Data Sharing in your DAG

It's very common to share data between tasks. The Airflow's XCOM is the mechanism that lets Tasks talk to each other.

Prerequisites

The DAG extract_stars.py under the folder dags should look like that:

```
from airflow import DAG
from airflow.operators.bash import BashOperator
from airflow.providers.http.operators.http import SimpleHttpOperator
from datetime import datetime
with DAG('extract_stars', schedule_interval='@daily', start_date=datetime(2022, 1, 1), cat
chup=False) as dag:
   get_date = BashOperator(
       task_id="get_date",
       bash_command="echo {{ data_interval_start }}"
    query_github_stats = SimpleHttpOperator(
        task_id="query_github_stats",
       endpoint="{{ var.value.endpoint }}",
       method="GET",
       http_conn_id="github_api",
       log_response=True
    )
```

Process the Github Stars

First, add the following Python function _print_stargazers just before the DAG definition of extract_stars.py

```
import json

def _print_stargazers(github_stats: str, date: str):
    github_stats_json = json.loads(github_stats)
```

```
airflow_stars = github_stats_json.get("stargazers_count")
print(f"As of {date}, Apache Airflow has {airflow_stars} stars on Github!")
with DAG('extract_stars', schedule_interval='@daily', start_date=datetime(2022, 1, 1), cat chup=False) as dag:
...
```

The function parses the JSON data that <code>query_github_stats</code> downloads and prints the number of Github stars on the standard output for a given date.



Don't forget to import json

Create a new task print_stargazers with the PythonOperator and the following parameters:

• task id: print_stars

• python_callable: print_stargazers

op_args: []

Go to <u>registry.astronomer.io</u> find the PythonOperator and try to implement the task.

The solution is just below

Solution

```
from airflow import DAG
from airflow.operators.bash import BashOperator
from airflow.providers.http.operators.http import SimpleHttpOperator
from airflow.operators.python import PythonOperator

import json
from datetime import datetime

def _print_stargazers(github_stats: str, date: str):
    github_stats_json = json.loads(github_stats)
    airflow_stars = github_stats_json.get("stargazers_count")
    print(f"As of {date}, Apache Airflow has {airflow_stars} stars on Github!")

with DAG('extract_stars', schedule_interval='@daily', start_date=datetime(2022, 1, 1), cat chup=False) as dag:
```

```
get_date = BashOperator(
    task_id="get_date",
    bash_command="echo {{ data_interval_start }}"
)

query_github_stats = SimpleHttpOperator(
    task_id="query_github_stats",
    endpoint="{{ var.value.endpoint }}",
    method="GET",
    http_conn_id="github_api",
    log_response=True
)

print_stargazers = PythonOperator(
    task_id="print_stars",
    python_callable=_print_stargazers,
    op_args=[]
)
```

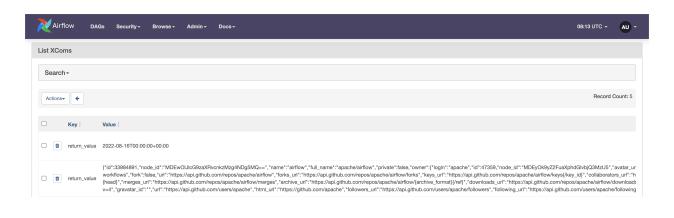
Sharing data with XCOMs

Now you have the print_stargazers task, you still need to provide the parameters

github_stats and date that respectively come from query_github_stats and get date.

First, go to localhost:8080, click Admin , XCOMs .

You should see something like that:





If you don't have those XCOMs (the value may differ), you must run your DAG first.

The date comes from the get_date task

The JSON data comes from the query_github_stats task

Both have the key return_value since their Operators have automatically pushed them.

By default, the BashOperator pushes an XCOM with the last line printed on the standard output

The SimpleHttpOperator pushed an XCOM with the data at the HTTP endpoint

Back to your code, you have to pull those two XCOMs in the task print_stargazers

In the op_args argument between the square brackets, add the following values:

Notice that we mix XCOMs with templating.

That allows us to pull the XCOMs we need and pass them to the <u>_print_stargazers</u> function.

Dependencies

Since print_stargazers needs both tasks get_date and query_github_stats to run, you must define the dependencies accordingly.

At the end of the DAG, define the following dependencies

```
get_date >> query_github_stats >> print_stargazers
```

Save the file and check on the Airflow UI that you don't have any errors.

Final code

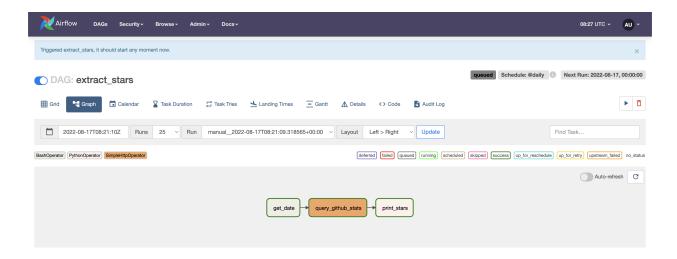
The final version of the extract_stars DAG:

```
from airflow import DAG
from airflow.operators.bash import BashOperator
from airflow.providers.http.operators.http import SimpleHttpOperator
from airflow.operators.python import PythonOperator
import json
from datetime import datetime
def _print_stargazers(github_stats: str, date: str):
 github_stats_json = json.loads(github_stats)
 airflow_stars = github_stats_json.get("stargazers_count")
 print(f"As of {date}, Apache Airflow has {airflow_stars} stars on Github!")
with DAG('extract_stars', schedule_interval='@daily', start_date=datetime(2022, 1, 1), cat
chup=False) as dag:
    get_date = BashOperator(
        task_id="get_date",
       bash_command="echo {{ data_interval_start }}"
   )
   query_github_stats = SimpleHttpOperator(
        task_id="query_github_stats",
       endpoint="{{ var.value.endpoint }}",
       method="GET",
       http_conn_id="github_api",
       log_response=True
   print_stargazers = PythonOperator(
       task_id="print_stars",
       python_callable=_print_stargazers,
       op_args=["{{ ti.xcom_pull(task_ids='query_github_stats') }}", "{{ ti.xcom_pull(tas
k_ids='get_date') }}"]
    get_date >> query_github_stats >> print_stargazers
```

Run your DAG!

On the Airflow UI, trigger the DAG and go the Graph View

You should end up with the following tasks:



Click on print_stars and Log

You should see something like that:



Well done! You have successfully built your first DAG on Airflow! 😎

Additional resources

Airflow's XCOMs: https://airflow.apache.org/docs/apache-airflow/stable/concepts/xcoms.html

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