

# Shifting Left on Production Excellence with Observability

DevOps Enterprise Summit  
October 5-7, 2021



featuring illustrations  
by @emilywithcurls!

# Your business wants to move faster



# Velocity requires tight feedback loops



# We need to shift production left.





# Liz Fong-Jones

Principal Developer Advocate at Honeycomb.io

[lizthegrey.com](https://lizthegrey.com)

@lizthegrey



# Shelby Spees

Site Reliability Engineer at Equinix Metal

[spees.dev](https://spees.dev)

@shelbyspees

# We've come a long way



**Changes approved**  
1 approving review [Learn more.](#) [Show all reviewers](#)

**1 approval**

**1 pending reviewer**

**All checks have passed**  
1 successful check [Hide all checks](#)

**build-hound** Successful in 7m — Workflow: build-hound [Details](#)

**This branch has no conflicts with the base branch**  
Merging can be performed automatically.

Squash and merge

 You can also open [this in GitHub Desktop](#) or view [command line instructions](#).

```
21 # and private subnet for that list index,
22 # then create an EIP and attach a nat_gateway for each one. and an aws route
23 # table should be created for each private subnet, and add the correct nat_gw
24
25 resource "aws_subnet" "private" {
26   vpc_id            = aws_vpc.mod.id
27   cidr_block        = var.private_ranges[count.index]
28   availability_zone = var.azs[count.index]
29   count             = length(var.private_ranges)
30   tags = {
31     Name = "${var.env}_private_${count.index}"
32   }
33 }
34
35 resource "aws_subnet" "public" {
36   vpc_id            = aws_vpc.mod.id
37   cidr_block        = var.public_ranges[count.index]
38   availability_zone = var.azs[count.index]
39   count             = length(var.public_ranges)
40   tags = {
41     Name = "${var.env}_public_${count.index}"
42   }
43   map_public_ip_on_launch = true
44 }
45
46 # refactor to take all the route {} sections out of routing tables,
47 # and turn them into associated aws_route resources
48 # so we can add vpc peering routes from specific environments.
49 resource "aws_route_table" "public" {
50   vpc_id = aws_vpc.mod.id
51   tags = {
52     Name = "${var.env}_public_subnet_route_table"
```

# What's the next step?



# Should developers be on-call?

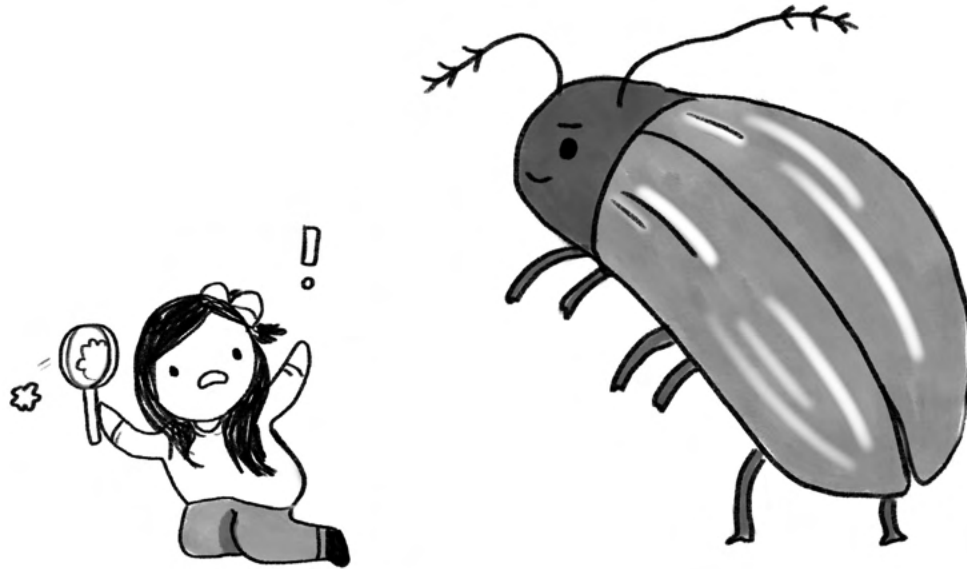




# Production is increasingly complex



# Production feels intimidating



# Traditional tools are inscrutable

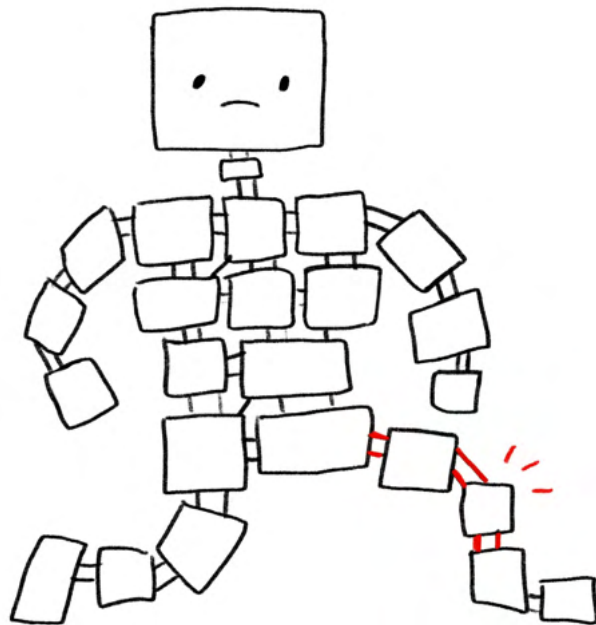


# Prod is always encountering new issues

## emergent failure modes

small, unrelated failures cascading together to degrade or take down a system

see also: [how.complexsystems.fail](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uj1kG1u1U10)

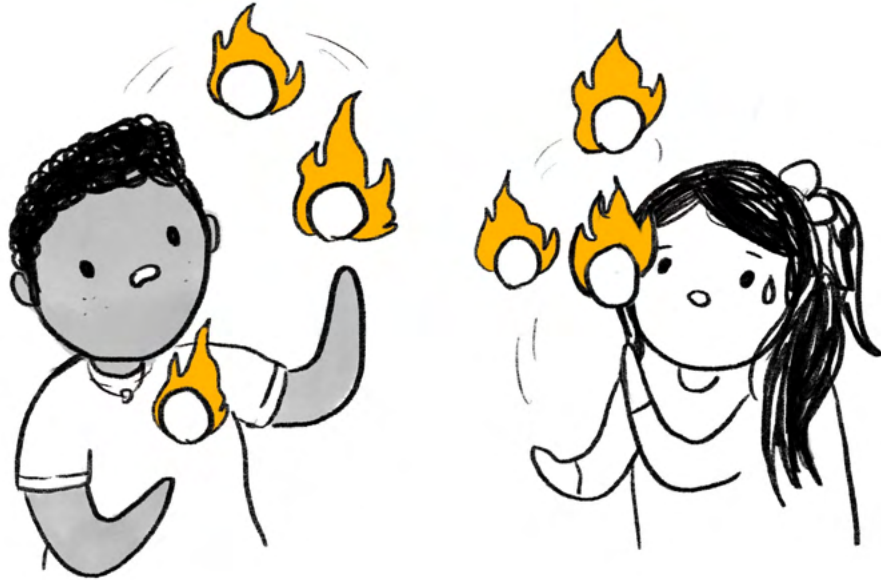


# 42%

of developer time is spent dealing with  
bad code and tech debt

Source: [The Developer Coefficient, Stripe, 2018](#)

# Teams can't make forward progress



# Our heroes are exhausted



**We shouldn't stop here**



# All teams need production excellence



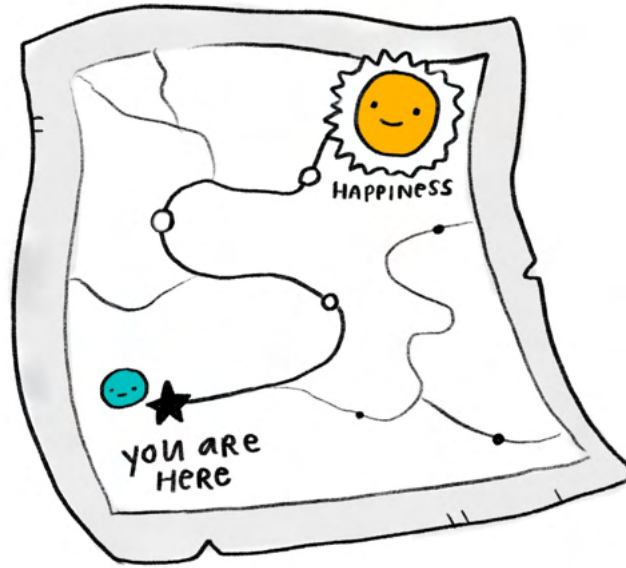
# Can't we just buy it?



# Invest in people, culture, and process



# Production Excellence is Business Excellence

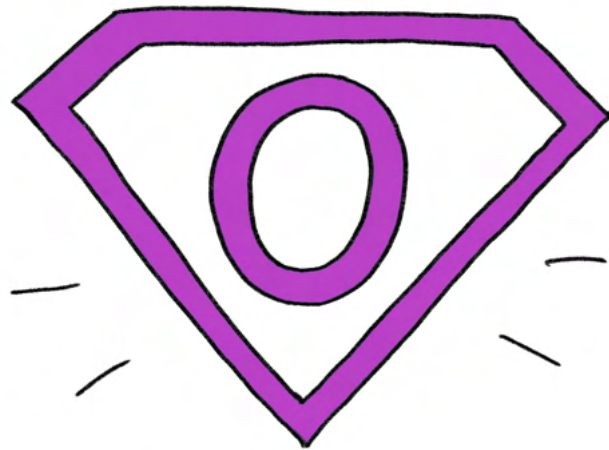


# Start with observability

# What is observability?

The ability to inspect and understand a system's internal state using the telemetry data it's already outputting.

(Even if your system is in a state you didn't know was possible!)



# Hard-to-debug problems

## **Distributed Systems**

small change causing downstream effects?

## **Poor Performance**

what is worth optimizing?

## **Subset of Traffic**

only some users are complaining?

## **Regulatory Requirements**

can't touch the box because of SOX?



# Observability finds answers.

## **Distributed Systems**

Not a problem, we have traces.

## **Poor Performance**

Identify the bottleneck.

## **Subset of Traffic**

Slice and dice with ad-hoc queries.

## **Regulatory Requirements**

Read-only access.

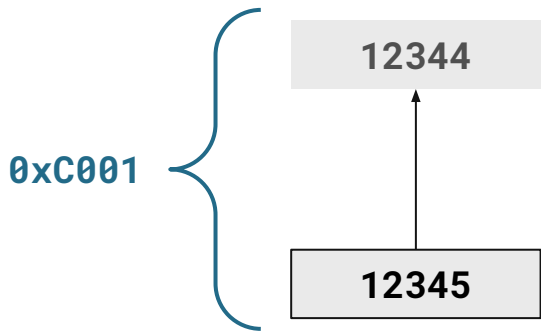


# Example event

```
event = {  
  "duration_ms" = 1198,  
  "request.id" = 12345,  
  "request.method" = "GET",  
  "request.path" = "/search",  
  "request.query_string" = "category=decor&price<=50",  
  "response.status_code" = 200  
}
```

# Example event

```
event = {  
  "trace_id" = 0xC001,  
  "span_id" = 12345,  
  "parent_id" = 12344,  
  "duration_ms" = 1198,  
  "request.method" = "GET",  
  "request.path" = "/search",  
  "request.query_string" = "category=decor&price<=50",  
  "response.status_code" = 200  
}
```



# Examples of dimensions to capture

infrastructure:

- build ID
- kubernetes pod
- kafka broker

application:

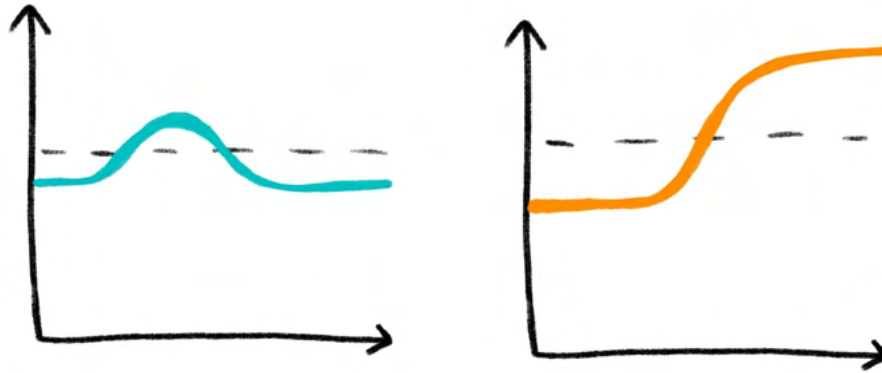
- library version
- user-agent
- sanitized SQL query string

domain:

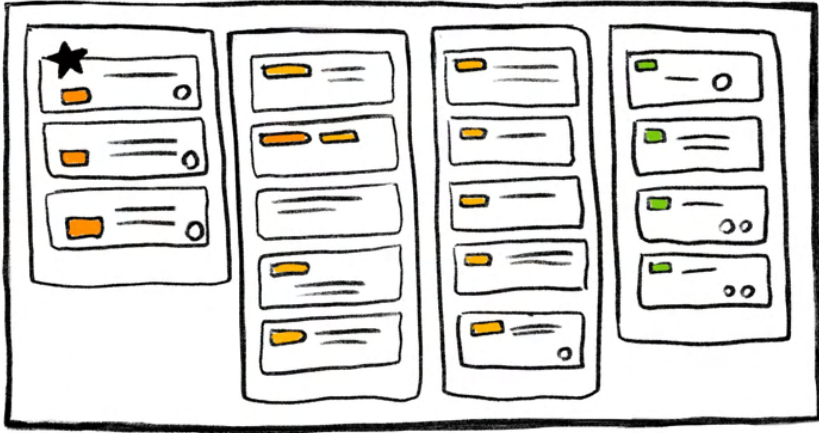
- number of items in cart
- coupon code
- payment processor  
(e.g. PayPal vs. Stripe)

# **Technical Decisions are Business Decisions**

# How do we map effort to impact?

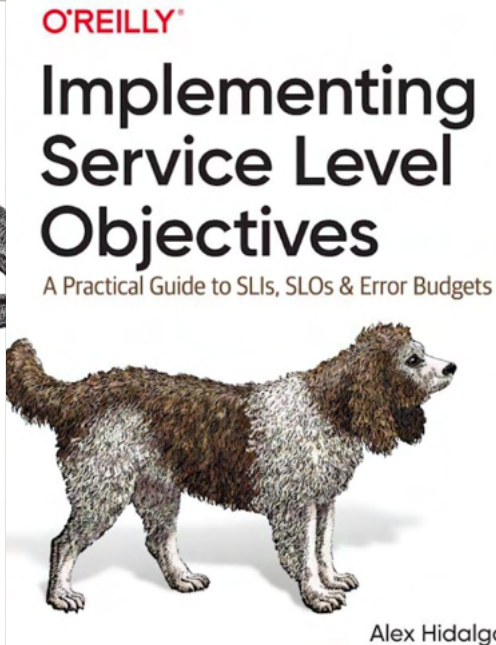
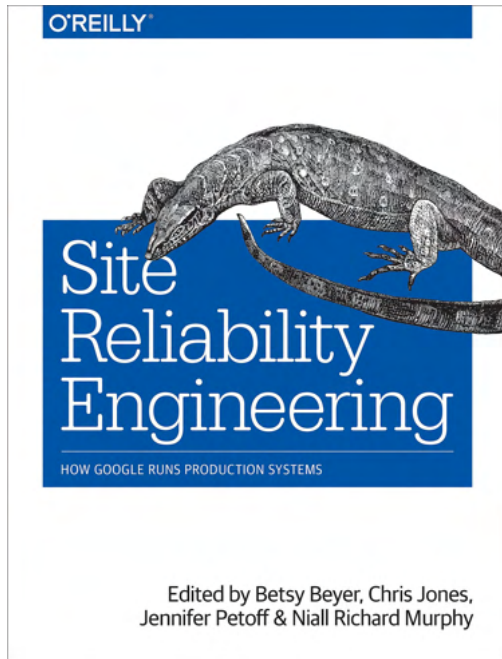


# “How does this drive the business forward?”

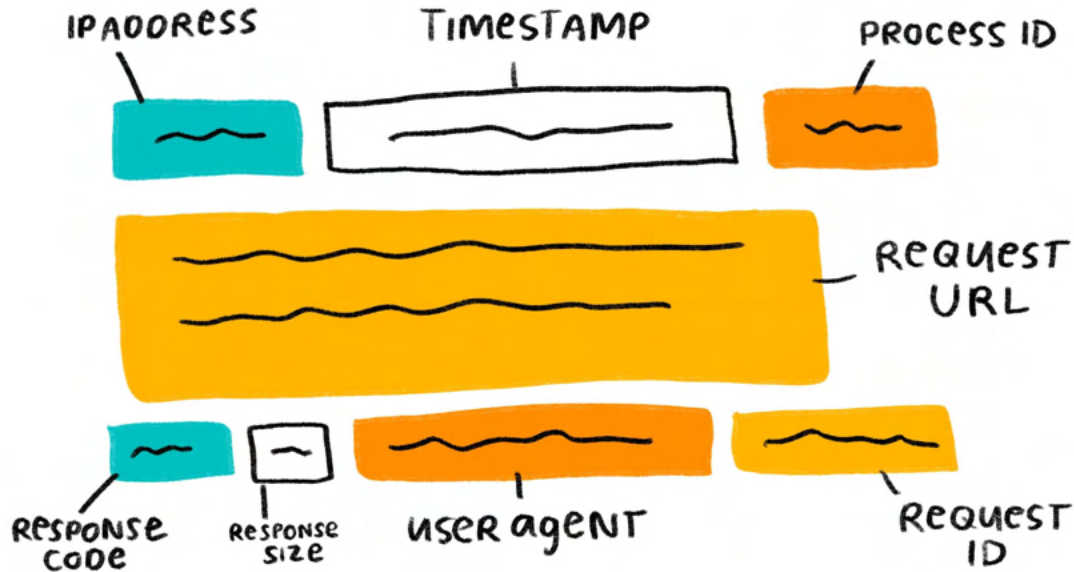


# Service Level Objectives (SLOs)

Common language for engineers  
and business stakeholders

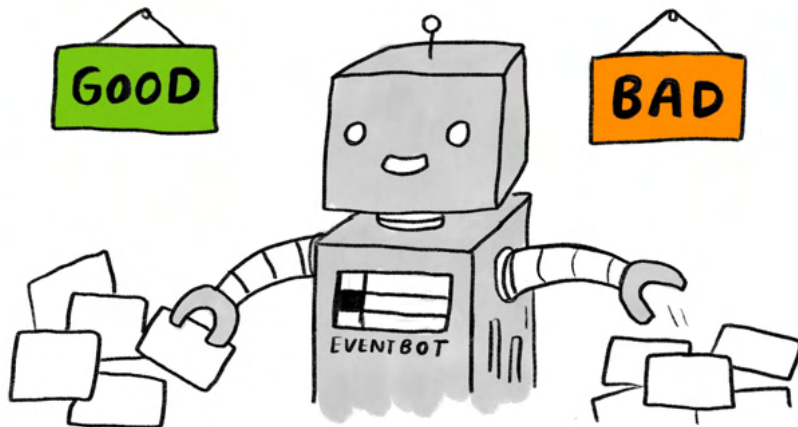


# Think in terms of events in context





# SLI: for each event, good or bad?



# Use a window and target percentage

window is usually 30, 60, or 90 days



# 99.9%

of app Home Page loads  
over the past 30 days  
were “successful” and “fast enough”

# Historical SLO compliance



# A good SLO barely keeps users happy



# Error budget: allowed unavailability

1 - x

99.9% SLO Target → 0.1% Error Budget

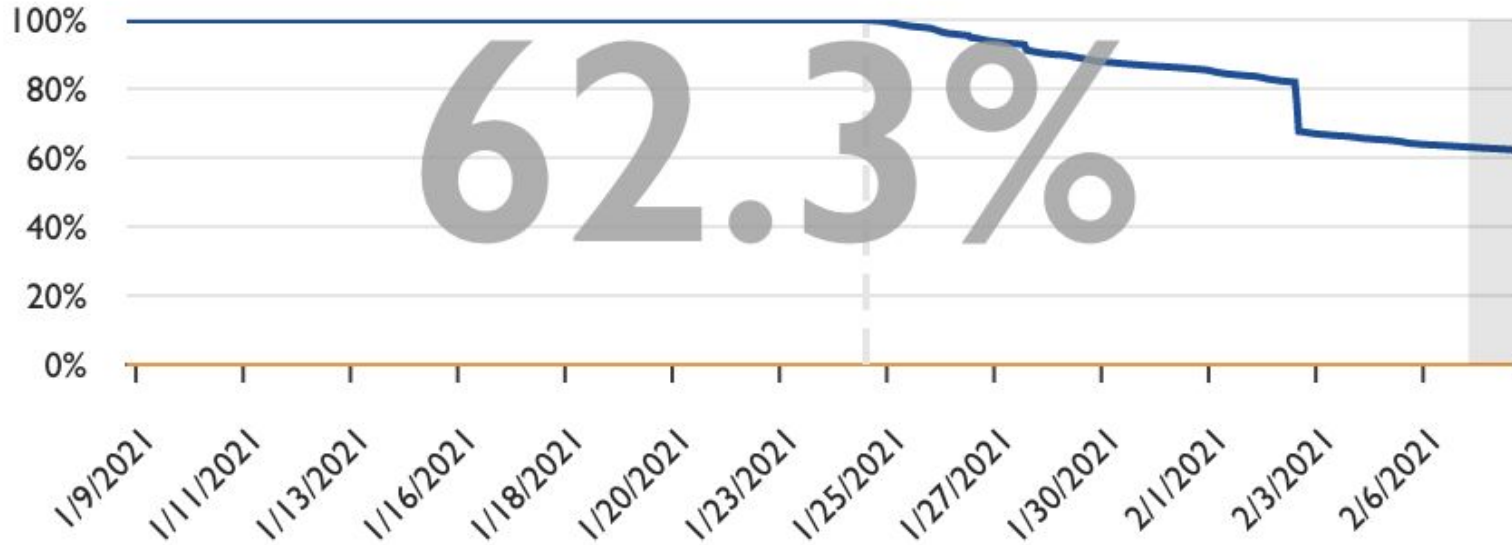
# Example error budget

99.9% SLO Target  $\rightarrow$  0.1% Error Budget

$$\begin{array}{rcl} & 1,000,000 & \text{requests/month} \\ \times & 0.1\% & \\ \hline & 1,000 & \text{requests/month} \end{array}$$

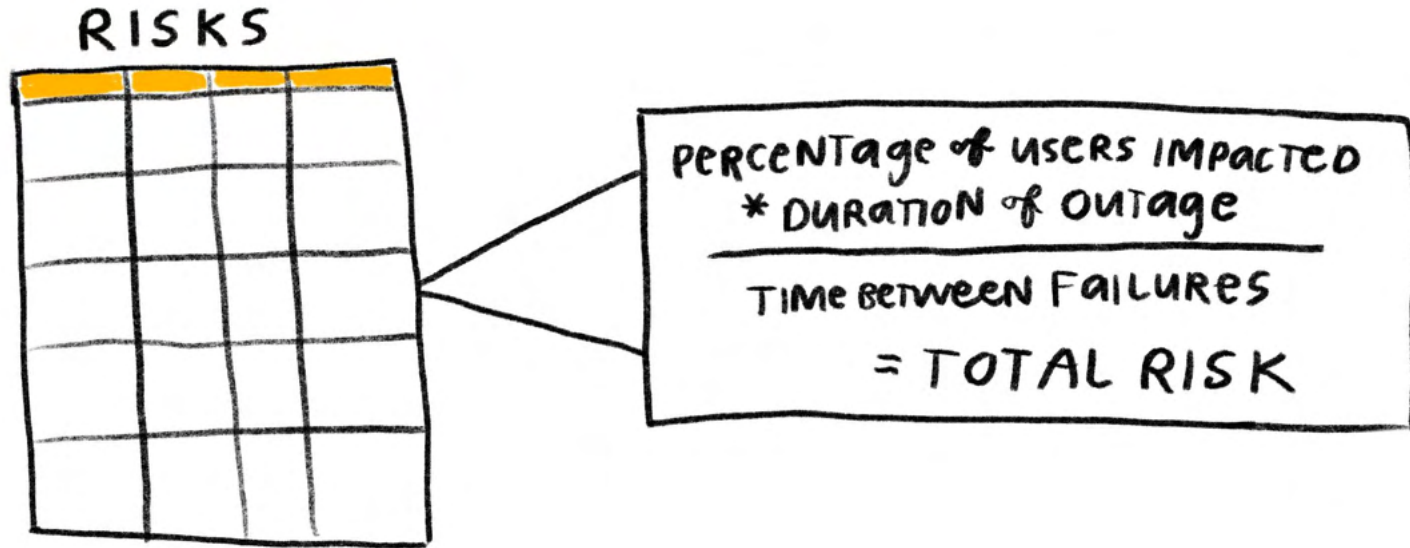
We're allowed 1000 “bad” requests/month

# Error budget remaining

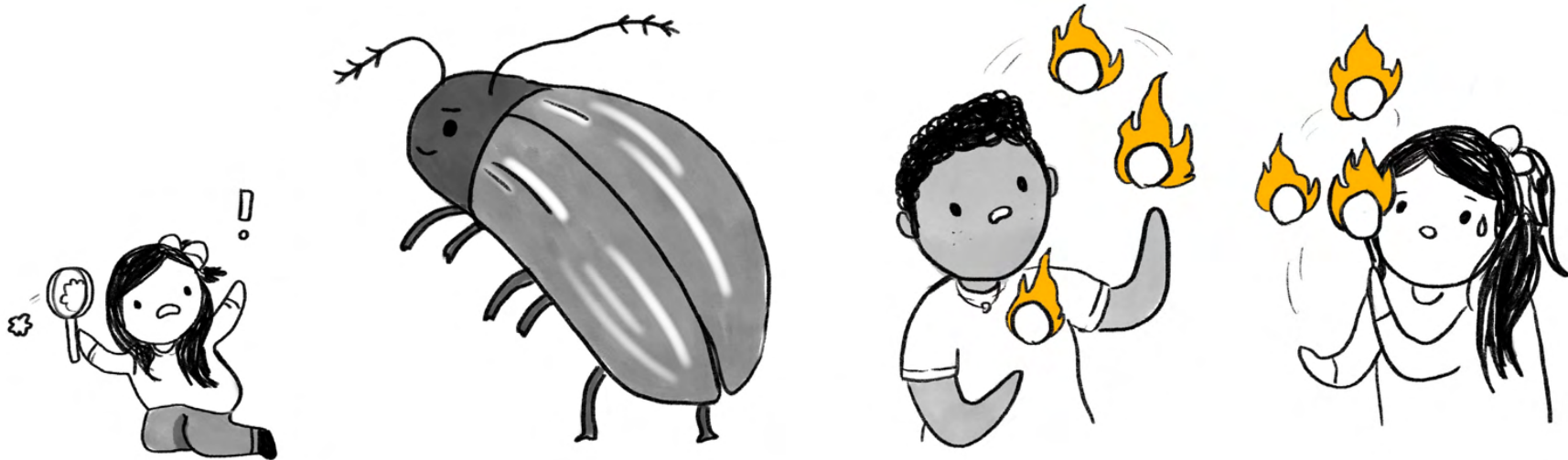




# When is it okay to take risks?



# When is it *not* okay?



# Alerting on SLOs

Alert on error budget **burndown rate**

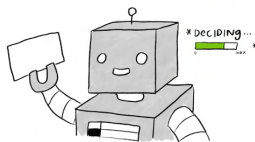
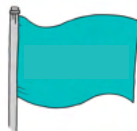
“How soon are we going to run out of budget?”

NOT: every **potential cause** of an alert

“Disk is at 90.05%!!!” (does it matter?)

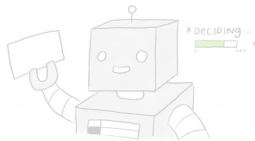
# Observability & Continuous Delivery

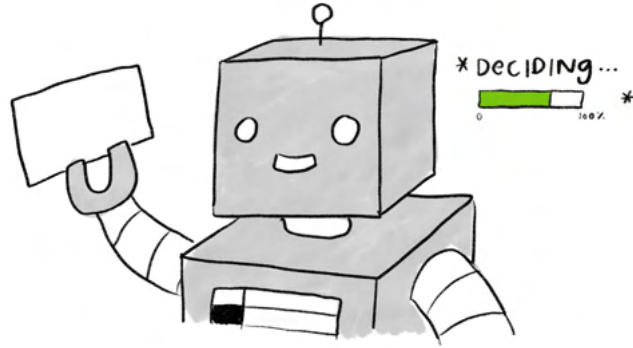
# Continuous Delivery (at Honeycomb)



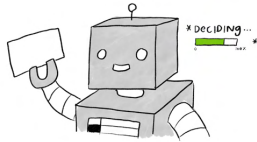


# Instrument as we code.





# Ensure fast integration.





# Observe behavior in prod.





## SLO Adoption: Page Views

VISUALIZE

COUNT

WHERE

request.url exists  
request.url contains /slo/

GROUP BY

None; don't segment

...

Run Query

Run 5 minutes ago

+ ORDER BY

+ LIMIT

+ HAVING

Results

BubbleUp

Metrics

Traces

Raw Data

☐ Compare to

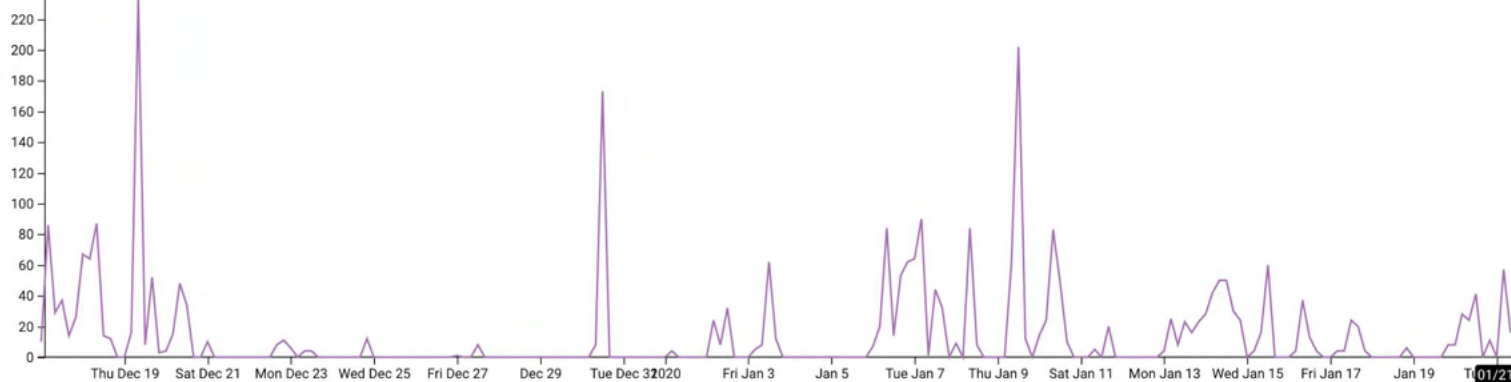
Previous time range

▼



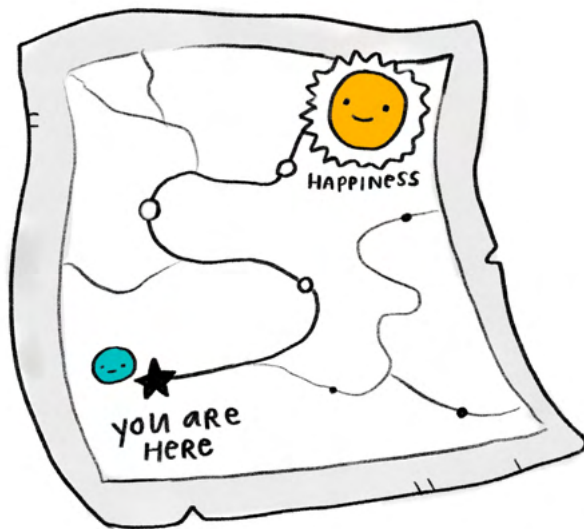
Graph Settings

COUNT



**Bring production excellence  
to your org**

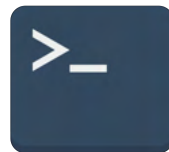
# Invest in the right places



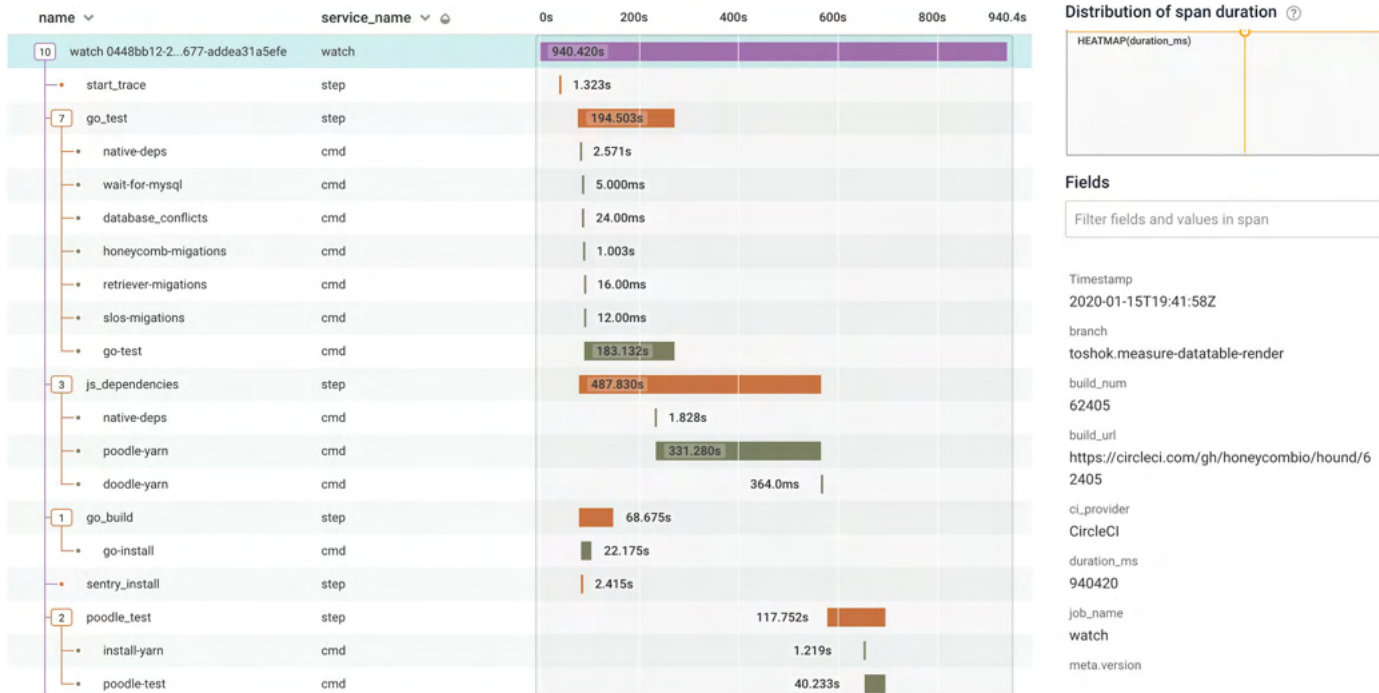
# Lean on auto-instrumentation



OpenTelemetry



# Instrument your builds



# Find a champion



# Learn and iterate

## SLOs aren't one-and-done

- Adjusting SLO targets
- Improving instrumentation
- Updating alerting methods

see also: [go.hny.co/biz-goals-slos](https://go.hny.co/biz-goals-slos)

# Make it scale to your org

Prioritize:

- developer experience
- on-call onboarding

Invest in:

- config as code
- custom instrumentation libraries



# Case Study: Observability at Vanguard

Observability champion(s) ✓

Prioritizing knowledge transfer ✓

OpenTelemetry ✓

Service Level Objectives ✓

# 18 million developers

It's on us to grow them into production engineers.

# Help we're looking for

CNCF Observability

Technical Advisory Group (TAG)

- CNCF Slack  
**#tag-observability** channel

OpenTelemetry

- CNCF Slack **#opentelemetry** channel
- OpenTelemetry.io

OpenSLO

- OpenSLO Slack
- OpenSLO.com

Schedule 30 minutes

- [hny.co/meet/liz](https://hny.co/meet/liz)

Find us on Twitter

- [twitter.com/lizthegrey](https://twitter.com/lizthegrey)
- [twitter.com/shelbyspees](https://twitter.com/shelbyspees)