

Kubernetes Extension PointsWith Deep Dive into Custom Resource Definitions

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ARCHITECH

In 90 60 minutes...

- Quick overview of Kubernetes extensions points then focus on Custom Resource Definitions (CRDs) and Custom Controllers
- Deep dive into CRDs, the basis for "Operators"
 - Use-cases from the community
 - Prometheus Operator
 - Roll your own example to get the concept
 - Using Kubebuilder
 - Using Operator SDK

https://github.com/jungho/k8s-crds

https://github.com/jungho/k8s-bootcamp-ms



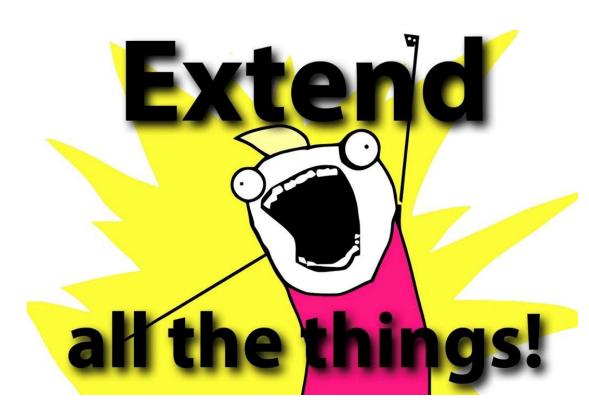
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GitHub: @jungho

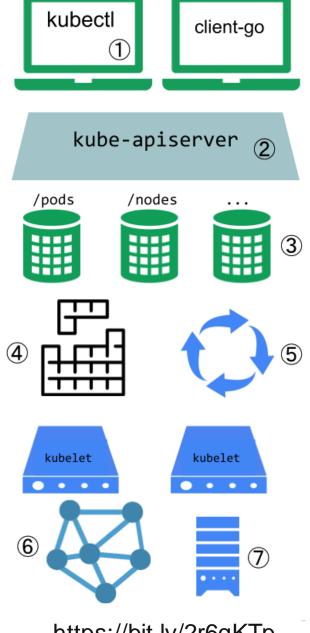
Desired Outcome

- Learn how extensible K8S can be
- Understand better the inner workings of Kubernetes
- Spark your imagination to leverage
 Kubernetes in more powerful ways
- Start your journey to becoming Kubernetes ninjas!



Kubernetes Extension Points

- K8S is incredibly extensible
- Designed with well-defined extension points to extend/customize the platform
 - Plugins for kubectl to add additional kubectl commands (you can't overwrite existing commands)
 - Authn/Authr, Webhooks, Admission Controllers, Dynamic Admission Control, API Aggregation
 - **Custom Resource Definitions**
 - Scheduler extensions. You can replace the default scheduler, use multiple schedulers, extend scheduler behaviours via webhooks
 - Controllers that reconciles current-state to desired state.
 - Network Plugins e.g. Container Network Interface (CNI) plugins such as Celium, Calico, Azure CNI
 - Storage Plugins e.g. Flex Volumes



https://bit.ly/2r6qKTp

Custom Resource Definitions

- Means to define new API resources to model your domain
- Can leverage kubectl, helm to work with your CRDs

```
apiVersion: apiextensions.k8s.io/v1beta1
kind: CustomResourceDefinition
metadata:
  #the name must be the plural form + api group
  name: websites.extensions.example.com
spec:
  # Can be namespaced or cluster scope
  scope: Namespaced
  #All resources have a version and are part of an api group
  group: extensions.example.com
  version: v1
  # The names of the resource when using kubectl
  names:
    kind: Website
    singular: website
    plural: websites
    shortNames: ['ws']
```

apiVersion: extensions.example.com/v1
kind: Website
metadata:
 name: kubia
spec:
 gitRepo: https://github.com/luksa/kubia-website-example.git

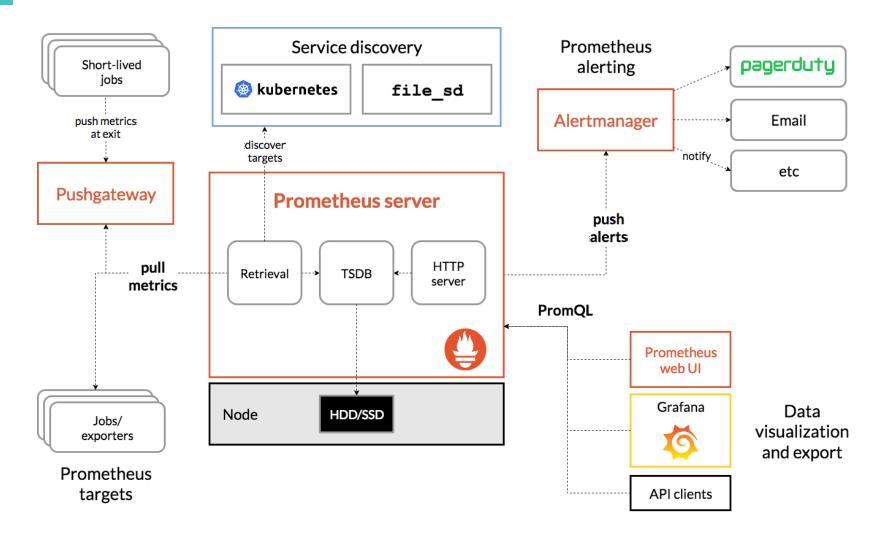


The CRD

Custom Controllers

- CRDs alone don't do anything
- Something needs to consume instances of a CRD and take action, that is the Controller
- In simple terms, a controller is responsible for:
 - Watching for specific resource types e.g. Website
 - Reconciling the desired state, and doing so continuously (this is what makes K8S so resilient!!)

Prometheus



Operators

















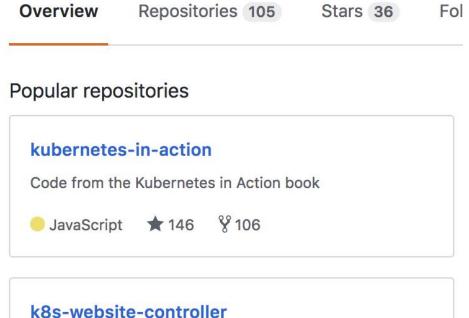
etcd

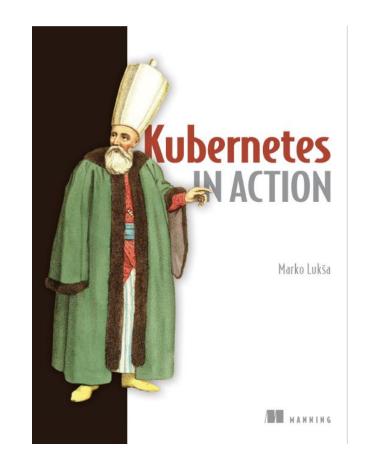
First CRD Example.... Thank You Lukša!



Marko Lukša luksa

Software engineer at Red Hat. Author of Kubernetes in Action.





● Go ★ 11 ¥ 2

A barely working example of a Kubernetes controller

Kubebuilder

- Part of the apimachinery SIG (Special Interest Group)
 - https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs
- GA version v1.0.5, so stable
- Excellent documentation at https://book.kubebuilder.io/
- Provides scaffolding to quickly get started including:
 - Generate CRD, CRD instance, webhooks
 - Golang code for Controller, Manager, CRD Types, Reconciler, tests
 - Deployment manifests
 - RBAC manifests
 - Makefile to build, test, deploy your CRD and custom controller
 - Annotations to generate CRDs OpenAPI v3 schema validation to generate RBAC Roles



Kubebuilder Workflow

#Must run within \$GOPATH

kubebuilder init --domain architech.ca --owner "Jungho Kim"

#You will be asked the following, answer 'y'.

Run `dep ensure` to fetch dependencies (Recommended) [y/n]?

#Now create a new API resource and Controller
#answer 'y' to both Resource and Controller

kubebuilder create api --group example --version v1beta1 --kind Website

Kubebuilder Workflow

#Modify the generated yaml and golang code then to run locally make test make install make run kubectl create -f config/samples #Deploy our CRD instance

#To deploy the controller to K8S

```
export IMG=architechbootcamp/website-kubebuilder-controller:1.0.0
Make docker-build
Make docker-deploy
kubectl create -f config/samples
```

Operator SDK

- Created by the CoreOS team that coined "Operator"
- Still "alpha" but used for many published operators
- Supports both golang and Ansible implementations
- Leverages controller-runtime package which is a sub-project of kubebuilder
- Excellent documentation here https://bit.ly/2U8RXCt
- Provides scaffolding to quickly get started including:
 - Generate CRD, CRD instance
 - Golang code for Controller, Manager, CRD Types, Reconciler
 - Deployment manifests
 - RBAC manifests
- Does not provide a nice Makefile to help with workflow so you need to write some scripts



Operator SDK Workflow

#Create new project, will generate website-operator-sdk directory
operator-sdk new website-operator-sdk --skip-git-init

#Create API, will generate types and deployment yaml files operator-sdk add api

- --api-version=example.architech.ca/v1beta1
- --kind=Website

#Add a controller

operator-sdk add controller

- --api-version=example.architech.ca/v1beta1
- --kind=Website

Operator SDK Workflow

```
#Modify the generated go code and yaml files.

#Execute within the website-operator-sdk directory

operator-sdk build $image
```

#Create API, will generate types and deployment yaml files
kubectl create -f ./deploy/crds/example v1beta1 website crd.yaml

#To run the controller locally

export OPERATOR_NAME="\$operatorName"
operator-sdk up local --namespace "\$default"

Which One?

- Kubebuilder for workflow and general stability
- It also supports creating custom Webhooks and Admission Controllers
- Operator-SDK if you want to implement your Controllers using Ansible
- If you cannot use Golang, then there is also MetaController which allows you to use the programming language of your choice. https://metacontroller.app/

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Hugh Cumming, Chief Technology Officer, Finastra (\$2B+ fintech)

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