

6/2/17

CSC 349A - Assignment 3

Devroye Problem
100024 = 938

$$\sin x \quad \tilde{x} f'(x)$$

$$1 + \cos x \quad \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{x} = 1.0005 \text{ radians}$$

$$\frac{\tilde{x} f'(x)}{f(x)}$$

$$f(x) = \sin x$$

$$1 + \cos x$$

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{x} (1 + \cos x)^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow f'(x) = (1 + \cos x) \cos x - \sin x (-\sin x) \quad \sin x (1 + \cos x)^{-1}$$

$$= \tilde{x}$$

$$= (\cos x + \cos^2 x + 1) \mp \cos^2 x \quad \sin x$$

$$= 1.0005$$

$$\sin(1.0005)$$

$$\approx 1.1886$$

$\therefore \text{Ans} \Rightarrow \tilde{x} f(x)$ is well conditioned [close to 1]

$$f(x)$$

$$b) \tilde{x} = 1.0005 \pi \text{ radians}$$

From previously done calculations, we know that

$$\tilde{x} f'(x) \text{ comes down to } \tilde{x} = 1.0005 \pi \approx -2001.0005$$

$$f(x)$$

$$\sin \tilde{x} \sin(1.0005 \pi)$$

$\therefore \text{Ans} \Rightarrow \tilde{x} f(x)$ is ill conditioned [huge value]

$$f'(x)$$

$$2. a) f(x) = (\sin x - e^x) + 1 \quad x \neq 0 \quad b = 10, k = 4$$

$$x^2 \quad f(f(0.123))$$

$$f(\sin(0.123)) = 0.1226$$

$$f(e^{0.123}) = 1.130 \text{ or } 0.1130 \times 10$$

$$f((\sin(0.123) - e^{0.123}) + 1) = -0.0074 \text{ or } -0.7400 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$f(x^2) = 0.01512 \text{ or } 0.1512 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$f(f(0.123)) = (-0.7400 \times 10^{-2}) / (0.1512 \times 10^{-1}) = -0.4894$$

$$\therefore \text{Ans} \Rightarrow -0.4894$$

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Don't forget
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$$b) e^x \approx 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} \quad x=0, n=4$$

$$g(x) = \sin x \quad g(0) = 0 \quad \sin x \approx g(x) + g'(0)x + \frac{g''(0)x^2}{2!} + \frac{g'''(0)x^3}{3!} + \frac{g^{(4)}(0)x^4}{4!}$$

$$g'(x) = \cos x \quad g'(0) = 1$$

$$g''(x) = -\sin x \quad g''(0) = 0$$

$$g'''(x) = -\cos x \quad g'''(0) = -1$$

$$g^{(4)}(x) = \sin x \quad g^{(4)}(0) = 0$$

$$f(x) = (\sin x - e^x) + 1$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{6} (1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^4}{4!}) + 1$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{6} (1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24}) + 1$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{6} (1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24}) + 1$$

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$$= \frac{x^2}{6} (1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24}) + 1$$

$$\therefore \text{Ans} \Rightarrow -(\frac{x^2}{6} + 8x + 12)$$

$$c) y(x) = -(x^2 + 8x + 12) \quad x = 0.123$$

$$\hat{x} = (0.123 + 8)$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x) = -\frac{1}{24} (0.123 + 8)^2 + 8(0.123 + 8) + 12$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x) = -(0.01512 + 0.2468^2 + 8^2 + 0.984 + 88 + 12)$$

$$\Rightarrow y(x) = -(8^2 + 8 \cdot 2468 + 12.9991)$$

$$\Rightarrow 10.4894 = 7(8^2 + 8 \cdot 2468 + 12.9991)$$

$$\Rightarrow 8^2 + 8 \cdot 2468 + 12.9991 = 11.7456$$

$$\Rightarrow 8^2 + 8 \cdot 2468 + 12.9991 = 0$$

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$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{E} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{E} = \frac{-8.246 \pm \sqrt{8.246^2 - (4 \times 1 \times 1.2535)}}{2 \times 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{E} = \frac{-8.246 \pm 7.9361}{2} = \underline{-0.1549} \text{ or } -8.0910$$

↳ Use this coz smaller

$$\Rightarrow \frac{|\mathcal{E}|}{|x|} = \frac{1 - 0.1549}{10.1231} = \underline{\underline{1.2593}}$$

Since $1.2593 > 1$, the computation is unstable.


```
1 function root = Bisect(xl, xu, eps, imax, f, enablePlot)
2 i = 1;
3 fl = feval(f,xl);
4 fprintf ( ' iteration approximation \n')
5 while(i <= imax)
6     xr = (xl + xu)/2;
7     fprintf ( ' %6.0f %18.8f \n', i, xr )
8     fr = feval(f,xr);
9     if (((i == 1) || (i == 2) || (i == 4) || (i == 6)) && (enablePlot == 1))
10         x = [xl:0.01:xu];
11         fx = feval(f, x);
12         z = [xl,xr,xu];
13         fz = feval(f, z);
14         figure;
15         plot(x, fx, z, fz, '*r');
16     end
17     if ((fr == 0) || ((xu - xl)/abs(xu + xl)) < eps)
18         root = xr;
19         %exit;
20     end
21     i = i + 1;
22     if (fl * fr) < 0
23         xu = xr;
24     else
25         xl = xr;
26         fl = fr;
27     end
28 end
29 fprintf ( ' failed to converge in %g iterations\n', imax )
```

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3.b) Trapezoid; $Q = 20 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$; $0 = 1 - \frac{Q^2}{g A_c^3 B}$
 $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$; A_c in m^2 ; B in m

$B = 3 + y$
 $A_c = 3y + \frac{y^2}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1 - \frac{Q^2 (3+y)}{g (3y + \frac{y^2}{2})^3}}{g (3y + \frac{y^2}{2})^3} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow Q^2 (3+y) = 1 (g (3y + \frac{y^2}{2})^3)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1200 + 400y = 9.8 (27y^3 + 13.5y^4 + 2.25y^5 + 0.125y^6)$$

$$(3y + \frac{y^2}{2})(3y + \frac{y^2}{2})(3y + \frac{y^2}{2})$$

$$\Rightarrow (9y^3 + 3y^4 + \frac{y^4}{4})(3y + \frac{y^2}{2})$$

$$\Rightarrow 27y^3 + \frac{9y^4}{2} + \frac{9y^4}{4} + \frac{3y^5}{2} + \frac{3y^5}{4} + \frac{y^6}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow 27y^3 + 13.5y^4 + 2.25y^5 + 0.125y^6$$

$$\therefore \underline{\underline{\text{Ans}}} \Rightarrow 400y - 264.87y^3 - 132.435y^4 - 22.0725y^5 - 1.22625y^6 + 1200 = 0$$

Bisect.m x criticalDepth.m x +

```
1 function y = criticalDepth(y)
2     fy = 400*y - 264.87*(y.^3) - 132.435*(y.^4) - 22.0725*(y.^5) - 1.22625*(y.^6) + 1200;
3     end
```

```
>> Bisect(0.5, 2.5, 200, 11, @criticalDepth, 1)
```

```
iteration approximation
```

1	1.500000000
2	2.000000000
3	2.250000000
4	2.375000000
5	2.437500000
6	2.468750000
7	2.484375000
8	2.492187500
9	2.496093750
10	2.498046875
11	2.499023438

```
failed to converge in 11 iterations
```

```
ans =
```

```
2.4990
```

