



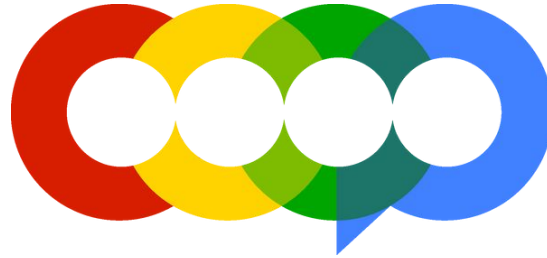
Bellabeat

Google Data Analytics Capstone Project
Deyvis Mejia Zambrana



About Me

- Graduated CUNY Hunter College in 2023 with a BA in biological science and a minor in geology
- 2+ years of work experience
- Graduated from COOP in the data analytics track in June 2024 (C395)
- Experience with R/Python programming, classical statistics, relational database SQL language, and Tableau



Stakeholders

Urška Sršen: Bellabeat's cofounder and Chief Creative Officer

Sando Mur: Mathematician and Bellabeat's cofounder

Bellabeat marketing analytics team: A team of data analysts

Business Task: Analyze smart device usage to better inform Bellabeat marketing.

Executive Summary

- Competitor Fitbit gathers nonsensical user data
- Fitbit data collection can be improved
- Fitbit users vary in the amount of consistency for Fitbit use
- Bellabeat can fill in the data gaps to be a stronger competitor, may include subscription-based information reporting for users depending on the user preference for information

Methods, Data, and Limitations

Limitations: Fitbit data is incomplete and user use of Fitbit is inconsistent between subjects, there is also inconsistency within subject Fitbit use. Fitbit users are not all women.

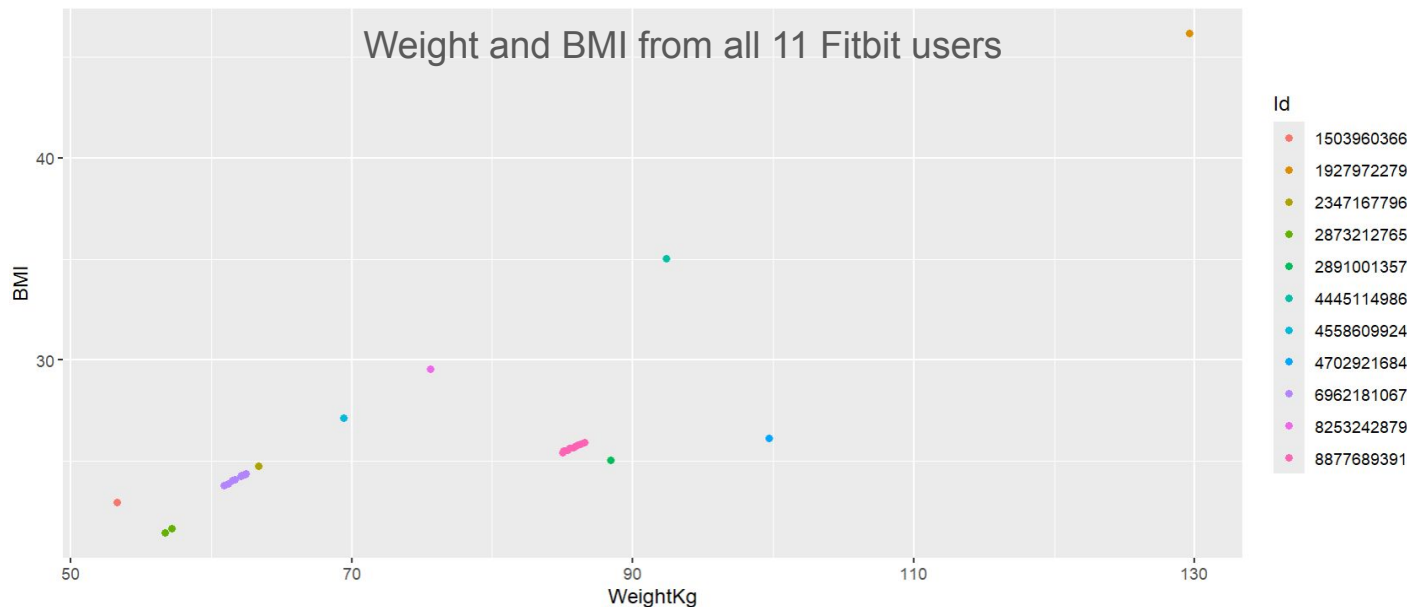
Data: Four data sources from [Kaggle](#).

Methods: R programming for data cleaning, formatting, analysis, and visualization. Statistical analysis was also done in R language within RStudio.

Insights From: *Weight Log*

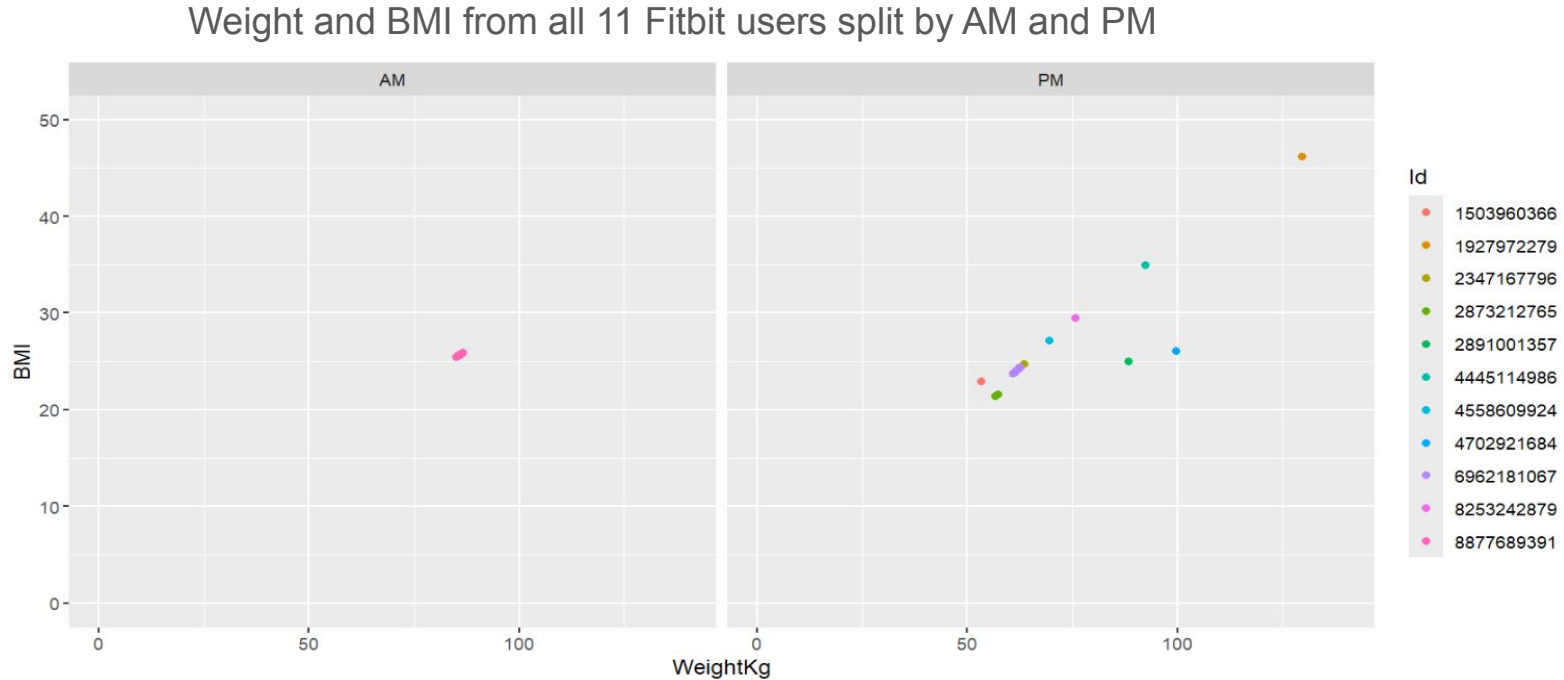
BMI and Weight are Canonically Related

BMI uses weight in its calculation as well as age and height, it assumes older and taller people will have larger weights but also that fat increases as weight increases. BMI can change because weight can change.

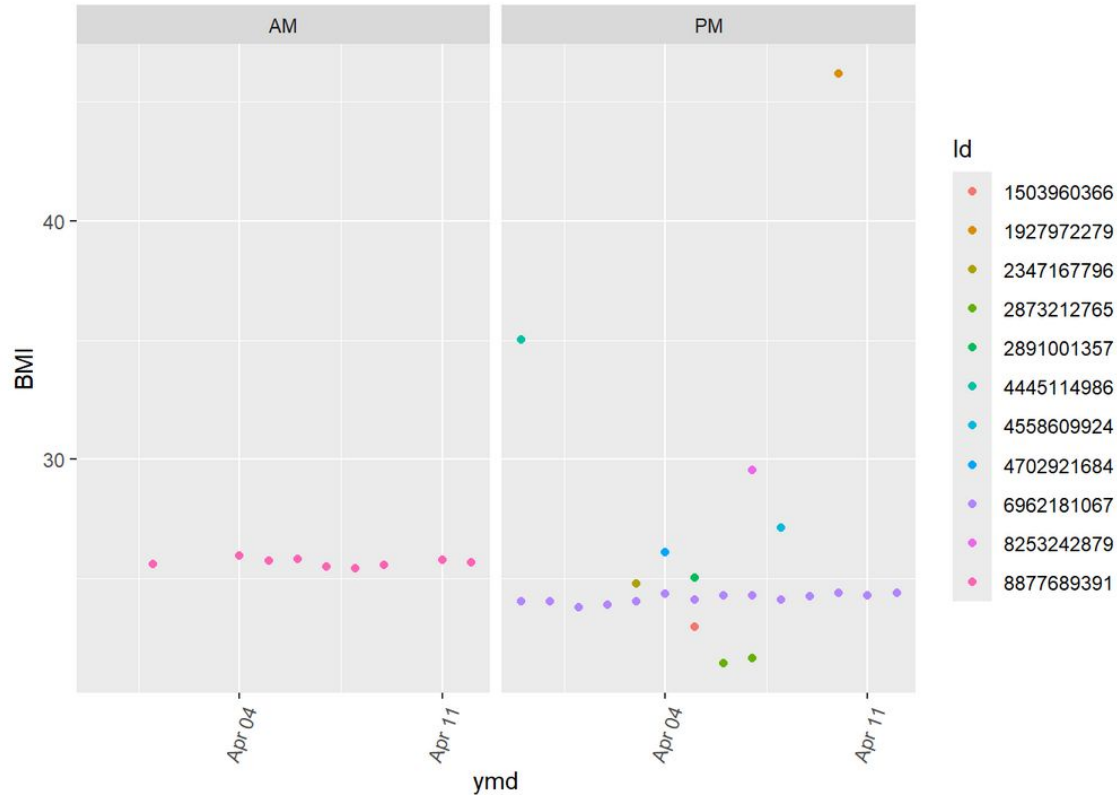


Bellabeat can help better inform user health beyond BMI. Engaging more users could depend on user education.

More Users Track Weight and BMI During AM Hours



AM Times are More Common for Data Tracking

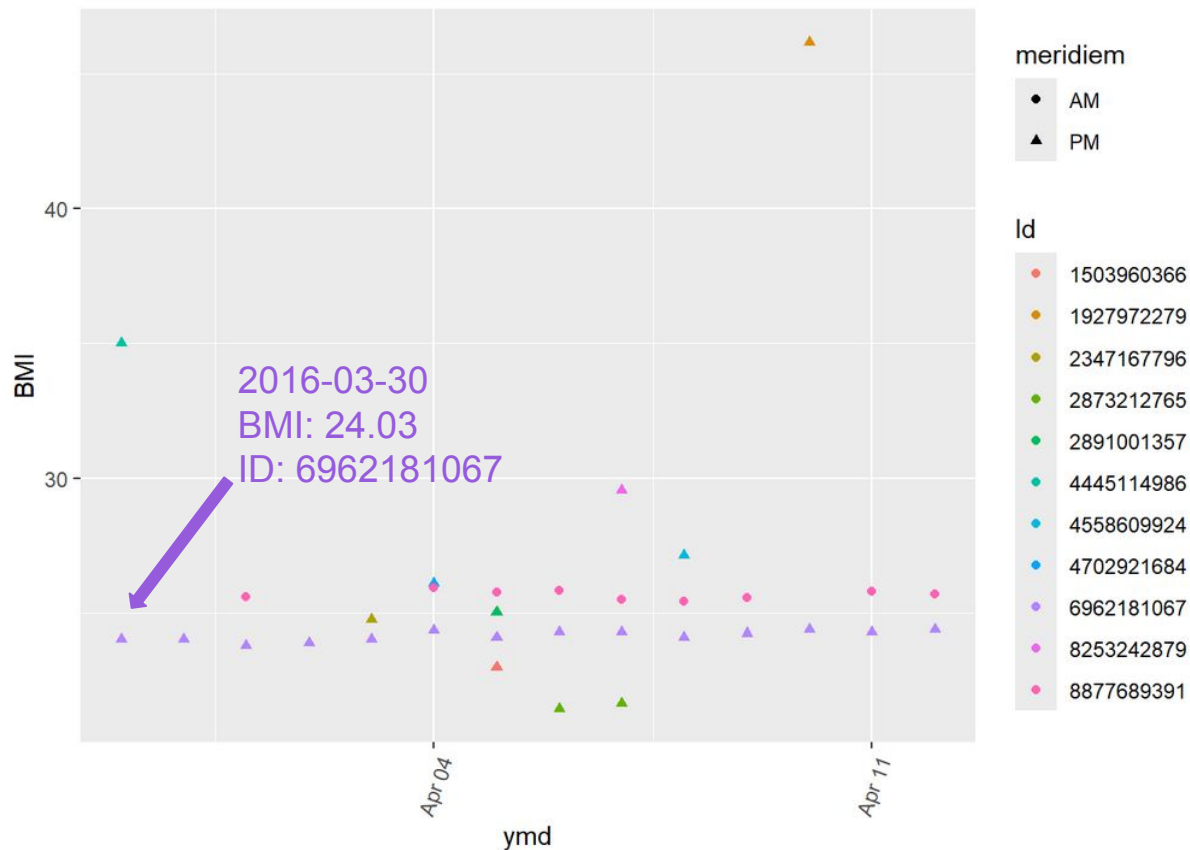


Most users do not track their BMI consistently.

Bellabeat can time workout notifications during active hours.

[BMI calculator](#)

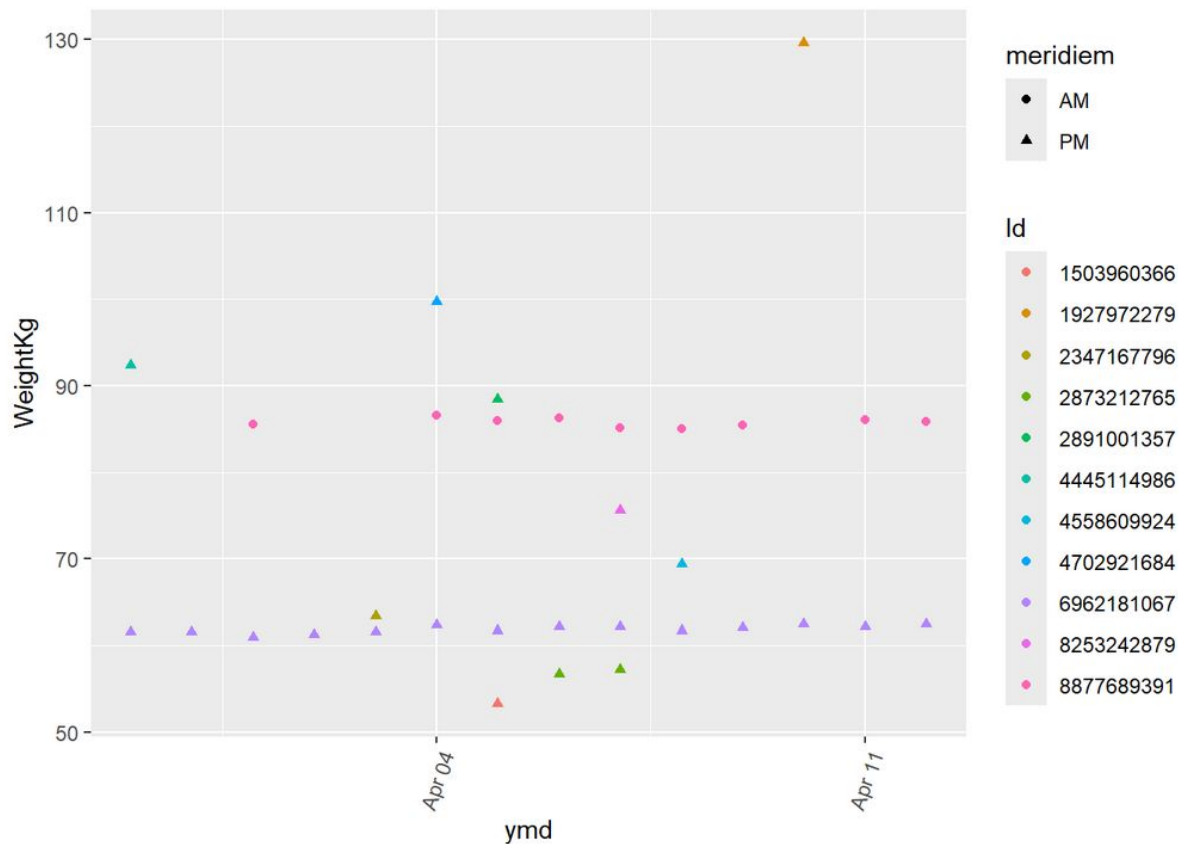
Some Users Track Their BMI More Consistently



Most BMI for users remain under 30 through time.

Bellabeat could implement a data dashboard for BMI.

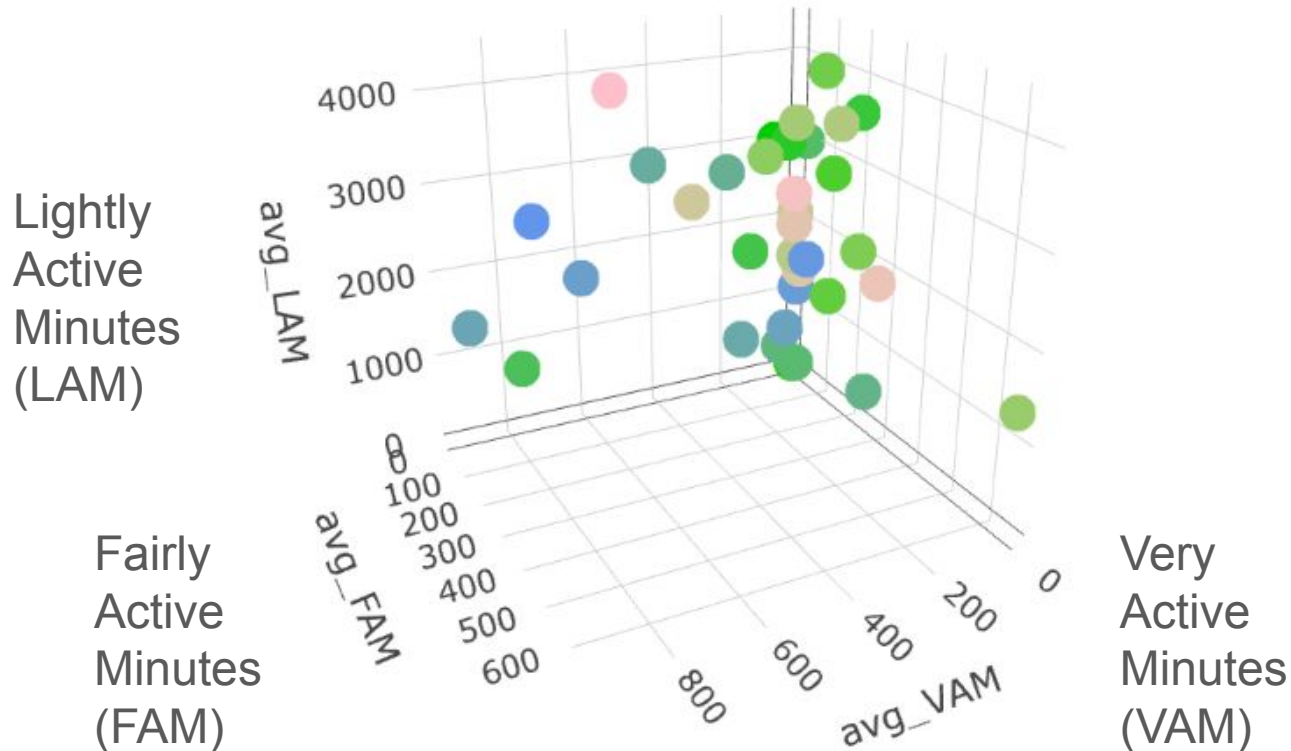
Weights tracked through time are inconsistent



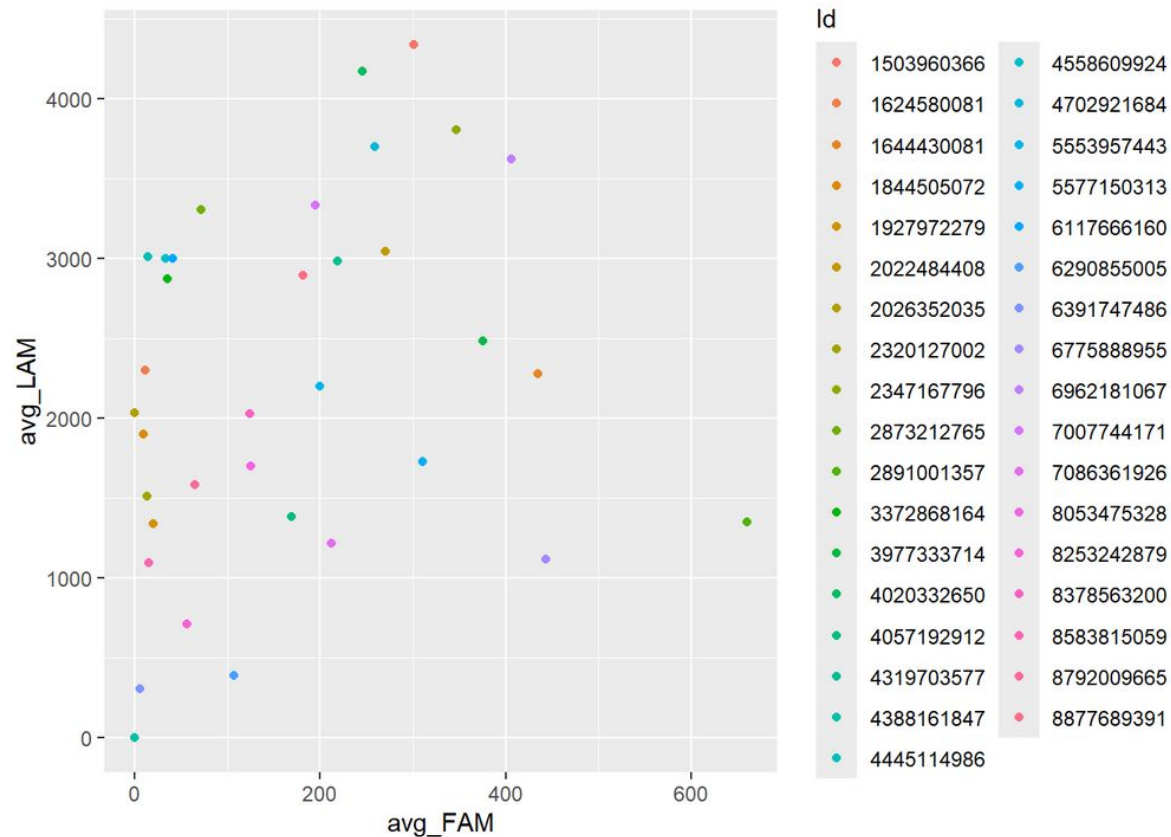
For some weight gain (or loss) may be a goal.

Insights From: *Daily Activity*

What are the relationships between active minutes categories? Are any predictable from the other?

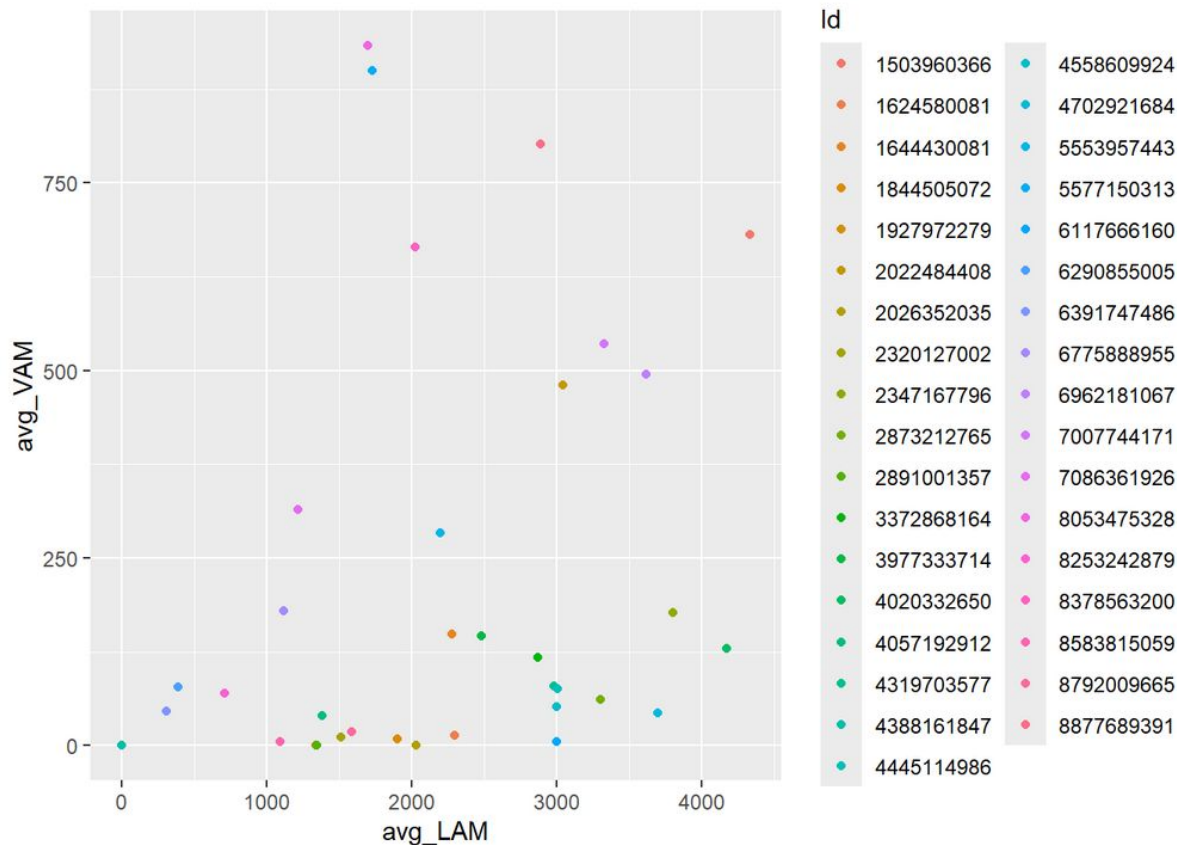


FAM Is Not a Great Predictor for LAM



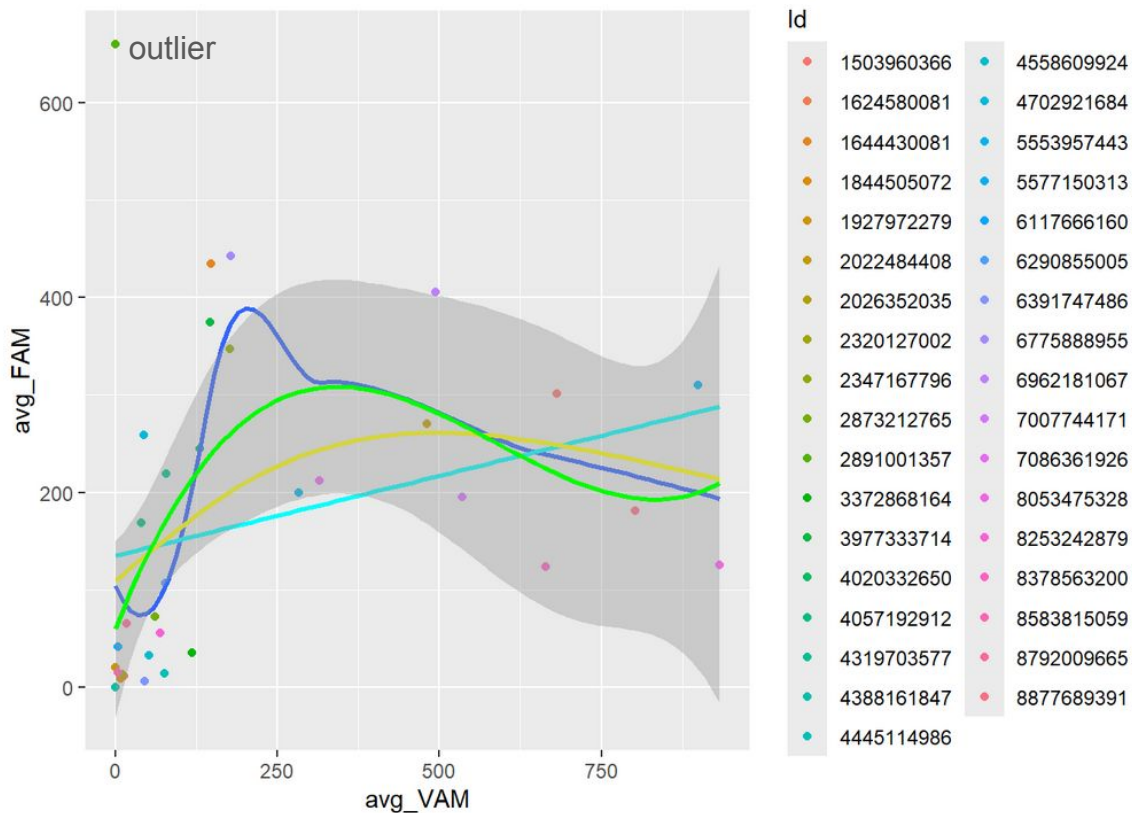
Generally, there is a slight increase for a user's average lightly active minutes for their average fairly active minutes.

LAM Is Not a Great Predictor for VAM



Most of the points remain under 250 very active minutes irrespective of lightly active minutes.

VAM Can Predict FAM: Exploring Different Models

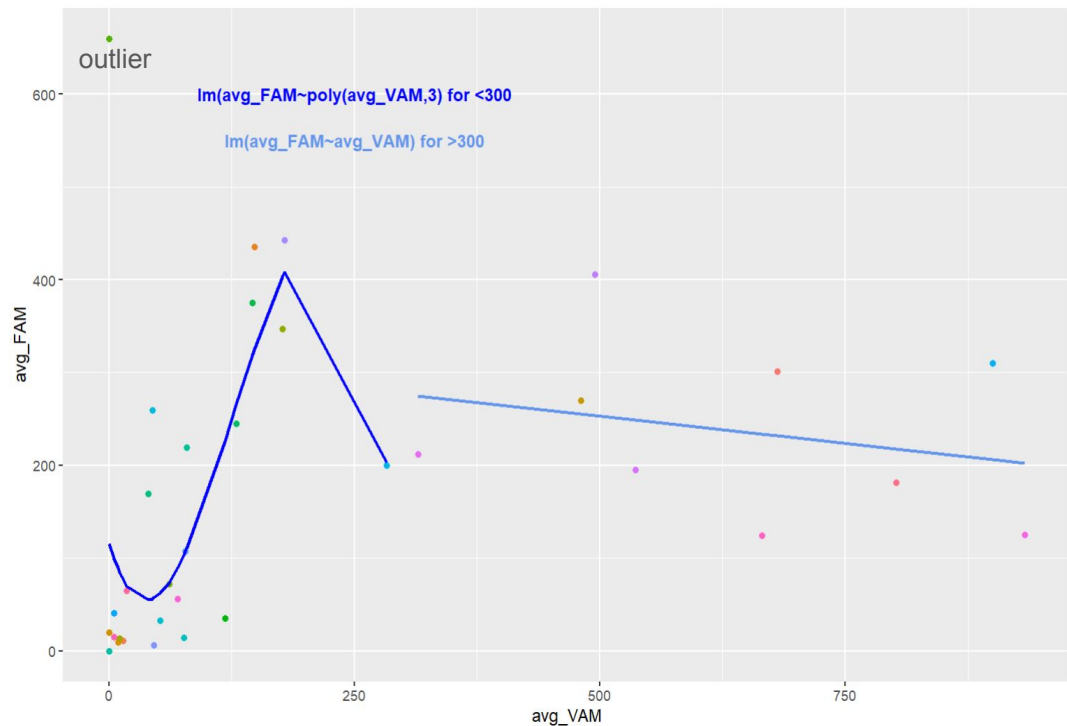


The **blue** LOESS model can show the FAM relationship is *not* linear.

The **green** polynomial model represents a polynomial relationship.

The model output is affected by the labeled outlier.

Piecing Together a FAM Model from VAM

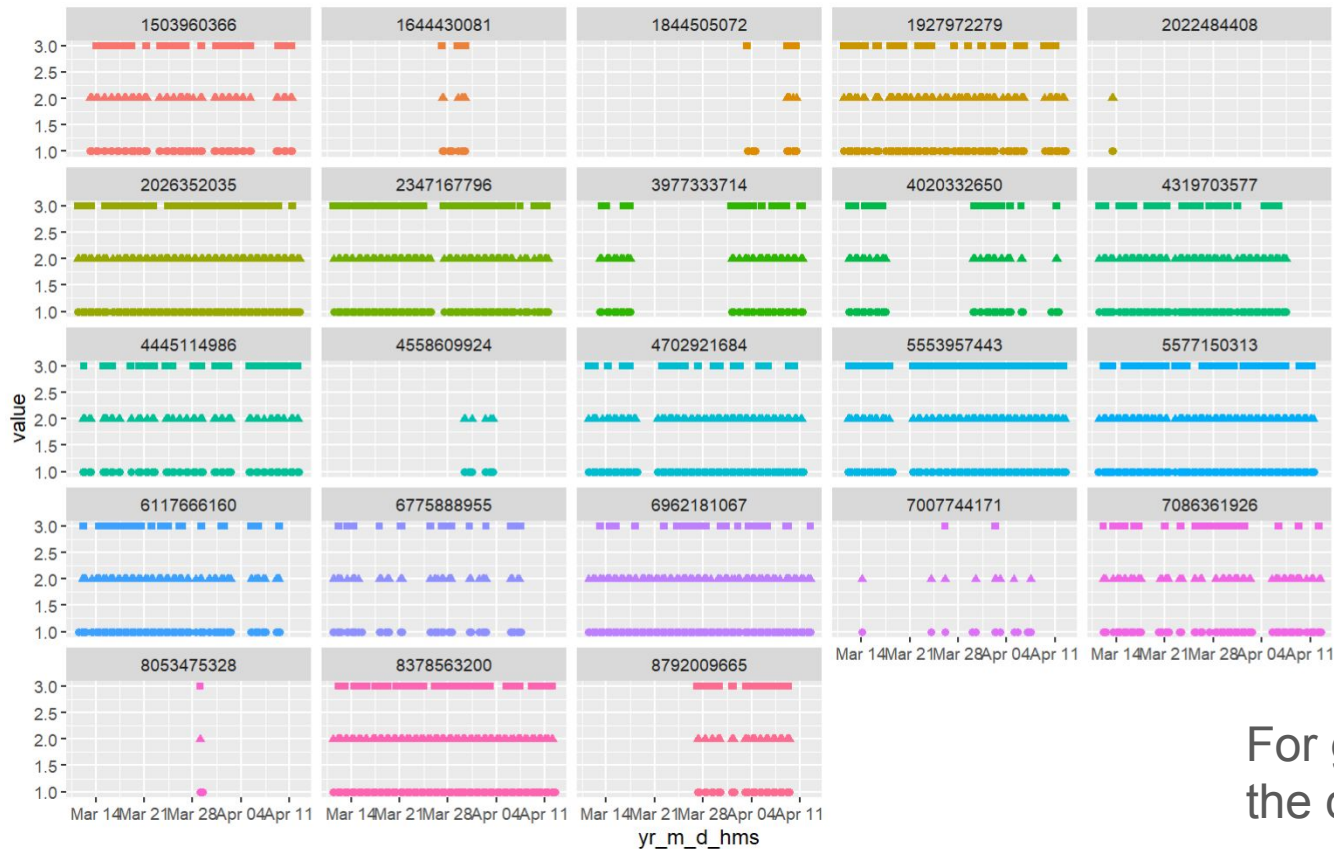


Id		
1503960366	4558609924	
1624580081	4702921684	
1644430081	5553957443	
1844505072	5577150313	
1927972279	6117666160	
2022484408	6290855005	
2026352035	6391747486	
2320127002	6775888955	
2347167796	6962181067	
2873212765	7007744171	
2891001357	7086361926	
3372868164	8053475328	
3977333714	8253242879	
4020332650	8378563200	
4057192912	8583815059	
4319703577	8792009665	
4388161847	8877689391	
4445114986		

Fairly active minutes goes up quickly as VAM increases, peaks at around 450 with very active minutes between 125-250 then comes back down as very active minutes increases past 300.

Insights From: *Sleep Minutes*

Overview: Fitbit Sleep Tracking Is the Most Consistent

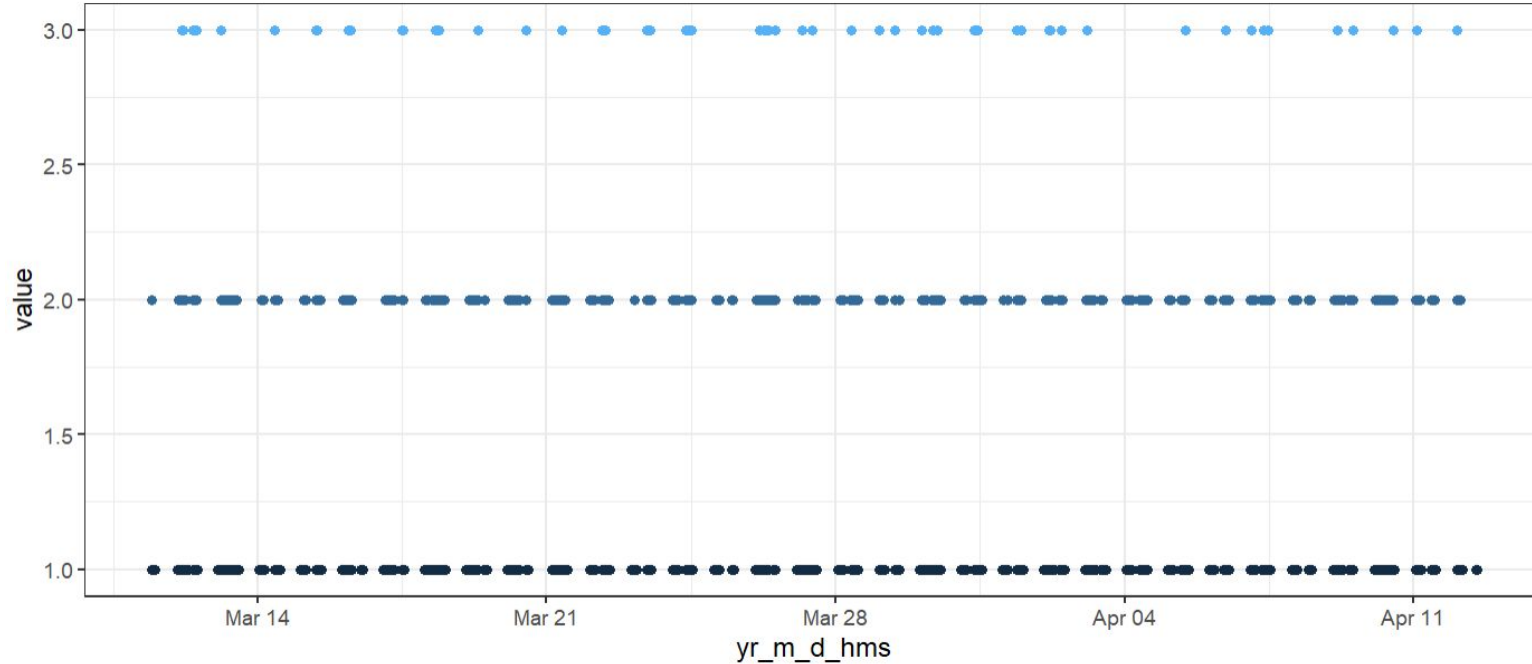


Values:
1 = asleep
2 = restless
3 = awake

Restlessness
is ubiquitous!
More sleep
coverage is
healthier.

For gaps it's assumed
the device was not used

8378563200 Id: A Detailed View

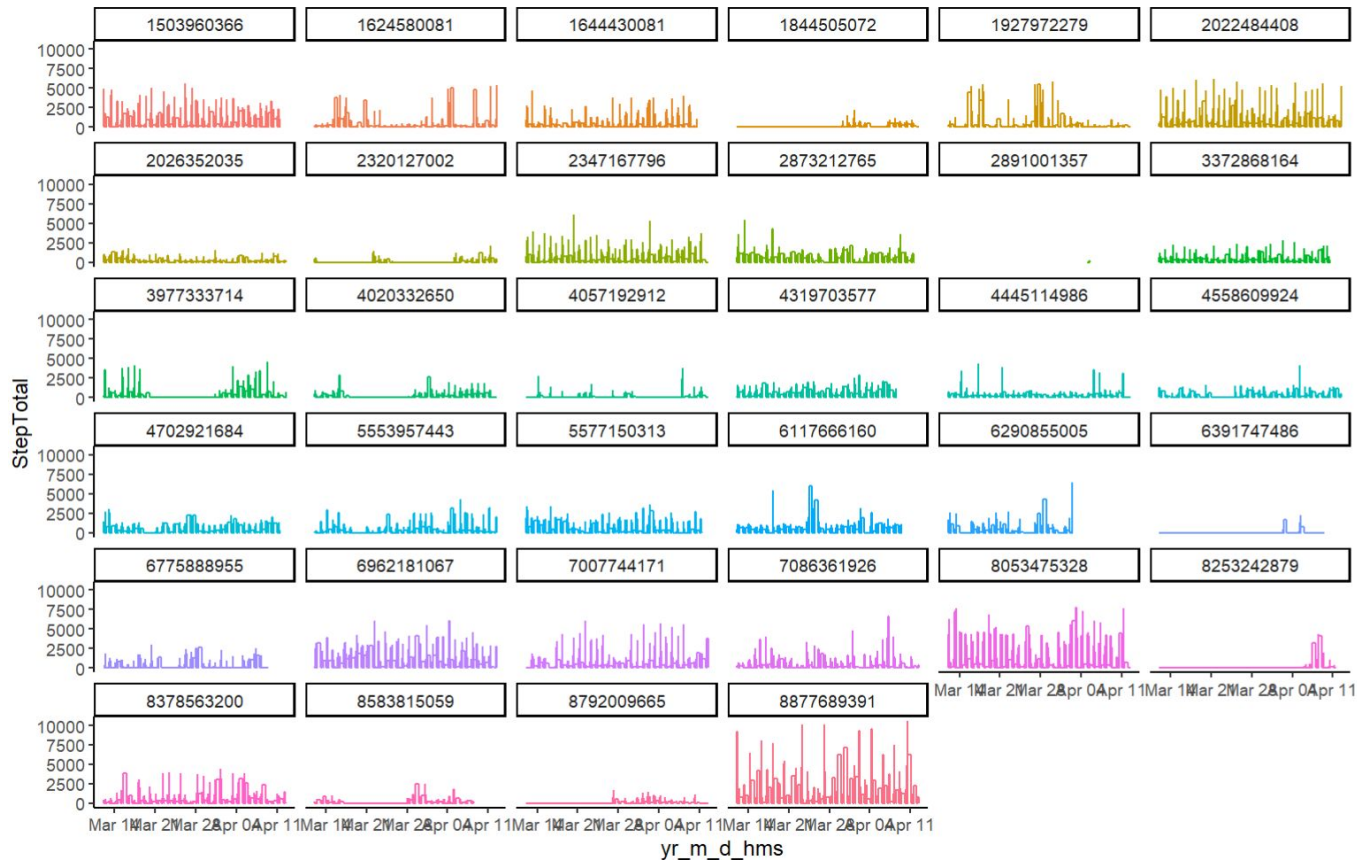


Values:
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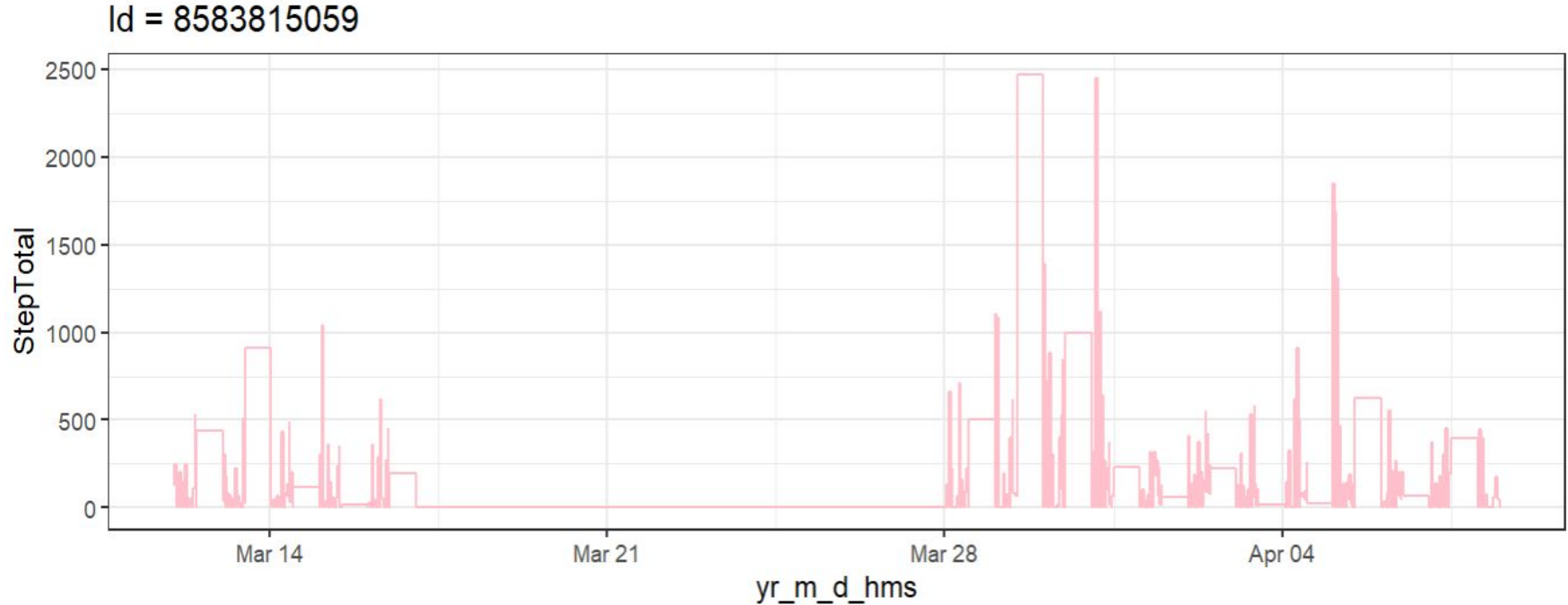
Insights From: *Hourly Steps*

Overview: Fitbit Step Tracking Is Widely Used

For most users, maximum hourly total steps taken remains consistent over time.

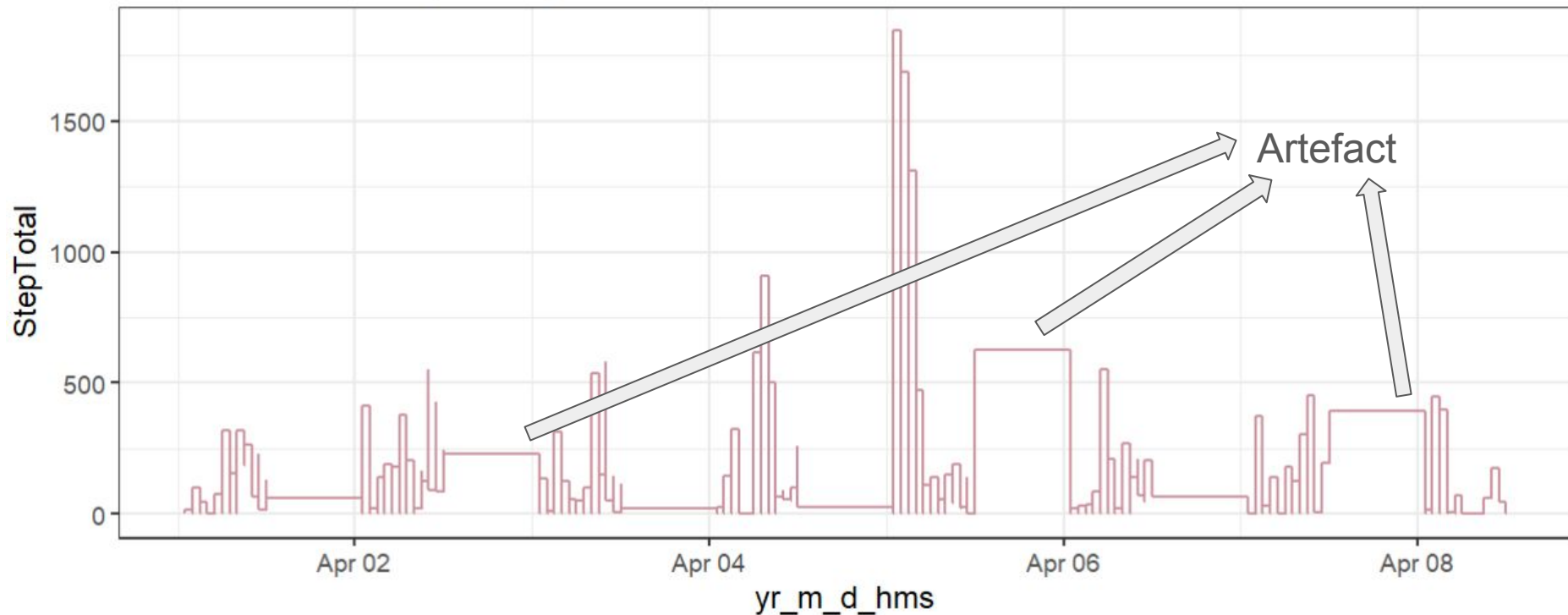


Some Users Take Breaks from Step Tracking or Forget

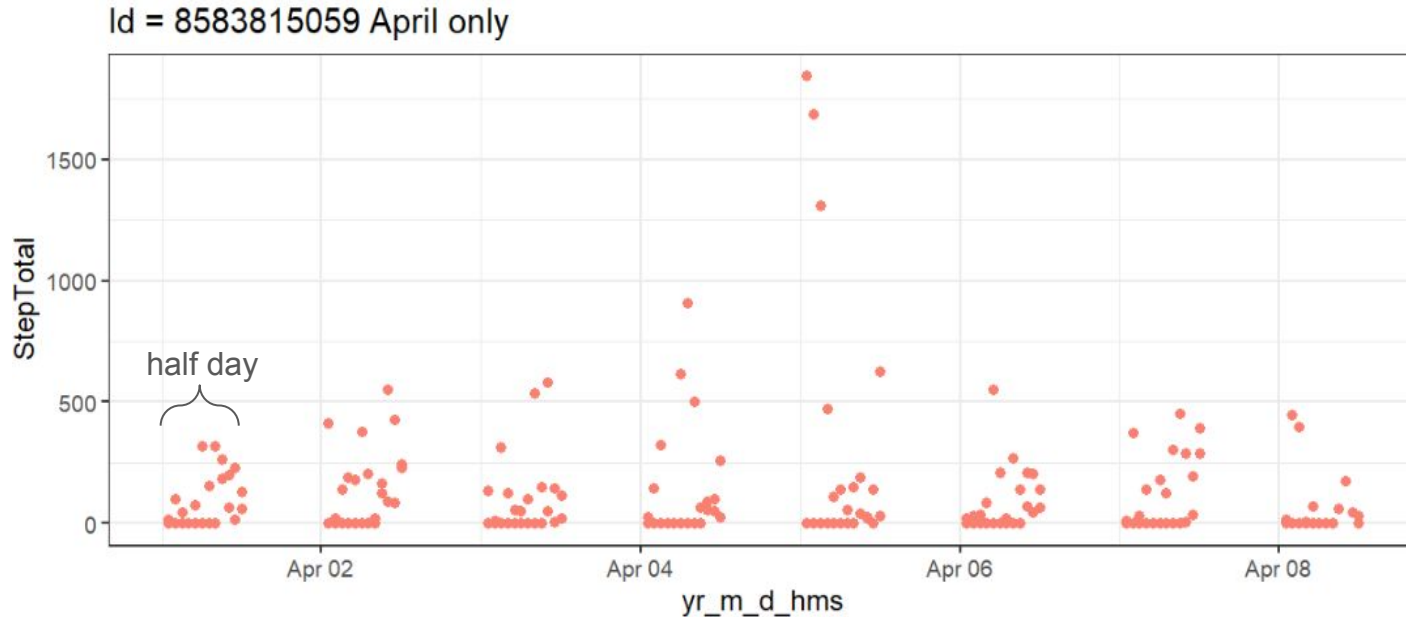


Total Steps Seem to Follow a Daily Pattern of Activity

Id = 8583815059 April only



Granular View: Users use Fitbits During Certain Times



For some users, Fitbit use may be predominantly during the first half of the day.

Data can help Bellabeat understand when users are active.



Recommendations

1. Bellabeat provide recommendations for healthy workout timed to user activity and data output via monthly or yearly subscription for user-level health information reporting.
2. Bellabeat can also market more health indicators beyond BMI which rely on self-reported data.
3. Targeted marketing to those that are consistently active, reduce marketing costs.

References and Resources

- A complete guide on using R programming for data analysis with the data can be found at <https://rpubs.com/deyvis305/bellabeat2>
- Illustrated images extracted from <https://bellabeat.com/fitness-exercise/running-during-period/>
- Code dump in the Rmarkdown format can be found at https://github.com/deyvis305/rpubs_deyvis305/blob/main/Bellabeat%20capstone%20GoogleDA.Rmd
- Metadata can be found at <https://www.fitabase.com/media/1930/fitabasedatadictionary102320.pdf>

A special thank you to Kaggle users for their insightful questions on data validity.

