## Problem F: Fun Array

### Advanced Algorithms for Programming Contests

## Restrictions

Time: 4 seconds Memory: 512 MB

## Problem description

Alice has conceived of a very fun array consisting of n integers  $a_1, ..., a_n$ . Of course Bob wants to know it, but she refuses to share it with him. Instead, she will just answer at most n questions of a certain kind: In each question, Bob needs to name k pairwise distinct indices  $i_1, ..., i_k$  in the range from 1 to n and in response Alice will tell him the sum of the corresponding elements,  $a_{i_1} + ... + a_{i_k}$ . Can you help Bob to figure out the array?

### Interaction Protocol

First you are given the parameters n and k  $(2 \le n \le 1000, 1 \le k < n)$ . Then you may ask up n questions. Each of those questions must be posed in the form "?  $i_1 i_2 \dots i_k$ "  $(1 \le i_j \le n, i_{j_1} \ne i_{j_2} \forall j_1 \ne j_2)$ , as in the sample below. In response to each question, the answer will be given to you as a single integer on a new line. Finally, you should communicate the fully deduced array, using the format "!  $a_1 a_2 \dots a_n$ ". After doing this, your program should terminate immediately. Posing an invalid question will cause the verdict Run Error. Printing any wrong number in the final line of output will cause the verdict Wrong Answer. It is guaranteed that all entries of Alice's array lie in the range from  $-10^6$  to  $10^6$ .

# Sample input and output

Input	Output
4 2	
	? 1 2
17	2.2.4
10	? 3 4
19	? 4 2
18	: 4
	! 78910

Note that the questions and their answers in this sample did not actually determine the array, e.g. a = [17, 0, 1, 18] would also have been possible.