

## Configure linux samba server step by step guide example and implementation

Most Linux systems are the part of networks that also run Windows systems. Using Linux **Samba servers**, your Linux and Windows systems can share directories and printers. This is most use full situation where your clients are window native and you want to use the linux security features.

**Exam question** There are mixed lots of System running on Linux and Windows OS. Some users are working on Windows Operating System. There is a **/data** directory on linux server should make available on windows to only vinita should have right to connect with samba server . Configure to make available.

### Configure samba server

In this example we will configure a **samba** server and will transfer files from client side. For this example we are using two systems one linux server one window clients.

per quest of samba server

- A linux server with ip address 192.168.0.254 and hostname Server
- A window client with ip address 192.168.0.2 and hostname Client2
- Updated /etc/hosts file on linux system
- Running portmap and xinetd services
- Firewall should be off on server

We have configured all these steps in our pervious article.

We suggest you to review that article before start configuration of samba server. Once you have completed the necessary steps follow this guide.

**samba** rpm is required to configure samba server. check them if not found then install

```
[root@Server ~]# rpm -qa samba*
samba-3.0.25b-0.el5.4
samba-common-3.0.25b-0.el5.4
samba-client-3.0.25b-0.el5.4
[root@Server ~]# _
```

Now check **smb**, **portmap**, **xinetd** service in system service it should be on

```
#setup Select System service from list [*]portmap [*]xinetd [*]smb
```

Now restart **xinetd** and **portmap** and **smb** service

```
[root@Server ~]# service portmap restart
Stopping portmap: [ OK ]
Starting portmap: [ OK ]
[root@Server ~]# service xinetd restart
Stopping xinetd: [ OK ]
Starting xinetd: [ OK ]
[root@Server ~]# _
```

To keep on these services after reboot on then via **chkconfig** command

```
[root@Server ~]# chkconfig portmap on
[root@Server ~]# chkconfig xinetd on
[root@Server ~]# _
```

After reboot verify their status. It must be in running condition

```
[root@Server ~]# service portmap status
portmap (pid 3430) is running...
[root@Server ~]# service xinetd status
xinetd (pid 3462) is running...
[root@Server ~]# _
```

Create a normal user named **vinita**

```
[root@Server backup]# useradd vinita
[root@Server backup]# passwd vinita
Changing password for user vinita.
New UNIX password:
BAD PASSWORD: it is WAY too short
Retype new UNIX password:
passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully.
[root@Server backup]#
```

now create **/data** directory and grant it **full permission**

```
[root@Server ~]# mkdir /data
[root@Server ~]# chmod 777 /data
[root@Server ~]# _
```

open **/etc/samba/smb.conf** main samba configuration files

```
[root@Server ~]# vi /etc/samba/smb.conf _
```

By default name of workgroup is **MYGROUP** in **smb.conf** file. you can change it with desire name

```
Hosts Allow/Hosts Deny lets you restrict who can
specifiy it as a per share option as well

workgroup = MYGROUP
server string = Samba Server Version %v
```

our task is to share **data** folder for **vinita** user so go in the end of file and do editing as shown here in this image

```
# Add this line to share
[data]
comment = personal share
path = /data
public = no
writable = yes
printable = no
browseable = yes
write list = vinita
```

save file with **:wq** and exit

Now add vinita user to **samba user**

```
[root@Server ~]# smbpasswd -a vinita
New SMB password:
Retype new SMB password:
[root@Server ~]# _
```

we have made necessary change now on **smb service** and check it status

```
[root@Server ~]# chkconfig smb on
[root@Server ~]# service smb start
Starting SMB services:
Starting NMB services:
[root@Server ~]# service smb status
smbd (pid 4332 4327) is running...
nmbd (pid 4330) is running...
[root@Server ~]# _
```

if you already have on this service then restart it with **service smb restart** commands.

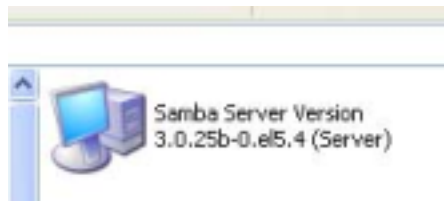
### Client configuration for samba server

Go on windows system and **ping** samba server, change computer name to **client2** and workgroup name to **MYGROUP**

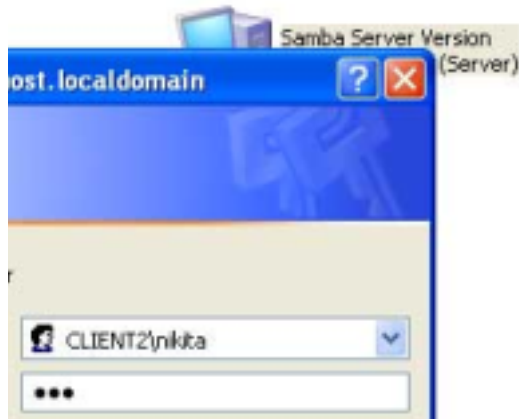


**reboot** system after changing workgroup name

After reboot open my network place here you can see **samba server** [ if not see then click on view workgroup computer in right pane, if still not see then use search button from tool bar and search computer samba server form ip ]



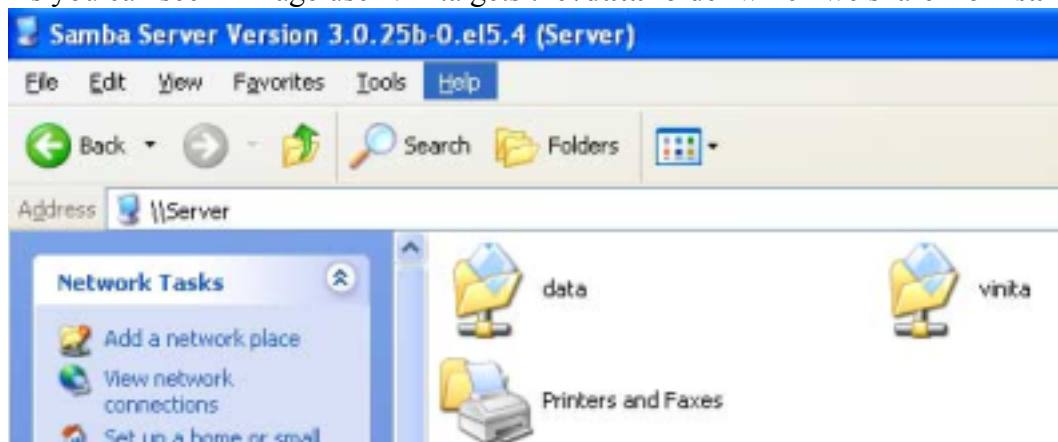
First try to login from user **nikita** she will not successes as nikita have not permission to login



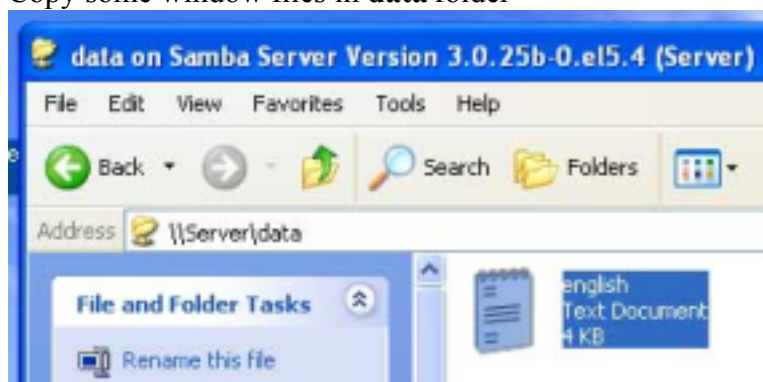
Now login from user **vinita** [ give the password which you set with **smbpasswd** command ]



As you can see in image user vinita gets the **/data** folder which we share from **samba server**



Copy some window files in **data** folder



## Check status on samba server

on **samba server** you can check runtime status of samba server to check it run **smstatus** command

```
[root@Server ~]# smbstatus

Samba version 3.0.25b-0.el5.4
PID      Username   Group      Machine
-----
 4728    vinita    vinita     client2    (192.168.0.49)

Service   pid        machine    Connected at
-----
data      4728       client2    Thu Feb 18 19:41:05 2010
IPC$      4728       client2    Thu Feb 18 19:48:56 2010

Locked files:
Pid      Uid        DenyMode   Access     R/W        Oplock      Share
Path     Name       Time
-----
4728     583        DENY_NONE  0x1000001  RDONLY     NONE        /data
.        Thu Feb 18 19:41:13 2010

[root@Server ~]# _
```

in output you see that one **samba shared directory** is used on window system

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