GitHub

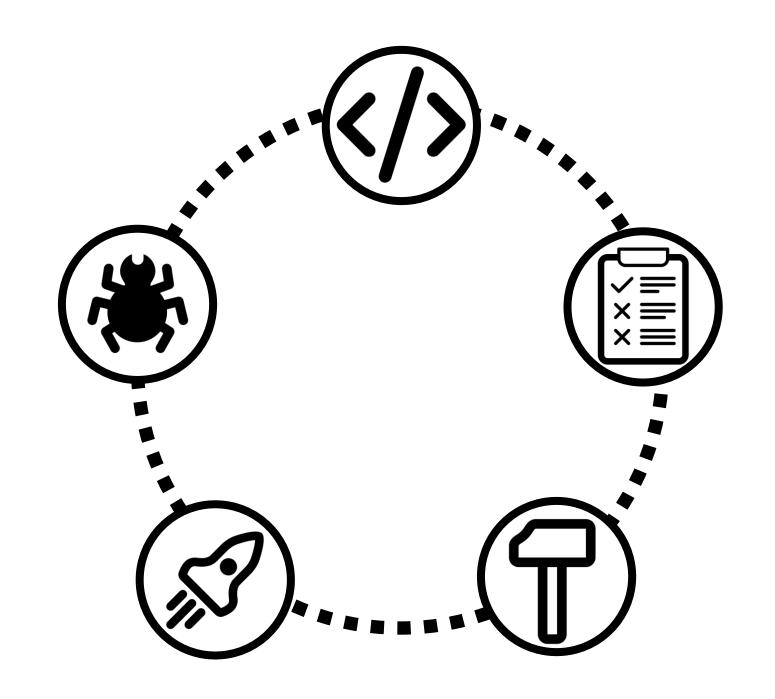
Ep2: GitHub Actions 소개

여러분들이 오늘 알게 될 것들 :

- Tell CI/CD가 무엇인지 이해할 수 있다.
- [2] GitHub Actions으로 troubleshooting!



CI/CD가 무엇인가요?



Continuous Integration (CI) 지속적인 통합



Continuous Delivery / Deployment (CD) 지속적인 제공 / 배포









개발 환경 → 운영 환경

Continuous Delivery 지속적인 제공









개발 환경 → 운영 환경

Continuous Deployment 지속적인 배포

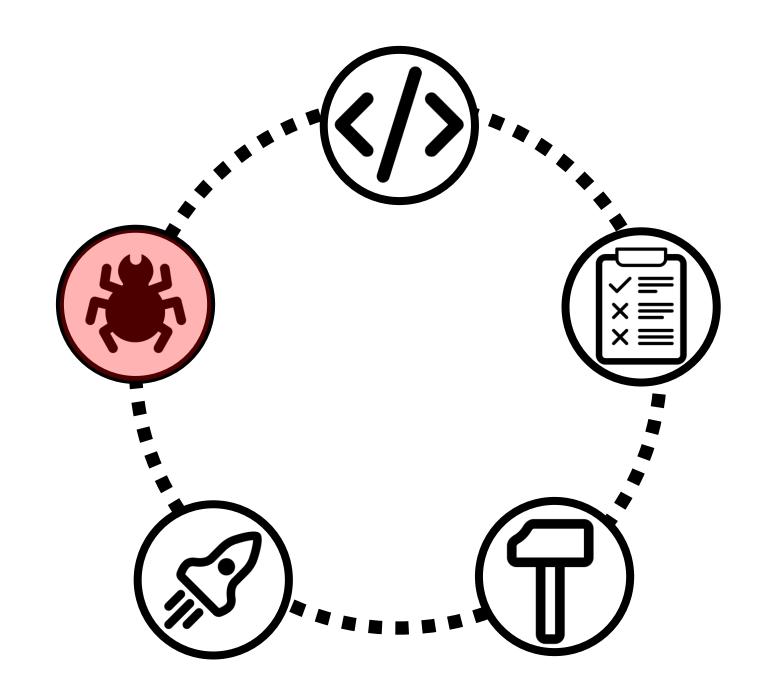








개발 환경 → 운영 환경

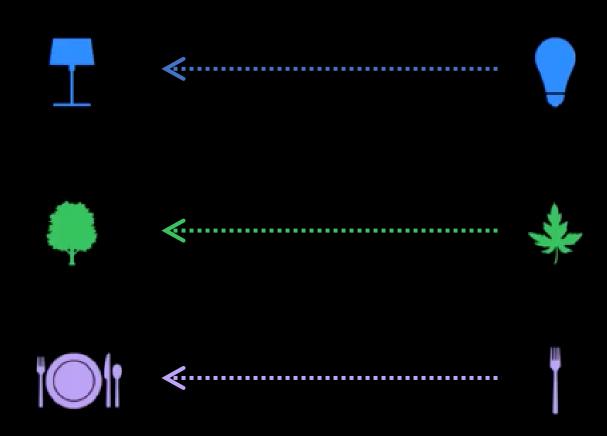




[GitHub Actions으로 Troubleshooting!

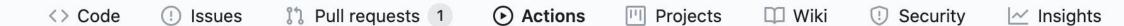
公 GitHub Actions 템플릿을 사용할 수 있다.

Workflows > Actions



```
name: Example workflow
on: push
jobs:
 build:
   runs-on:
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v2
```

Workflow Job Step Action



Choose a workflow template

Build, test, and deploy your code. Make code reviews, branch management, and issue triaging work the way you want. Select a workflow template to get started.

Skip this and set up a workflow yourself →

Workflows made for your JavaScript repository

Suggested

Publish Node.js Package

By GitHub Actions



Publishes a Node.js package to npm and GitHub Packages.

Set up this workflow

npm ci
npm test

Node.js

By GitHub Actions

Build and test a Node.js project with npm.

Set up this workflow

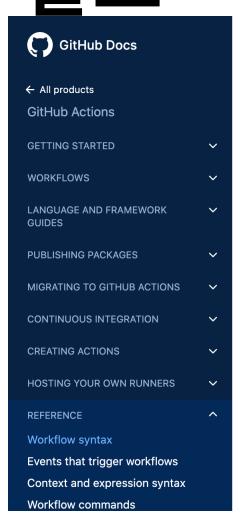
npm ci
npm run build --if-present



템플릿 기본 구조 설명: 'on:'

```
y 29 ■■■■ .github/workflows/node.js.yml 
□
      ... @@ -0,0 +1,29 @@
       1 + # This workflow will do a clean install of node dependencies, build the source code and run tests
        + # For more information see: https://help.github.com/actions/language-and-framework-guides/using-nc
        4 + name: Node.js CI
        6 + on:
This conversation was marked as resolved by wisdeom
                                                                                Show conversation
               push:
        8 + branches: [ master ]
        9 + pull_request:
       10 + branches: [ master ]
       12 + jobs:
```

템플릿 기본 구조 설명: 'on:' 핔드



on

Required The name of the GitHub event that triggers the workflow. You can provide a single event string, array of events, array of event types, or an event configuration map that schedules a workflow or restricts the execution of a workflow to specific files, tags, or branch changes. For a list of available events, see "Events that trigger workflows."

Example using a single event

```
# Trigger on push
on: push
```

Example using a list of events

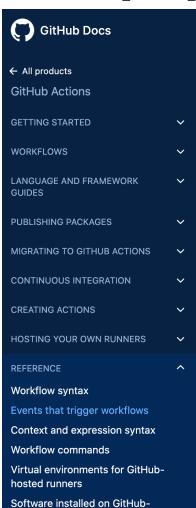
```
# Trigger the workflow on push or pull request
on: [push, pull_request]
```

Example using multiple events with activity types or configuration

If you need to specify activity types or configuration for an event, you must configure each event separately. You must append a colon (:) to all events, including events without configuration.

```
On:
# Trigger the workflow on puch or pull request
```

템플릿 기본 구조 설명: 이벤트 트리거



English ∨

GitHub Actions / Reference / Events that trigger workflows

Events that trigger workflows



You can configure your workflows to run when specific activity on GitHub happens, at a scheduled time, or when an event outside of GitHub occurs.

GitHub Actions is available with GitHub Free, GitHub Pro, GitHub Free for organizations, GitHub Team, GitHub Enterprise Cloud, and GitHub One. GitHub Actions is not available for private repositories owned by accounts using legacy per-repository plans. For more information, see "GitHub's products."

About workflow events

You can configure your workflow to run when webhook events are created from activity on GitHub. Workflows can use more than one webhook event to trigger a workflow run. For more information, see "Webhooks." For more information about the on syntax, see "Workflow syntax for GitHub Actions."

The following steps occur to trigger a workflow run:

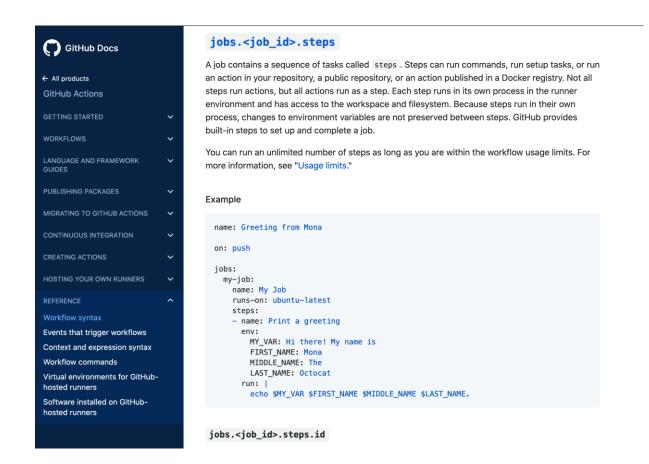
템플릿 기본 구조 설명: 'jobs' 필드 'runs-on'

```
+ jobs:
This conversation was marked as resolved by wisdeom
               build:
       14
            + runs-on: ubuntu-latest
       16
                  strategy:
                    matrix:
       19
                     node-version: [10.x, 12.x, 14.x]
                steps:
```

템플릿 기본 구조 설명: 'jobs' 필드 'runs-on' 설명

Job 을 더 잘 쓰는 방법 예시 데모

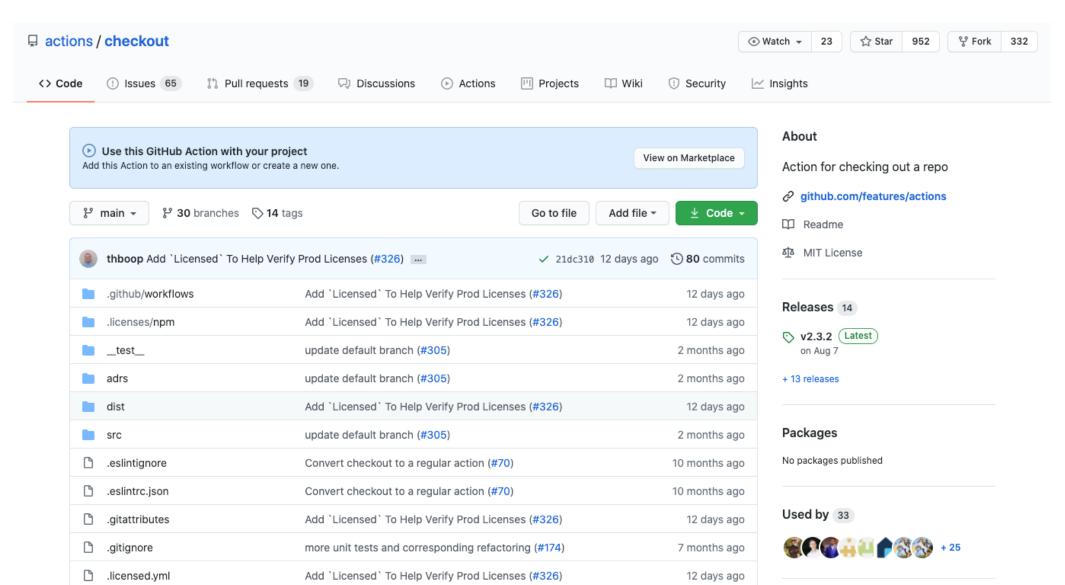
: https://docs.github.com/en/actions/reference/workflow-syntax-for-github-actions#jobsjob_idsteps



템플릿 기본 구조 설명: checkout

```
steps:
is conversation was marked as resolved by wisdeom
                uses: actions/checkout@v2
        + - name: Use Node.js ${{ matrix.node-version }}
                  uses: actions/setup-node@v1
                  with:
                    node-version: ${{ matrix.node-version }}
                run: npm ci
```

템플릿 기본 구조 설명: checkout



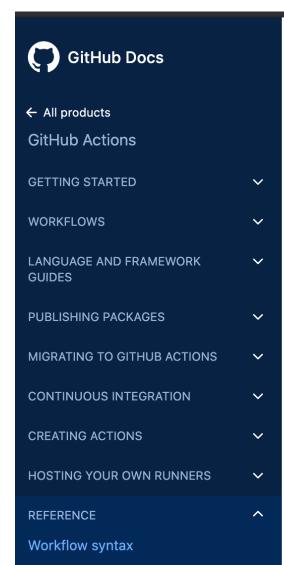
템플릿 기본 구조 설명: run

```
22 + - uses: actions/checkout@v2
23 + - name: Use Node.js ${{ matrix.node-version }}
24 + uses: actions/setup-node@v1
25 + with:
26 + node-version: ${{ matrix.node-version }}
27 + - run: npm ci

This conversation was marked as resolved by wisdeom

28 + - run: npm run build --if-present
29 + - run: npm test
```

템플릿 기본 구조 설명: run



jobs.<job_id>.steps.run

Runs command-line programs using the operating system's shell. If you do not provide a name, the step name will default to the text specified in the run command.

Commands run using non-login shells by default. You can choose a different shell and customize the shell used to run commands. For more information, see "Using a specific shell."

Each run keyword represents a new process and shell in the runner environment. When you provide multi-line commands, each line runs in the same shell. For example:

• A single-line command:

```
- name: Install Dependencies
  run: npm install
```

A multi-line command:

```
- name: Clean install dependencies and build
  run: |
    npm ci
    npm run build
```

Using the working-directory keyword you can specify the working directory of where to run the

여러분들이 오늘 알게 <mark>된</mark> 것들 :

- CI/CD가 무엇인지 이해할 수 있다.
- [2] GitHub Actions으로 troubleshooting!

다음 시간에는 :

GitHub Actions 워크플로우를 내 입맛에 맞게 작성할 수 있다.

<요구 사항 3가지 해결하기 >

OS 종류와 Node 버전이 다양해요.

빌드할 때마다 **테스트**를 실행해서 불편해요.

□ 다른 job에서 빌드 아티팩트 접근이 안돼요.