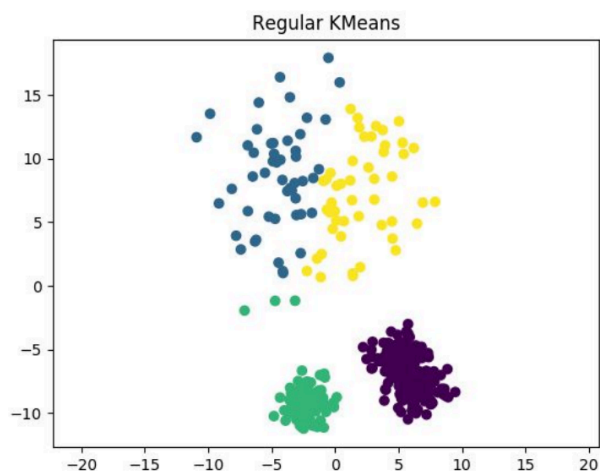
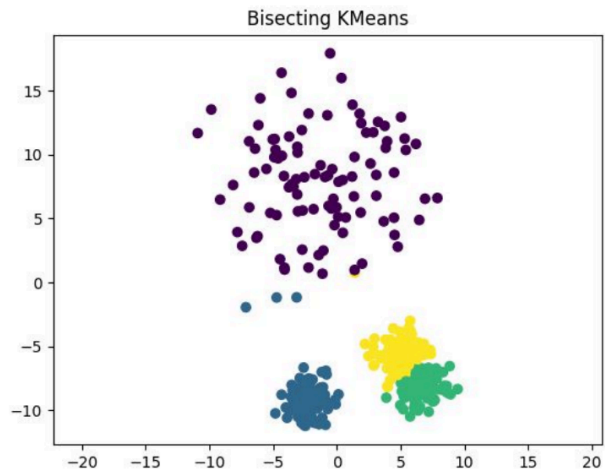
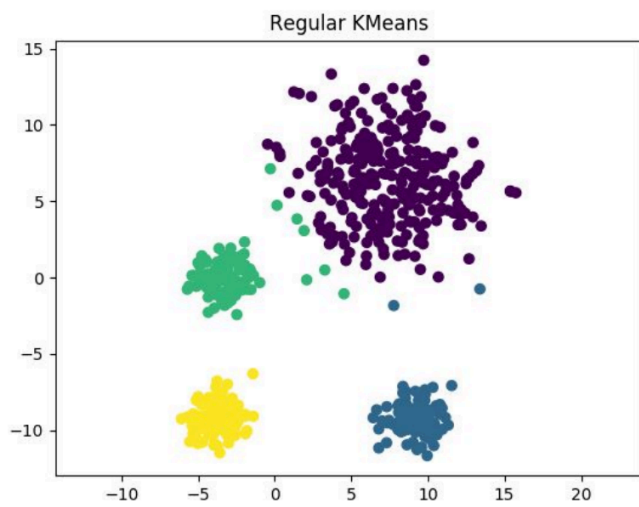
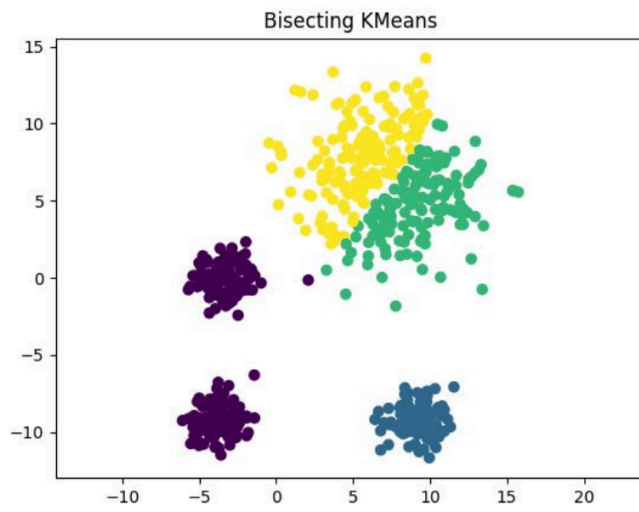


## AS3 solutions

1A) This solution courtesy of John Verwolf. See attached code `bisect_kmeans_sol.py`  
1B)



1C)



2) The two measures are not equivalent.

Here's an example dataset:

9 2D points

```
[[ 38.4340567  59.83877247]
 [ 44.35538753  37.39158448]
 [ 45.1730023  21.43245629]
 [ 31.48667678  49.85304981]
 [ 38.81901638  36.38664385]
 [ 80.5184922  65.10028981]
 [ 16.18189263  28.60428027]
 [ 37.74581653  18.59979592]
 [ 55.69119448  29.71023687]]
```

assignment of points to clusters:[2 1 0 1 1 2 2 0 0]

average distances

01 21.8570766195 \*\*\* min

02 41.1900999753

12 31.7785097322

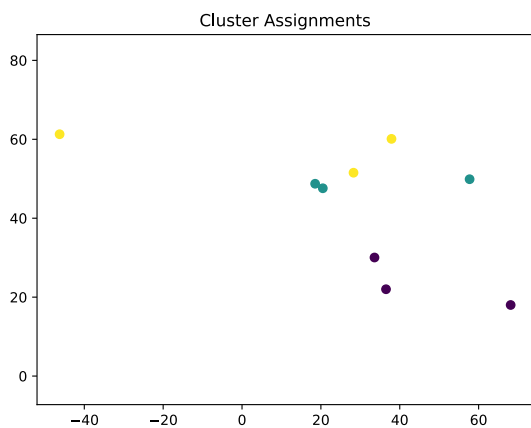
average of centroid distances

01 19.6569268541

02 27.9576319157

12 12.0825406717 \*\*\* min

Average distances selects cluster 0 and 1 to merge, average of centroid distances selects clusters 1 and 2 to merge.



Q3) There is more than one right answer for this question, but here is one possible solution

$$\pi_c = 0.3$$

$$a_{HH} = 0.5$$

$$a_{cH} = 0.4$$

$$a_{\text{Final } H} = 0.1$$

$$a_{Hc} = 0.3$$

$$a_{cc} = 0.6$$

$$a_{\text{Final } c} = 0.1$$

$$b_H(1) = 0.2$$

$$b_c(1) = 0.5$$

$$b_H(2) = 0.4$$

$$b_c(2) = 0.4$$

$$b_H(3) = 0.4$$

$$b_c(3) = 0.1$$

State \ t	$O_1=3$		$O_2=1$		FINAL	Seq = 3, 1
	$t=1$		$t=2$			
H	0.28	→	0.028	→	0.0028	
C	0.03	↓	0.056	→	0.0056	

$$\delta_1(H) = \pi_H b_H(3) = 0.7 \times 0.4 = 0.28$$

$$\delta_1(C) = \pi_C b_C(3) = 0.3 \times 0.1 = 0.03$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_2(H) &= \max \left[ \delta_1(H) a_{HH} b_H(1), \delta_1(C) a_{HC} b_H(1) \right] \\ &= \max \left[ 0.28 \times 0.5 \times 0.2, 0.03 \times 0.3 \times 0.2 \right] \\ &= \max \left[ 0.028, 0.0018 \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_2(C) &= \max \left[ \delta_1(H) a_{CH} b_C(1), \delta_1(C) a_{CC} b_C(1) \right] \\ &= \max \left[ 0.28 \times 0.4 \times 0.5, 0.03 \times 0.6 \times 0.5 \right] \\ &= \max \left[ 0.056, 0.009 \right] \end{aligned}$$

Sequence is H, C

$t \backslash$ State	$O_1=1$ $t=1$	$O_2=1$ $t=2$	$O_3=3$ $t=3$	FINAL Seq: 1, 1, 3
H	0.15	$\rightarrow$ 0.015	0.003	$\rightarrow$ 0.0003
C	0.14	$\rightarrow$ 0.042	$\rightarrow$ 0.00252	$\rightarrow$ 0.000252

$$\delta_1(H) = \pi_H b_H(1) = 0.7 \times 0.2 = 0.14$$

$$\delta_1(C) = \pi_C b_C(1) = 0.3 \times 0.5 = 0.15$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_2(H) &= \max [\delta_1(H) a_{HH} b_H(1), \delta_1(C) a_{HC} b_H(1)] \\ &= \max [0.15 \times 0.5 \times 0.2, 0.14 \times 0.3 \times 0.2] \\ &= \max [0.015, 0.0084] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_2(C) &= \max [\delta_1(H) a_{CH} b_C(1), \delta_1(C) a_{CC} b_C(1)] \\ &= \max [0.15 \times 0.4 \times 0.5, 0.14 \times 0.6 \times 0.5] \\ &= \max [0.03, 0.042] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_3(H) &= \max [\delta_2(H) a_{HH} b_H(3), \delta_2(C) a_{HC} b_H(3)] \\ &= \max [0.015 \times 0.5 \times 0.4, 0.042 \times 0.3 \times 0.4] \\ &= \max [0.003, 0.00504] \end{aligned}$$

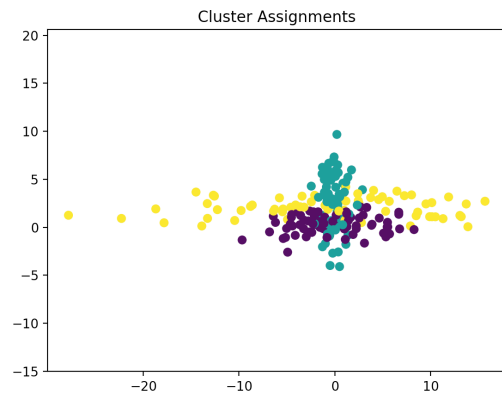


$$\begin{aligned}\delta_3(C) &= \max[\delta_2(H) a_{CH} b_C(3), \delta_2(C) a_{CC} b_C(3)] \\ &= \max[0.015 \times 0.4 \times 0.1, 0.042 \times 0.6 \times 0.1] \\ &= \max[0.0006, \underline{0.00252}]\end{aligned}$$

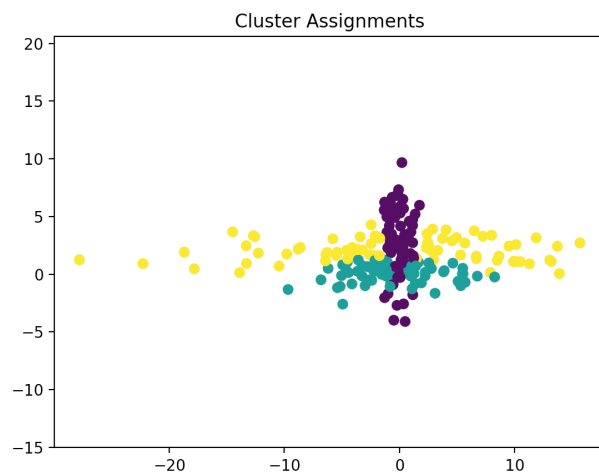
Final sequence is C, C, H

Q4A)  
See em\_sol.py

Q4B)  
True clusters



EM does well



kmeans totally misses

