

Assignment 1: CS 5084

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Answer 2:-

As per given example

$m - w$ & $w - m$

are the preferences.

The answer is True, since there are no other pair of men & women involved & they are only pair to match. Also, two people can only be matched together if they are in each other's preference. Hence in every stable matching $s(m, w)$ is correct / True.

Answer 3:-

As per given statement :- 'A' & 'B' are 2 counterparties
'S' & 'T' as their schedules. (S, T)

As an Analogue of Gale-Shapley algorithm.

A & B should have list of time slots

A will have preferred time slot that B has not filled yet.

- if the time slot is not filled then A gets the slot. with show which has higher rating than currently scheduled it should accept & moves the current show to next time slot

- g

(2)

if the time slot is filled & show of 'A' network has lower rating than the show that is currently scheduled, it will reject the proposal.

Similarly B will be following the same steps.

And it can be proven with Gale-shapely algo. that stable matching could be formed therefore, we can assume that it will also produce with stable pair of schedules & either one of 'A' or 'B' will win.

Answer 5:

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(a) let us consider ex: where man 'm' & women 'w' prefer each other over their current partners in a perfect matching.

In this case

Man preference.

M1 $W_3 \rightarrow W_2 \rightarrow W_1$

M2 $W_3 \rightarrow W_1 \rightarrow W_2$

M3 $W_1 \rightarrow W_2 \rightarrow W_3$

higher

lower

Women preference.

W1 $M_1 \rightarrow M_3 \rightarrow M_2$

W2 $M_3 \rightarrow M_2 \rightarrow M_1$

W3 $M_1 \rightarrow M_2 \rightarrow M_3$

higher

lower

here, in this example both Man & woman counterparties has preference list with same order so every man & woman is indifferentiate between all other men & women. \therefore Thus for every matching, at least one man & woman would prefer to be matched with someone else, which leads to \rightarrow Strong Instability in every Perfect matching.

(b) Consider Answer 5(b).

(5)

consider following ex:

Men preferences

M1 $W_2 \succ W_1 \succ W_3 \succ W_4$

M2 $W_3 \succ W_1 = W_2 \succ W_4$

M3 $W_1 \succ W_2 \succ W_4 \succ W_3$

M4 $W_4 \succ W_2 \succ W_1 \succ W_3$

Women preferences.

W1 $M_3 \succ M_1 = M_4 \succ M_2$

W2 $M_1 \succ M_4 \succ M_2 = M_3$

W3 $M_2 \succ M_3 = M_4 \succ M_1$

W4 $M_4 \succ M_2 \succ M_1 \succ M_3$

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In this given example we can see
~~(M₂ & M₃ have ties in the~~
 preference list.
 $\rightarrow (M_2 W_1) (W_3 M_3)$

According to Gale Shapely Stable matching
 can be given as
 $M_1 - W_2, M_2 - W_3, M_3 - W_1, M_4 - W_4$

In this matching no weak instability exist as
 no other man or woman prefer someone else
 over their current partner.

If we change of preference list of M_1 & W_2 as
 $M_1 - W_2 > W_3 > W_1 > W_4$
 $W_2 - M_1 > M_4 > M_2 = M_3$

Using the G now in this case stable matching
 would be:

$M_1 - W_2, M_2 - W_1, M_3 - W_3$ & $M_4 - W_4$

but in this matching weak instability exist
 because M_1 prefer W_2 over W_1
 but W_2 is indifferent between M_1 & M_4 .

8) Answer 8:

Case (b)

consider an example for 3 men & 3 women
~~in a matching~~ with their preference list
given.

Men	↑	↓
M ₁	W ₁ W ₃	W ₂
M ₂	W ₂ W ₁	W ₃
M ₃	W ₃ W ₂	W ₁

women	↑	↓
W ₁	M ₁ M ₂ M ₃	
W ₂	M ₃ M ₁ M ₂	
W ₃	M ₂ M ₃ M ₁	

If W₁ switches her preference list as:

W₁ M₂ M₃ M₁ (M₂ being higher prefer)

& try applying Gale-Shapely Algo. then

W₁ would match with ~~M₁~~ ~~she~~ even if
She secretly prefers M₂

Also, it is not sure as per Gale-Shapely's algo.

if there will be stable matching if any one
of the single entity from the one of
the counter parties is lying about their
his/her preference list.