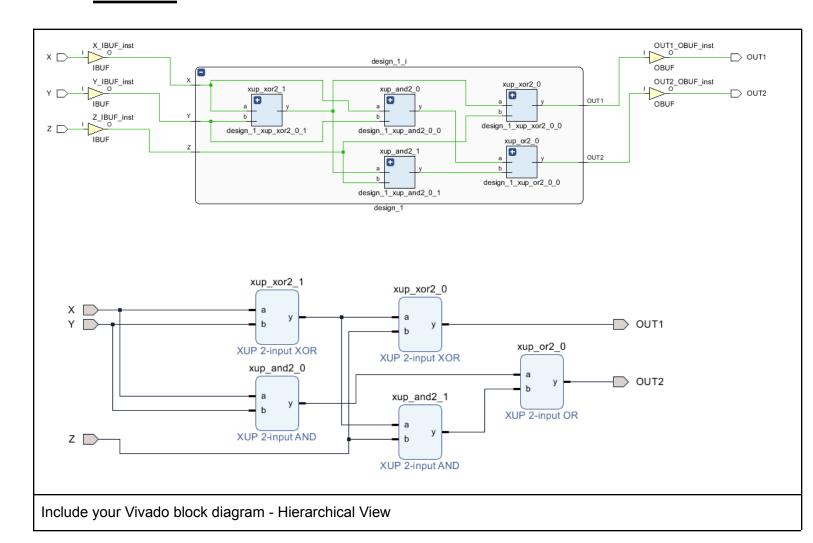
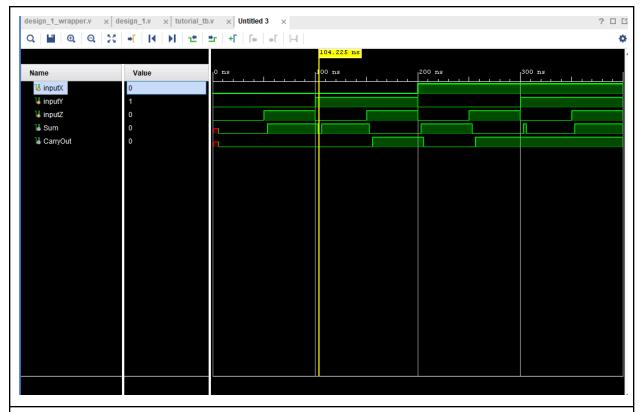


Name: Danyal Falsafi

Section: 002 X500: falsa003

## **Lab 1a:**





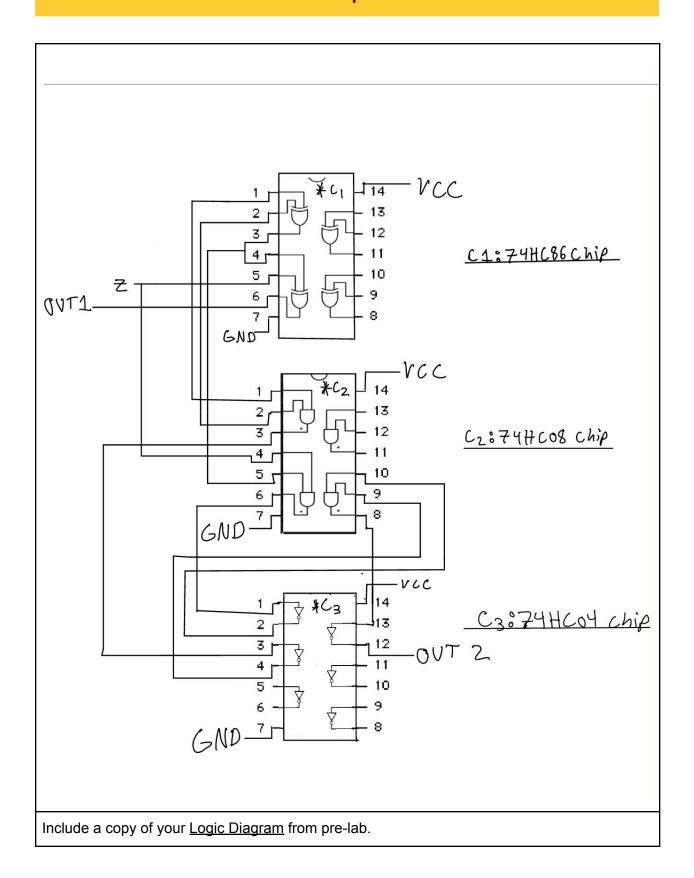
```
`timescale 1ns / 1ps
// Module Name: tutorial tb
module tutorial_tb(
);
reg inputX, inputY, inputZ;
wire Sum;
wire CarryOut;
design_1_wrapper Instance_1_of_Adder(
  .X(inputX),
  .Y(inputY),
  .Z(inputZ),
  .OUT1(Sum),
  .OUT2(CarryOut));
initial
begin
  inputX = 0; inputY = 0; inputZ = 0;
  #50
  inputX = 0; inputY = 0; inputZ = 1;
  #50
  inputX = 0; inputY = 1; inputZ = 0;
  #50
  inputX = 0; inputY = 1; inputZ = 1;
  inputX = 1; inputY = 0; inputZ = 0;
  #50
  inputX = 1; inputY = 0; inputZ = 1;
  #50
  inputX = 1; inputY = 1; inputZ = 0;
  #50
  inputX = 1; inputY = 1; inputZ = 1;
  end
endmodule
```

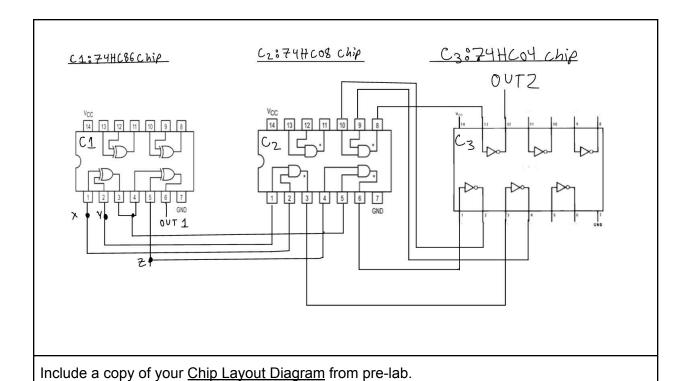
Include a copy of your testbench file text. (Delete all unnecessary lines)

X	Υ	Z	SUM	CARRYOUT
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

Include a typed copy of the truth table that you filled out above.

# <u>Lab 1b:</u>





X	Y	Z	SUM	CARRYOUT
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1



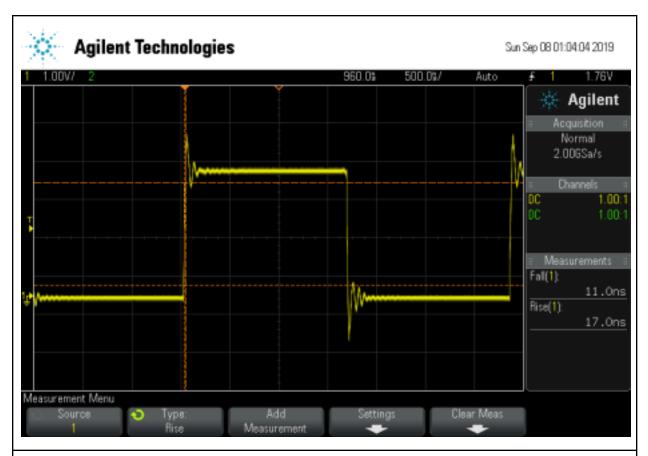
## EE 2301 Lab # 1 Report

**ECE Department** 

Include a typed copy of the truth table that you filled out above.	



## <u>Lab 1c:</u>

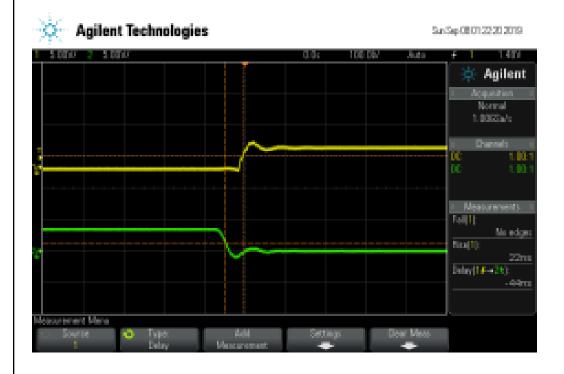


Include a copy the Waveform showing Rise Time and Fall Time Measurements captured.

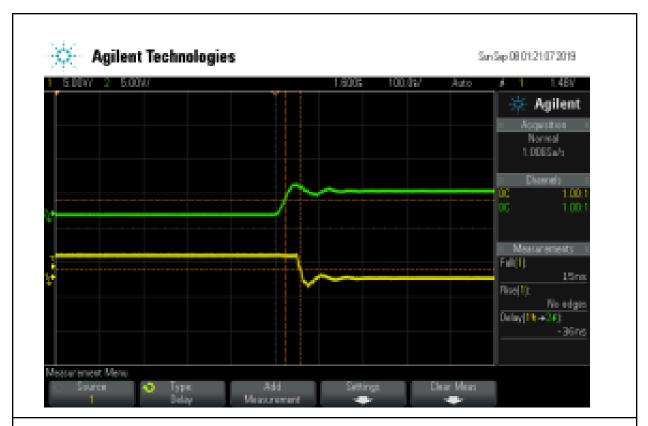
Note: Green line = input signal, Yellow line = output signal.

The below images show the propagation delay of the input as it travels through 3 NAND gates which are arranged to behave as an inverter.

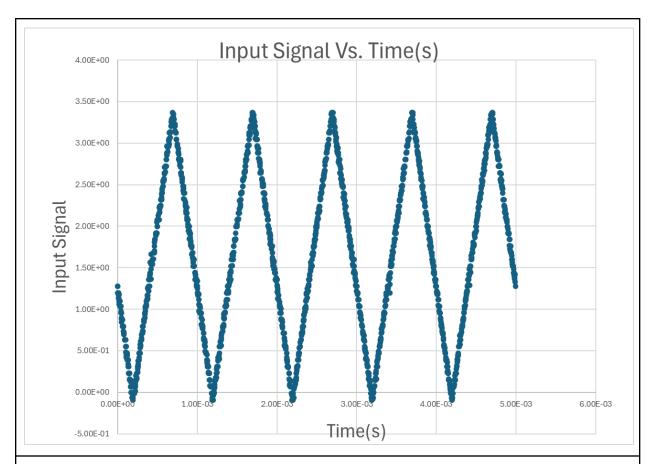
Falling input and rising output delay:



Rising input and falling output delay:

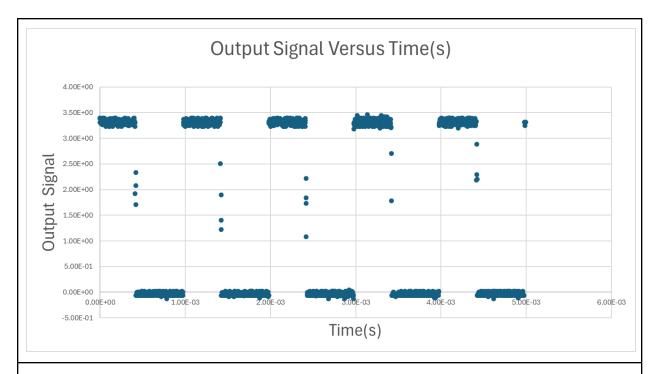


Include a copy of your waveform showing the Propagation Delay Measurements captured. Zoom in to show the associated (rising/falling) edges and cursors.

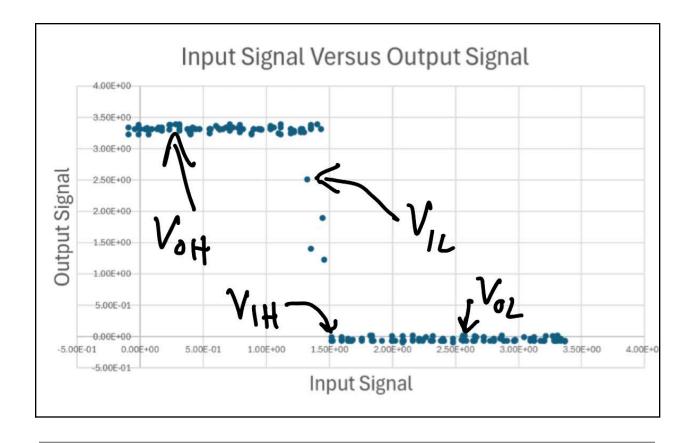


Include a plot of your **input vs time** data for the <u>CMOS</u> waveform from question 4 in lab 1c.





Include a plot of your **output vs time** data for the <u>CMOS</u> waveform from question 4 in lab 1c.



Include a plot of your output vs input data for the CMOS waveform from question 4 in lab 1c.

Make sure you Locate the  $V_{IH}$ ,  $V_{IL}$ ,  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$  on this graph. [Located above]

- \* Note that the Output vs. Input graph above is representing an inverter:
  - When the input signal is read as HIGH, the output will be read to be LOW.
  - When the input signal is read as LOW, the output will be read to be HIGH.

#### Measurements of above graph:

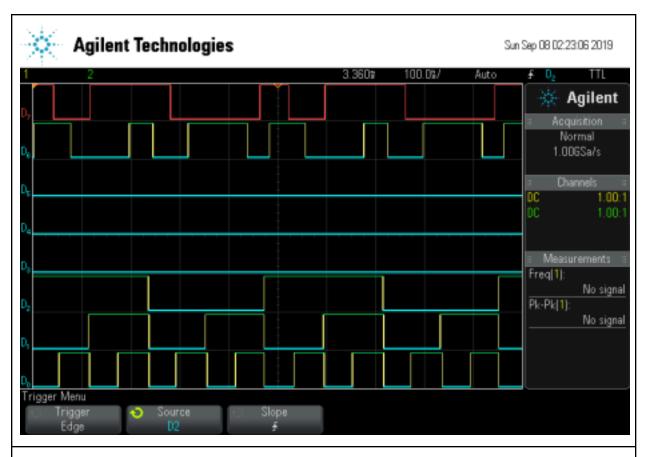
- $V_{IH}$  = 1.517 V [Minimum voltage input that will be recognized as a HIGH input for the output signal to be considered LOW, which is anything downwards of approximately 0.4V.]
  - V<sub>OH</sub> = 3.303 V [Minimum voltage that could occur on the output of a gate to achieve a HIGH voltage output signal]
- $V_{IL}$  = 1.326 V [Maximum input voltage that will be interpreted as a LOW input—i.e. the output is still considered HIGH, which is anything upwards of approximately 2.4V.]
- V<sub>oL</sub> = **0.007 V** [Maximum voltage that could occur on the output of a gate for achieving a LOW output signal]

#### Calculate the NM<sub>H</sub> and NM<sub>L</sub> using these values.

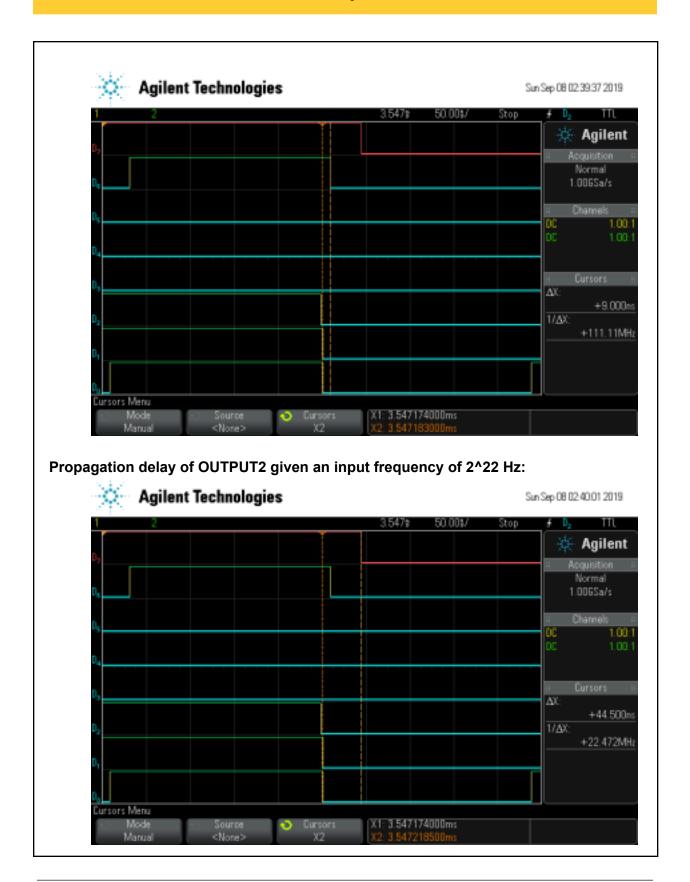
$$NM_H = V_{OH} - V_{IH} = (3.303 \text{ V}) - (1.517 \text{ V}) = 1.786 \text{ V}$$

$$NM_L = V_{IL} - V_{OL} = (1.326 \text{ V}) - (0.007 \text{ V}) = 1.319 \text{ V}$$

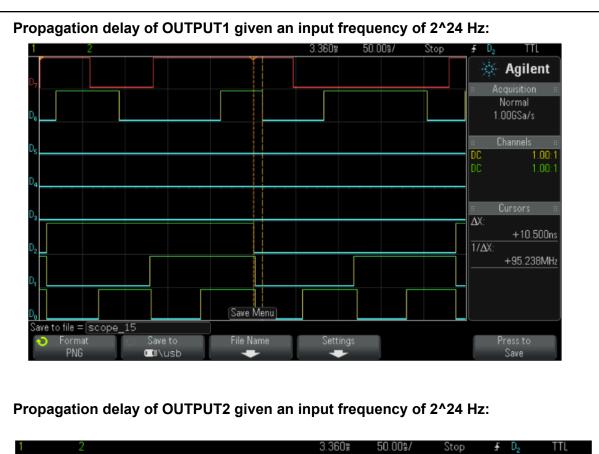
Noise margin =  $min(NM_{I}, NM_{H}) = 1.319 \text{ V}$ 

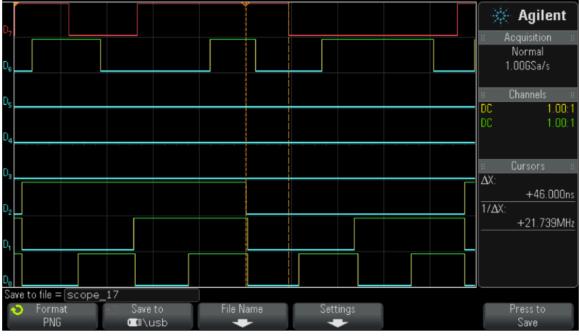


Include a copy of your waveform for all 8 input combinations from question 5 in lab 1c.









### EE 2301 Lab # 1 Report

**ECE Department** 

Include a copy of your propagation delay measurement from question 5 in lab 1c.

"You have to place cursors manually for the digital signals and see the delta(x) for the Propagation Delay"