Linear Algebra

Prof. Gerhard Jäger, winter term 2023

Assignment 04

1. (1 point) Simplify the expression

$$(((A^T)^{-1}(B^T)^{-1})^T)^{-1}$$

2. Consider the matrix A:

$$A = egin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \ 0 & 4 & 2 \ 6 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) (1 point) Find the elimination matrix E which performs Gauss elimination, i.e.

$$EA = U$$

- (b) (1 point) Perform LU decomposition of A.
- 3. (2 points) Perform LU decomposition of

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

- 4. (1 point) Under what conditions is the matrix from exercise 3 invertible?
- 5. (1 point) Under what conditions do we have to perform a row permutation prior to LU decomposition with the matrix in exercise 3?
- 6. Consider the matrix

$$B = egin{bmatrix} a & a & a & a \ a & b & b & b \ a & b & c & c \ a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) (2 points) Perform LDU decomposition, i.e. find
 - \circ a lower triangular matrix L with 1s on the diagonal,
 - \circ an upper triangular matrix U with 1s on the diagonal, and
 - \circ a diagonal matrix D such that

$$B = LDU$$

(b) (1 point) Is there a special relationship between L and U? If so, which one?