The first sentence the second sentence

a smaller subtitle

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Abstract

Key words:

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Introduction

What if machines can read our mind? If we can give a machine a few key words and let the machine generate a sentence from these key words, our lives would become more productive and efficient. This is what autocomplete systems are trying to achieve. The way in which we choose the key words is also important. Taking just the first or the last few words of a sentence as key words usually does not capture the full meaning of the sentence. For example, if someone want to capture the meaning of 'I live in Amsterdam' in a few key words, the words 'live Amsterdam' would probably be choosen. Thus, the key words come from multiple places in the sentence. Therefore, autocomplete systems need to use more complex models to be more efficient and accurate.

1.1 Literature review

1.1.1 Autocomplete communication game

The same autocomplete communication game is considered as in Lee et al. (2019). In this game, a human (called user) encodes a sentence into key words. These key words are then decoded by a machine (called system) to retrieve the full, initial sentence. A schematic overview is given in figure 1.1. The communication game is successfull if the retrieved sentence is the same as the initial sentence.

More formally, a target sentence $x = (x_1, ..., x_m)$ is communicated by a user through the key words $z = (z_1, ..., z_n)$. The system then tries to retrieve the target sentence by decoding the key words. The target sentence is described by the key words using encoding strategy $q_{\alpha}(z|x)$ and the system decodes the key words by using decoding strategy $p_{\beta}(x|z)$.

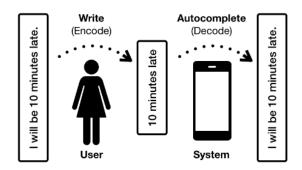


Figure 1.1: schematic overview of the communication game. Figure from Lee et al. (2019).

1.1.2 Segmentation model

Why does a segmentation model work?

1.1.3 Structured latent variables

How does the model work?

1.2 Current research

Previous research did not take structure into account (Lee et al., 2019; Bar-Yossef & Kraus, 2011; Svyatkovskiy, Zhao, Fu, & Sundaresan, 2019). Since language is structured, it makes sense to use a structured model as an autocomplete model. In this research, we look at how we can use a latent segmentation model to retrieve key words from a sentence.

Method

Results

Conclusion

Discussion

References

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