



INTRODUCTION TO DEEP LEARNING

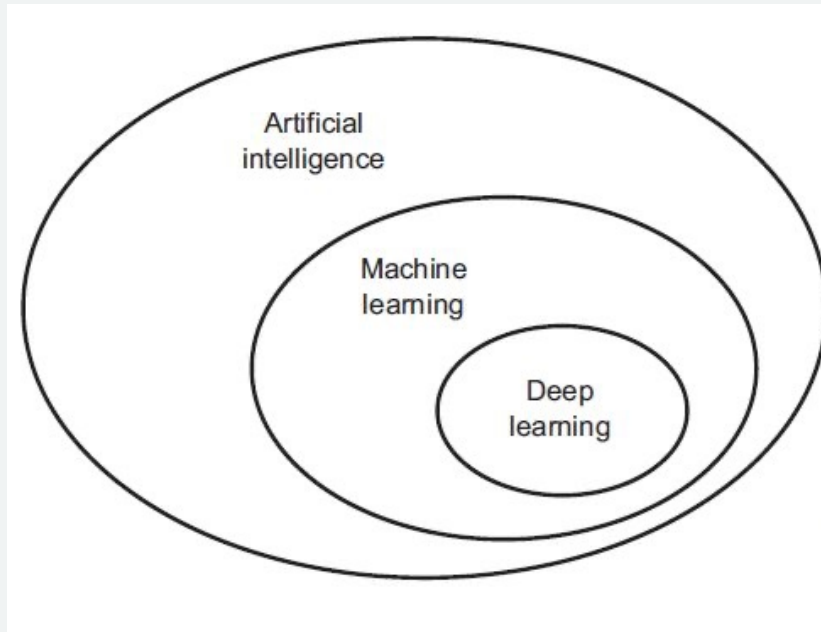
01211433 Vision and Control of Industrial Robots

Dr.Varodom Toochinda

Outline

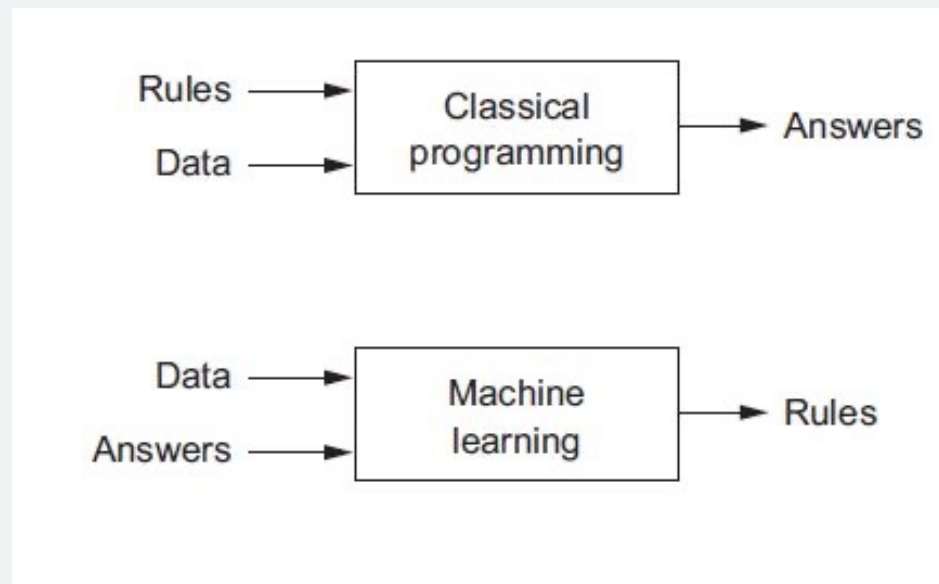
- **Fundamentals of deep learning**
- **ML programming paradigm**
- **Deep learning structure**
- **Gradient descent algorithm**
- **Common NN architectures**
- **Deep learning development with tensorflow**

What is Deep Learning?



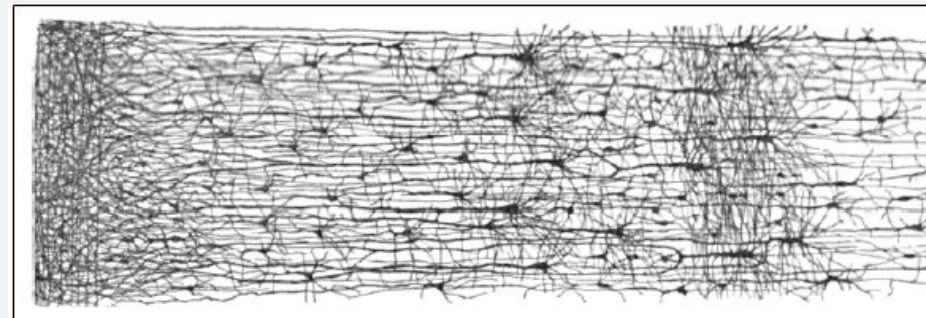
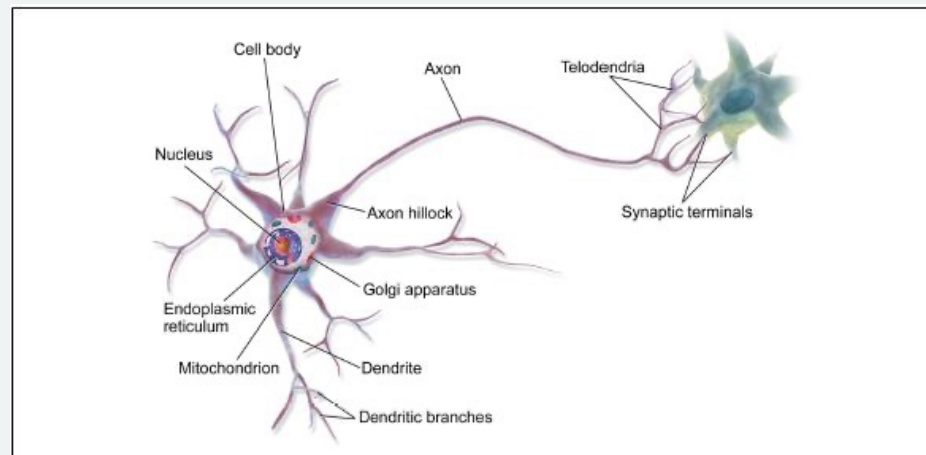
*From Deep Learning with Python, Francois Chollet, 2018

New programming paradigm in ML



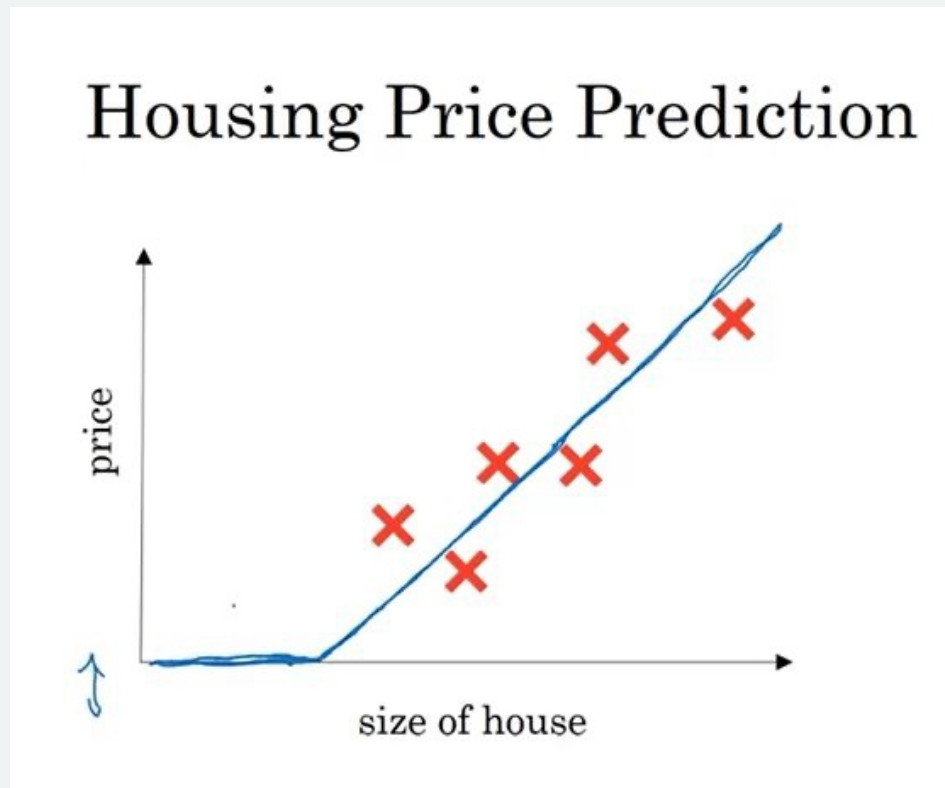
*From Deep Learning with Python, Francois Chollet, 2018

Motivation from biological neurons



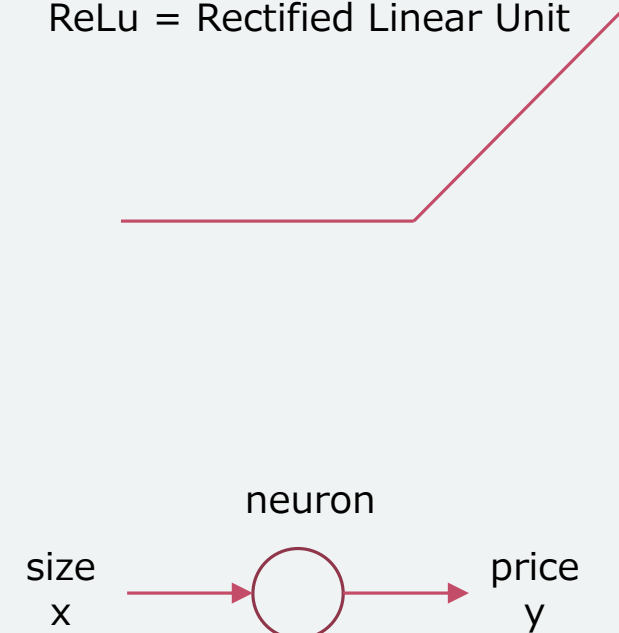
*From Hand on Machine Learning with Scikit Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow, Aurelien Geron. 2019

Simple Idea

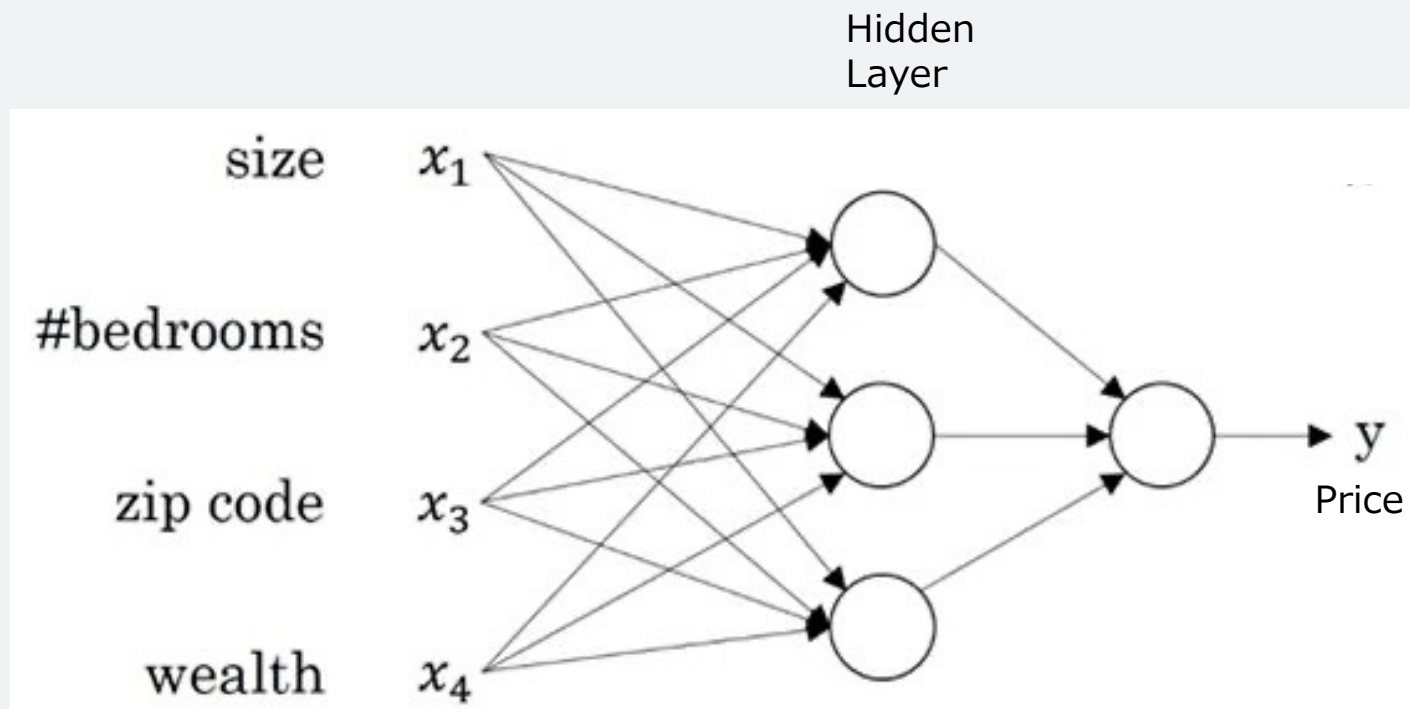


*Neural Network and Deeplearning course, deeplearning.ai, Coursera

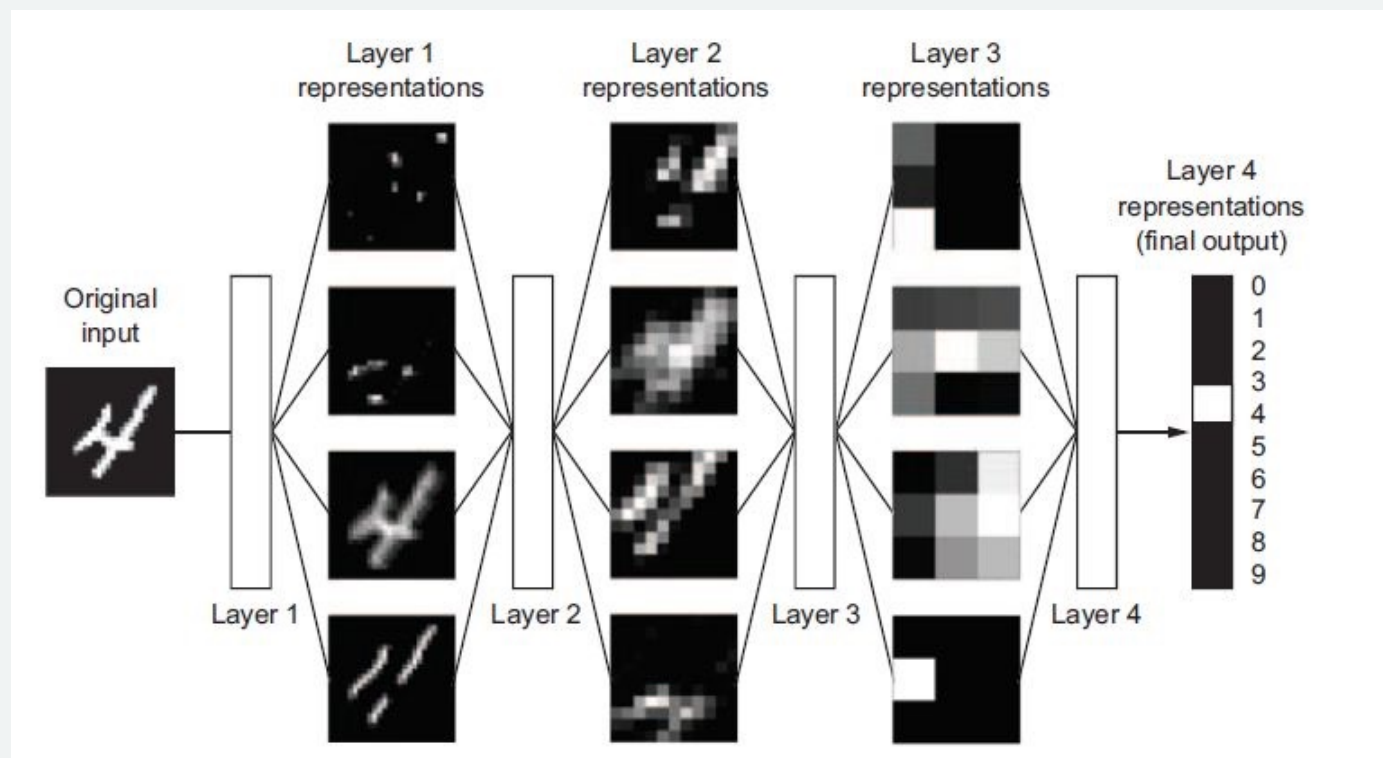
ReLu = Rectified Linear Unit



Input Features

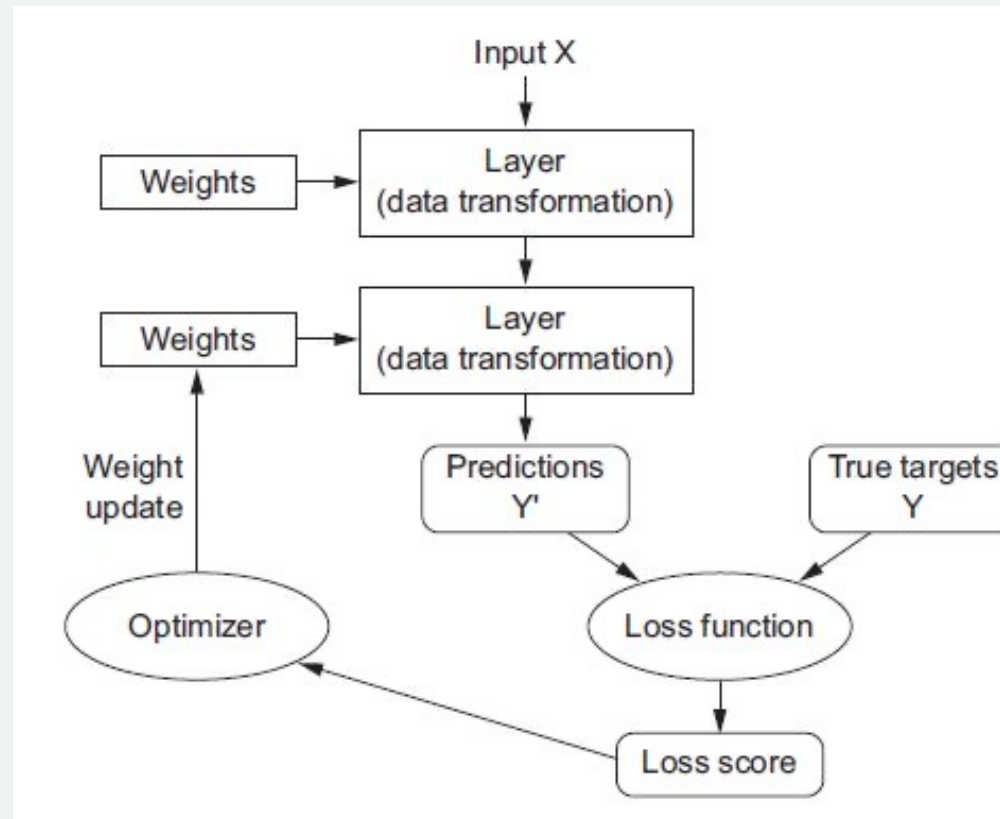


Deep neural network for digit classification



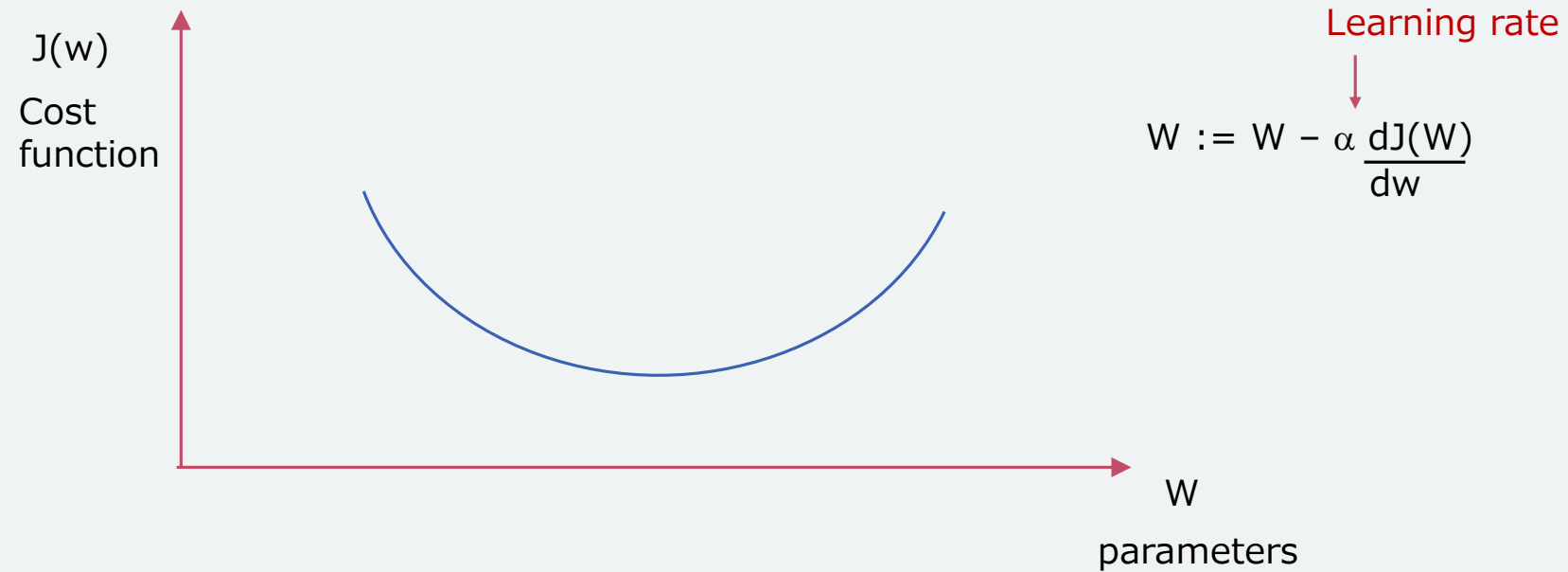
*From Deep Learning with Python, Francois Chollet, 2018

Deep learning structure



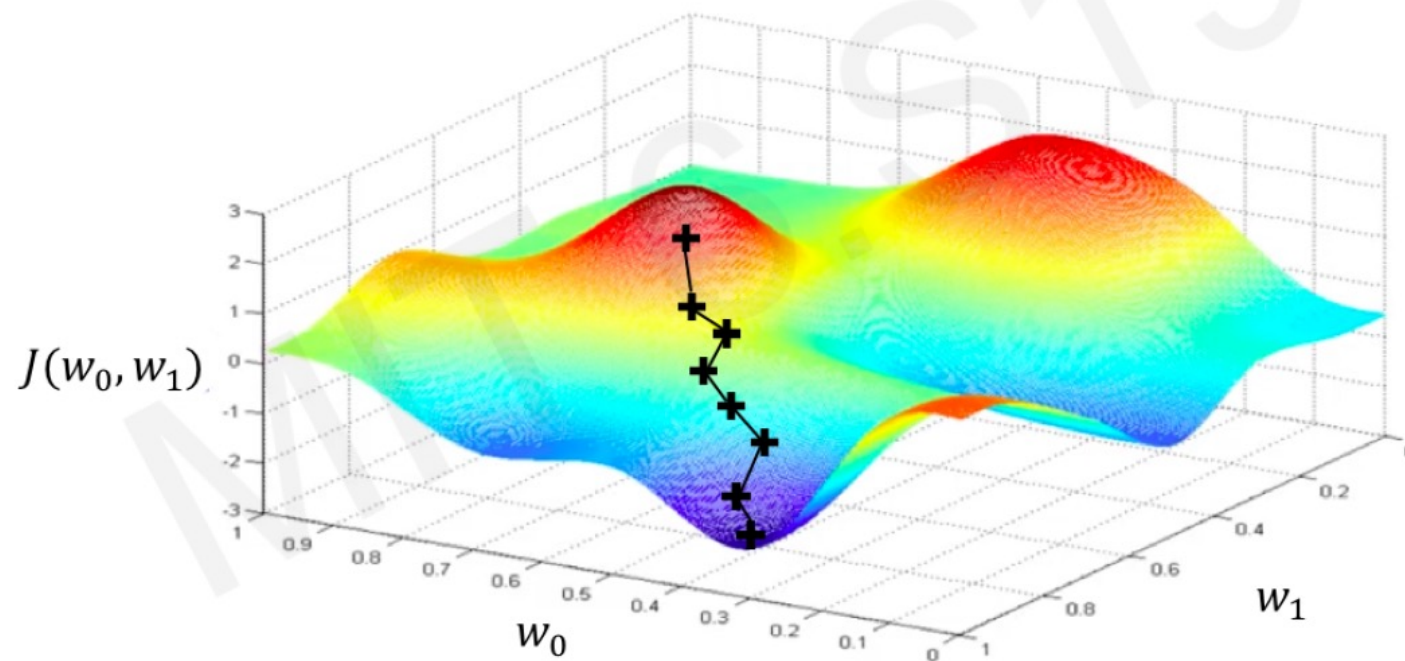
*From Deep Learning with Python, Francois Chollet, 2018

Gradient descent



Gradient Descent

Repeat until convergence

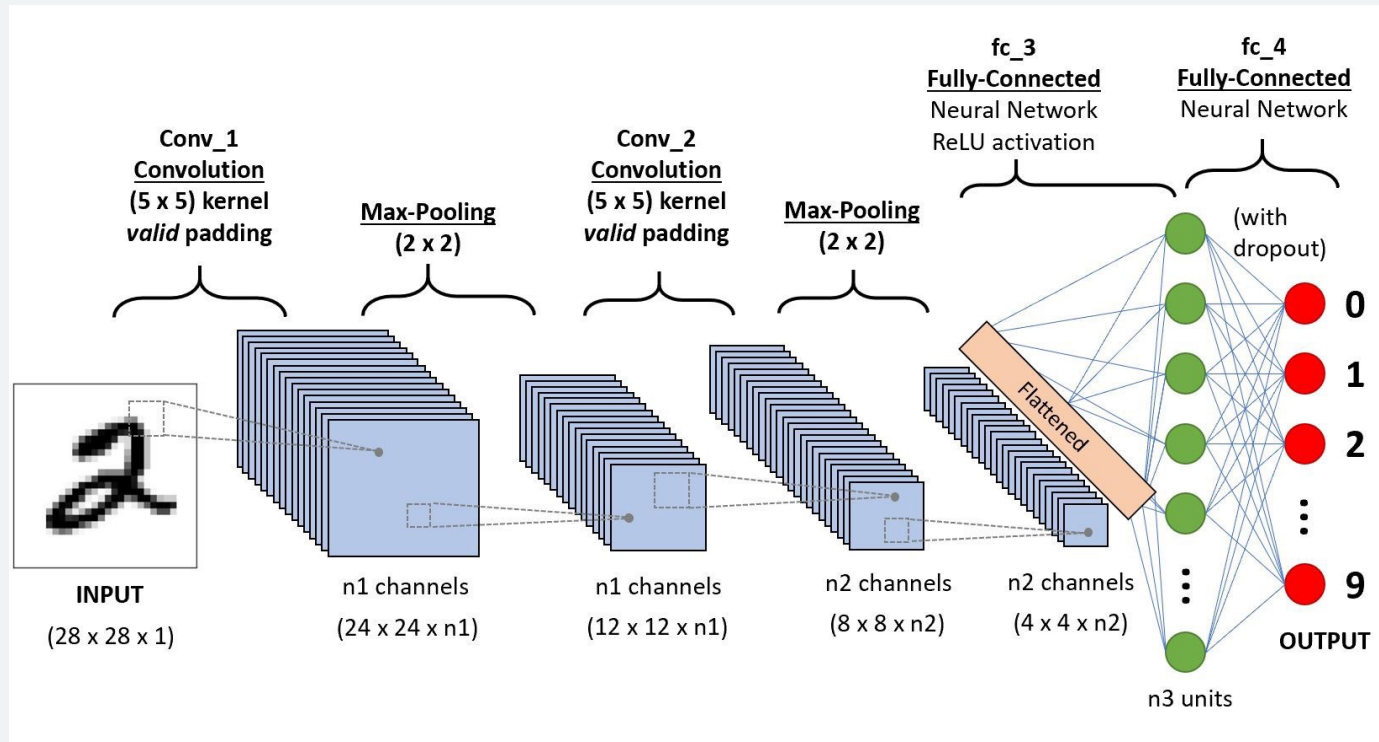


*From MIT 6S191 Deep Learning Lecture 1

The background features a minimalist design with a light gray top bar, a dark blue bottom bar, and a large pink rectangular area on the right side. A thin dark blue horizontal line separates the top bar from the main content area.

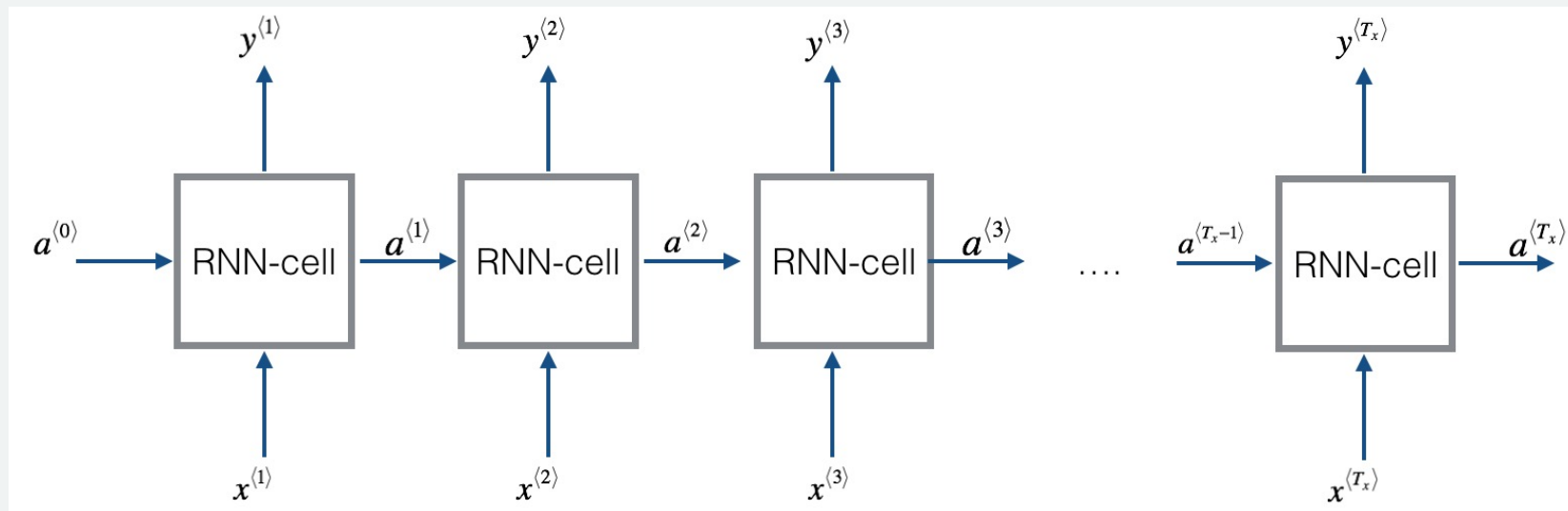
SOME COMMON NEURAL NETWORK ARCHITECTURES

Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)

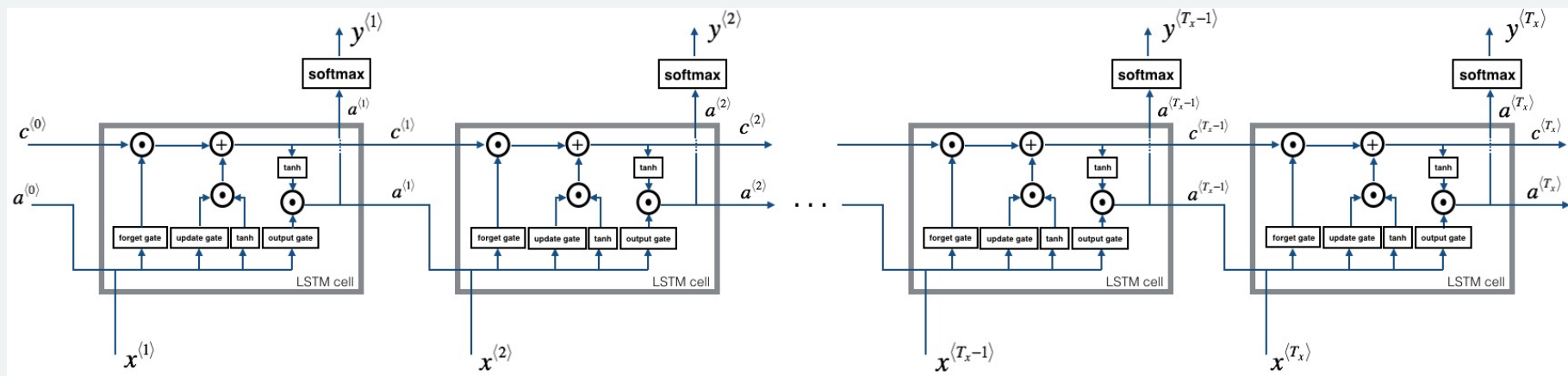


<https://towardsdatascience.com/a-comprehensive-guide-to-convolutional-neural-networks-the-eli5-way-3bd2b1164a53>

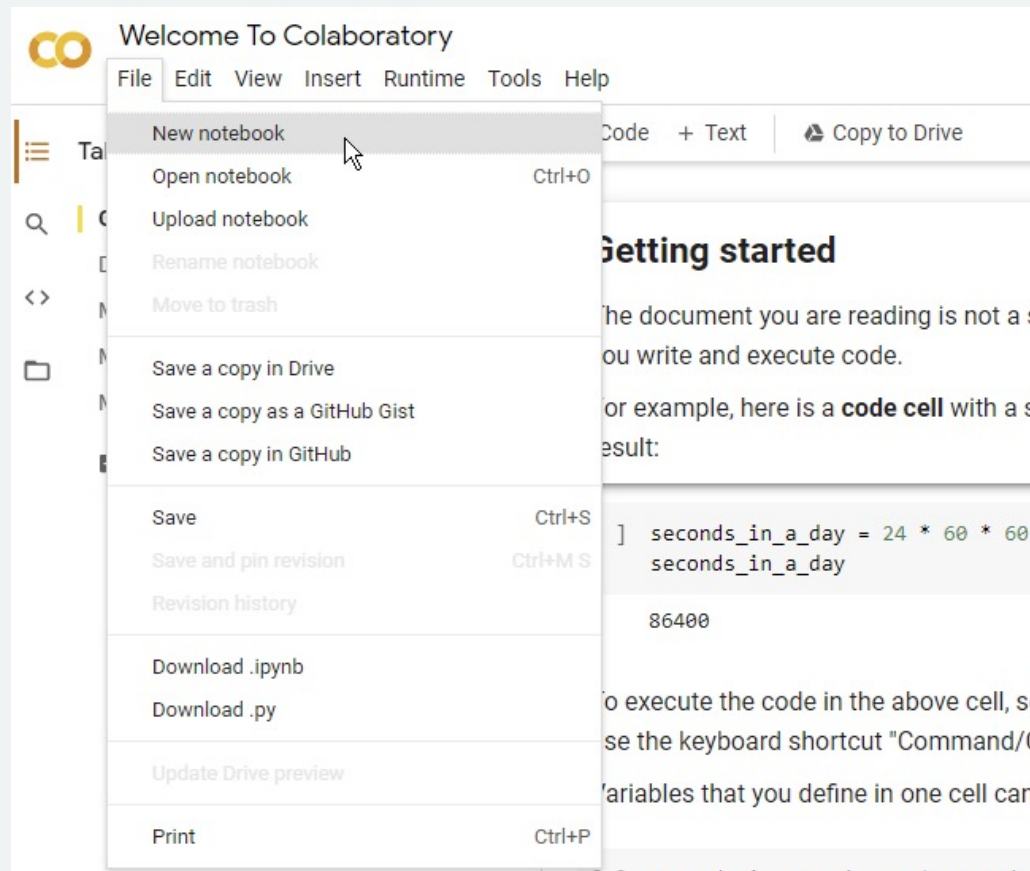
Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN)



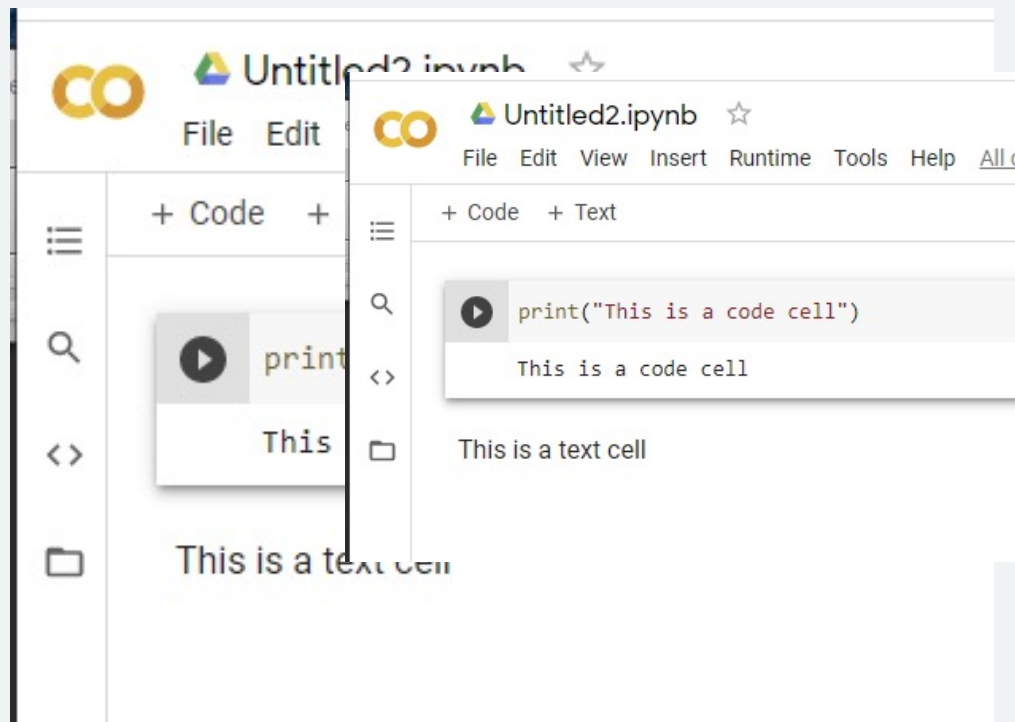
Long Short Term Memory (LSTM)



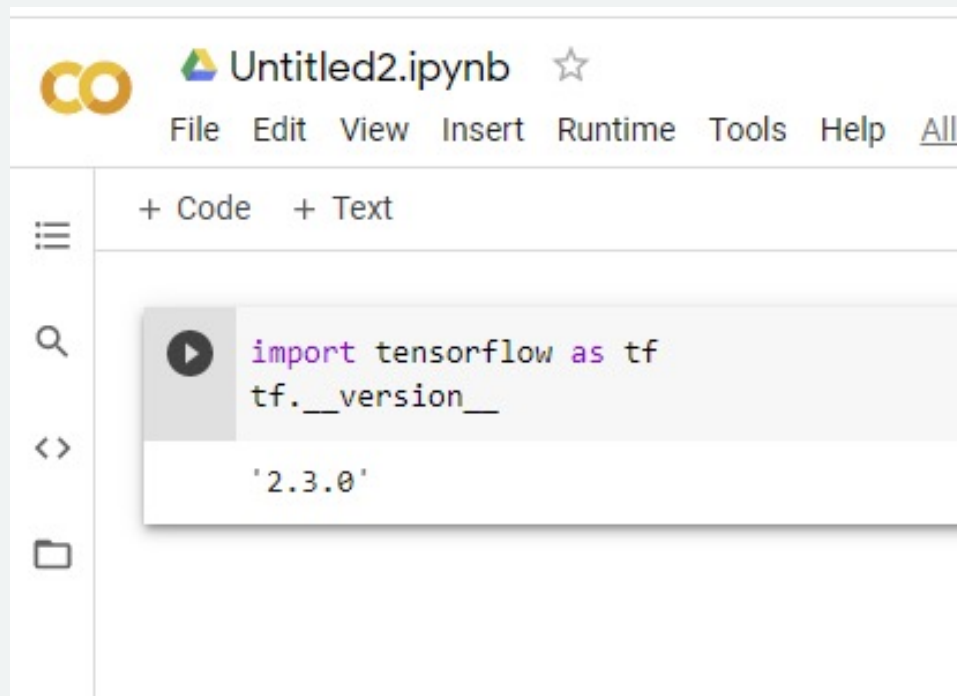
Begin Deep Learning Development in Colab



2 types of cell in notebook



TensorFlow is already installed in Colab

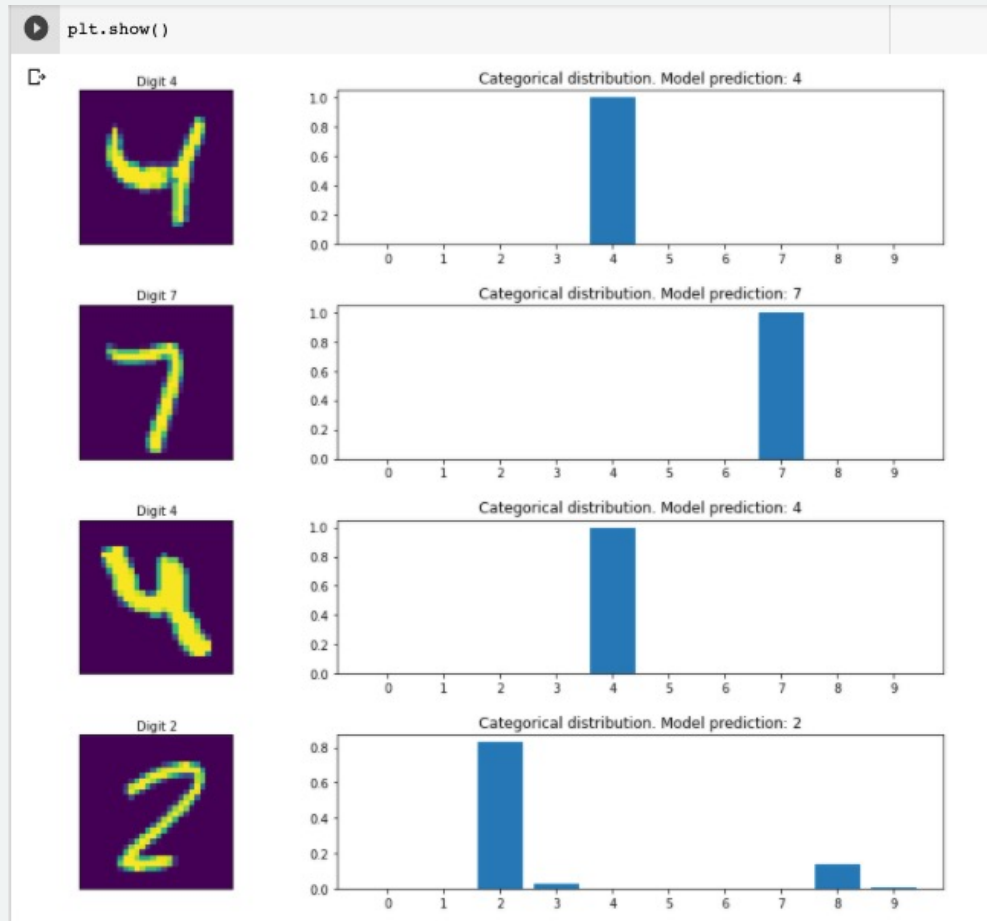


The screenshot shows the Google Colab interface. At the top, there's a header with the Colab logo, the file name 'Untitled2.ipynb', and a star icon. Below this is a menu bar with 'File', 'Edit', 'View', 'Insert', 'Runtime', 'Tools', 'Help', and 'All'. The main workspace has a sidebar on the left with icons for a menu, search, code editor, and file explorer. The code editor area shows a code cell with a play button icon. The code in the cell is:

```
import tensorflow as tf
tf.__version__
```

The output of the code cell is displayed below the code, showing the string `'2.3.0'`.

CNN_example1.ipynb



HW 6 : use the provided CNN_example1.ipynb notebook
Train your model to recognize **fashion_mnist** dataset.
The model must have the following layers

- 2 Conv2D layers,
- 2 MaxPooling2D layers
- 2 BatchNormalization() layers
- 1 Dropout() layer

Train your model to achieve test accuracy > 0.9

This is a tutorial of how to classify the Fashion-MNIST dataset with tf.keras, using a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) architecture. In just a few lines of code, you can define and train a model that is able to classify the images with over 90% accuracy, even without much optimization.



▶ # Run your function to evaluate the model

```
test_loss, test_accuracy = evaluate_model(model, scaled_test_images, test_labels)
print(f"Test loss: {test_loss}")
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_accuracy}")
```

```
313/313 [=====] - 3s 9ms/step - loss: 0.2742 - accuracy: 0.9002
Test loss: 0.2741547226905823
Test accuracy: 0.9002000093460083
```



Categories

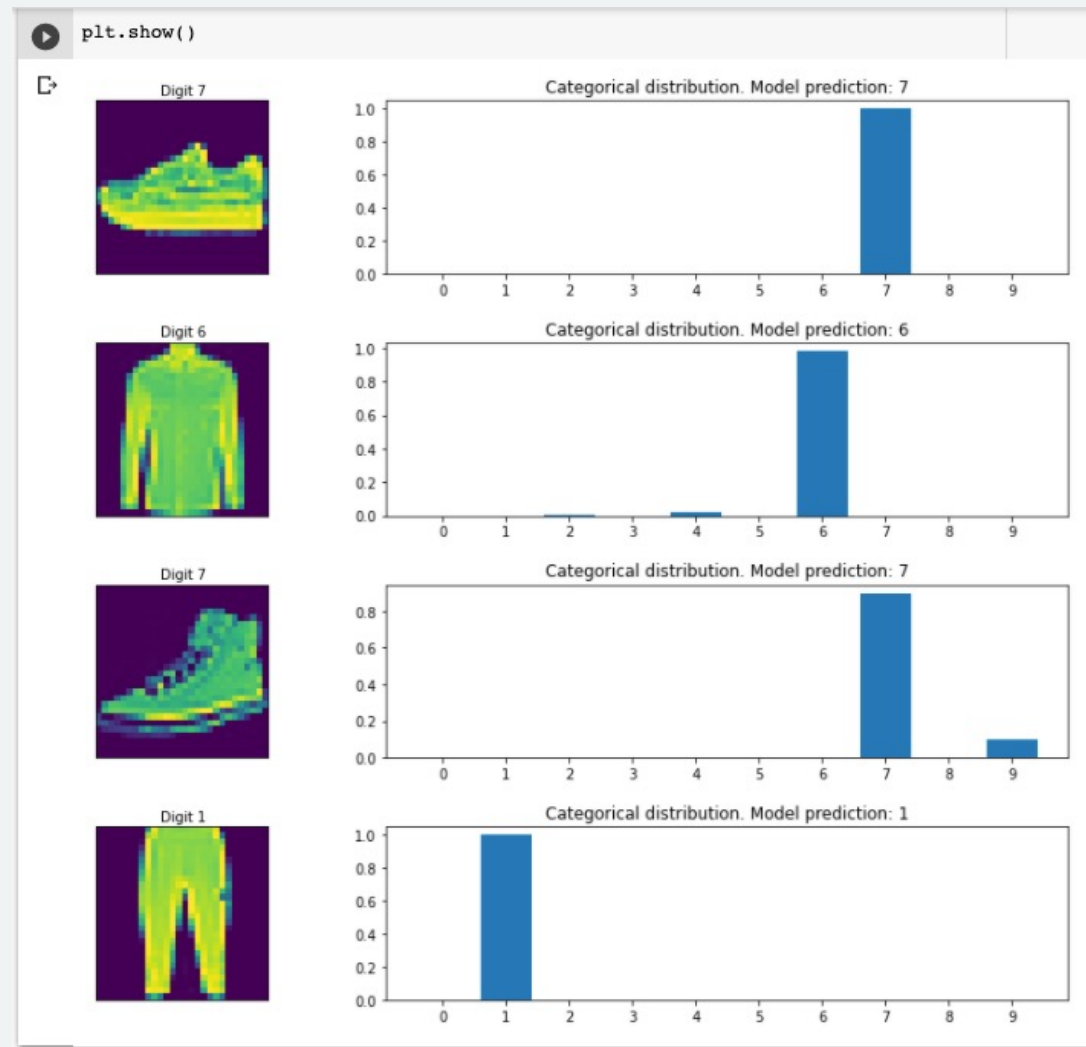
```
[50] model.summary()
```

```
Model: "sequential_3"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 16)	160
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 14, 14, 16)	0
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	4640
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 7, 7, 32)	0
batch_normalization_1 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 7, 7, 32)	128
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 7, 7, 32)	0
batch_normalization_2 (Batch Normalization)	(None, 7, 7, 32)	128
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None, 1568)	0
dense_9 (Dense)	(None, 64)	100416
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 64)	4160
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 10)	650

=====
Total params: 110,282
Trainable params: 110,154
Non-trainable params: 128
=====

Fashion MNIST prediction



References

- F. Chollet. Deep Learning with Python. Manning Publications Co. 2018.
- A. Geron. Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras & TensorFlow. O'Reilly Media, Inc. 2019.
- I. GoodFellow, Y. Bengio and A. Courville. Deep Learning. www.deeplearningbook.org.
- Coursera
 - Deep Learning Specialization. Deeplearning.ai.
 - DeepLearning.AI TensorFlow Developer
- MIT 6.S191 Introduction to Deep Learning
<http://introtodeeplearning.com/>