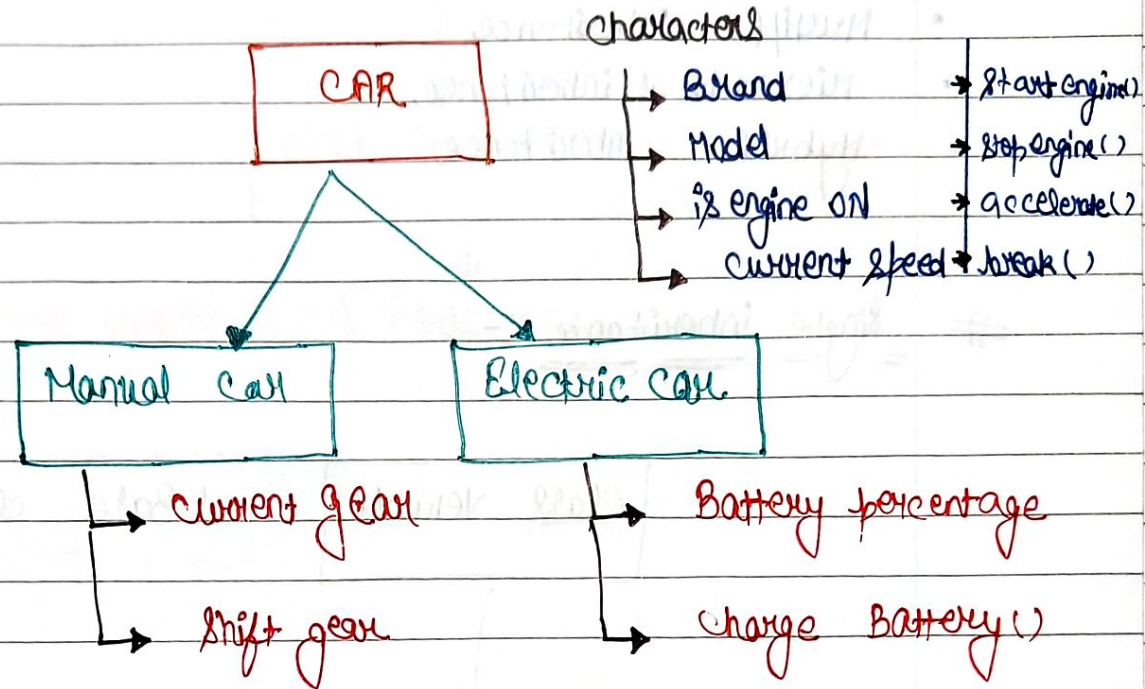


14-May-2025

Lecture - 3

Inheritance :- The Capacity of a class to derive properties and character from another class is called inheritance.

Example :-



* Parent class

class CAR {

model
Brand
is engine ON
⋮

stop engine()
start engine()
accelerate()
⋮

* child1 class

class CAR : public CAR {

|| shift gear() & ⋮
current gear = 0;

* child2 class

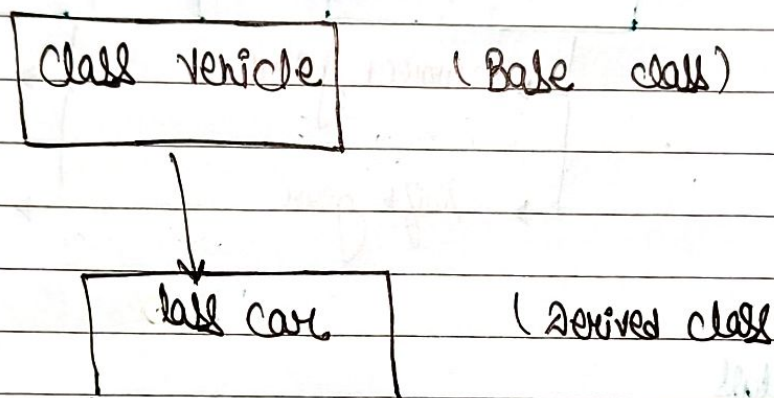
Electric CAR : public CAR {

|| charge Battery
|| Battery Percentage

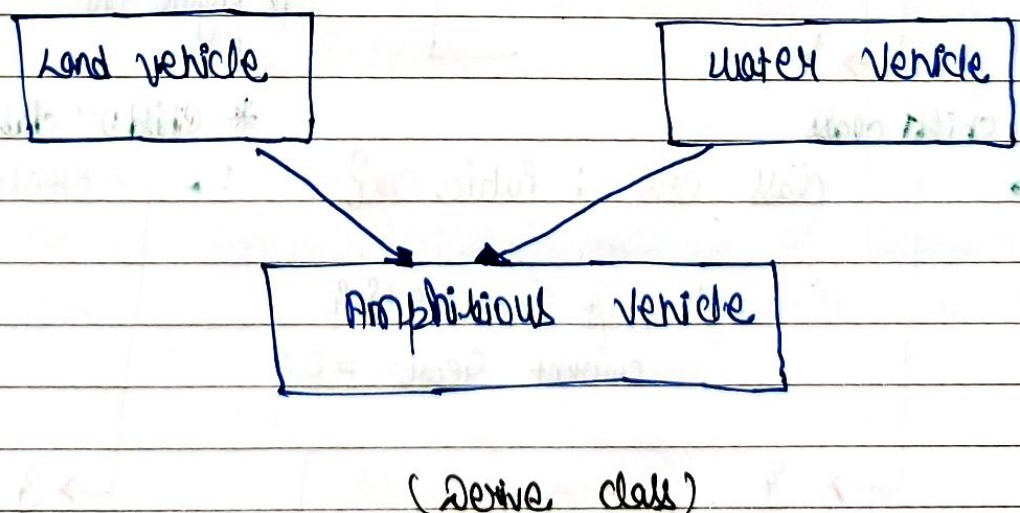
Type of Inheritance in c++ :-

- Single inheritance
- Multilevel inheritance
- Multiple inheritance
- Hierarchical inheritance
- Hybrid inheritance

Single inheritance :-



Multiple inheritance :-



//_

Multilevel Inheritance :-

(Base-1)

class Vehicle



class Fourwheeler

(Base-2)



(Derived class)

class CAR

Hierarchical inheritance :-

(Base class)

class Vehicle



class CAR

class Bus

(Derived class)

Hybrid inheritance :-

class Vehicle



class car

class Bus

class Fare

Access Modifier :-

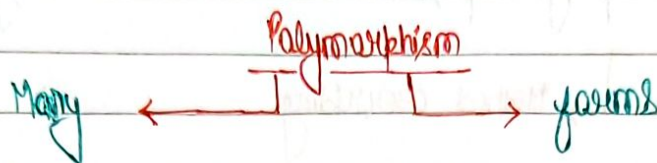


There are three Access specifier in C++ :-

- Public :- member are accessible from outside the class, and member can be accessed from anywhere.
- Private :- Members cannot be accessed (or viewed) from outside the class, i.e. members are private to that class only.
- Protected :- member cannot be accessed from outside the class, but they can be accessed in inherited class or derived class.

• Polymorphism :-

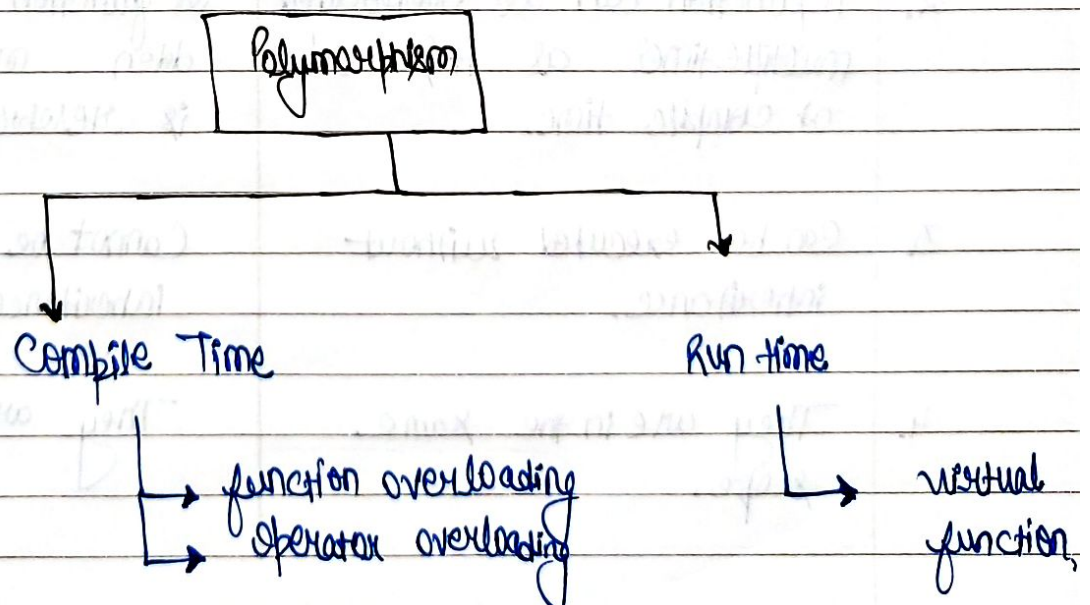
The word Polymorphism means having many forms.



Type of Polymorphism :-

Polymorphism in C++ can be classified into two types :-

1. Compile-time polymorphism
2. Runtime polymorphism.



Polymorphism

Dynamic
polymorphism

→ Method overriding

Static
Polymorphism

→ Method Overloading

Function Overloading vs Function Overriding

Function Overloading

1. It falls under compile time polymorphism.
2. A function can be overloaded multiple times as it is resolved at compile time.
3. Can be executed without inheritance.
4. They are in the same scope.

Function Overriding

- It can both compile time or runtime polymorphism.
- A function cannot be overridden multiple times as it is resolved at runtime.
- Cannot be executed without inheritance.
- They are of different scope.