Who will default on their credit card payments?

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Introduction

Why do we care?

Our dataset

Exploratory Data Analysis

Feature Engineering

Predictive Modeling

Results

Which customers will default on their credit card payment?

Why is this useful?

- The company may be able to intervene with certain customers to help increase repayment
- The company will know which customers are unable to pay their bill regardless of extra attention by the company.
- Customers that will pay their account as agreed upon do not need to be actively targeted for repayment or contacted.
- Knowing this information will save the company money.

The Data

We will use a UCI credit card dataset to make our prediction.

- It consists of 30,000 records
- 23 explanatory variables
 - Age
 - Gender
 - Payment History
 - Education
- 1 target variable
 - Default payment next month
- 22% is the current rate of defaults (unbalanced data)

Exploratory Data Analysis

- Most customers pay on time
- Most customers have a balance under 100,000 (New Taiwanese Dollars)
- Marital status doesn't have an obvious effect on late payments
- Customers in their 20s have the most late payments
- Males have a slightly higher percent of late payments
- Late payments decrease as a customer's education increases
- Customers with a limit of under 100,000 have the most late payments
- Customers with a bill between 10,000 and 40,000 have the most late payments

Feature Engineering

Adding columns to the dataset

- Whether a customer has a late payment in the past 6 months
- Current balance as a proportion of credit limit

Predictive Modeling

This is a binary classification problem; will a customer default next month: yes/no

Good methods for modeling our problem include:

- Logistic Regression
- Etc
- ..
- ..
- •

Results

Coming soon

Data-Driven Decisions

Conclusion

- Defining the problem
- Our methods
- The results
- Data-Driven Decisions