Foundations of C.S.

Spring, 2021

PRINT NAME: \mathcal{SIGN} :

1. (4 pts) Consider the grammar

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G:S & \rightarrow & aBAb \mid \lambda \\ A & \rightarrow & a^2B \mid b^2 \\ B & \rightarrow & b^2A \mid a^2 \end{array}.$$

Create a Chomsky Normal Form Grammar G' with L(G) = L(G').

You can use the conversion method we discussed, or you can you another method, but in that case, justify what you do.

2. (3 pts) Design a Chomsky Normal Form grammar whose language is the palindromes on $\{a,b\}$ which are of odd length and start with a. Your Chomsky Grammar should have no rule which not allowed in the definition in the Text.

3. (3 pts) Suppose we have a grammar which contains the two variables A and B and all the A and B rules are

Introduce new variables X and Y to remove the direct left recursion.