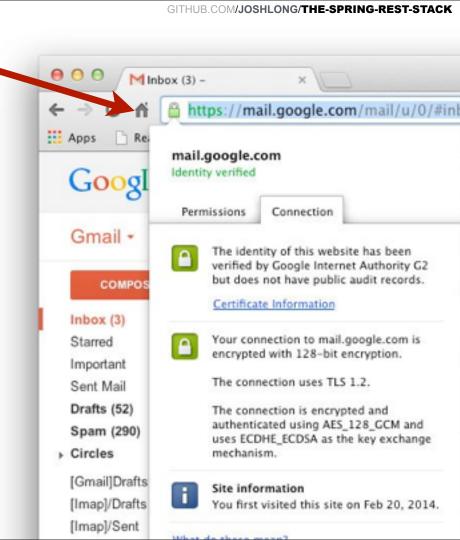
SSL/TLS encryption helps prevent man-in-the-middle attacks

So, SSL/TLS is...?



an implementation of **public key cryptography**:

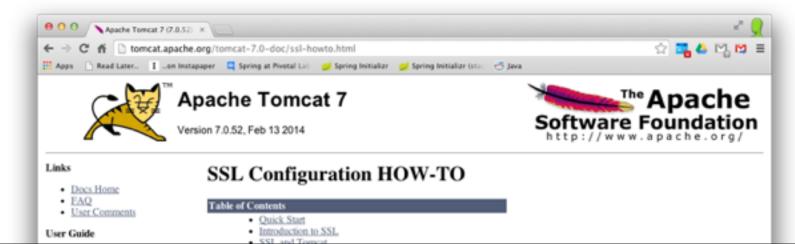
public key cryptography only works because we all agree to trust well known root CAs



**SSL/TLS** is used routinely to verify the identify of servers.

Normally, the client confirms the server, but the server rarely requires the client to transmit a certificate.

It's easy enough to setup SSL/TLS on your web server.



Setting up SSL/TLS with embedded Apache

Tomcat 7 and Spring Boot

**SSL/TLS can** be used to identify the client to the server, through *mutual authentication*.

browser/client must send their certificate, as well.

```
@Override
protected void configure(HttpSecurity http)
  throws Exception {
  http
    .authorizeRequests()
    .anyRequest().authenticated()
    .and()
    .x509();
}
```

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebMvcSecurity
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
 @Autowired
  public void configureGlobal(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth)
     throws Exception {
    auth.
     inMemoryAuthentication()
        .withUser("mia").password("password").roles("USER").and()
        .withUser("mario").password("password").roles("USER","ADMIN");
  @Override
  protected void configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
    http
      .authorizeRequests()
        .anyRequest().authenticated()
        .and()
      .x509();
```

X509 Java configuration demo

Tim Bray says: Passwords don't scale

Too easy to compromise.

Updating all your clients whenever you change your password would be a nightmare!

#### THE TROUBLE WITH PASSWORDS





Management of the state of the ABI- and the state of the

Keeping you up to date with APIs, mashups and the Web as platform. Learn more »

Find APIs, mashups, code and developers

Search

Popular searches: photo google flash mapping enterprise sms

9082 APIs

7051 Mashups

#### New APIs

▶ Zapier Status

Mashup of the Day

New Mashups

Next DC Metro

Most people just want their own clients to be able to talk securely to their own services.

x-auth offers one way of achieving this based on tokens

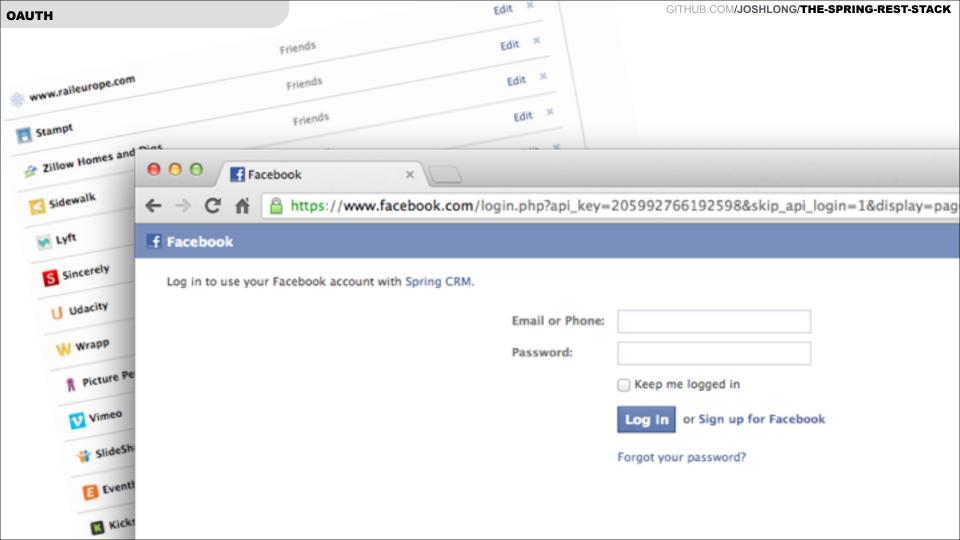
A custom x-auth example

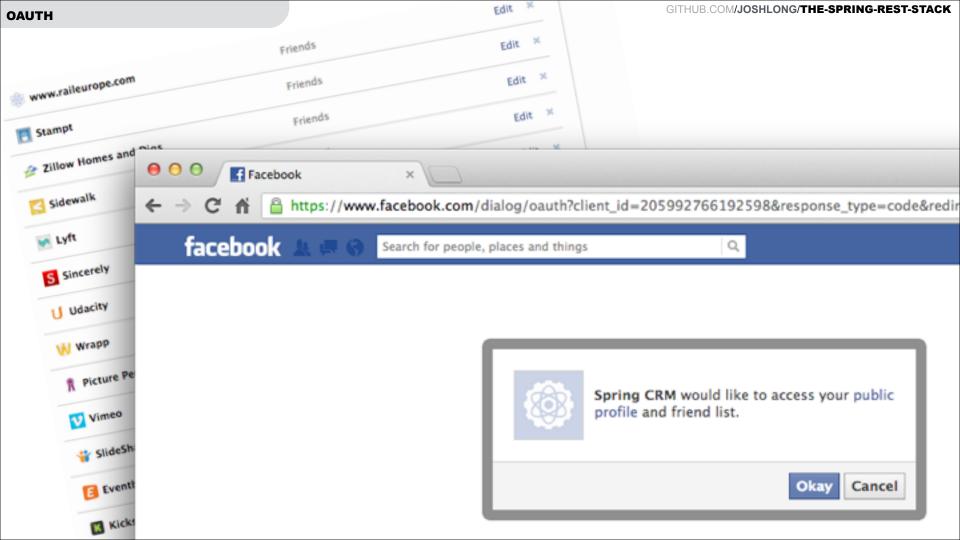
# OAuth is a way for one (automated) process to securely identify itself to another

Assumes a user context:

"I authorize \$CLIENTX to act on \$USER\_Y's behalf"

OAuth is a way of authorizing a client with particular access (scopes)





Spring Security OAuth in the oauth module

Writing a unit test for an OAuth service using

the Spring MVC test framework

# The Connected Web of APIs

\* source: visual.ly/60-seconds-social-media

## A Connected World in 00:60 seconds

facebook 700k messages sent

Pinterest

1090 visitors

**2000** checkins

175k

Linked in

**7610** searches



**2MM** 



flickr 3125 photos uploaded



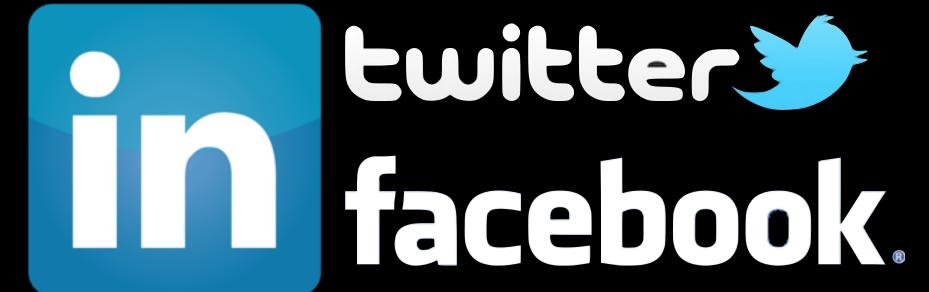
messages sent

**Spring Social** provides an authentication and authorization client for OAuth (1.0, 1.0a, 2.0)

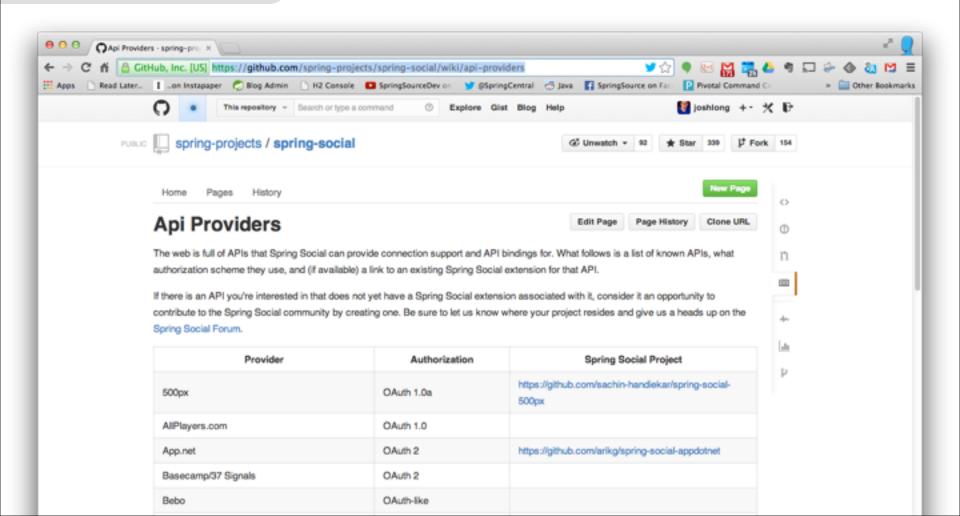
Provides type-safe API bindings for various services

# GitHub





#### **SPRING SOCIAL BINDINGS**



Using Spring Social in an Application

Building Your own Spring Social binding

# Deployment

## Micro Services ...

Promote single responsibility principle \*

Promote loosely coupled, focused services. (SOLID at the architecture level)

Don't like it? Throw it away!

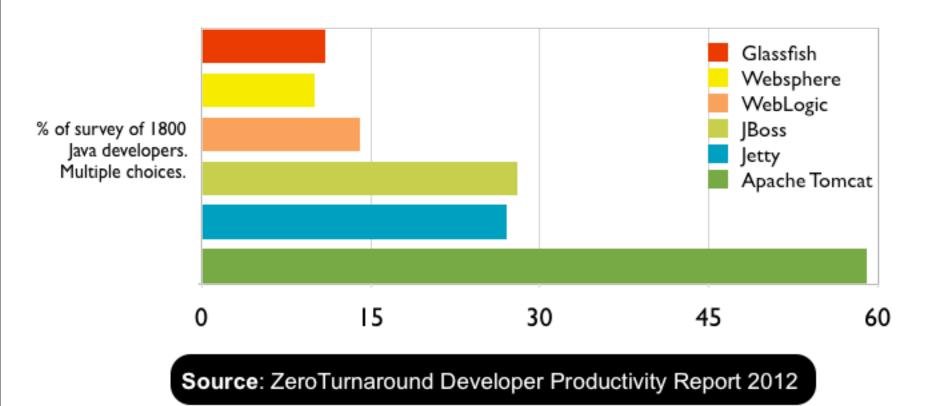
★ In <u>object-oriented programming</u>, the **single responsibility principle** states that every class should have a single responsibility, and that responsibility should be entirely encapsulated by the class. All its services should be narrowly aligned with that responsibility.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Single responsibility principle

**Spring Boot** supports Apache Tomcat 7 by default.

Easy to switch to Jetty, or Tomcat 8

Switching embedded web servers



From fat .jar to .war

#### **CLOUD**

BUILD SUCCESSFUL Total time: 9.366 secs → spring-music git:(master) \* cf push Using manifest file manifest.yml Creating spring-music... OK FOUNDRY" Creating route j1-spring-music-466b.cfapps.io... OK Binding j1-spring-music-466b.cfapps.io to spring-music... OK Uploading spring-music... OK Preparing to start spring-music... OK ----> Downloaded app package (19M) ----> Downloading OpenJDK 1.7.0\_21 JRE from http://download.pivotal.io.s3.amazonaws.com/openjdk/lucid/ x86\_64/openjdk-1.7.0\_21.tar.gz (10.8s) Expanding JRE to .java (1.0s) ----> Downloading Auto Reconfiguration 0.7.1 from http://download.pivotal.io.s3.amazonaws.com/auto-rec onfiguration/auto-reconfiguration-0.7.1.jar (1.2s) Modifying /WEB-INF/web.xml for Auto Reconfiguration ----> Downloading Tomcat 7.0.42 from http://download.pivotal.io.s3.amazonaws.com/tomcat/tomcat-7.0.42. tar.gz (3.1s) Expanding Tomcat to .tomcat (0.1s) Downloading Buildpack Tomcat Support 1.1.1 from http://download.pivotal.io.s3.amazonaws.com/tomc at-buildpack-support/tomcat-buildpack-support-1.1.1.jar (0.0s) ----> Uploading droplet (55M) Checking status of app 'spring-music'..... 0 of 1 instances running (1 starting) 0 of 1 instances running (1 starting) 1 of 1 instances running (1 running) Push successful! App 'spring-music' available at http://j1-spring-music-466b.cfapps.io

To the cloud!

### **Spring Boot** is production-ready, by default

Comes out of the box with smart monitoring and management tools, the CrashD server, etc.

production ready REST services with Boot

#### **Spring IO Guides**

http://spring.io/guides

#### Roy Fielding's Dissertation introduces REST

http://www.ics.uci.edu/~fielding/pubs/dissertation/evaluation.htm#sec\_6\_1%7C

#### The Spring REST Shell

http://github.com/jbrisbin/rest-shell

# Spring Security, Security OAuth, Spring Data REST, HATEOAS, Social http://github.com/spring-projects

#### Spring MVC Test Framework

http://docs.spring.io/spring/docs/4.0.x/spring-framework-reference/html/testing.html

Oliver Gierke's talk on Hypermedia from Øredev @ http://vimeo.com/53214577

Lez Hazelwood's talk on designing a beautiful JSON+REST API

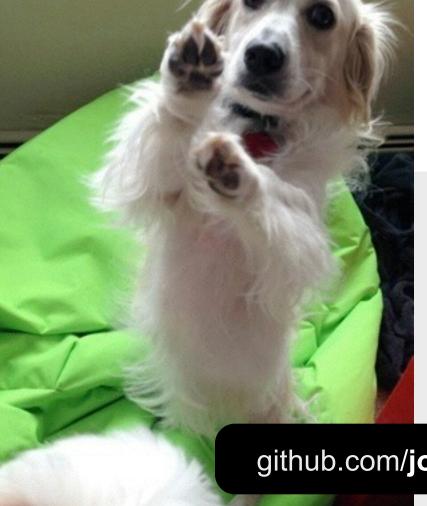
**Ben Hale's** talk on REST API design with Spring from SpringOne2GX 2012 @ http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wylViAqNiRA

#### My links:

github.com/joshlong/the-spring-rest-stack

slideshare.net/joshlong/rest-apis-with-spring

@starbuxman



#### @starbuxman

josh@joshlong.com slideshare.net/joshlong github.com/joshlong speakerdeck.com/joshlong

github.com/joshlong/the-spring-rest-stack