PRN No. Total No. of

Questions: 09

QP code

## JSPM's

Rajarshi Shahu College of Engineering, Tathawade, Pune- 411033 (An autonomous institute affiliated to Savitribai Phule, Pune University)

Examination: Mid Semester (MSE)

Academic Year: 2024-25

Semester: I

Examination Class: F. Y. B. Tech.(Comp)

Subject Code: ES1204T

Subject Name and Pattern: Discrete Mathematics (2023 Pattern)

**Duration**: 1 Hour 15 Mins

Max. Marks: 30 Marks

Instructions to the Candidates:

- 1. Attempt Q.1, Q.2 and Q.3 from section-A.
- 2. Attempt Q.4 or Q.5, Q.6 or Q.7 and Q.8 or Q.9 from section-B.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4. Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 5. Use of non-programmable electronics pocket calculator is allowed.
- 6. Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

Section-A

- Q.1 a) Write down the rule of inference of hypothetical syllogism. [01] CO1 BL1
  - b) Translate each of the following statements into symbols, using quantifiers, [02] CO1 BL2 variables and predicate:
    - i) There is a student who can speak Tamil and who knows C++.
    - ii) Every student either can speak Tamil or knows C ++.
- Q.2 a) Find  $lub\{4,9\}$  and maximal element of the poset (A, |), in the following Hasse [01] CO2 BL1 diagram here aRb if a | b where,  $A = \{1,2,3,4,6,9\}$ .



- b) Let Z be the set of all integers and  $f: Z \to Z$  and  $g: Z \to Z$  are the functions [02] CO2 BL2 defined as  $f(x) = x^2$ , g(x) = x + 1 then find  $(f \circ g)(x)$  and  $(g \circ f)(x)$ .  $f(x) = (f(x))^2 + (f(x))^2 +$
- Q.3 a) Let (M,+) be an abelian group, where M is the set of  $2 \times 2$  matrices with [01] CO3 BL1 elements as any real numbers and the operation + on set M is usual addition of matrices. Find the identity element of (M,+)
  - b) Let N be the set of natural numbers and \* be the binary operation defined on  $S = N \times N$  by (a, b) \* (c, d) = (ac, bd). The set S forms a group under binary operation \*. If the mapping  $f: (S,*) \to (Q,\times)$  is defined as f(a,b) = a + b; where  $(Q,\times)$  is the group under usual multiplication. Determine whether f is homomorphism or not.
- Section-B

  Q.4 a) Obtain the principal conjunctive normal form (PCNF) and principal [04] CO1 BL3 disjunctive normal form (PDNF) of the statement  $(p \rightarrow q) \leftrightarrow (\sim q \lor \sim p)$  by using Truth table method.

Find the converse, inverse, and contrapositive of the statement: "If a b) [03] BL3 quadrilateral is a rectangle, then it has two pairs of parallel sides." OR i) Obtain conjunctive normal form (CNF) of the statement Q.5 a) [04] CO<sub>1</sub> BL<sub>3</sub>  $q \lor (p \land r) \land \sim ((p \lor r) \land q)$  by algebraic method. ii) Obtain disjunctive normal form (DNF) of the statement  $(p \rightarrow q) \land (\sim p \land q)$  by algebraic method. Check the validity of the argument: "If the lecture is not boring, then students b) [03] CO<sub>1</sub> BL3 like to attend the classes. If the lecturer is prepared for the topic, then the lecture is good. Either the lecture is not boring or not good. The students do not like to attend classes. Therefore, the lecturer is not prepared and students do not like to attend the classes." In a survey, 2000 people were asked whether they read India Today or Q.6 a) [04] CO<sub>2</sub> BL3 Business Times. It was found that 1200 read India Today, 900 read Business Times and 400 read both. Using principle inclusion exclusion find how many read at least one magazine and how many read neither. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9\}$  and relation R defined on A be such that "a divides b) [03]CO<sub>2</sub> BL3 b",  $a, b \in R$ . Find the relation R on set A and represent the relation R using matrix and diagraph. OR Draw Hasse diagram of poset ({1,2,4,8,16},|) and hence determine whether Q.7 a) [04]CO<sub>2</sub> BL3 the given poset is lattice. Let R be the set of all real numbers. Determine whether the function b) [03] CO<sub>2</sub> BL3  $f: R \to R$  defined by f(x) = 7 - x,  $x \in R$  is bijective. If yes then find Show that the set  $Q^+$  of all positive rational numbers forms an abelian group Q.8 a) [04] CO<sub>3</sub> BL<sub>3</sub> under the operation \* defined by  $a * b = \frac{ab}{2}$ ,  $a, b \in Q^+$ . Let  $(Z_7, +_7)$  be a group. Show that  $Z_7$  is a cyclic group under addition b) [03] CO<sub>3</sub> BL3 modulo 7. Write all its generators? OR Find the code words generated by the encoding function  $e: B^2 \to B^5$  with [04]CO<sub>3</sub> BL3 respect to parity check matrix  $H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Let  $G = \{-1, 1, -i, i\}$  be group under multiplication. Let  $H = \{-1, 1\}$  be a

subgroup of G. Show that H is normal subgroup of the group G under the

operation usual multiplication?

b)

[03]

CO<sub>3</sub> BL<sub>3</sub>