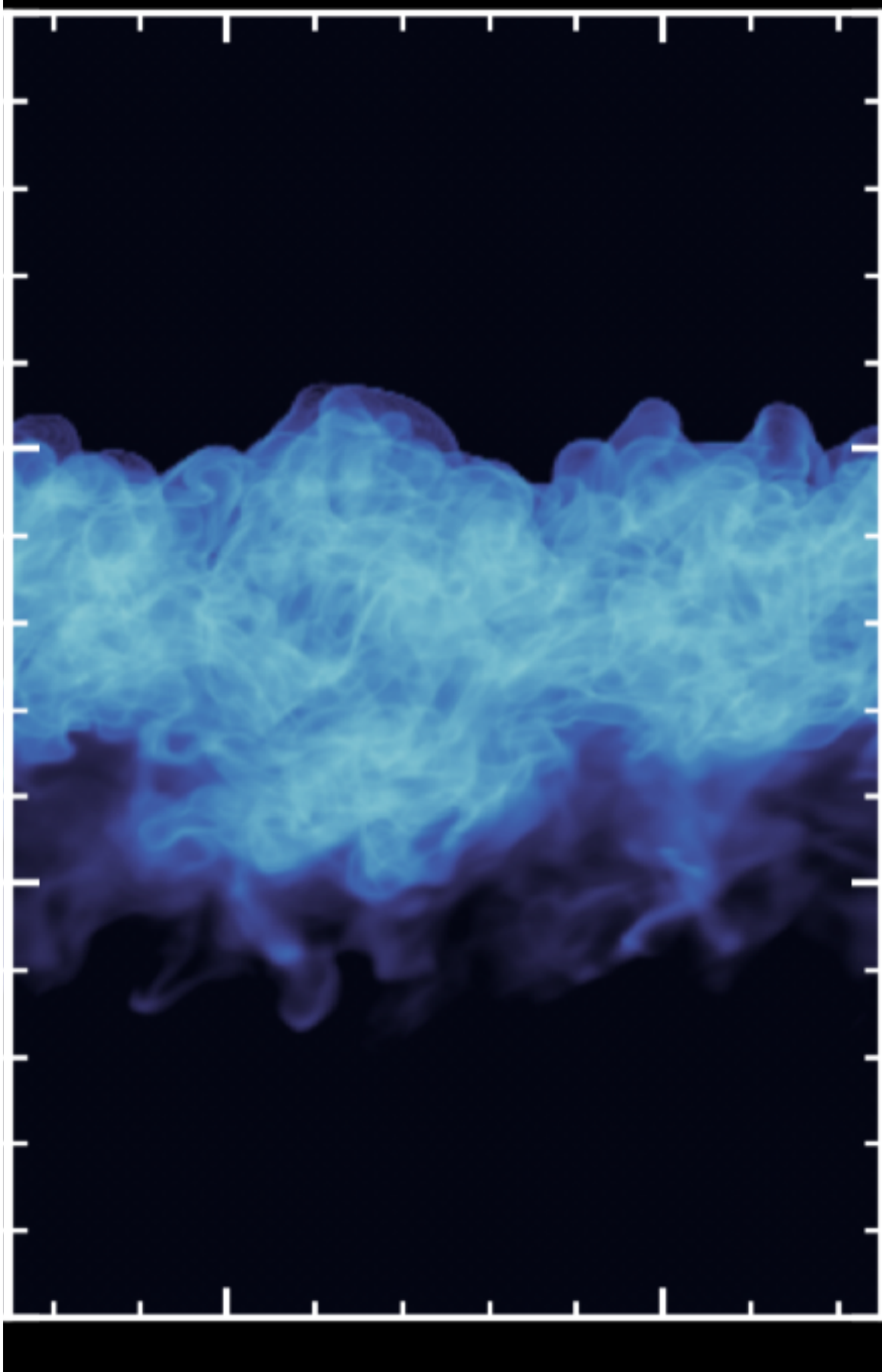


Drummond Fielding

3 Oct 2019

$$10^{-2} \int \dot{E}_{\text{cool}} 10^0$$













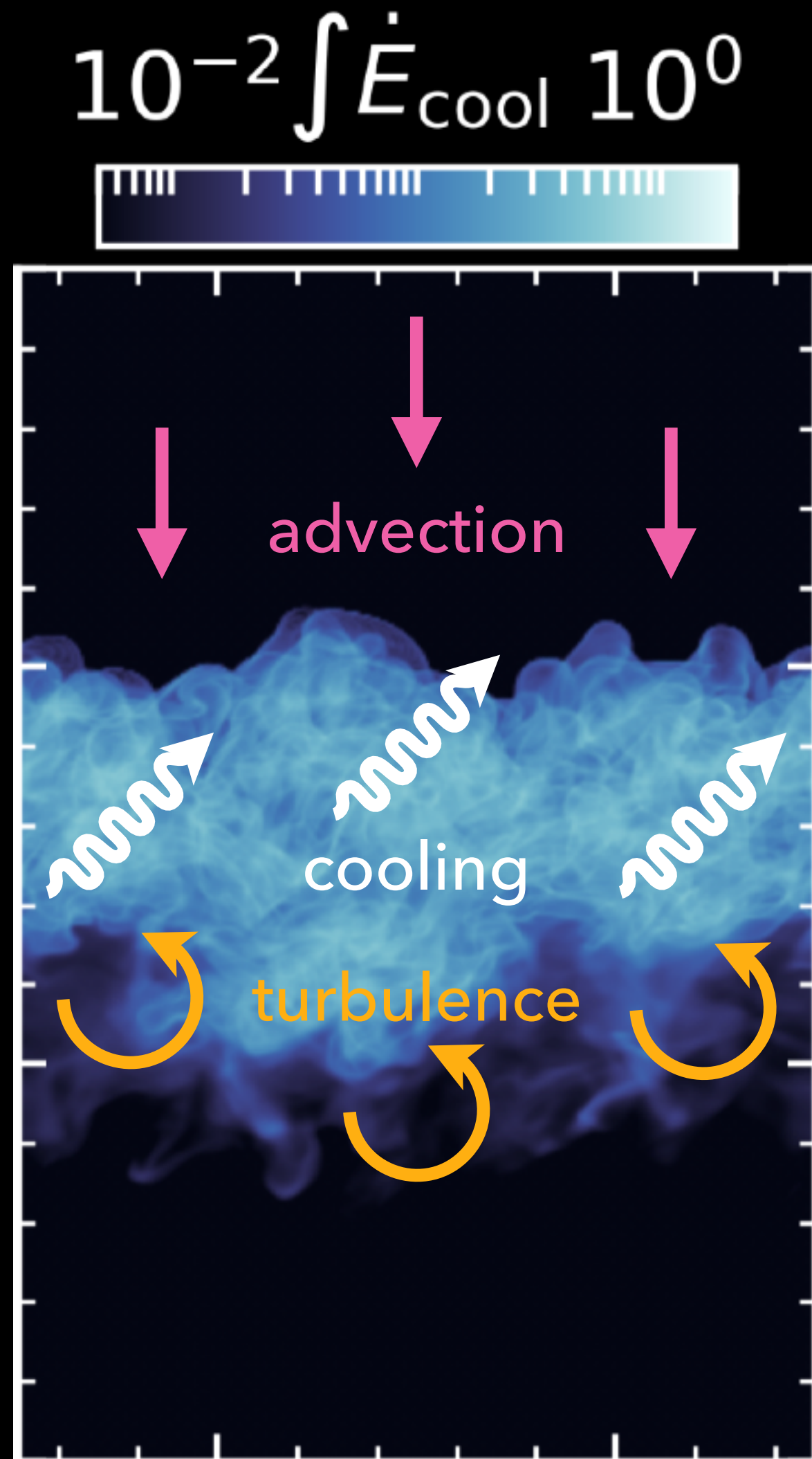




advection

$$v_z = \left(L_{v_{\text{mix}}}^3 / t_{\text{cool}} \right)^{1/4}$$

cooling, growth, & acceleration



advected enthalpy replenishes radiated energy,
bringing with it fresh supply of mass & momentum

$$\partial_z P v_z \approx \dot{E}_{\text{cool}} \approx P/t_{\text{cool}}$$

$$\Rightarrow P v_z L^2 \approx \int \dot{E}_{\text{cool}} \approx h \text{Area} P/t_{\text{cool}}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_z \approx \frac{\text{Area}}{L^2} \frac{h}{t_{\text{cool}}},$$

$$\frac{\text{Area}}{L^2} \sim \left(\frac{v_{\text{mix}} t_{\text{cool}}}{L} \right)^{1/4} \text{ and } h \sim L \sqrt{\frac{v_{\text{mix}} t_{\text{cool}}}{L}}$$

$$\text{Finally, } v_z = \left(L v_{\text{mix}}^3 / t_{\text{cool}} \right)^{1/4}$$

cooling, growth, & acceleration

$$v_z = v_{\text{mix}} \left(\frac{L}{v_{\text{mix}} t_{\text{cool}}} \right)^{1/4}$$

$$\dot{E}_{\text{cool}} \propto P v_z$$

$$\dot{M}_{\text{cold}} \propto \rho_{\text{hot}} v_z$$

$$\dot{P}_{\text{cold}} \propto \rho_{\text{hot}} v_{\text{rel}} v_z$$