

# A Tale of Two Cities: What We've Learned About WFH

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Hi!



Nicole Forsgren  
I drink Diet Coke and ask questions  
@nicolefv

*Charles Dickens' "A Tale of Two Cities" begins, "It was the best of times, it was the worst of times."*


*Adapting Dickens' line to leading an engineering team during the global pandemic, I'd say "**We're doing very well, we're barely hanging in there.**"*

— Shane O'Flynn



# Here's what we'll talk about today

- What the data shows about DOING work
- Is working from home better or worse?
- What we knew about WFH before COVID-19
- Resilience and burnout
- Making tech and work sustainable
- Preparing for the future



# Shout outs and thanks for the research in this talk

## **Global: developer activity, timing of work, and collaboration**

- GitHub Octoverse Spotlight team: Greg Ceccarelli, Anna Filippova, Taylor Holland, Derek Jedamski, Scot Kelly, Rowan Wing

## **One company: developer activity and productivity**

- Microsoft 365 blog: Jared Spataro

## **One company: developer perception**

- MSR SAINTes team: Denae Ford, Margaret-Anne Storey, Christian Bird, Sonia Jaffe, Chandra Maddila, Brian Houck, Nachiappan Nagappan
- Jenna Butler, MSR SAINTes



# So what?

1. Identify the what
2. Understand the what
3. Identify and understand the why(s)
4. Get more detail and nuance

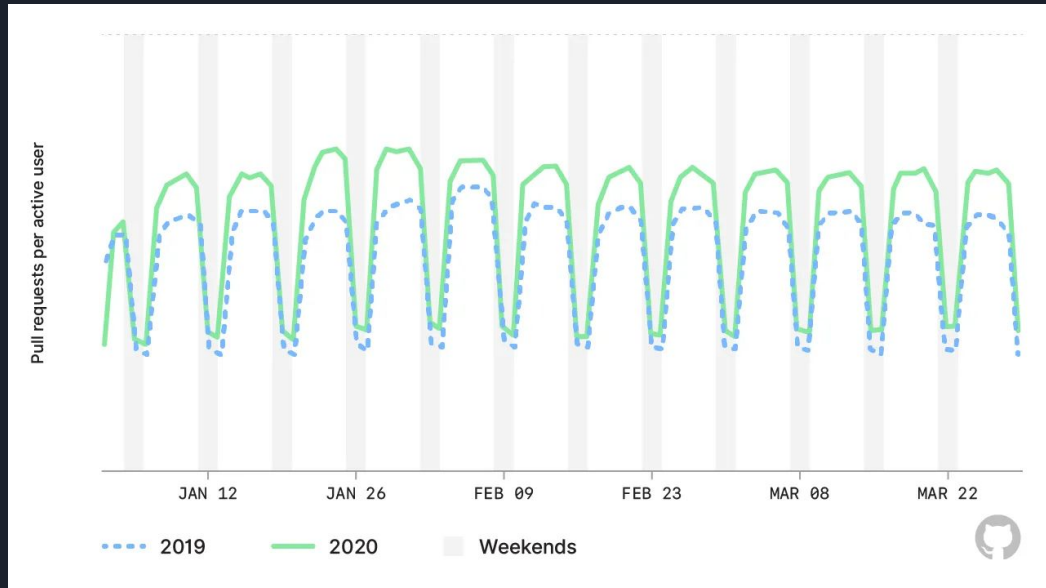
# What the data says: Getting work done

→ No *observed* COVID-19 effect

## Consistent growth year over year

Pull requests per active user  
GitHub

No observed effect  
*is an observation, however,  
given the circumstances*



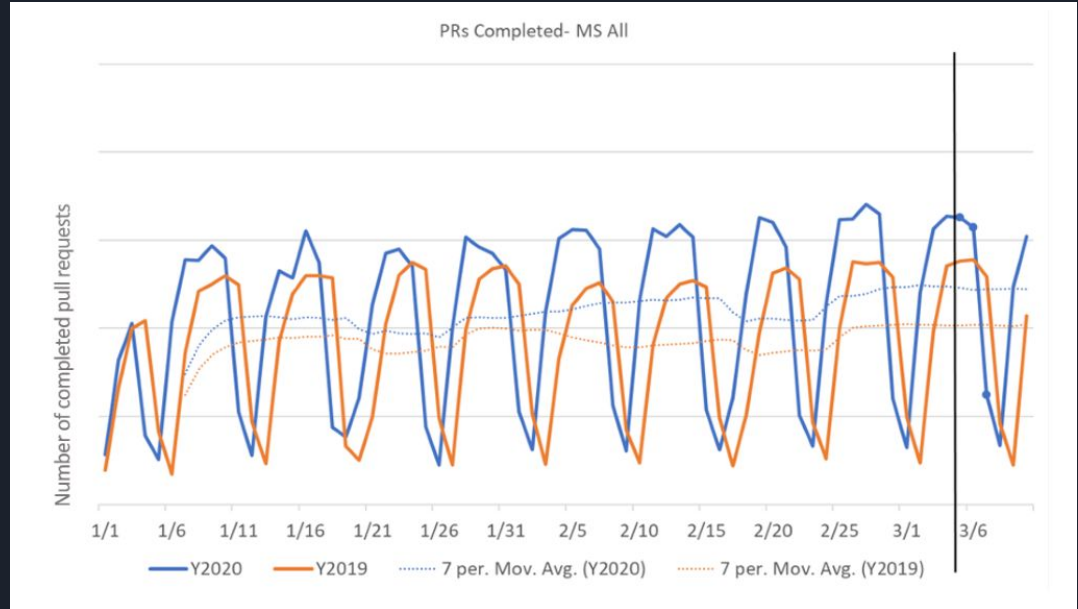
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## Consistent growth year over year

# Pull requests completed  
Microsoft

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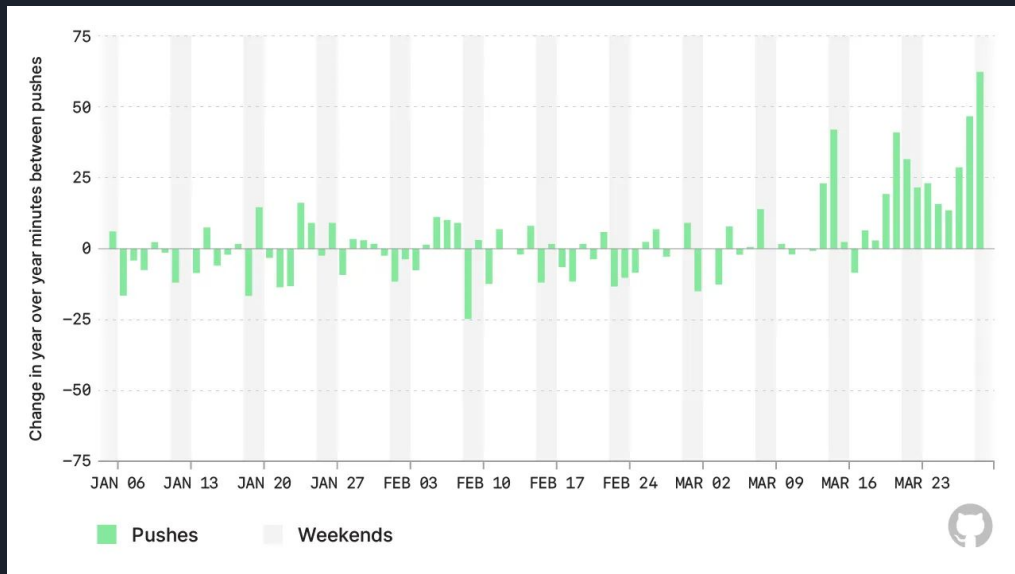




# What the data says: Timing of work → COVID-19 effect

## Days get longer starting in March

Work day (first to last push)  
GitHub  
US Pacific time zone

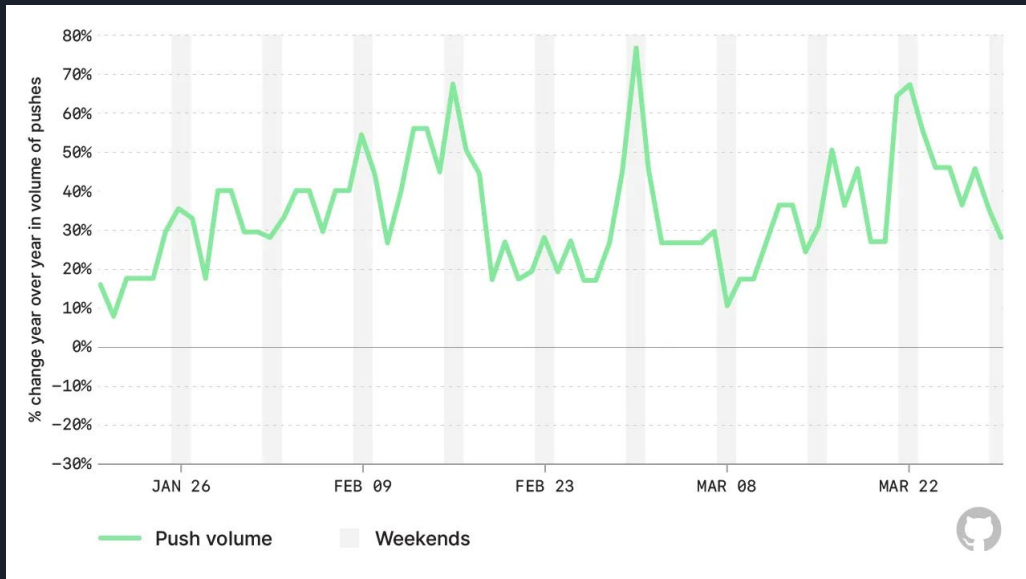


# What the data says: Volume of work → COVID-19 effect

## Longer days are accompanied by higher volume

Volume of pushes  
GitHub  
US Pacific time zone

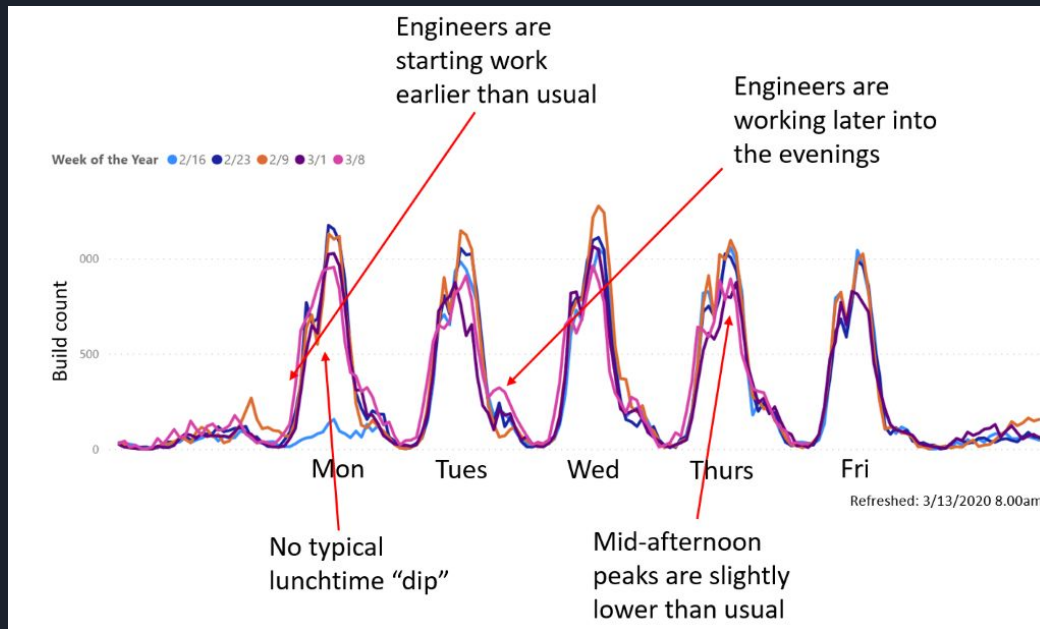
**This tells us:** Longer days aren't just people spreading out their work; they're also working more.



# What the data says: Timing of work → COVID-19 effect

Days are longer and “fuller”

Work day (first to last activity)  
Builds per engineer per hour  
Microsoft



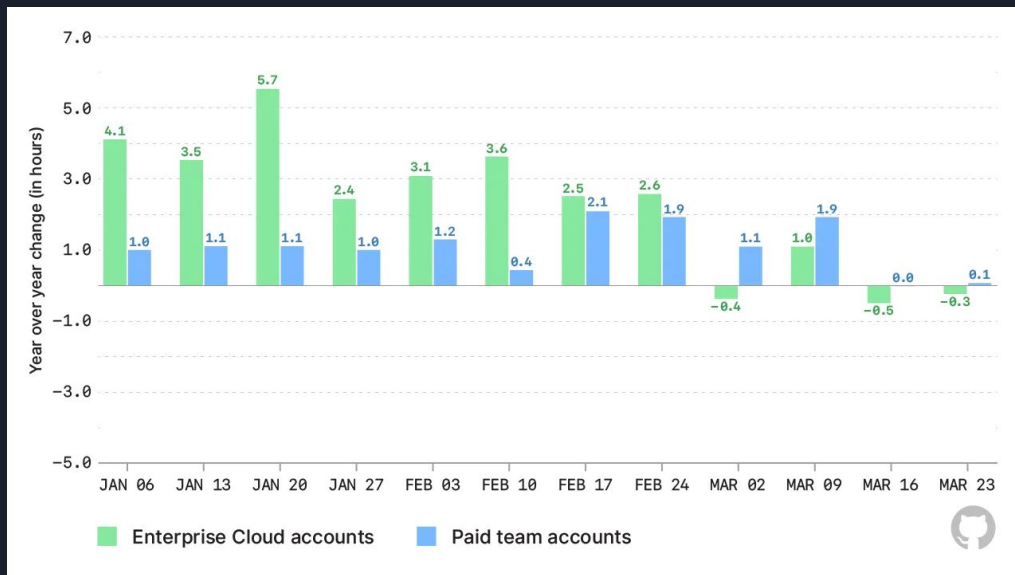
# What the data says: Collaboration

## → COVID-19 effect

### Time to merge pull requests decreased

Time to merge pull requests  
GitHub

People are at their screens and  
more responsive to PRs.



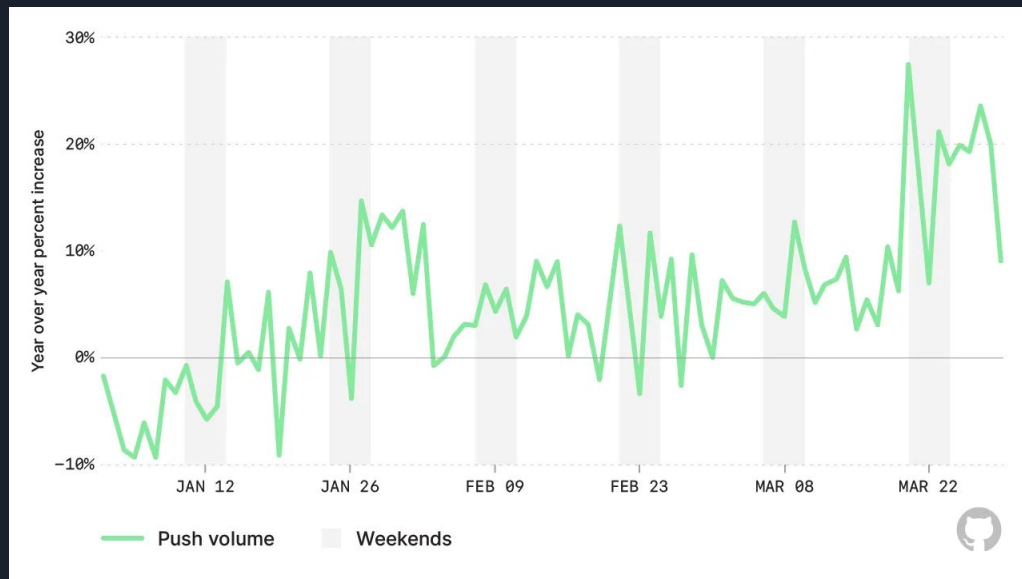
# What the data says: Open source

## → COVID-19 effect

### Open source project creation *increases*

OSS project creation year over year  
GitHub

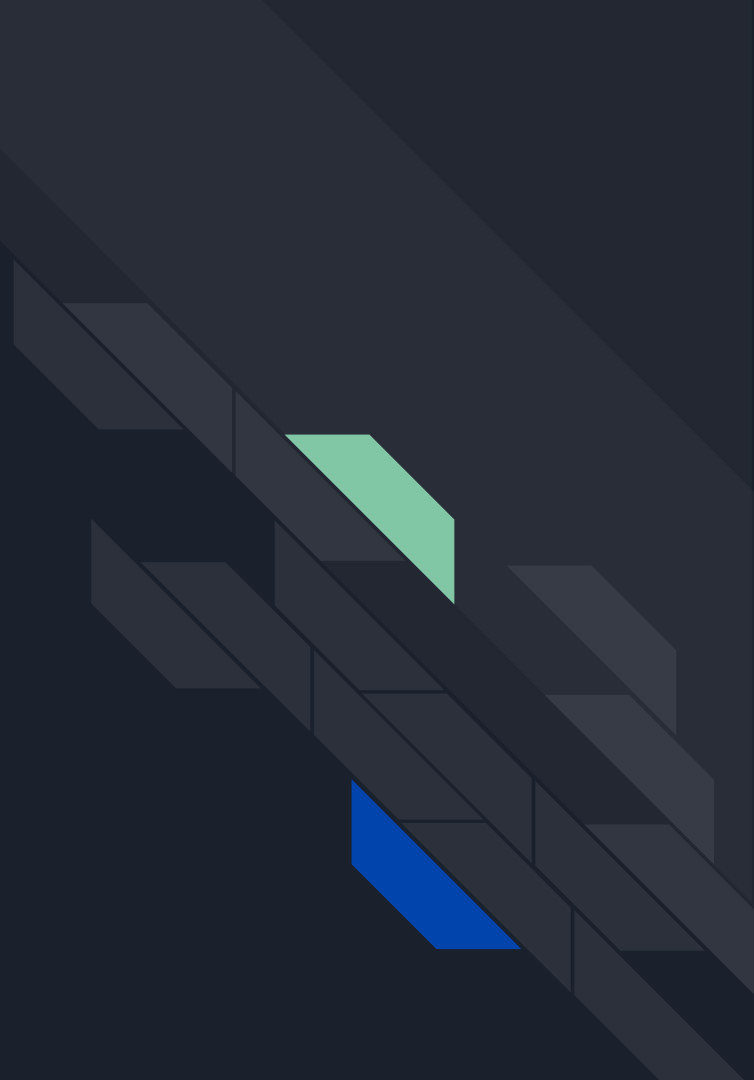
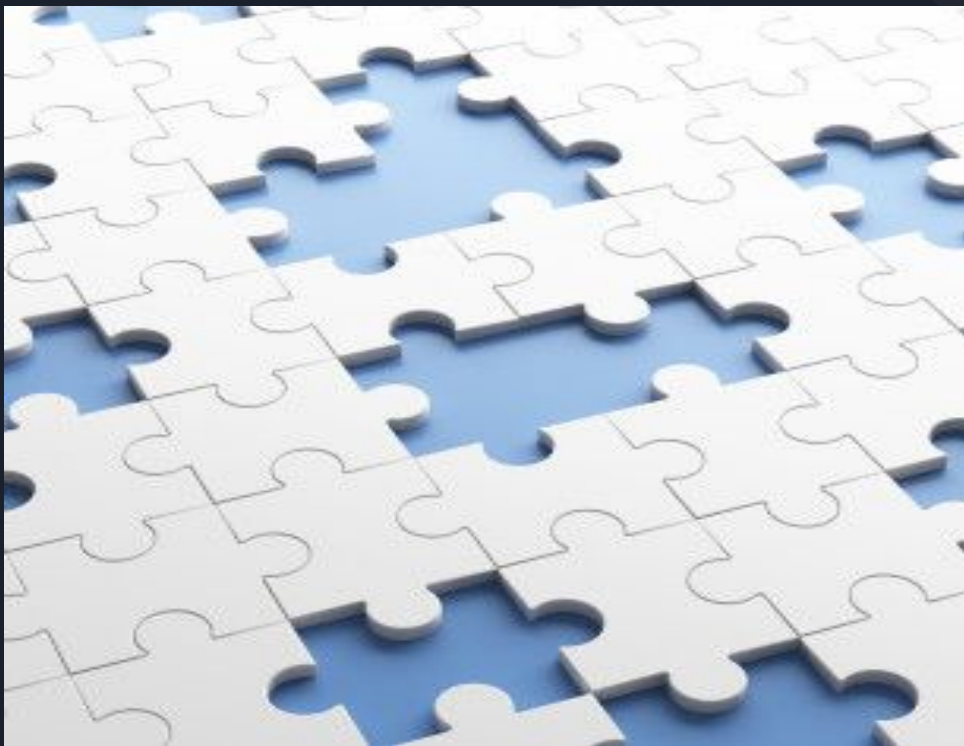
We also see more engagement  
on the weekends with open source,  
education, and personal projects.





Is working from home  
better or worse?









# What developers say: Productivity

## It depends

- For most, productivity had not changed or had improved (62% - 68%)
- However, many less productive (32% - 38%)
  - For those that were less productive, that lack of productivity decreased over time (38% to 30%), suggesting they found ways to accommodate

**Productivity is individual.**

People are affected differently, based on work styles, and the challenges and benefits they face



# What developers say: The **good** about WFH

- Less time on commute
- Spending less money
- Flexible work hours
- Closer to family
- More comfortable clothing
- Reduced health risks
- Better focus time
- Less distractions or interruptions
- More time to complete work
- More breaks
- Better work life balance
- Better work environment
- More efficient meetings
- More control over work
- More physical activity



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Significant impact on productivity



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  - **More control over work**
  - **More physical activity**
  - **Less time on commute *and* More time to complete work**

Significant impact on productivity

Strongest impact on productivity



# What developers say: The **bad** about WFH

- Missing social interactions
- Lack of work-life boundary
- Poor ergonomics
- Less awareness of colleagues work
- Less physical activity
- Difficult to communicate with colleagues
- Insufficient hardware
- Connectivity problems
- Poor work life balance
- Too many meetings
- More distractions or interruptions
- Lack of a routine
- Fewer breaks
- Friction with collaboration tools
- Lack of motivation
- Blocked waiting on others
- Poor home work environment
- Lack of dining options
- Lack of childcare
- Less time to complete work



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Significant impact on productivity

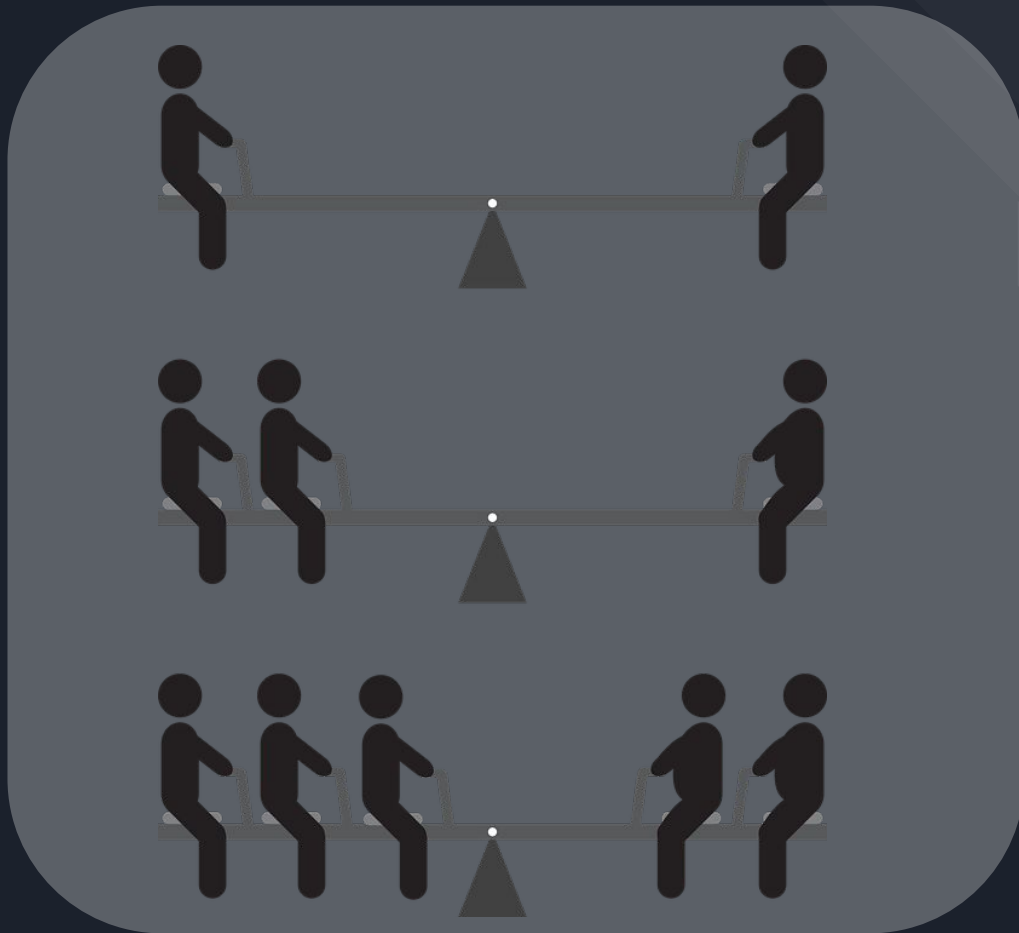
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2008.11147.pdf>



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- **Lack of childcare**
- **Less time to complete work**
- **Lack of childcare and Less time to complete work**

Significant impact on productivity  
Strongest impact on productivity







# WFH *before* COVID-19

The Good	The Bad	The Worrisome
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Improved productivity</li><li>• Better punctuality</li><li>• Less attrition</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fewer promotions</li><li>• Workplace stress can compound for those with young children</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fewer breaks</li><li>• Longer workdays</li></ul>

## Key success factors:

- suitable working conditions at home
- efficient communication with coworkers
- supervisor trust and support



# Daily gratitudes

**47%**

daily gratitude reflection  
positively impacted  
well-being

**Flexibility &  
time with family**

are bright spots

**Resources for  
mental health**

are important



# Daily challenges

## **Coping with WFH is elusive for some**

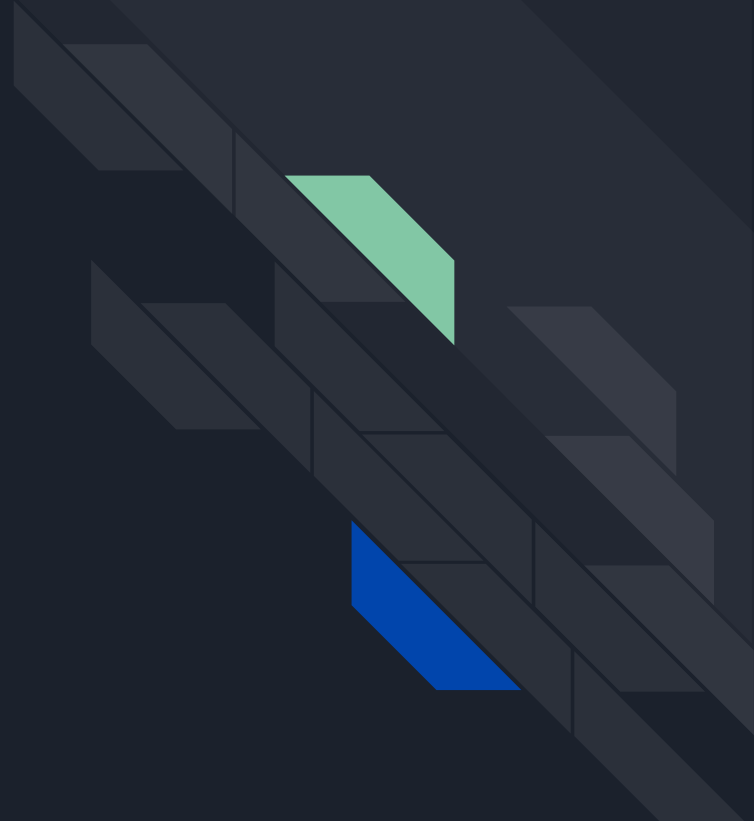
41% report no  
improvement, 61% report  
improvements

## **Feeling overworked, and lacking motivation & focus**

are continued themes

## **Physical & mental health**

are a struggle,  
and getting worse





# Grinding is no longer an answer

Tech and startup culture have long celebrated “heros” and “grinding” where hustling and pushing thru are a badge of pride.

But...

- This is not sustainable
- It exacts costs on people, teams, families, communities
- We suffer from survivor, confirmation, availability biases and don't realize how often people grind and then burn out with *nothing* to show for it

The pandemic has now signed *everyone* up for a grand experiment in grinding.



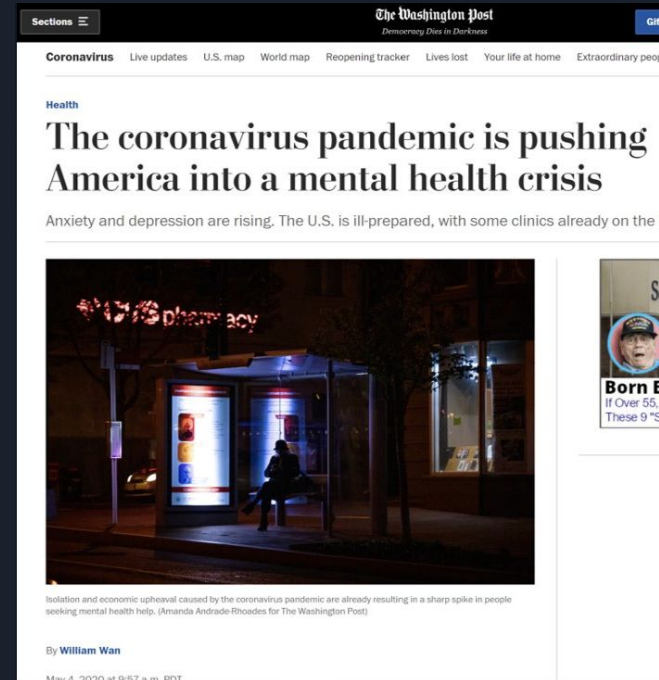
# The world has changed

## We are living through the worst:

Pandemic in **100 years**      Economy in **80 years**      Civil unrest in **50 years**

Add stresses of isolation and child/  
eldercare, and we're seeing a true  
mental health crisis

## We need to plan for long-lasting impacts



Making tech  
sustainable





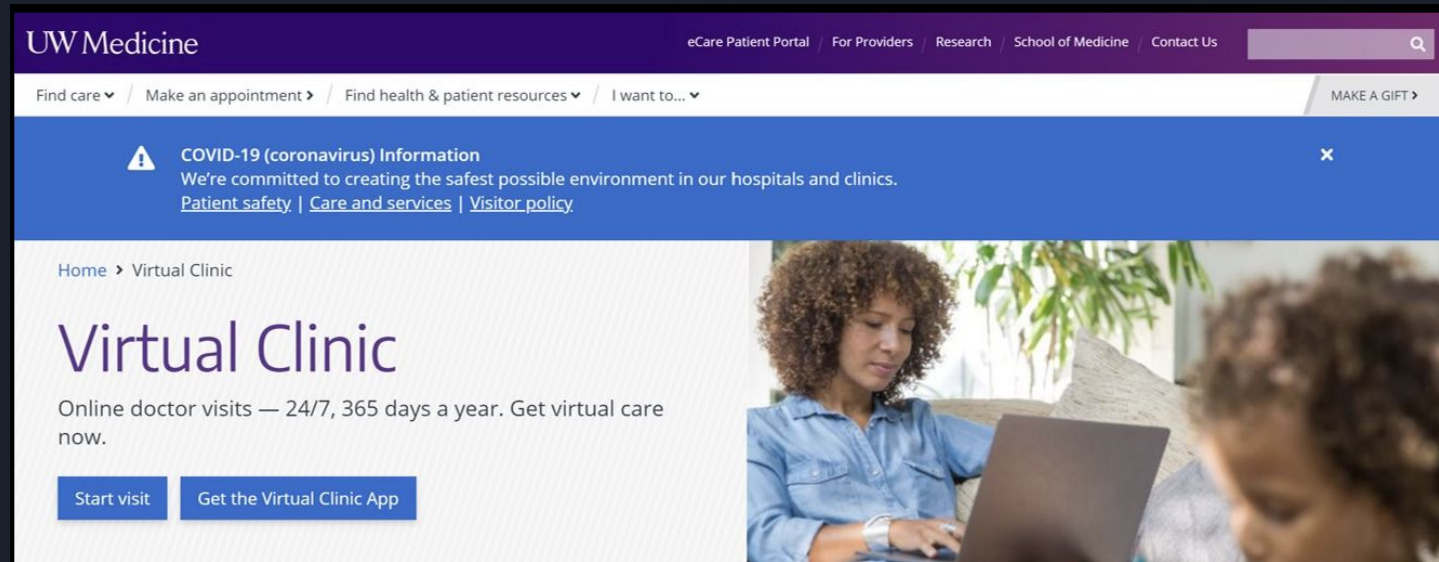
# Embrace DevOps principles

- Leverage automation
  - Scale with the cloud
  - Secure our work
  - Innovate to meet our customers' changing needs
  - Build and foster our culture
- 



# What's not possible becomes possible

- Organizations around the world pushed to remote services and embraced alternate models to deliver work
- What was once “not possible” or “too highly regulated” became possible overnight



Making work  
sustainable





# Change how we think about things

- We need to think about **resources for people hit hardest**
  - People who need childcare, and especially women
  - Isolated workers, especially those without networks (like juniors)
- We need to think about **mental health** like we do our tech
  - Plan for it, invest in it, think long-term
  - Have a multi-pronged approach
- We need more **resources for managers**
  - Many of our solutions have focused on the IC, and managers are bearing the brunt
- We need to think **personal first**, then scale to global solutions
  - Productivity is personal
  - Working from home is personal



# Prepare for the future

## Learning from those who have returned: a case study from Microsoft China

- The new “night shift” is more common
- Workweeks continue to be longer (~90 min on average)
  - Much of this is due to meetings, and managers take a hit
- Managers shifted to more 1:1 time during WFH, and this trend continues
  - This has positive effects on team well-being
- There are strong networks even through disruptions
- IMs increased during WFH, and stayed up when workers shifted back to the office
  - Workers spent up to 50% more time chatting to maintain connections
- Video and voice calls have fluctuated since the return to work



# Preparing for the future

- **Things have changed and they *won't go back***
  - Frames of reference have changed and priorities have changed
  - Who are you as a company?
- **What does work *look like*?**
  - Where will you work? When will it happen?
  - How will you build strong ties?
  - What does culture really mean? How do you foster new norms when the old ways are gone?
- **How do we support our employees and teams *now*?**
  - Support computing as making & creative work. If you don't allow moonlighting, consider it.
  - Acknowledge that mental health and wellness is a concern for *everyone*
  - Support people for whom childcare is a concern, and particularly women
  - Support managers who are shouldering two burdens



## TL;DR

- What the data shows: we're doing more, longer
- What people tell us: it's a mixed bag
- What we knew about WFH before COVID-19
- Resilience and burnout
- Making tech and work sustainable
- Preparing for the future



# TL;DR

- What the data shows: we're doing more, faster
- What people tell us: it's a mixed bag
- What we knew about WFH before COVID-19
- Resilience and burnout
- Making tech sustainable
- Preparing for the future

## **Stay tuned!**

Octoverse Report is coming soon, with updates on Developer Productivity and so much more

# My request:

What are your biggest questions about productivity and well-being?

How are you currently approaching them in your organization?



Thank you!



# Appendix





# Citations and papers

- GitHub Octoverse Spotlight: <https://bit.ly/gh-covid19>
- Developer activity at Microsoft:  
<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/blog/2020/03/20/helping-developers-stay-productive-working-remotely/>
- SAINTes team: A Tale of Two Cities: Software Developers Working from Home During the COVID-19 Pandemic:  
<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2008.11147.pdf>
- Jenna Butler and Sonia Jaffe: Challenges and Gratitude: A Diary Study of Software Engineers Working From Home During Covid-19 Pandemic  
<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/publication/challenges-and-gratitude-a-diary-study-of-software-engineers-working-from-home-during-covid-19-pandemic/>
- Shepherd-Banigan, M., Bell, J. F., Basu, A., Booth-LaForce, C., & Harris, J. R. (2016). Workplace stress and working from home influence depressive symptoms among employed women with young children. International journal of behavioral medicine, 23(1), 102-111.
- Nakrošienė, A., Bučiūnienė, I., & Goštautaitė, B. (2019). Working from home: characteristics and outcomes of telework. International Journal of Manpower.
- Bloom, N., Liang, J., Roberts, J., & Ying, Z. J. (2015). Does working from home work? Evidence from a Chinese experiment. The Quarterly Journal of Economics, 130(1), 165-218.
- Lessons from China: A return to the office, but not in the old way:  
<https://insights.office.com/workplace-analytics/lessons-from-china-a-return-to-the-office-but-not-to-the-old-way-of-working/>