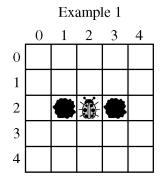
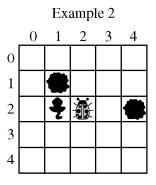
4. This question involves reasoning about the GridWorld case study. Reference materials are provided in the Appendix.

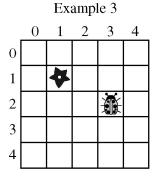
In this question, you will write two unrelated methods of the <code>GridChecker</code> class that will process a <code>BoundedGrid<Actor></code> object. Recall that the <code>BoundedGrid</code> class implements the <code>Grid</code> interface. Also note that the methods in the <code>Grid</code> interface that return an array list will return an empty array list when no objects meet the return criteria.

The declaration of the GridChecker class is shown below.

(a) The method actorWithMostNeighbors returns an Actor in the grid gr that has the most neighbors. A neighbor of a given actor is another actor that occupies any of the given actor's 8 adjacent locations. Consider the following examples.





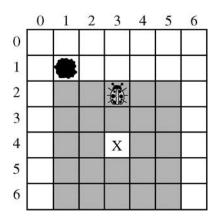


In Example 1, the method actorWithMostNeighbors will return the Actor (in this case a bug) in location (2, 2). In Example 2, there are three Actor objects that have the same largest number of neighbors—the rock in location (1, 1), the critter in location (2, 1), and the bug in location (2, 2). In this case, any one of those three Actor objects may be returned. Similarly, either of the Actor objects shown in Example 3 could be returned. If there are no Actor objects in the grid, the method returns null.

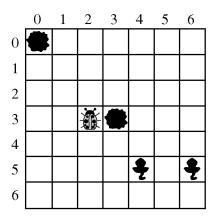
Complete method actorWithMostNeighbors below.

/** @return an Actor in the grid gr with the most neighbors; null if no actors in the grid.
 */
public Actor actorWithMostNeighbors()

(b) The method getOccupiedWithinTwo returns a list containing all occupied locations in the grid gr that are within 2 rows and 2 columns of the parameter loc. The location loc is not included in the returned list, even if that location is occupied. The object references in the returned list may appear in any order. The shaded area in the following diagram shows the group of locations that are within 2 rows and 2 columns of the location labeled X.



For example, consider the following grid.



The table below shows the results of several calls to the method getOccupiedWithinTwo.

loc	getOccupiedWithinTwo(loc)
(1, 1)	[(0, 0), (3, 2), (3, 3)]
(0, 0)	An empty list is returned.
(3, 3)	[(3, 2), (5, 4)]
(5, 4)	[(3, 2), (3, 3), (5, 6)]
(5, 6)	[(5, 4)]

Complete method getOccupiedWithinTwo below.

- /** Returns a list of all occupied locations in the grid gr that are within 2 rows
- * and 2 columns of loc. The object references in the returned list may appear in any order.
- * @param loc a valid location in the grid gr
- * @return a list of all occupied locations in the grid gr that are within 2 rows
- * and 2 columns of loc.

* /

public List<Location> getOccupiedWithinTwo(Location loc)

STOP

END OF EXAM