Extreme Freestyle

Pushing the limits of reusability and extensibility

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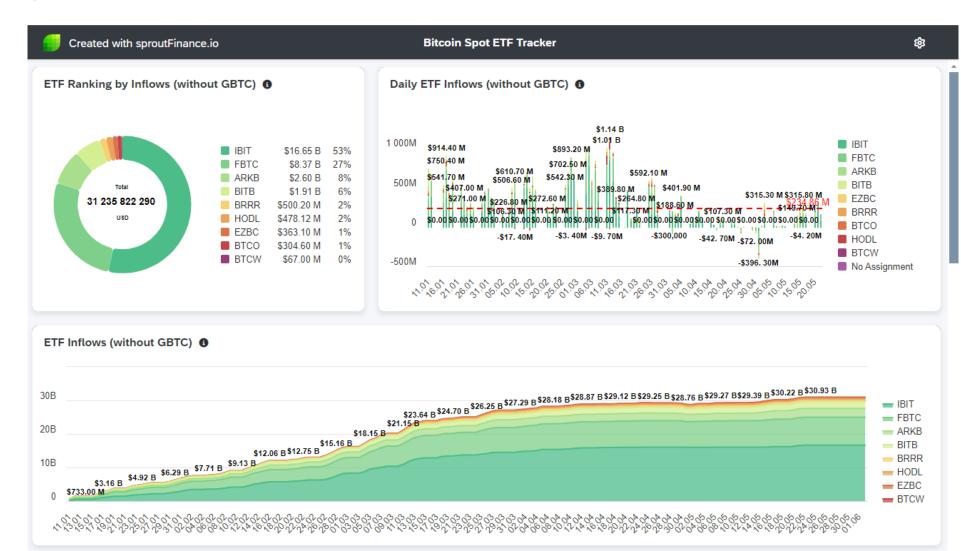
Building a SaaS with UI5

Project implications

- Not a typical scenario: building a product vs customer requested solution
 - 10000+ developer hours
 - 3 developers
 - Biggest non-SAP OpenUI5 project
- More "open" tech stack
- Rule-bending
 - SAP Fiori Guidelines
 - Diligent testing

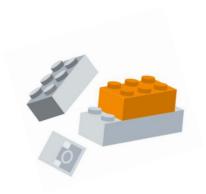


Is this Fiori?

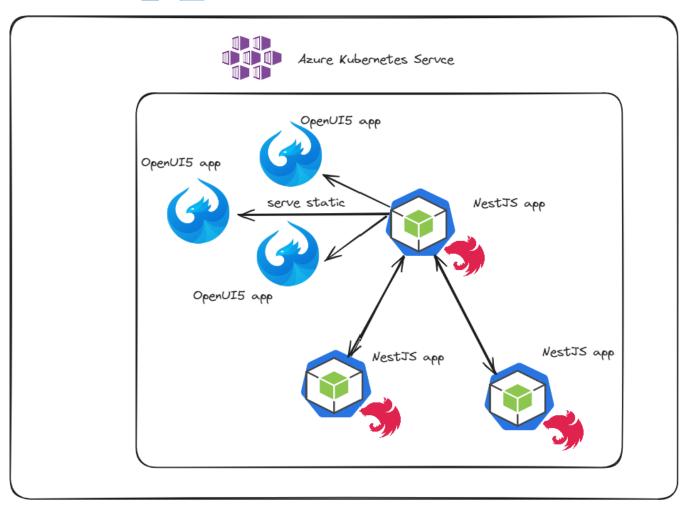




Architecture









Building a SaaS with UI5

Frontend implications

- Only OpenUI5 everything is freestyle
- No access to
 - SAP Flexibility
 - Fiori App Library
 - OData
 - Fiori Elements
 - •

How do we tackle this?



Patterns overview

TS Everywhere

Library-first

Modular architecture

Type-safe state management

IoC using Dependency Injection



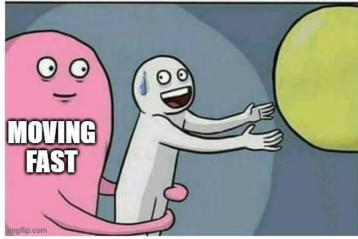
TypeScript everywhere

Helps for: Extensibility

Introduction

- A startup's values:
 - Rapid prototyping
 - Concept evaluation
 - Fast iterations
- Facilitating work delegation







Library-first approach

Helps for: Reusability

Library "standard" use cases

- Reusing a control definition
- Reusing utility classes

Library "extreme" use cases

- Reusing controllers
- Reusing business logic classes
- Reusing fragments



Library-first approach

Helps for: Reusability

A hidden gem: sap.ui.core.mvc.ControllerExtension

- Inheritance vs Composition problem
- ControllerExtensions in libraries

```
import SwimExtension from 'com/myorg/mylib/SwimExtension';
import FlyExtension from 'com/myorg/mylib/FlyExtension';

@namespace('com.myorg.inheritence_vs_composition')
export default class DuckController {

    @transformControllerExtension
    public readonly SwimFunctionality: SwimExtension;

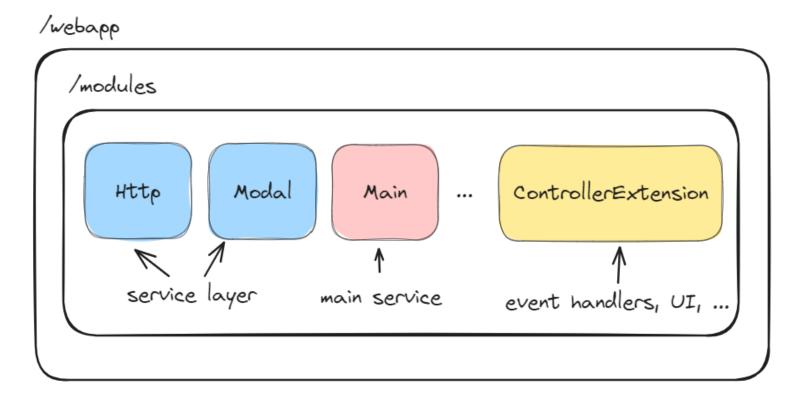
    @transformControllerExtension
    public readonly FlyFunctionality: FlyExtension;
}
```



Modular architecture

Helps for: Reusability, Extensibility

An overview of the pattern





Modular architecture

Helps for: Reusability, Extensibility

Example: Invoice module

```
    modules
    formatter

    invoice
    Ts Http.service.ts
    Ts Invoice.extension.ts

Ts Invoice.service.ts

Ts Modal.service.ts

Ts Util.service.ts

    modal
    shell

    shell

    formatter

    export class UtilService {
        public getStats() {
            return Math.random()
        }
    }
}
```

```
const API = 'https://api.example.com/v1/user';

export class HttpService {
   public get(userId: string) {
     return fetch(`${API}/${userId}`);
   }

public patchEmail(userId: string, userEmail: string) {
   return fetch(`${API}/${userId}`, {
     method: 'PATCH',,
     body: JSON.stringify({
        userEmail
     })
   });
   }
}
```



Strongly typed native state management

Helps for: Extensibility

A custom ui5 library

- Fully typed, DeepReadonly read access
- Streamlined write access
- References

```
import JSONModel from 'sap/ui/model/json/JSONModel';
import type { DeepPartial } from './types/DeepPartial';
import type { DeepReadonly } from './types/DeepReadonly';
export abstract class StateService<T extends {}> {
   protected readonly _model: JSONModel;
   protected get _data(): T {
       return <T>this._model.getData();
   public get state(): DeepReadonly<T> {
       return <DeepReadonly<T>>this._data;
   protected set(data: DeepPartial<T>): void {
       this._model.setData(data, true);
```



Strongly typed native state management

Helps for: Extensibility

Invoice state service

```
export type Invoice = {
  id: number,
   customerName: string,
  amount: number,
   status: string,
  discountRate: number
}
```

```
export class InvoiceStateService extends StateService<Invoice> {
   public setSelectedInvoice(invoice: Invoice | null) {
      this._model.setProperty('/selectedInvoice', invoice);
   }

   public addInvoice(invoice: Invoice) {
      this._data.items.push(invoice);
      this._model.updateBindings(true);
   }
}
```

Inversion of Control using Dependency Injection

Helps for: Reusability, Extensibility

Some possible solutions

- Use service locator
- Use the ServiceFactory API
- Use / Dependency Injection /

An overview of the landscape

- React
- Angular & NestJS

Inversion of Control using Dependency Injection

Helps for: Reusability, Extensibility

Feature Overview

```
import { Injectable } from 'ui5-di';
@Injectable()
export class UtilService {
  public getStats() {
    return Math.random()
  }
}

import { Injectable } from 'ui5-di';
  import { UtilService } from './Util.service'

@Injectable()
export class BusinessService {
    public constructor(
        private readonly utilService: UtilService
    ){}

    public getEstimate() {
        return `Estimate: ${this.utilService.getStats()}`
}
```

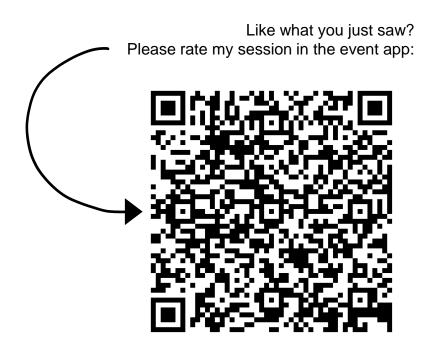
```
import ControllerExtension from 'sap/ui/core/mvc/ControllerExtension';
import { settle } from 'ui5-di';
import { BusinessService } from './Business.service';

@namespace('com.github.ui5-di')
export default class BusinessExtension extends ControllerExtension {

private readonly businessService = settle(BusinessService)

public handleEstimationRequest() {
   console.log(this.businessService.getEstimate())
}
```

Thank you!



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https://github.com/dfenerski/ui5-state https://github.com/dfenerski/ui5-di