

Data for Good Challenge 2 - Climate Change

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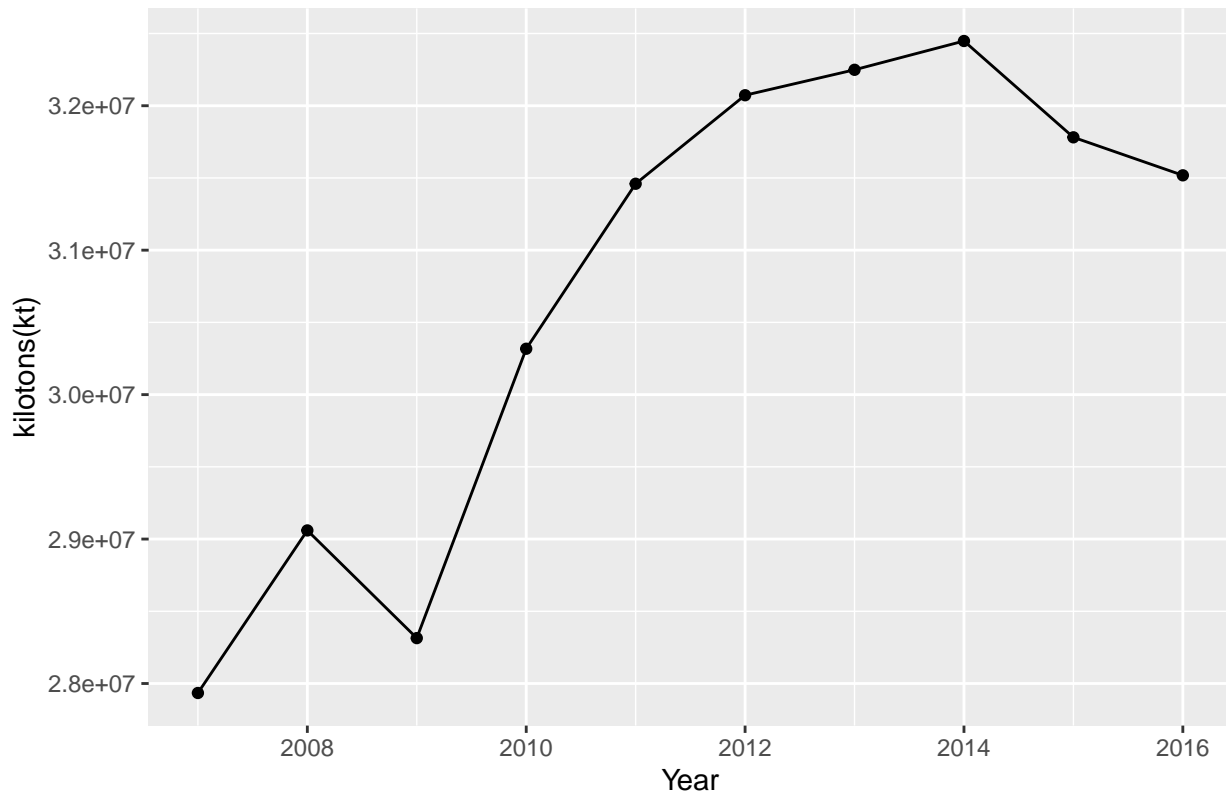
6/3/2021

```
metaColC <- c( "Year", "Country.Name", "Country.Code", "agricultural.land", "land.area", "surface.area"  
metaColR <- c( "Year", "Region.Name", "Region.Code", "agricultural.land", "land.area", "surface.area", "  
colnames(country_data) <- metaColC  
colnames(region_data) <- metaColR
```

Are we on track to meet the 2030 Sustainable Development Goal?

```
CO2emissions <- country_data %>% group_by(Year) %>%  
  summarize(totalCO2 = sum(CO2.emissions.kt, na.rm=TRUE))  
  
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)  
CO2emissions %>%  
  ggplot() +  
  geom_point(aes(x=Year, y=totalCO2)) +  
  geom_line(aes(x=Year, y=totalCO2)) +  
  ggtitle("Total CO2 Emissions from 2007-2016") +  
  ylab("kilotons(kt)")
```

Total CO2 Emissions from 2007–2016



```
CO2_2014 <- country_data %>% filter(Year==2014) %>% select("CO2.emissions.kt") %>% sum(na.rm=TRUE)
CO2_2015 <- country_data %>% filter(Year==2015) %>% select("CO2.emissions.kt") %>% sum(na.rm=TRUE)
CO2_2016 <- country_data %>% filter(Year==2016) %>% select("CO2.emissions.kt") %>% sum(na.rm=TRUE)
```

```
r1 <- (CO2_2015 - CO2_2014) / CO2_2014
r2 <- (CO2_2016 - CO2_2015) / CO2_2015
avg <- (r1+r2)/2
goal <- (CO2_2014 * (1-0.076)^(2030-2014))
new_rate <- 1 - (goal/ CO2_2016)^(1/14)
new_rate
```

```
## [1] 0.08447576
```

The graph shows that from 2007 to 2014, total CO2 emissions were growing exponentially. However, they started to decrease from 2014 to 2016. From 2014 to 2015, total CO2 emissions decreased by 2.05% and from 2015 to 2016, decreased by 0.83%. This averages to a 1.44% decrease in carbon emissions per year. This does not match the targeted 7.6% annual emissions reduction goal set for 2030.

This means we need to implement stricter policies and increase awareness for climate change if we want to accomplish our 7.6% annual target rate.

```
data2016 <- country_data %>% filter(Year==2016) %>% mutate(CO22016=CO2.emissions.kt) %>%
  select(Country.Name, CO22016)
data2015 <- country_data %>% filter(Year==2015) %>% mutate(CO22015=CO2.emissions.kt) %>%
  select(Country.Name, CO22015)
data2014 <- country_data %>% filter(Year==2014) %>% mutate(CO22014=CO2.emissions.kt) %>%
  select(Country.Name, CO22014)
rates <- data2016 %>% full_join(data2015) %>% full_join(data2014)
```

```

## Joining, by = "Country.Name"
## Joining, by = "Country.Name"

rates %<>% mutate(rt1415 = (C022015-C022014)/C022014,
                  rt1516 = (C022016-C022015)/C022015,
                  rt1416 = (C022016-C022014)/C022014)
rates %<>% select(-c(2:4)) %>% melt(id.vars=c("Country.Name"))

# Which countries decreased the most from 2014-2015?
rates %>% filter(variable == "rt1415") %>% filter(value < 0) %>% mutate(value=abs(value)) %>% top_n(10)

## Selecting by value
##      Country.Name variable      value
## 1      Albania    rt1415 0.1589846
## 2      Angola    rt1415 0.2289265
## 3    Botswana    rt1415 0.2080214
## 4 Brunei Darussalam rt1415 0.2187120
## 5  Congo, Dem. Rep. rt1415 0.3924647
## 6    Mongolia    rt1415 0.2142062
## 7    Mozambique    rt1415 0.2308696
## 8      Nepal    rt1415 0.2214612
## 9    Suriname    rt1415 0.2320261
## 10   Yemen, Rep.    rt1415 0.4660324

# Which countries decreased the most from 2015-2016?
rates %>% filter(variable == "rt1516") %>% filter(value < 0) %>% mutate(value=abs(value)) %>% top_n(10)

## Selecting by value
##      Country.Name variable      value
## 1      Brazil    rt1516 0.08344723
## 2  Congo, Dem. Rep. rt1516 0.28811370
## 3  Cote d'Ivoire    rt1516 0.11743058
## 4      Libya    rt1516 0.11284823
## 5      Norway    rt1516 0.13110680
## 6    Saudi Arabia    rt1516 0.12928616
## 7    Singapore    rt1516 0.38918725
## 8    Uzbekistan    rt1516 0.10801952
## 9    Yemen, Rep.    rt1516 0.19459911
## 10   Zimbabwe    rt1516 0.10836558

# Which countries decreased the most from 2014-2016?
rates %>% filter(variable == "rt1416") %>% filter(value < 0) %>% mutate(value=abs(value)) %>% top_n(10)

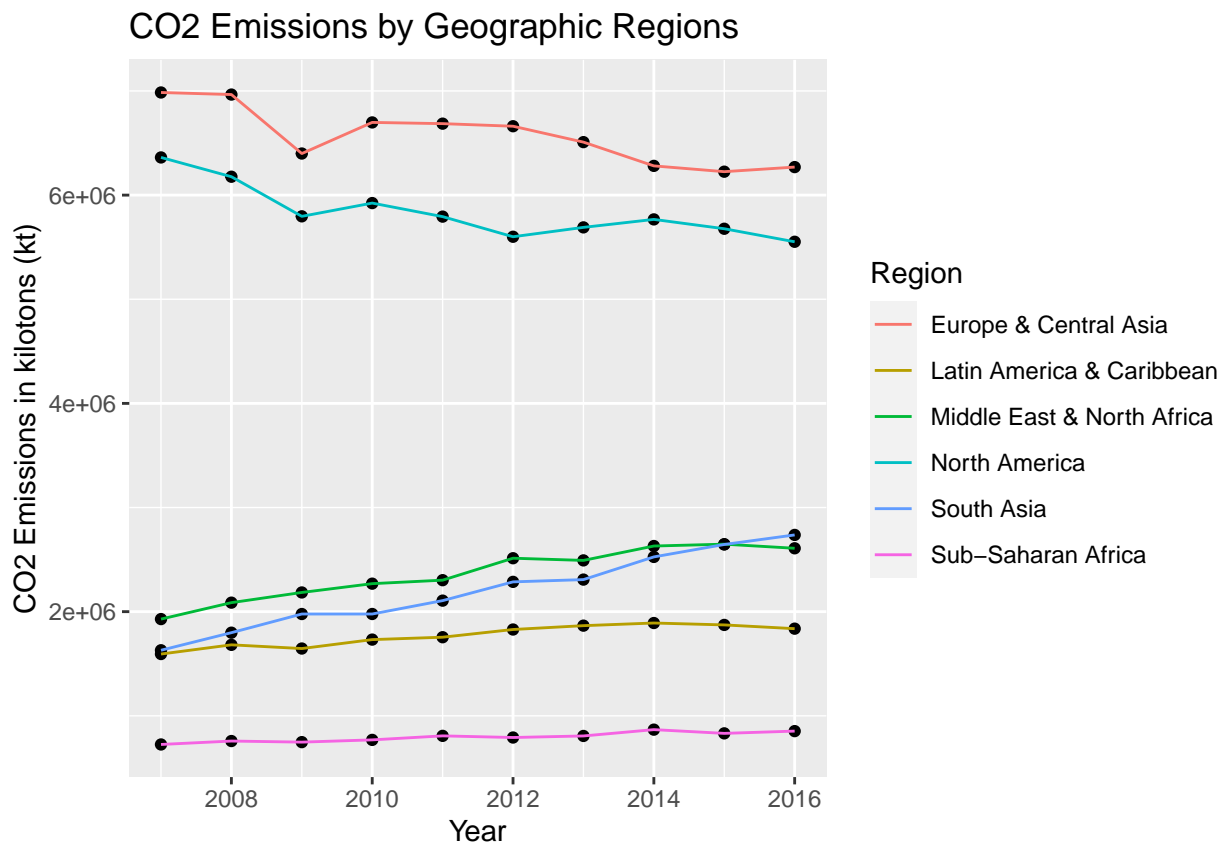
## Selecting by value
##      Country.Name variable      value
## 1      Albania    rt1416 0.1736807
## 2      Angola    rt1416 0.2264737
## 3 Brunei Darussalam rt1416 0.1535034
## 4  Congo, Dem. Rep. rt1416 0.5675039
## 5      Libya    rt1416 0.1500339
## 6    Mongolia    rt1416 0.1439178
## 7      Norway    rt1416 0.1440049
## 8    Singapore    rt1416 0.3373471
## 9    Suriname    rt1416 0.2254902
## 10   Yemen, Rep.    rt1416 0.5699420

```

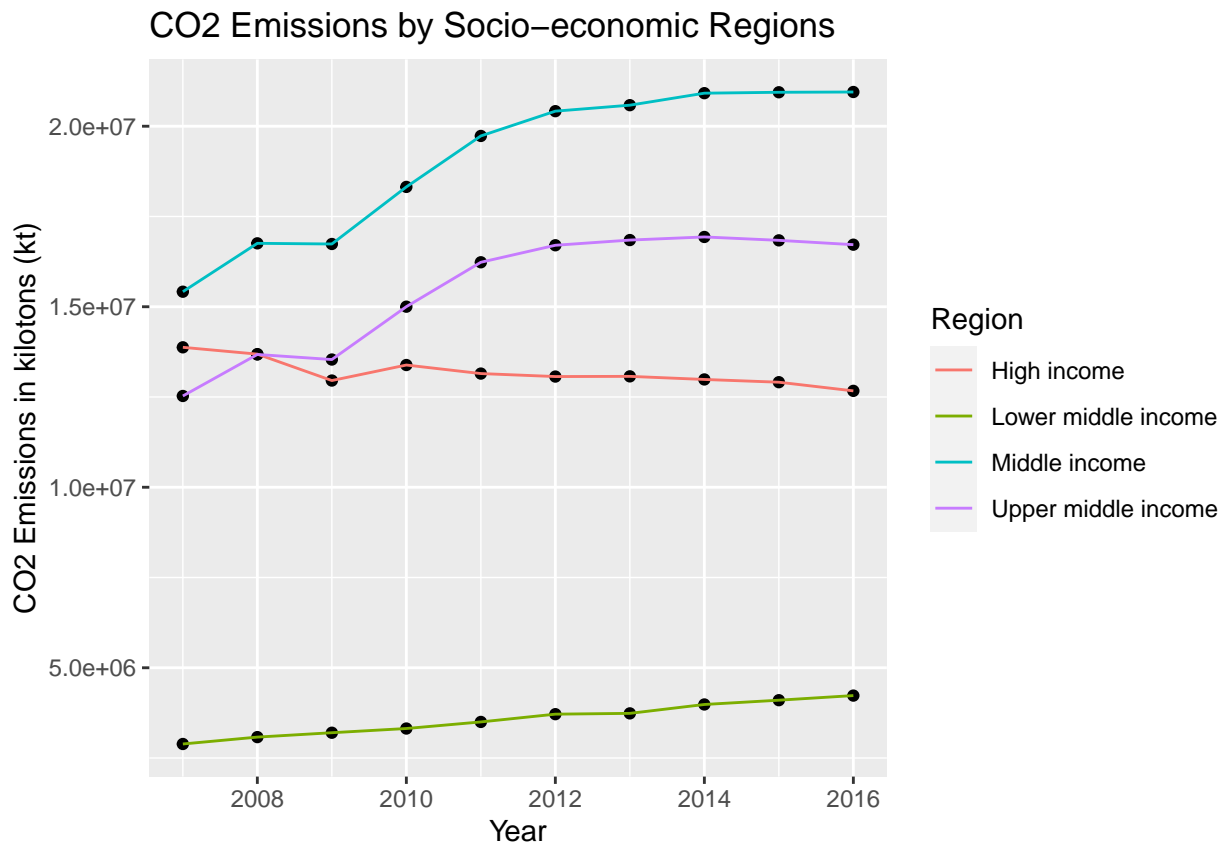
The countries that have decreased the most in CO2 emissions are Albania, Angola, Brunei Darussalam, Congo Dem. Rep., Libya, Mongolia, Norway, Singapore, Suriname, Yemen. Surprisingly, these would not traditionally be considered the biggest or most influential countries in the world.

Regions with the Highest CO2 Emissions

```
region_data %>% filter(Region.Code %in% c("LCN", "SAS", "NAC", "ECS", "SSF", "MEA")) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_point(aes(x=Year, y=CO2.emissions.kt)) +
  geom_line(aes(x=Year, y=CO2.emissions.kt, color=Region.Name)) +
  ggtitle("CO2 Emissions by Geographic Regions") +
  ylab("CO2 Emissions in kilotons (kt)") +
  scale_color_discrete("Region")
```



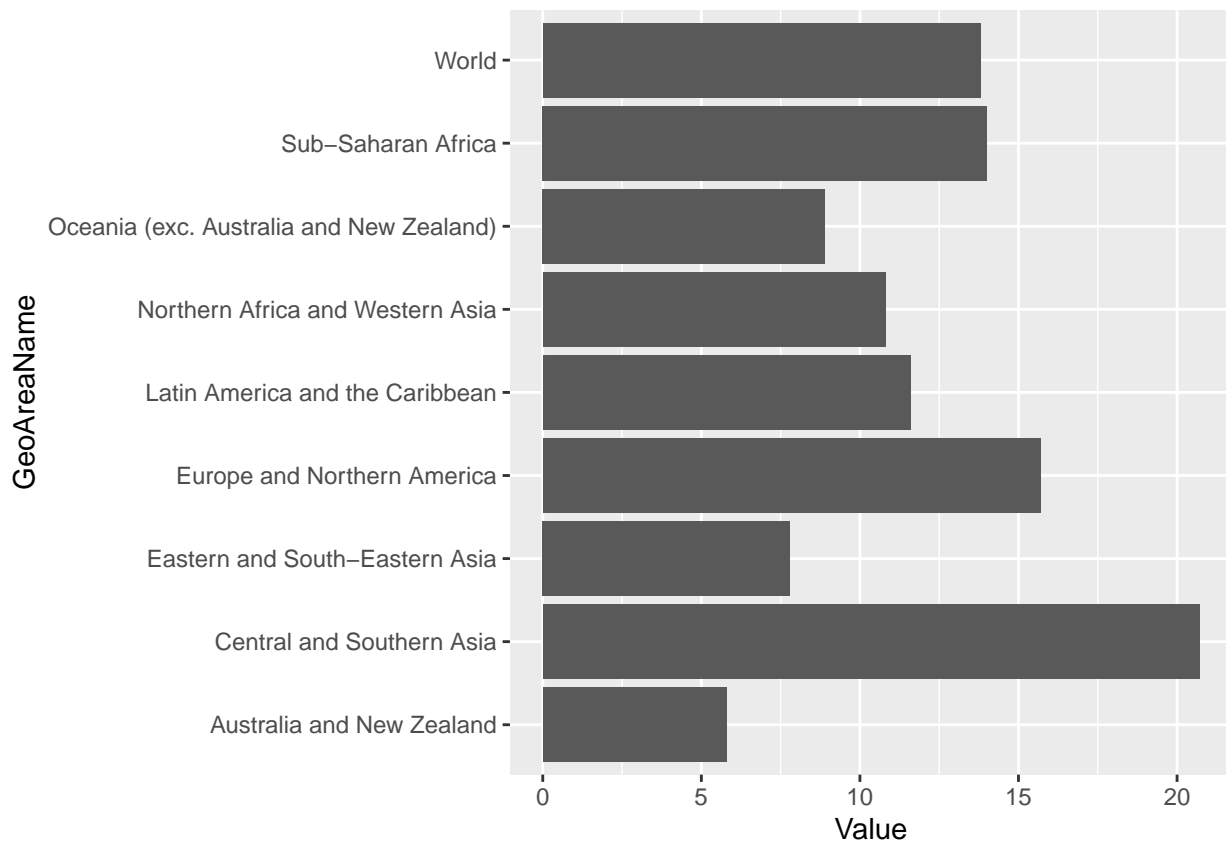
```
region_data %>% filter(Region.Name %in% c("High income", "Lower middle income", "Middle income", "Upper middle income")) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_point(aes(x=Year, y=CO2.emissions.kt)) +
  geom_line(aes(x=Year, y=CO2.emissions.kt, color=Region.Name)) +
  ggtitle("CO2 Emissions by Socio-economic Regions") +
  ylab("CO2 Emissions in kilotons (kt)") +
  scale_color_discrete("Region")
```



Food Waste Regions

```
foodRegions <- read.csv("12.3.1.aFood_loss_percentage.csv")

foodRegions %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_bar(aes(y=GeoAreaName, x=Value), stat='identity')
```



```
x<-c("LCN", "SAS", "NAC", "ECS", "SSF", "MEA")
y<-c(11.6, 7.8, 15.7, 15.7, 14, 10.8)
foodwasteperc <- data.frame(Region.Code=x, foodWastePercent=y)

regions <- left_join(region_data, foodwasteperc) %>% filter(Region.Code %in% c("LCN", "SAS", "NAC", "ECS", "SSF", "MEA"))

## Joining, by = "Region.Code"
```

Correlations

```
cor(region_data$CO2.emissions.kt, region_data$agricultural.land)

## [1] 0.8962335

cor(regions$CO2.emissions.kt, regions$foodWastePercent)

## [1] 0.6225621

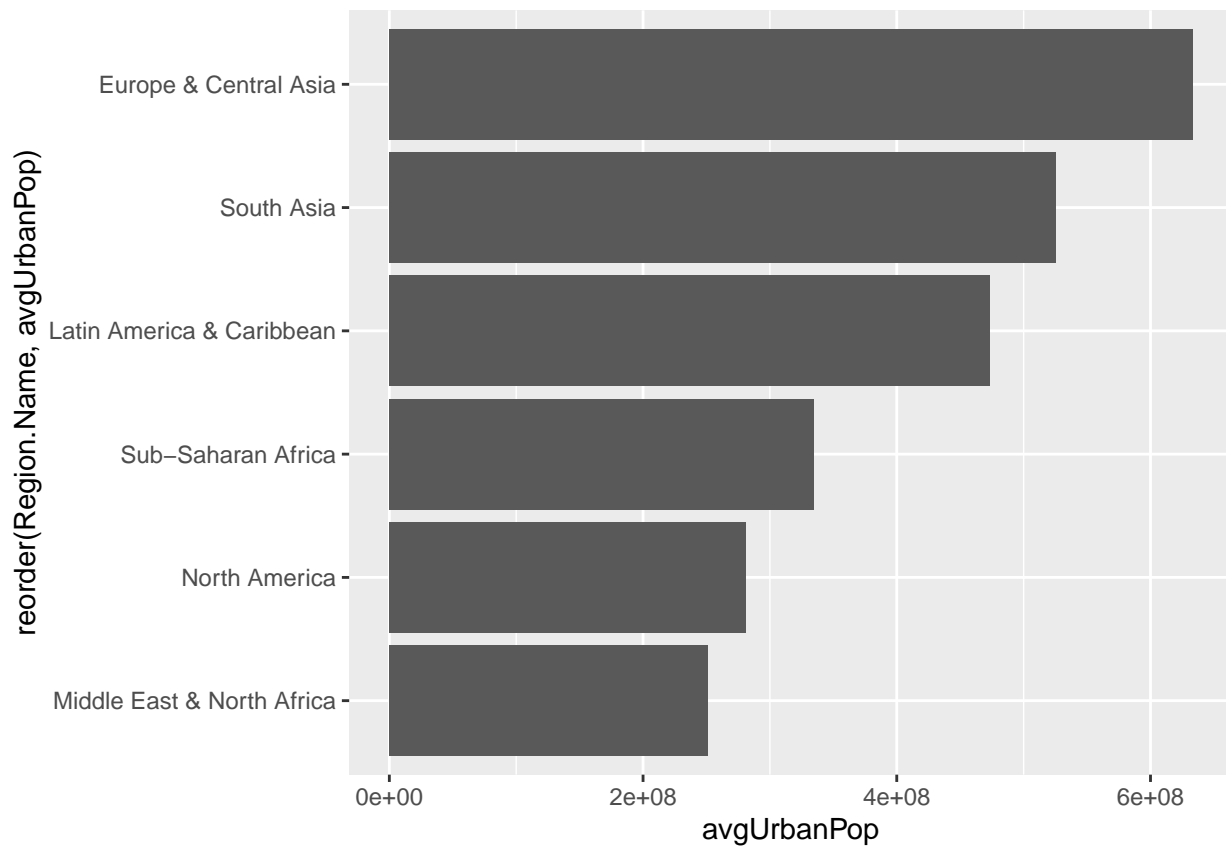
cor(region_data$CO2.emissions.kt, region_data$urban.pop)

## [1] 0.9430723

regions %>% group_by(Region.Name) %>% summarize(avgUrbanPop = mean(urban.pop)) %>% top_n(10) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_bar(aes(y=reorder(Region.Name, avgUrbanPop), x=avgUrbanPop), stat="identity")

## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
```

```
## Selecting by avgUrbanPop
```



20 Countries with highest CO2 emissions in 2016

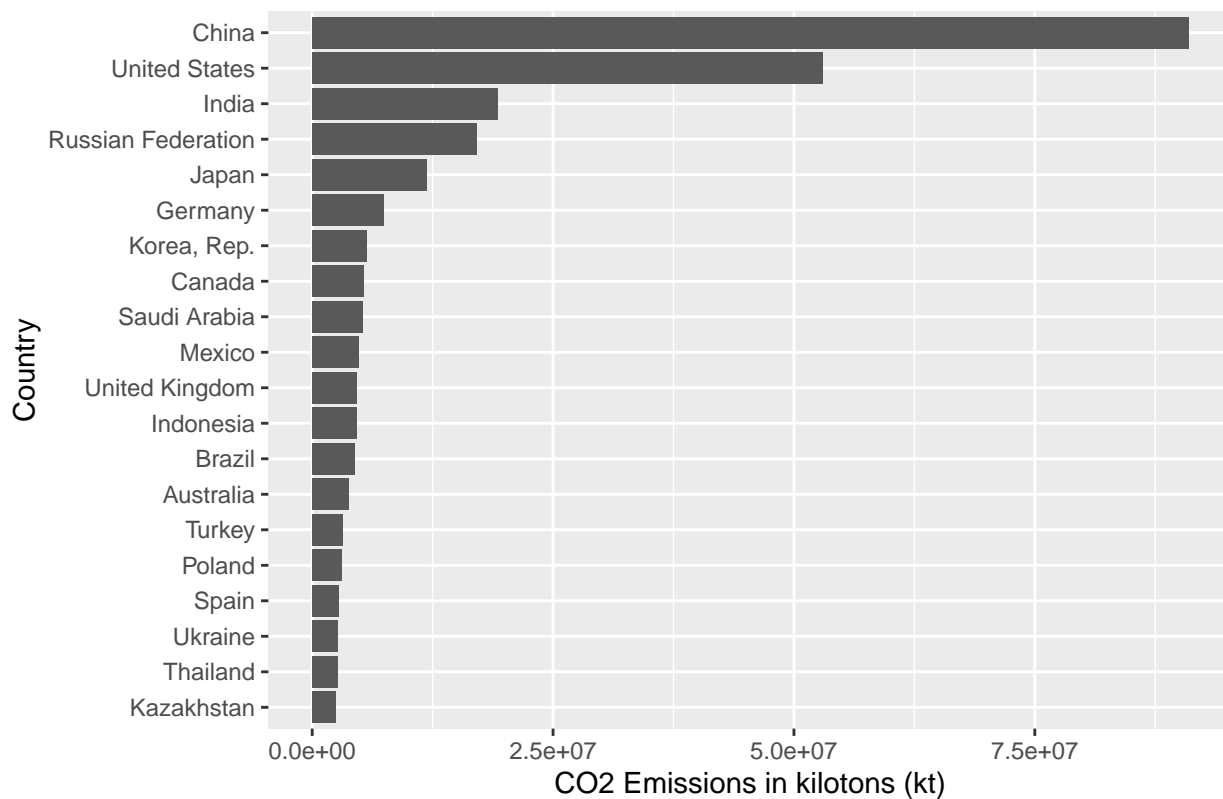
```
top20 <- country_data %>% group_by(Country.Name) %>%
  summarize(totalCO2 = sum(CO2.emissions.kt)) %>% arrange(desc(totalCO2)) %>% top_n(20)
```

```
## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)
```

```
## Selecting by totalCO2
```

```
top20 %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_bar(aes(reorder(Country.Name, totalCO2), x=totalCO2), stat='identity') +
  ggtitle("Top 20 Countries in CO2 Emissions in 2016") +
  xlab("CO2 Emissions in kilotons (kt)") +
  ylab("Country")
```

Top 20 Countries in CO2 Emissions in 2016



20 Countries with highest CO2 emissions per sq km in 2016

```
top20 <- country_data %>% group_by(Country.Name) %>%
  summarize(totalCO2 = sum(CO2.emissions.tonsPerCapita)) %>% arrange(desc(totalCO2)) %>% top_n(20)

## `summarise()` ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument)

## Selecting by totalCO2

top20 %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_bar(aes(reorder(Country.Name,totalCO2), x=totalCO2), stat='identity') +
  ggtitle("Top 20 Countries in CO2 Emissions per Capita in 2016") +
  xlab("CO2 Emissions in kilotons (kt) per Land Area (sq km)") +
  ylab("Country")
```


Top 20 Countries in CO2 Emissions per Capita in 2016

