Figure 2.25 Graphical form of a Moore FSM that implements a traffic light.

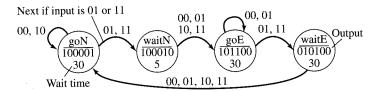


Table 2.12 Tabular form of a Moore FSM that implements a traffic light.

State \ Input	00	01	10	11
goN, 100001,30 waitN, 100010,5 goE, 001100,30 waitE, 010100,5	goN goE goN	waitN goE goE goN	goN goE waitE goN	waitN goE waitE goN

The first step in designing the software is to decide on the sequence of operations.

- 1. Initialize timer and directions registers
- 2. Specify initial state
- **3.** Perform FSM controller
 - a) Output to traffic lights, which depends on the state
 - **b)** Delay, which depends on the state
 - c) Input from sensors
 - d) Change states, which depends on the state and the input

The second step is to define the FSM graph using a data structure. Program 2.11 shows two possible implementations of the Moore FSM. The implementation on the left uses a table

```
Program 2.11
Two 6812
C implementations of a Moore FSM.
```

```
// Pointer implementation
// Table implementation
                                          const struct State {
const struct State {
                                            unsigned char Out;
  unsigned char Out;
                                            unsigned short Time;
  unsigned short Time;
                                            const struct State *Next[4];);
  unsigned char Next[4]; );
                                          typedef const struct State STyp;
typedef const struct State STyp;
                                                         &FSM[0]
                                          #define goN
#define goN
                                          #define waitN &FSM[1]
#define waitN 1
                                          #define goE
                                                         &FSM[2]
#define goE
                                          #define waitE &FSM[3]
#define waitE 3
                                          STyp FSM[4]={
STyp FSM[4]={
                                           {0x21,3000, {goN, waitN, goN, waitN}},
 {0x21,3000, {goN, waitN, goN, waitN}},
                                           \{0x22, 500, \{goE, goE, goE, goE\}\},\
 {0x22, 500, {goE, goE, goE, goE}},
 {0x0C,3000,{goE,goE,waitE,waitE}},
                                           {0x0C,3000, {goE,goE, waitE, waitE}},
                                           {0x14, 500, {goN, goN, goN, goN}}};
 {0x14, 500, {goN, goN, goN, goN}}};
                                          STyp *Pt; // state pointer
unsigned char Input;
                                          unsigned char Input;
void main(void){
unsigned char n; // state number
                                          void main(void) {
                                            Timer_Init();
  Timer_Init();
                                            DDRB = 0xFF;
  DDRB = 0xFF;
                                            DDRA &= \sim 0 \times 03;
  DDRA &= \sim 0 \times 03;
                                            Pt = goN;
  n = goN;
                                            while(1){
  while(1){
                                              PORTB = Pt->Out;
    PORTB = FSM[n].Out;
                                              Timer_Wait10ms(Pt->Time);
    Timer_Wait10ms(FSM[n].Time);
                                              Input = PORTA\&0x03;
    Input = PORTA\&0x03;
                                              Pt = Pt->Next[Input];
    n = FSM[n].Next[Input];
  }
                                          }
```