

 $\begin{array}{l} Ma2201/CS2022 \\ Quiz\ 0111 \end{array}$

Foundations of C.S.

Spring, 2022

PRINT NAME: \mathcal{SIGN} :

1. (6 pts) Define a regular grammar for the language of all strings on $\{a, b, c\}$ which contain the substring abc.

Make your variables and roles are specified so that your design is clear.

♣ I will give two solutions. One essentially "non-deterministic", and one "deterministic" in approach.

The first S recurses through the initial string before the abc. For A, B, C, the initial strings of the required abc have been derived, and C derives any letters beyond the required abc:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G:S & \rightarrow & aS \mid bS \mid cS \mid aX \\ X & \rightarrow & bY \\ Y & \rightarrow & cD \mid c \\ D & \rightarrow & aD \mid bD \mid cD \mid a \mid b \mid c \end{array}$$

The second solution has two types of states, S, S_a , and S_{ab} indicating progress toward building an abc, and D, for building on prefixes already containing an abc.

$$G: S \rightarrow bS \mid cS \mid aS_a$$

$$S_a \rightarrow aS_a \mid bS_ab \mid cS$$

$$S_{ab} \rightarrow aS_a \mid bS \mid cD \mid c$$

$$D \rightarrow aD \mid bD \mid cD \mid a \mid b \mid c$$

2. (4 pts) Use CHAIN to convert to an equivalent grammar with no chain rules.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G:S & \rightarrow & aA \mid bB \mid C \\ A & \rightarrow & ab \mid aAcC \\ B & \rightarrow & bc \mid A \mid a^2Ac^2C \\ C & \rightarrow & ca \mid B \mid a^3Ac^3C \end{array}$$

 $A CHAIN(S) = \{S, A, B, C\}, CHAIN(A) = \{A\}, CHAIN(B) = \{A, B\}. CHAIN(C) = \{A, B, C\}.$

$$G: S \rightarrow aA \mid bB \mid ab \mid aAcC \mid bc \mid a^2Ac^2C \mid ca \mid a^3Ac^3C$$

$$A \rightarrow ab \mid aAcC$$

$$B \rightarrow bc \mid a^2Ac^2C \mid ab \mid aAcC$$

$$C \rightarrow ca \mid a^3Ac^3C \mid bc \mid a^2Ac^2C \mid ab \mid aAcC$$

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