Approaches to DOM Traversal

THINKING BEYOND JQUERY

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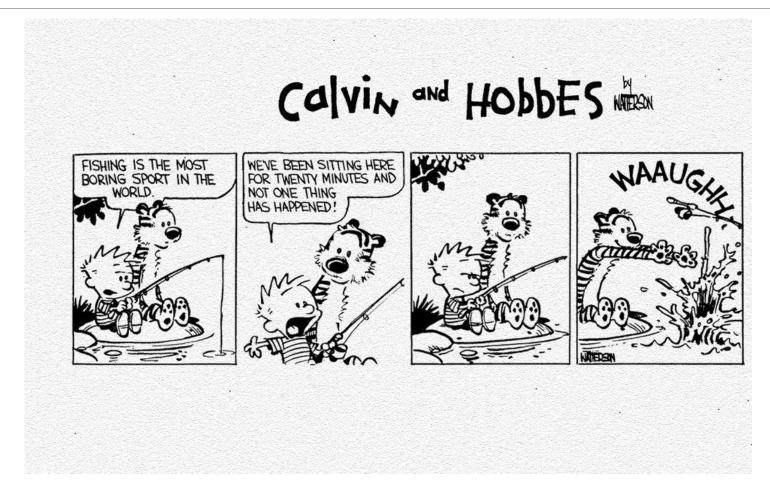
Who Am I?

Developer Content Manager at Telerik

Founder of Flippin' Awesome (http://flippinawesome.org)

@remotesynth on Twitter

Breaking the Routine



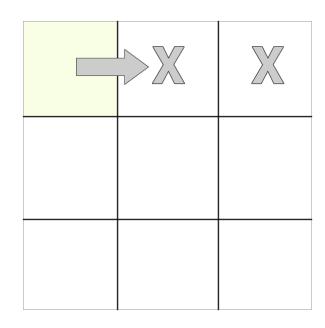


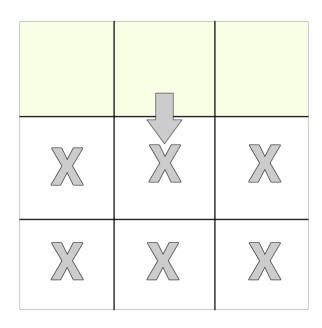
Start with selectors:

```
$("#item")
$(".fancybutton")
$("li:even")
$("ul:nth-child(3)")
```

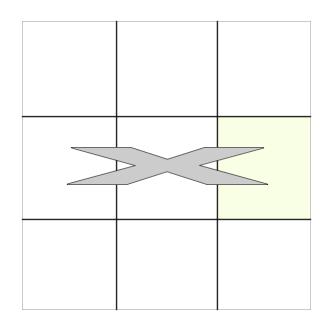
\$("#cell11").siblings()

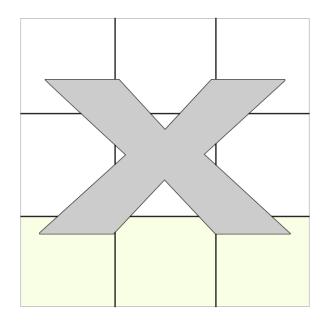
\$("#row1").siblings()

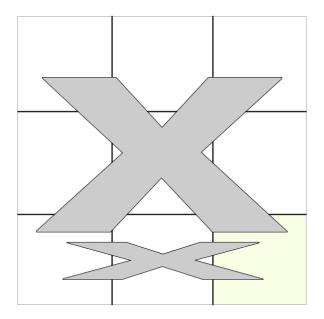


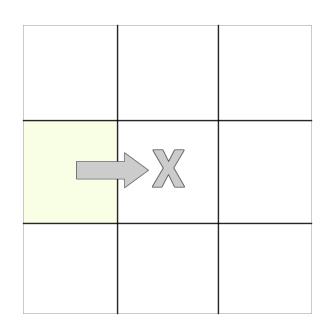


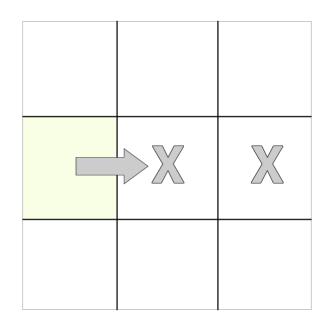
\$("#cell23").parent() \$("#row3").parent() \$("#cell33").parents()





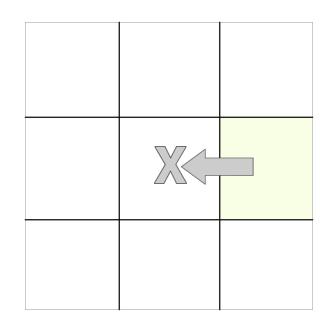


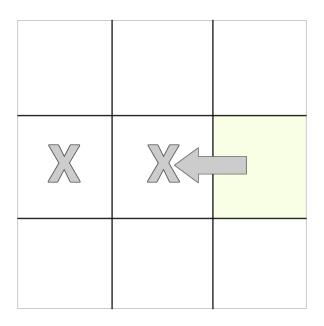


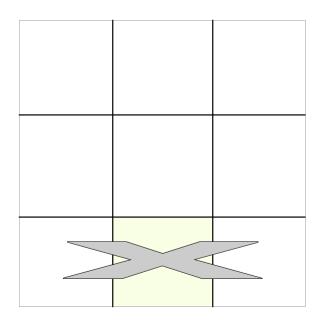


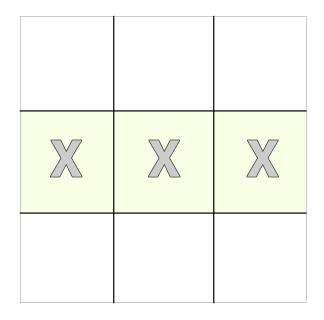
\$("#cell23").prev()

\$("#cell23"). prevAll()

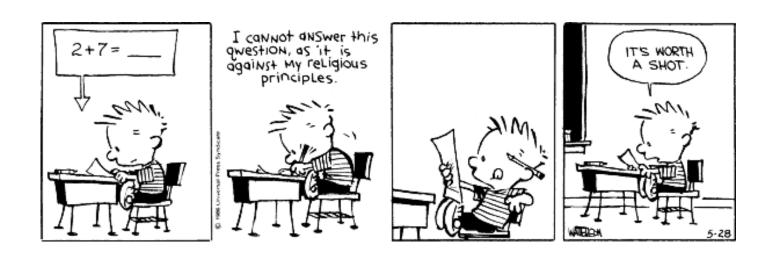








Do You Need jQuery?



You Might Not Need jQuery

YOU MIGHT NOT NEED JQUERY

jQuery and its cousins are great, and by all means use them if it makes it easier to develop your application.

If you're developing a library on the other hand, please take a moment to consider if you actually need jQuery as a dependency. Maybe you can include a few lines of utility code, and forgo the requirement. If you're only targeting more modern browsers, you might not need anything more than what the browser ships with.

At the very least, make sure you know what <u>jQuery is doing for you</u>, and what it's not. Some developers believe that jQuery is protecting us from a great demon of browser incompatibility when, in truth, post-IE8, browsers are pretty easy to deal with on their own.

Tweet "You might not need jQuery"

5,832

Star YouMightNotNeedjQuery on Github

3,076

Search...

What's the oldest version of IE you need to support?

8 9 10

http://youmightnotneedjquery.com/

I'm Not Hating on jQuery!





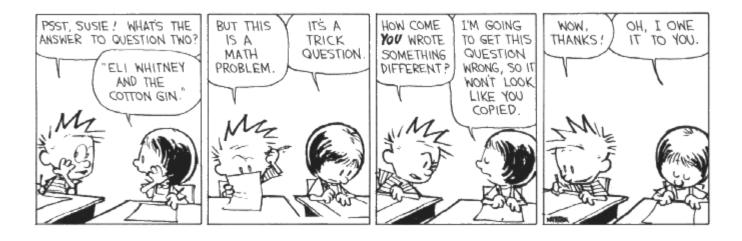




Start with selectors:

```
document.querySelector("#item")
document.querySelectorAll(".fancybutton")
...?
document.querySelectorAll("ul")[0].children[2]
```

That's Cheating!!!

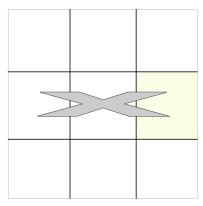


Some pseudo-selectors in jQuery are convenience methods:

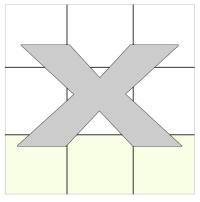
```
function selectEven(elems) {
   var i = 0, length = elems.length, matches = [];
   for (; i < length; i += 2) {
      matches.push(elems[i]);
   }
   return matches;
}
selectEven(document.querySelectorAll("li"));</pre>
```

```
function getSiblings(elem) {
    var i = 0, n = elem.parentNode.firstChild, matches = [];
    for ( ; n; n = n.nextSibling )
        if ( n.nodeType == 1 && n != elem)
           matches.push( n );
    return matches;
getSiblings(document.querySelector("#cell11"))
                                               getSiblings(document.querySelector("#row1"))
```

document.querySelector("#cell23").parentNode

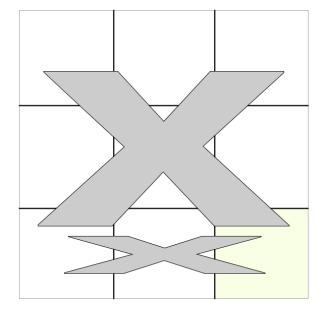


document.querySelector("#row3").parentNode



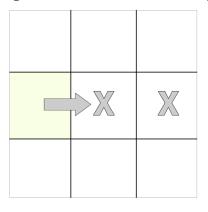
```
function getParents(elem) {
    var n = elem.parentNode; matches = [];
    for ( ; n; n = n.parentNode ) {
        if ( n.nodeType == 9) {
            return matches;
        else if (n.nodeType == 1)
            matches.push( n );
```

getParents(document.querySelector("#cell33"))

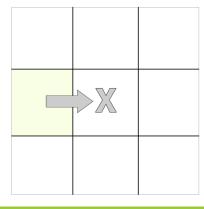


```
function getNext(elem,all) {
   var n = elem.nextSibling, matches = [];
   for (; n; n = n.nextSibling) {
      if (n.nodeType == 1) {
          matches.push(n);
          if (!all) return matches;
      }
   }
   return matches;
}
```

getNext(document.querySelector("#cell21"))

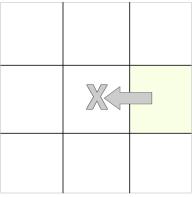


getNext(document.querySelector("#cell21"), true)

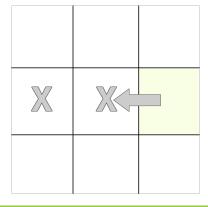


```
function getPrev(elem,all) {
   var n = elem.previousSibling, matches = [];
   for (; n; n = n.previousSibling) {
      if (n.nodeType == 1) {
         matches.push(n);
        if (!all) return matches;
      }
   }
   return matches;
}
```

getPrev(document.querySelector("#cell23"))



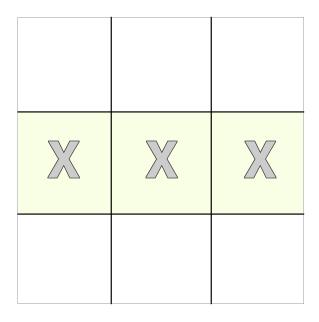
getPrev(document.querySelector("#cell23"),true)



```
function getClosest(elem, selector) {
   var n = elem, el;
   for ( ; n; n = n.parentNode ) {
        el = n;
        // browser compatibility for matchesSelector:
        // https://developer.mozilla.org/en-
US/docs/Web/API/Element.matches#Browser compatibility
        if ( n.webkitMatchesSelector(selector))
            return el;
```

getClosest(document.querySelector("#cell32"),".row");

document.querySelector("#row2").querySelectorAll(".cell")



You Might Need jQuery



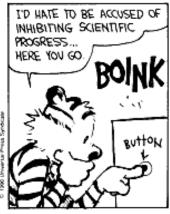
https://gist.github.com/rwaldron/8720084#file-reasons-md

You Might Need jQuery



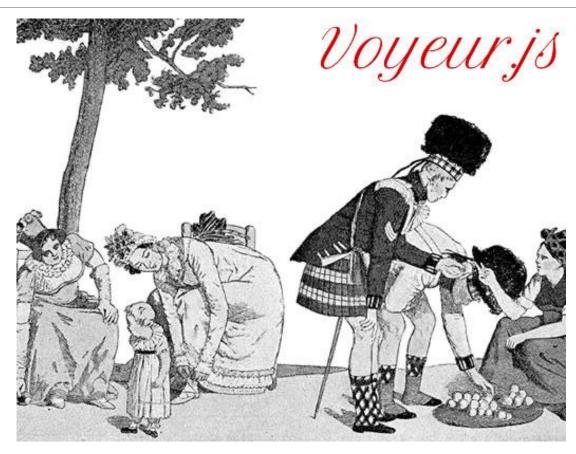
BROTHER! YOU DOUBTING
THOMASES GET IN THE WAY
OF MORE SCIENTIFIC ADVANCES WITH YOUR STUPID
ETHICAL GUESTIONS! THIS
IS A BRILLIANT IDEA! HIT
THE BUTTON, WILL YA?











http://flippinawesome.org/2013/07/22/dom-traversal-and-manipulation-with-voyeur/

11

The way I see it, I have two options.

1.Change the syntax. I feel the whole appeal of Voyeur is it's syntax. From the feedback I received, the ability to traverse the DOM like a Javascript object really seemed to resonate with developers so taking this option would defeat the purpose of Voyeur.

2. Freeze the project until the performance is acceptable.

This may seem like a cop out but I can see no other option that will allow Voyeur to maintain it's uniqueness. I'm not the only one who has noticed the Object.defineProperty performance so I think putting the project on a halt until the various engine's catch up and the performance of Voyeur is satisfactory is the right way to go.

I'm going to go with option 2. I have left a visible warning on the README. Voyeur can be used for trivial projects and in the console but it should never used in production, under any circumstances.

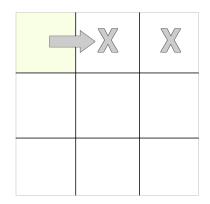


http://nbubna.github.io/HTML/

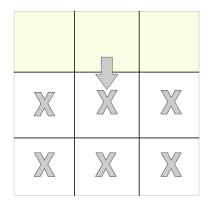
Start with selectors:

```
HTML.query("#item")
HTML.query(".fancybutton")
HTML.query("li").only(function(o,i) { return !(i%2); })
HTML.query("ul").only(2)
```

HTML.query("#row1").div.only(function(o,i){ if (!o.webkitMatchesSelector("#cell11")) return o; })

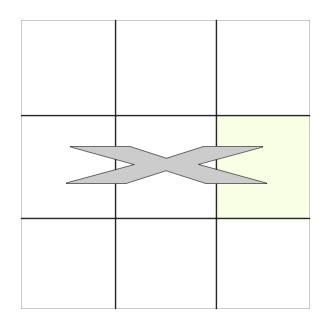


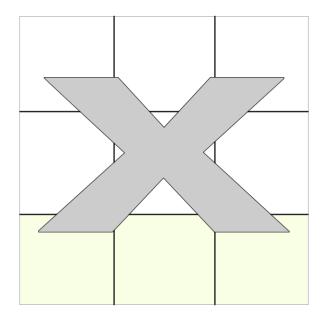
HTML.query(".board").div.only(function(o,i){ if (!o.webkitMatchesSelector("#row1")) return o; })



HTML.query("#cell23").parentNode

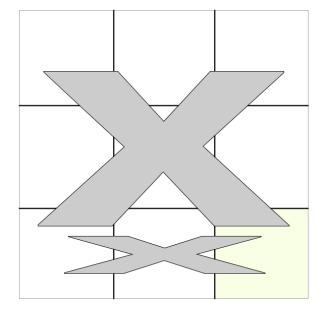




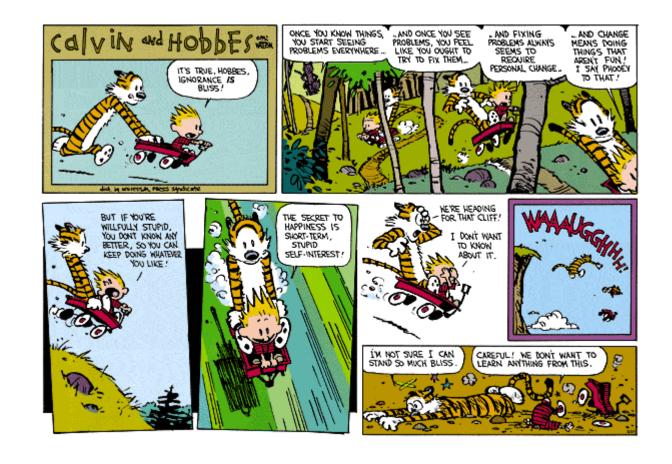


```
function getParents(elem) {
   var n = elem; matches = [];
    for ( ; n; n = n.parentNode ) {
       if ( n.nodeType == 9) {
            return matches;
        else if (n.nodeType == 1)
           matches.push( n );
```

getParents(HTML.query("#cell33"))



This Doesn't Seem Any Better!?!

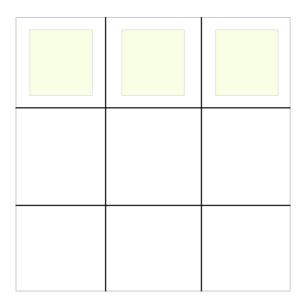


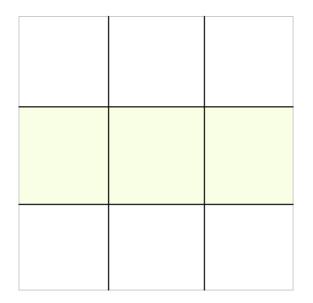
Chaining:

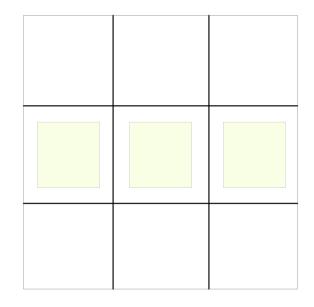
HTML.body.div.div.div

HTML.body.div.div.only(1)

HTML.body.div.div.only(1).query(".cell")

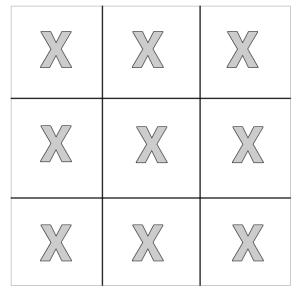






Each:

```
HTML.body.div.query(".cell").each(function(el, i, all) {
    el.textContent = "X";
});
```



Wrap-up

jQuery still offers the easiest and cleanest API for DOM traversal...

...however, jQuery might be more than you need.

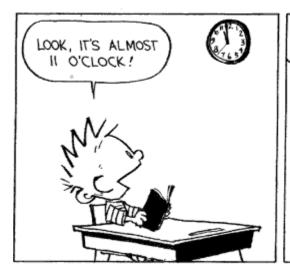
In many cases, you can replace 1 line of jQuery with 1 line of plain JavaScript...

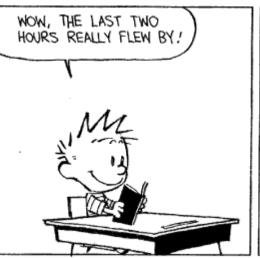
...however, it's not always so easy and you may end up rewriting a lot of methods.

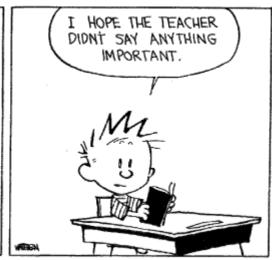
HTML.js offers a unique way to traverse the DOM that can feel intuitive in many cases...

...however, it's missing a lot of methods that you might need.

Questions?







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