SHARP

Under development New product

(Unit: mm)

IS1682

OPIC Light Detector

OPIC Light Detector for X40 Speed CD-ROM Drive

General Description

Sharp's IS1682 is OPIC light detectors which are used for pick-up in X40 speed CD-ROM drive. They improve noise resistance characteristics and enable to read low reflective CD-RW due to built-in RF amp.

Features

- (1) High speed response(Response frequency: MIN. 45MHz) (Best suited for optical pick-up in X40 speed CD-ROM drive)
- (2) With built-in RF amplifier

(Integrates 6-division PIN photodiode and amplifier circuit onto a single chip)

(3) Compact and thin package

(Dimensions: 5.0 x 4.0 x 1.5mm)

- (4) Possible to supply custom-made detecting pattern
- (5) Pair use with Sharp's laser diode is recommended.

Laser diode: 780 nm / 5 mW (LT022 series) 770 to 795 nm /60 mW (LT041NS)

(10)(9)(8)(7)(6) Ö (1)(2)(3)(4)(5)Terminal connection (1) V_D (6) VE 5.0 (2) VA (7) GND (8) Vs 3 VRF 4 V_B 9 Vcc 10 VF (5) Vc

Outline Dimensions

"OPIC"(Optical IC)is a trademark of the SHARP Corporation. An OPIC consists of a light-detecting element and signal-processing circuit integrated onto single chip Detecting Pattern of Photodiode

Applications

(1) CD-ROM drive(to 40X speed)

(2) CD-ROM drive for CD-RW

380 66 124

Unit: µm

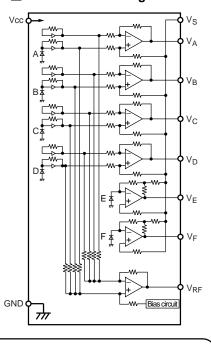
Absolute Maximum Ratings

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Par	ameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply	voltage	Vcc	6.0	V
*1 Output	voltage	Vo	Vcc	V
Operati	ng temperature	Topr	-30 to +80	°C
Storage	e temperature	Tstg	-40 to +100	°C
*2 Solderi	ng temperature	Tsol	260	°C

- *1 Applies to VA to VF, VRF
- *2 For MAX.3s at the position of 1.0mm from the resin edge.

Internal Block Diagram



• In the absence of confirmation by device specification sheets, SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that may occur in equipment using (Notice) any SHARP devices shown in catalogs, data books, etc. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any

Specifications are subject to change without notice for improvement.

• Data for Sharp's optoelectronic/power devices is provided on internet. (Address http://www.sharp.co.jp/ecg/)

SHARP

OPIC Light Detector

Recommended Operating Conditions

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Operating supply voltage	Vcc	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Operating supply voltage 1	Vs	2.0	2.1	2.2	V
Operating supply voltage 2	Vs	2.4	2.5	2.6	V

Electrical Characteristics 1

(Ta=25°C,Vcc=5V,Vs=2.1V,RL=10k Ω [V_{RF} terminal : R_L = 0 Ω] C_L = 10 pF)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Applications
Supply current	Icc	_	8.8	14.8	20	mA	Vcc
Output off-set voltage 1	V_{od1}	Specified by voltage difference from Vs	-25	0	+25	mV	VA to VD
Output off-set voltage 2	V_{od2}	Specified by voltage difference from Vs	-15	0	+15	mV	VE,VF
Output off-set voltage 3	V_{od3}	Refered to GND	1.25	1.4	1.55	V	V _{RF}
	$\Delta V_{ m od}$	A - B	-20	0	+20		VA,VB
		C - D	-20	0	+20		Vc,VD
Extremes of off-set voltage		(A+C) - (B+D)	-20	0	+20	mV	Va to VD
		E - F	-15	0	+15		VE,VF
		A+B+C+D	-40	+5	+50		Va to Vd

(Ta=25°C,Vcc=5V,Vs=2.5V,RL=10k Ω [V_{RF} terminal : RL= 0 Ω] C_{L} = 10 pF)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Applications
Output off-set voltage 4	V_{od1}	Specified by voltage difference from Vs	-25	+2	+28	mV	V _A to V _D
Output off-set voltage 5	V_{od2}	Specified by voltage difference from Vs	-16	0	+16	mV	VE,VF
Output off-set voltage 6	V _{od3}	Reffered to GND	1.25	1.4	1.55	V	V _{RF}
Extremes of off-set voltage	$\Delta V_{ m od}$	(A+C) - (B+D)	-22	0	+22		Va to VD
		E - F	-15	0	+15	mV	VE,VF
		A+B+C+D	-40	+13	+62		V _A to V _D

Electrical Characteristics 2

(Ta=25°C,Vcc=5V,Vs=2.1V,RL=10k Ω [V_{RF} terminal : RL= 0 Ω] C_{L} = 10 pF)

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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Applications
*3*4 Sensitivity 1	Rpi	-	18.0	24.6	31.2	mV/μW	Va to VD
*3*4 Sensitivity 2	R _{P2}	-	31.2	44.7	58.1	$mV/\mu W$	VE,VF
*3*4 Sensitivity 3	R _{P3}	=	30.2	43.2	56.1	$mV/\mu W$	VrF
*5 Extreme of sensitivity	ΔR_P	-	-	-	10	%	-
Sensitivity ratio 1	Rp2/Rp1	-	-	1.81	-	-	-
Sensitivity ratio 2	Rp3/Rp1	-	1.67	1.76	1.84	-	-
*4*6 Response frequency 1	fc1	-3dB	34	65	-	MHz	Va to VF
*4*6 Response frequency 2	fc2	-3dB	55	75	-	MHz	V _{RF}
*4*6 Response frequency 3	fc3	-3dB	1	5	-	MHz	VE,VF
*4*6 Response frequency 4	fc4	Averge of VA to VD	45	65	-	MHz	VA to VD
*4 High level output voltage 1	Vohi	-	3.8	-	-	V	Va to VD
*4 High level output voltage 2	V _{OH2}	-	3.8	-	-	V	VrF
*4 Response sensitivity 1	ΔR_{p1}	1 MHz to 23.1 MHz	-1.0	+1.0	+2.0	dB	Va to VF
*4 Response sensitivity 2	ΔR_{p2}	1 MHz to 23.1 MHz	-1.0	+1.0	+2.0	dB	V _{RF}
*4*7 Group delay deviation 1	tgd1	Average of f=1 to 23.1MHz,VA to VD	-	2.5	6	ns	Va to VD
*4*7 Group delay deviation 2	tgd2	f=1 to 23.1MHz	-	2.5	6	ns	V _{RF}
Output noise level 1	Vn1	f=23.1MHz,BW=30kHz	-	-81	-76	dBm	V _A to V _D
Output noise level 2	V _{n2}	f=23.1MHz,BW=30kHz	-	-70	-65	dBm	V _{RF}

^{*3 10} μ W, ϕ 30 μ m of DC light is applied to the center of each photodiode. Under that condition, sensitivity R is shown by following formula.

^{*7} In addition to 10µW, \$30µm DC light, 4µWp-p AC light is applied to the center of each photodiode. BW=10kHz



 $R{=}(V_p\text{-}V_{od})/5\mu W$ *4 Light source : laser diode of λ =780nm

^{*5} Extreme of sensitivity is shown by following formula.

² x (Rpımax-Rpımin)/(Rpımax+Rpımin) x 100 2 x (Rpımax-Rpımin)/(Rpımax+Rpımin) x 100

^{*6} Frequency sensitivity is -3dB.(reference sensitivity : value at f= 1 MHz)

This datasheet has been download from:

www.datasheetcatalog.com

Datasheets for electronics components.