A: Datasheet

Algorithm: dermalog_010

Developer: Dermalog

Submission Date: 2022_07_25

Template size: 512 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 631 msec

Template time (median): 634 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 641 msec

Investigation:

Mugshot webcam ranking 78 (out of 331) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0113 vs. lowest 0.0055 from sensetime_008

Mugshot profile ranking 20 (out of 300) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0665 vs. lowest 0.0521 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa–border ranking 191 (out of 258) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0381 vs. lowest 0.0006 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa–kiosk ranking 119 (out of 203) –– FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1118 vs. lowest 0.0395 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Identification:

Frontal mugshot ranking 47 (out of 369) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0068, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0013 from sensetime_008
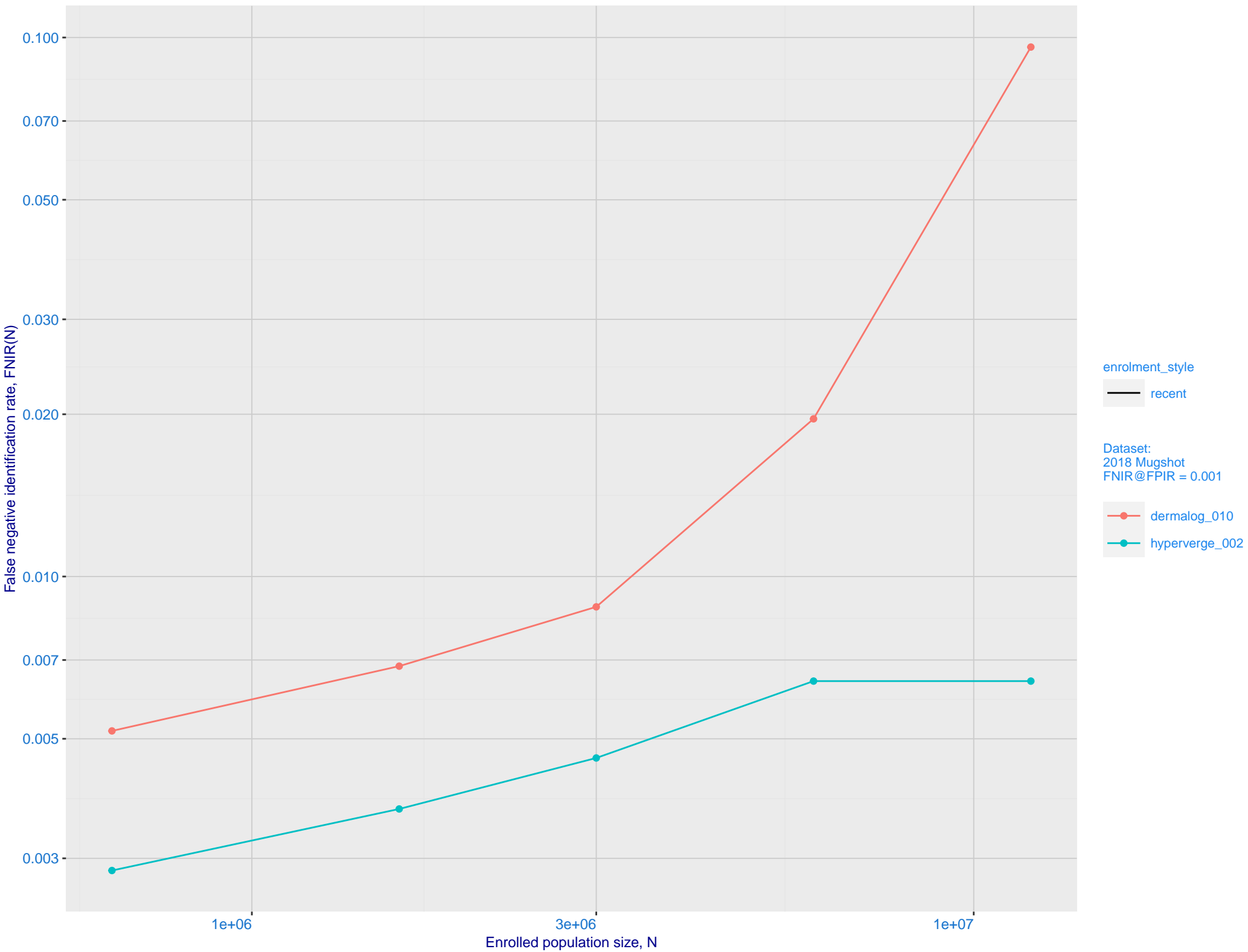
Mugshot webcam ranking 87 (out of 329) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0546, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0090 from sensetime_008

Mugshot profile ranking 207 (out of 299) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9990, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0698 from cloudwalk_mt_001
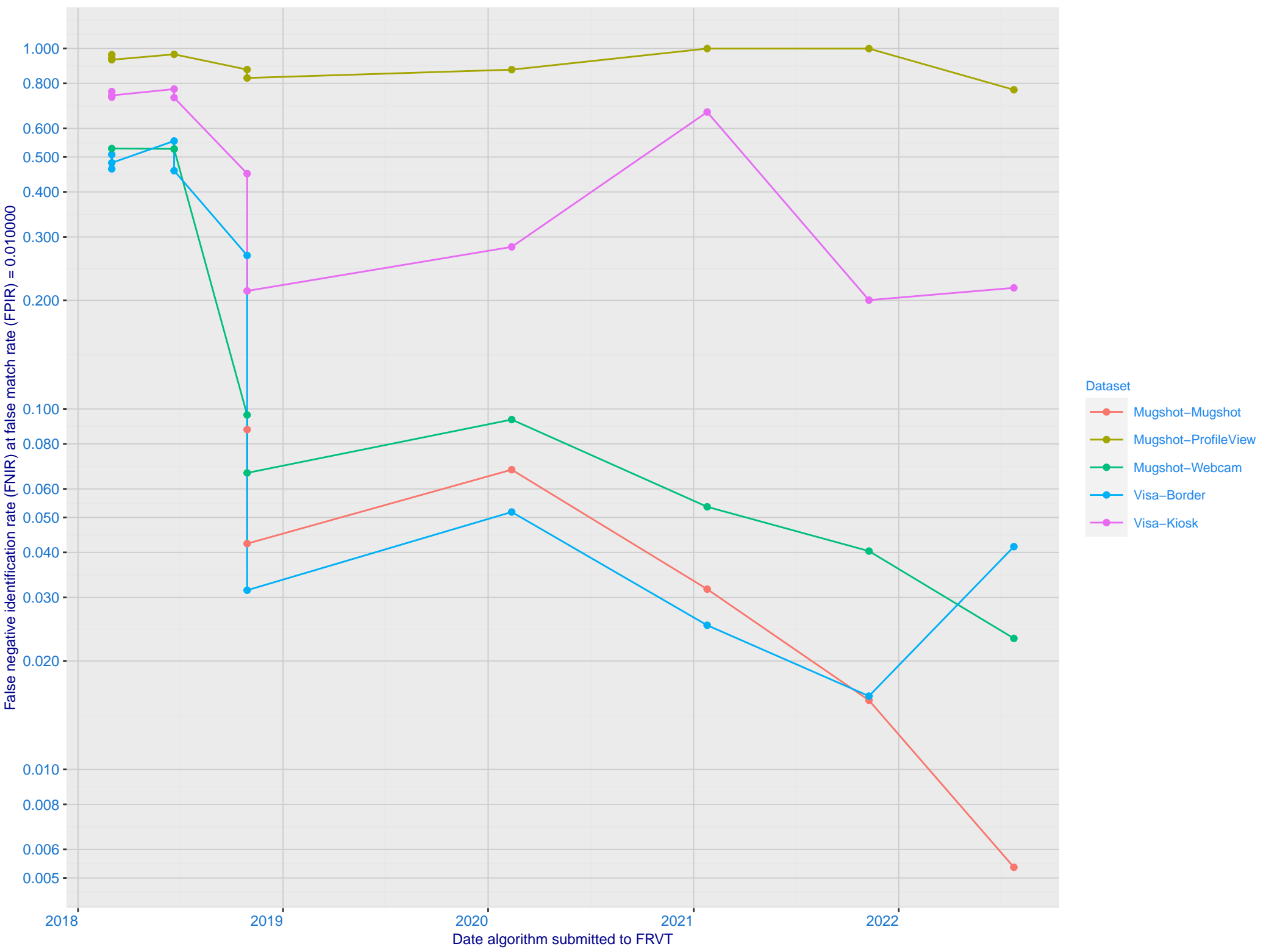
Immigration visa–border ranking 154 (out of 257) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0891, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0013 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa–kiosk ranking 141 (out of 203) –– FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.5920, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0532 from cloudwalk_mt_001
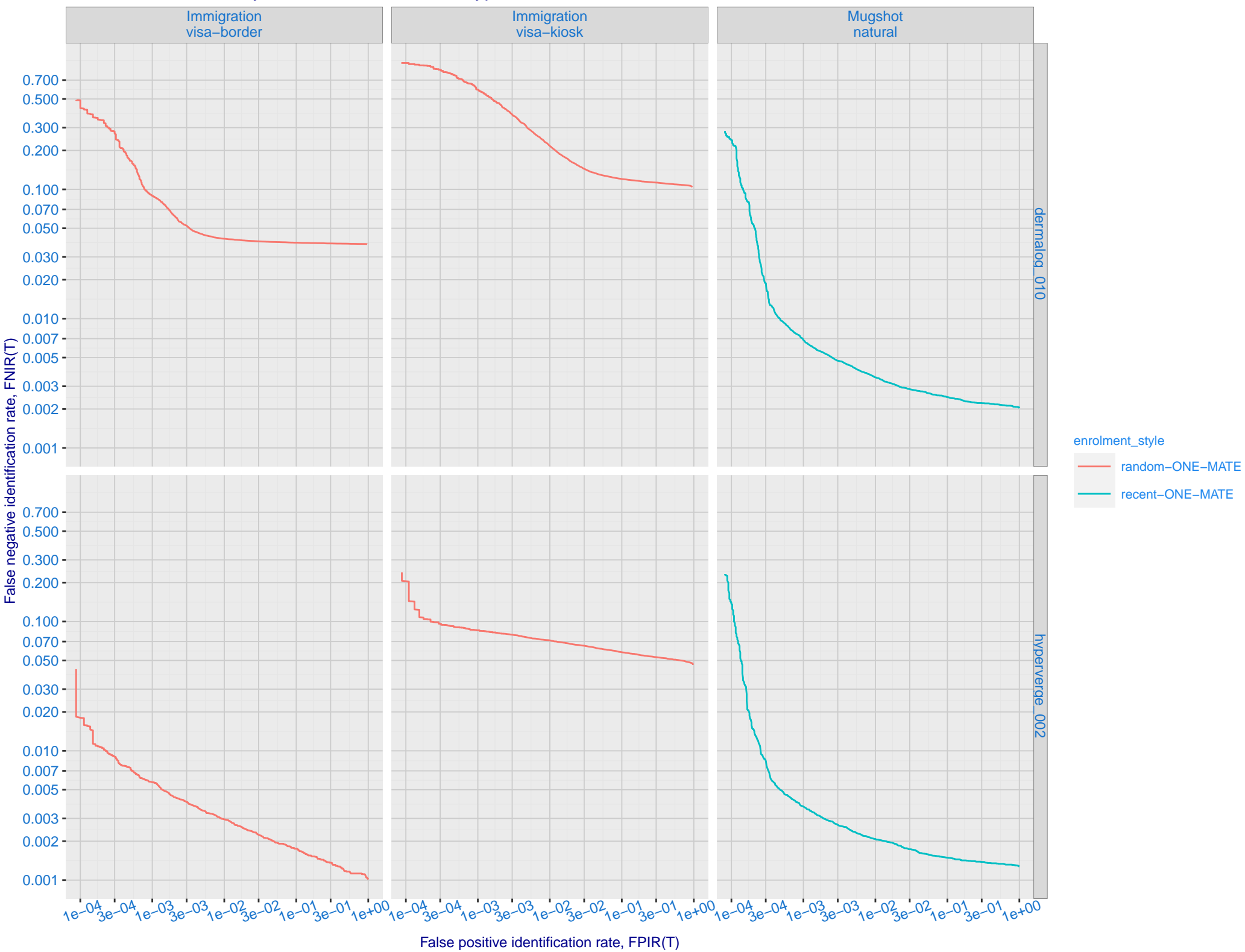
B: Mugshot natural images, identification mode: FNIR(N, L+1, T) vs. most accurate (hyperverge_002)

C: Evolution of accuracy for DERMALOG algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

Y-axis: False negative identification rate (FNIR) at false match rate (FPIR) = 0.010000

X-axis: Date algorithm submitted to FRVT

Dataset
- Mugshot–Mugshot
- Mugshot–ProfileView
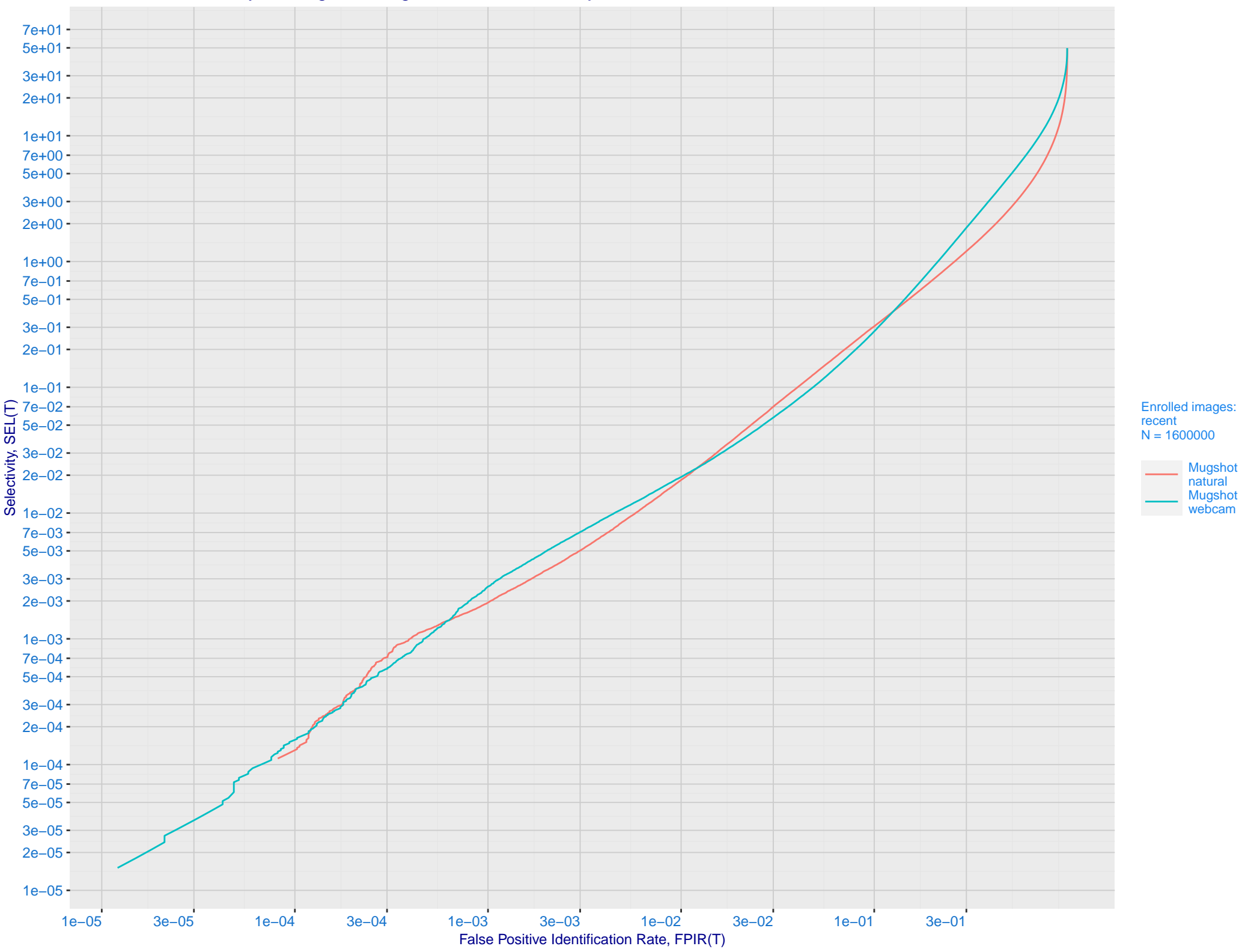- Mugshot–Webcam
- Visa–Border
- Visa–Kiosk

D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals
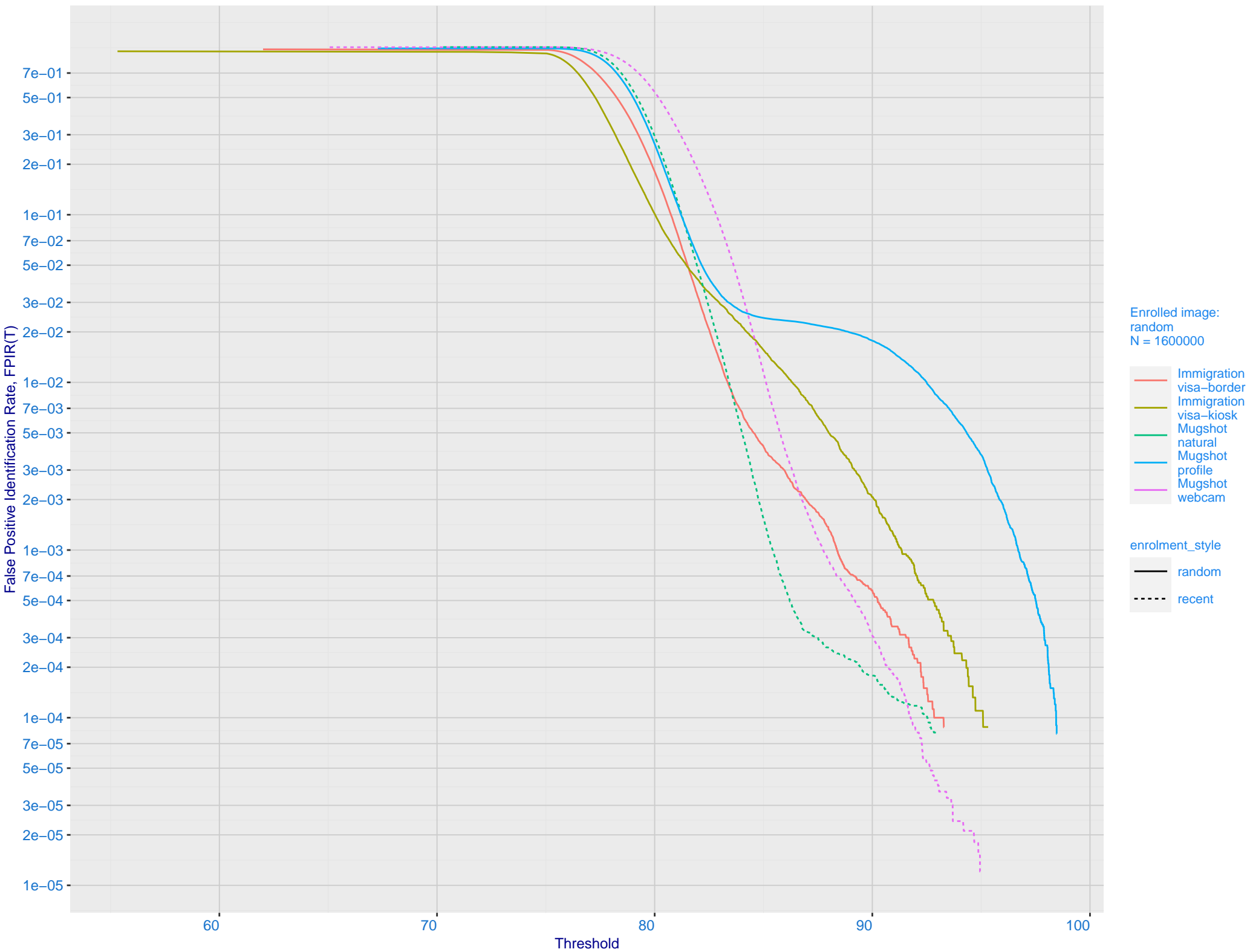
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images
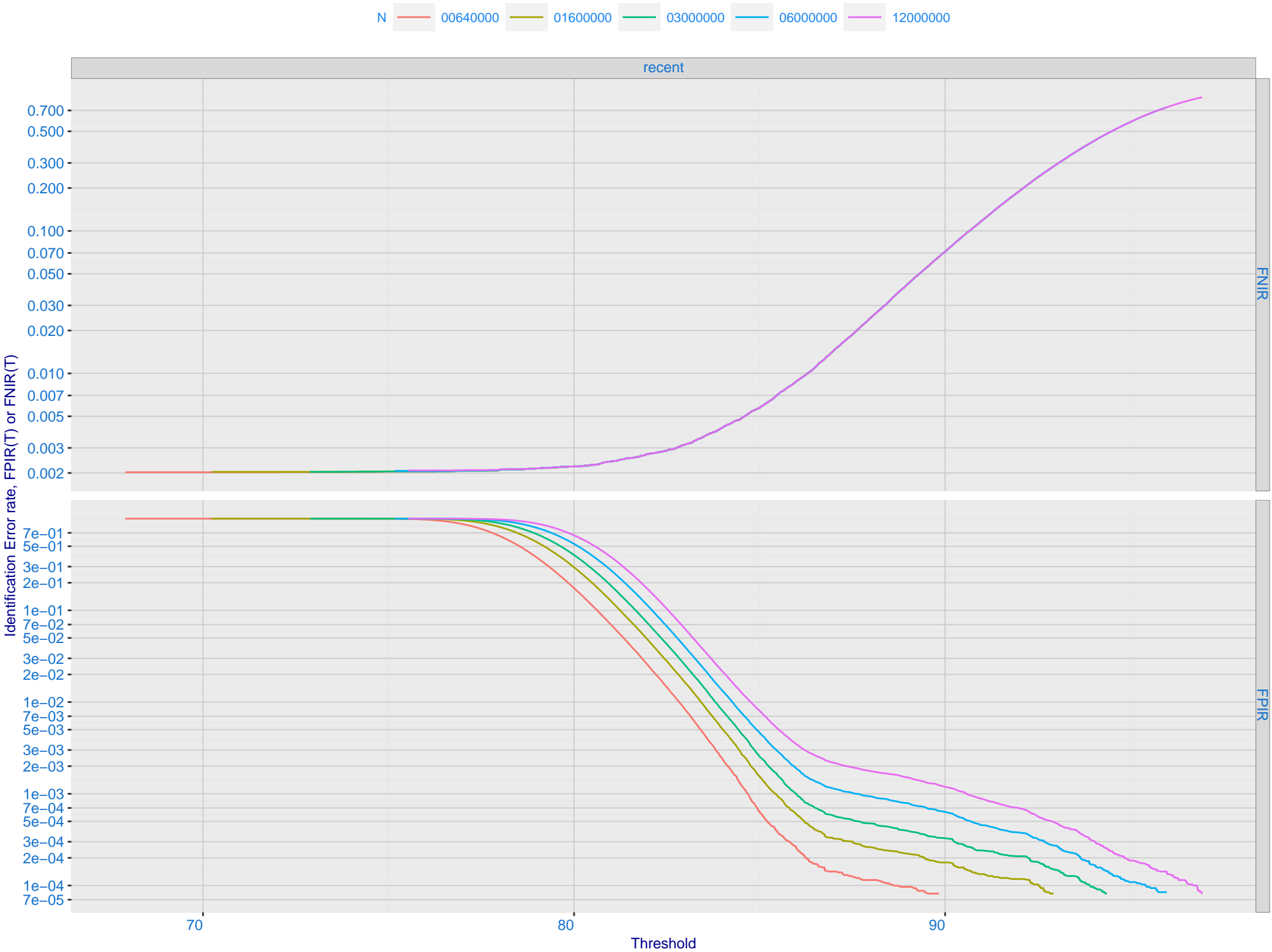
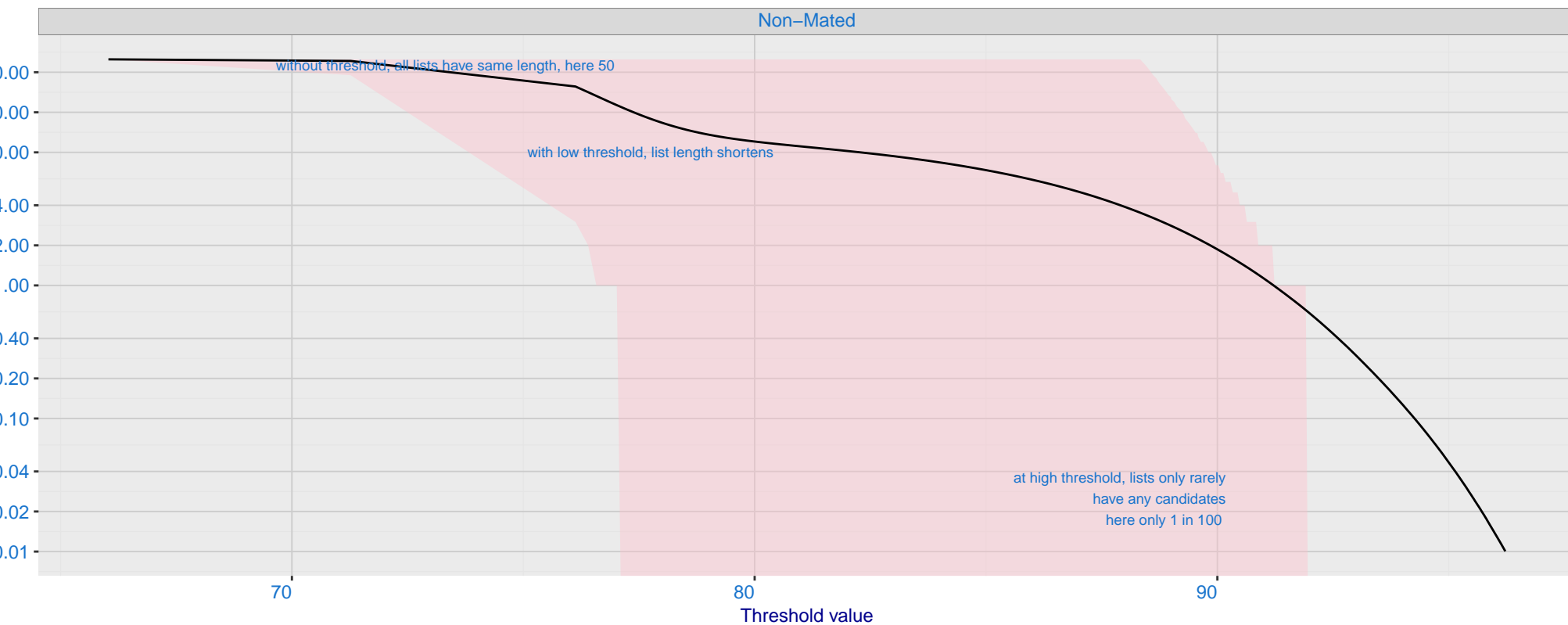F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate

Selectivity, SEL(T)

False Positive Identification Rate, FPIR(T)

Enrolled images:
recent
N = 1600000

Mugshot
natural
Mugshot
webcam

G: FPIR dependence on T by probe type for N = 1600000 subjects

H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review
Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

Mated

without threshold, all lists have same length, here 50

with low threshold, list length shortens
towards 1 as there is 1 mate

at high threshold, lists
gradually get shorter as mates
fall below threshold (misses)

the pink region shows
[5,95]–percentile of list lengths

Non–Mated

without threshold, all lists have same length, here 50

with low threshold, list length shortens

at high threshold, lists only rarely
have any candidates
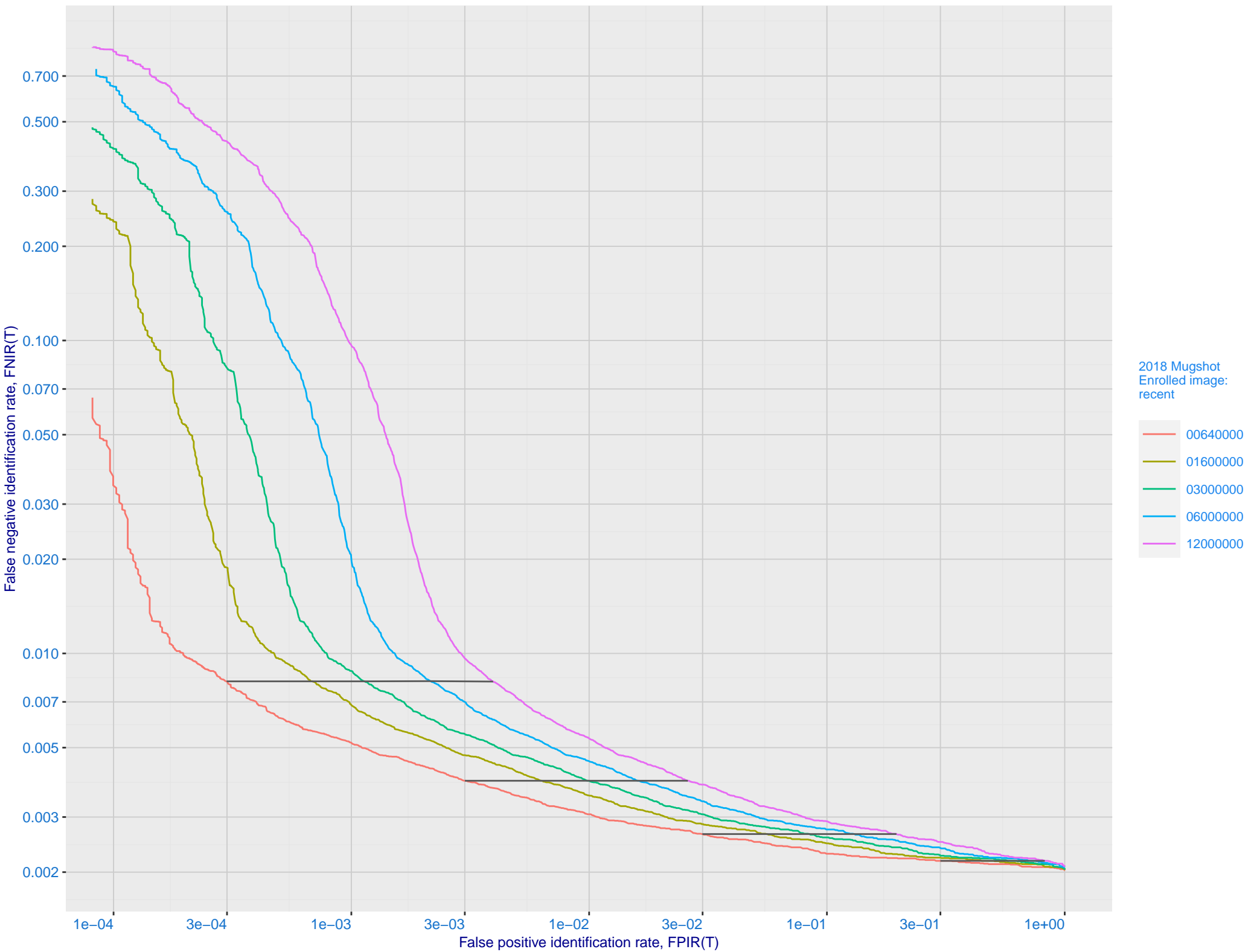here only 1 in 100

Threshold value

Mean candidate list length
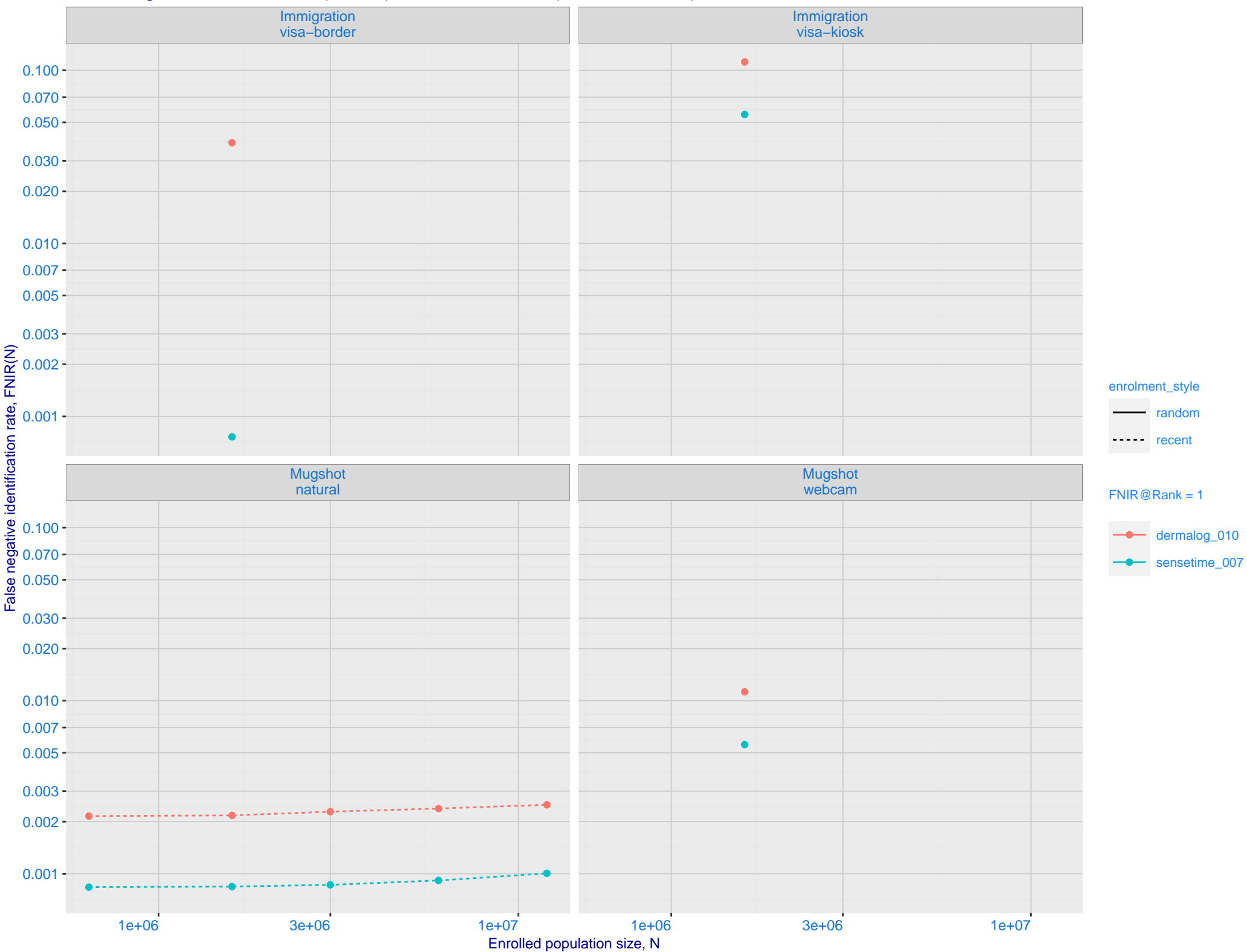
I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold
Dataset is border−border with time−lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10−15 years later than enrollment image
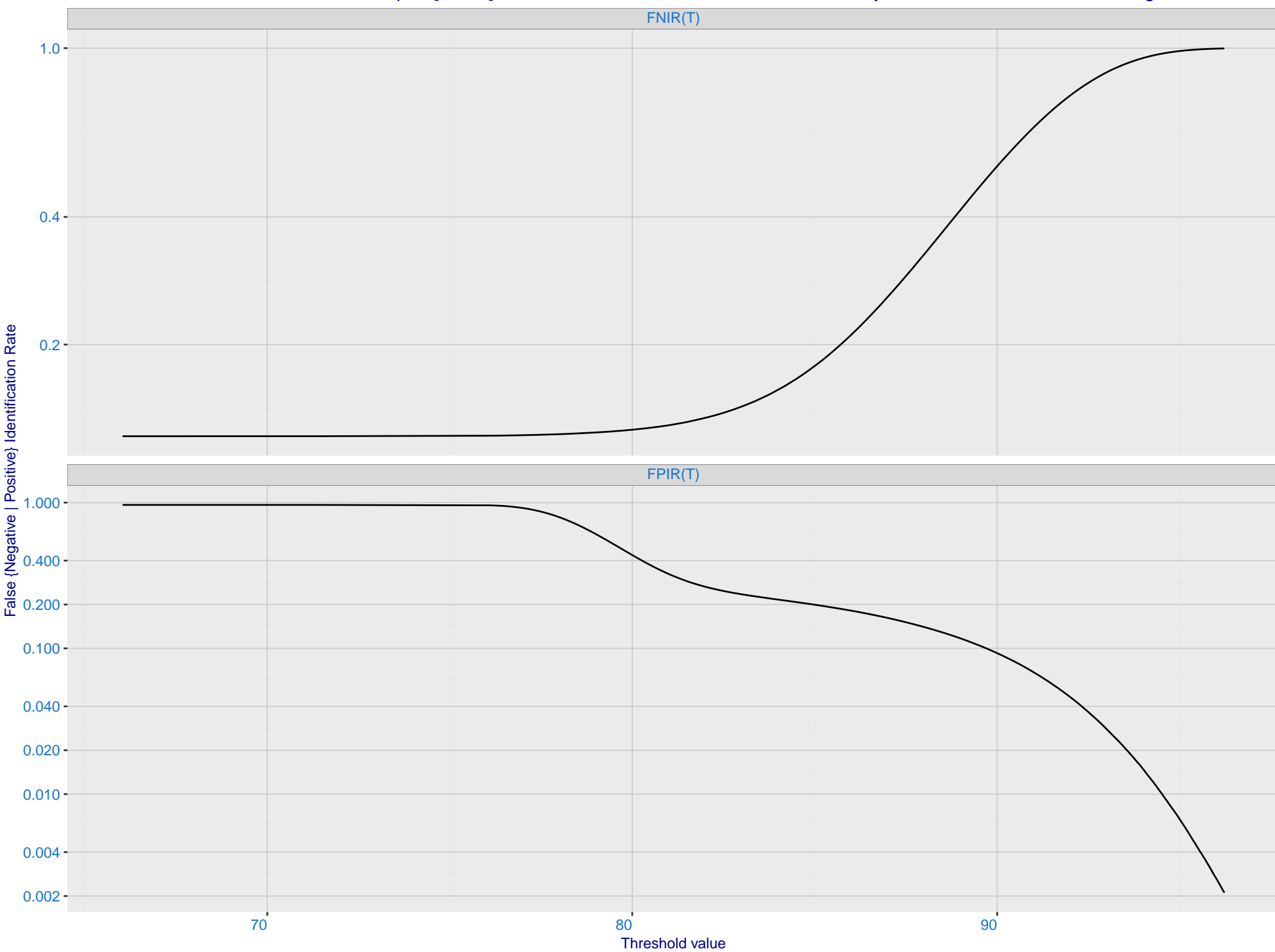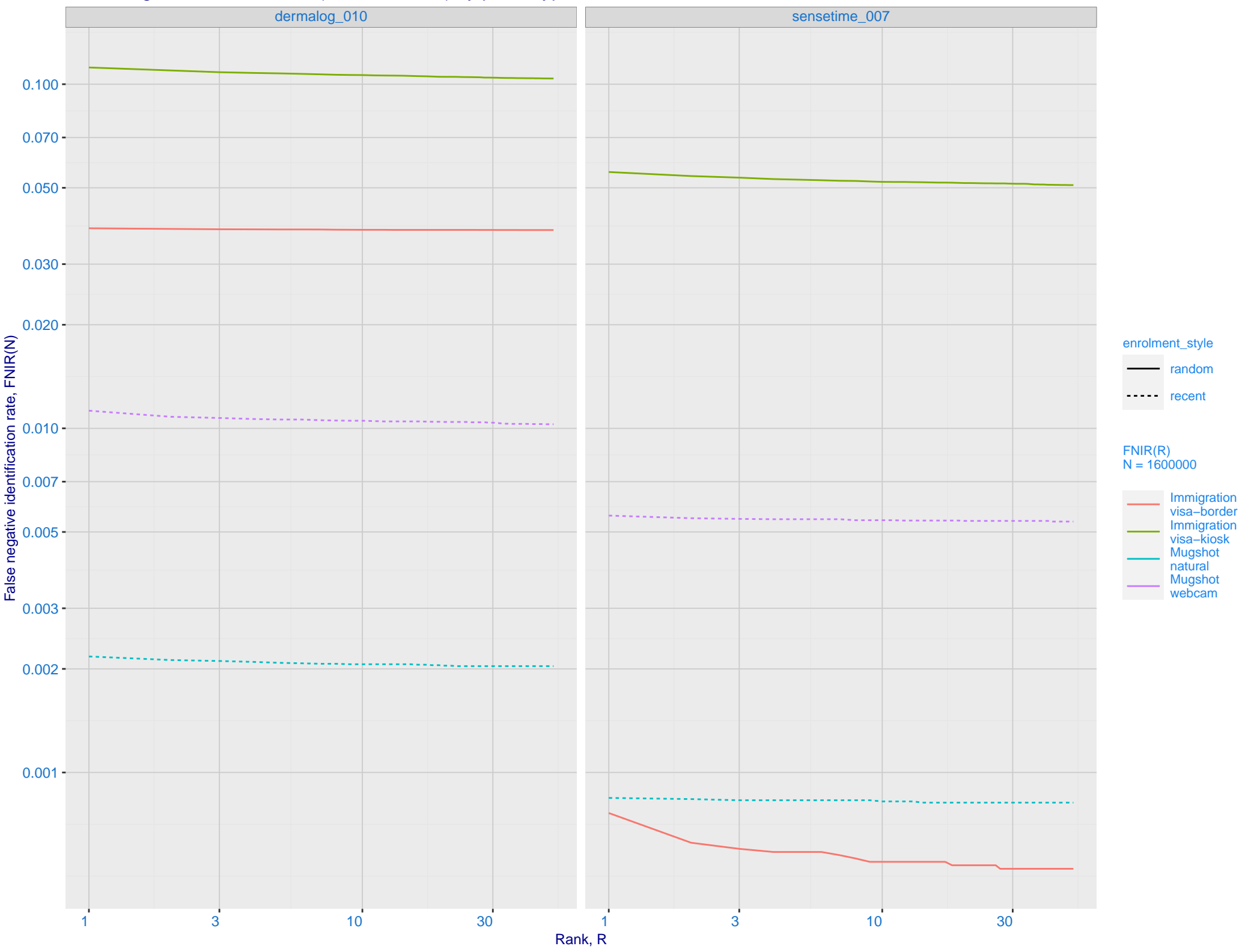
J: DET for Mugshot natural images and various N. Links connect points of equal threshold.

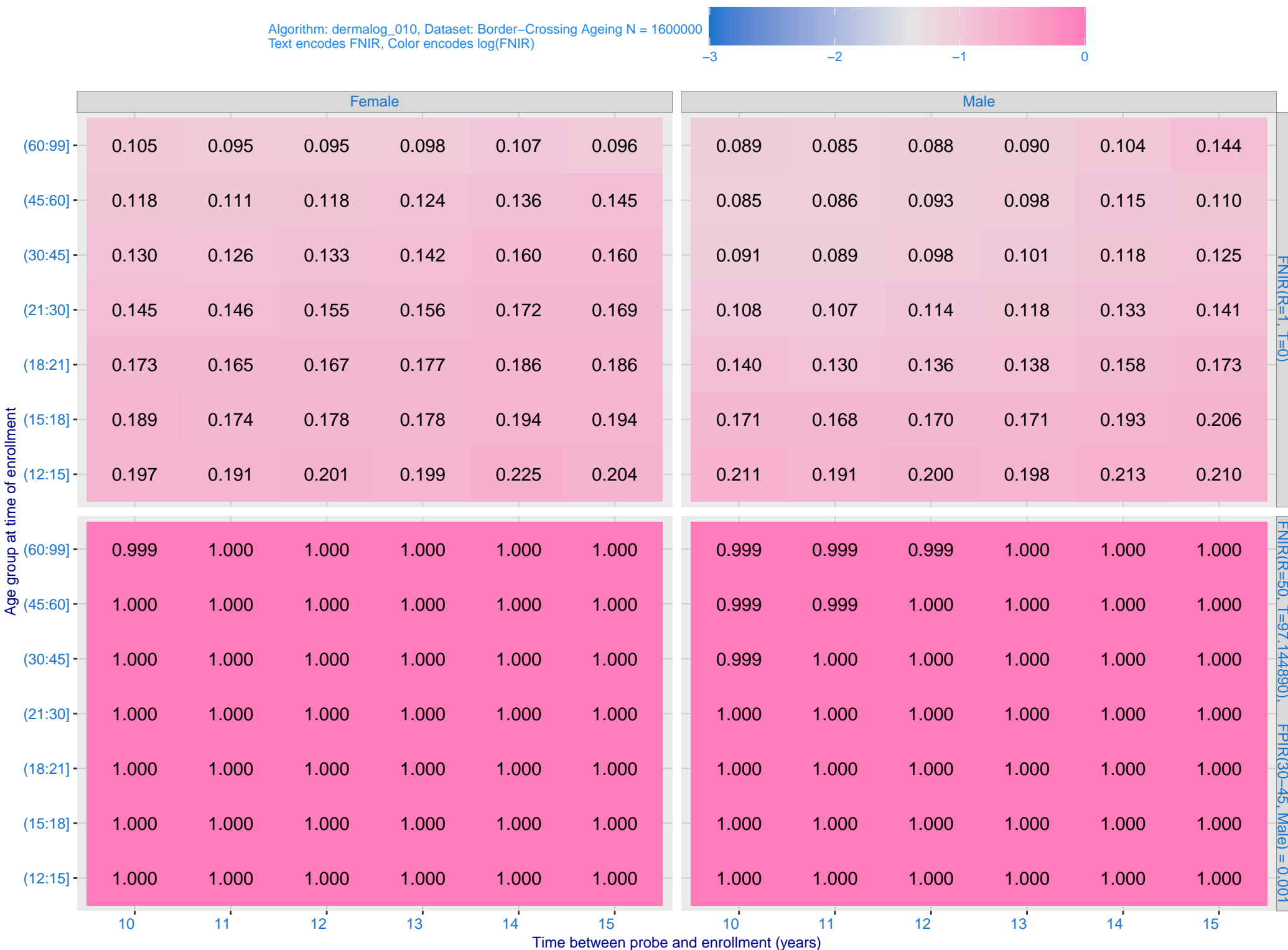K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_007)

L: Investigational mode: FNIR(1600000, R, 0) by probe type

M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations
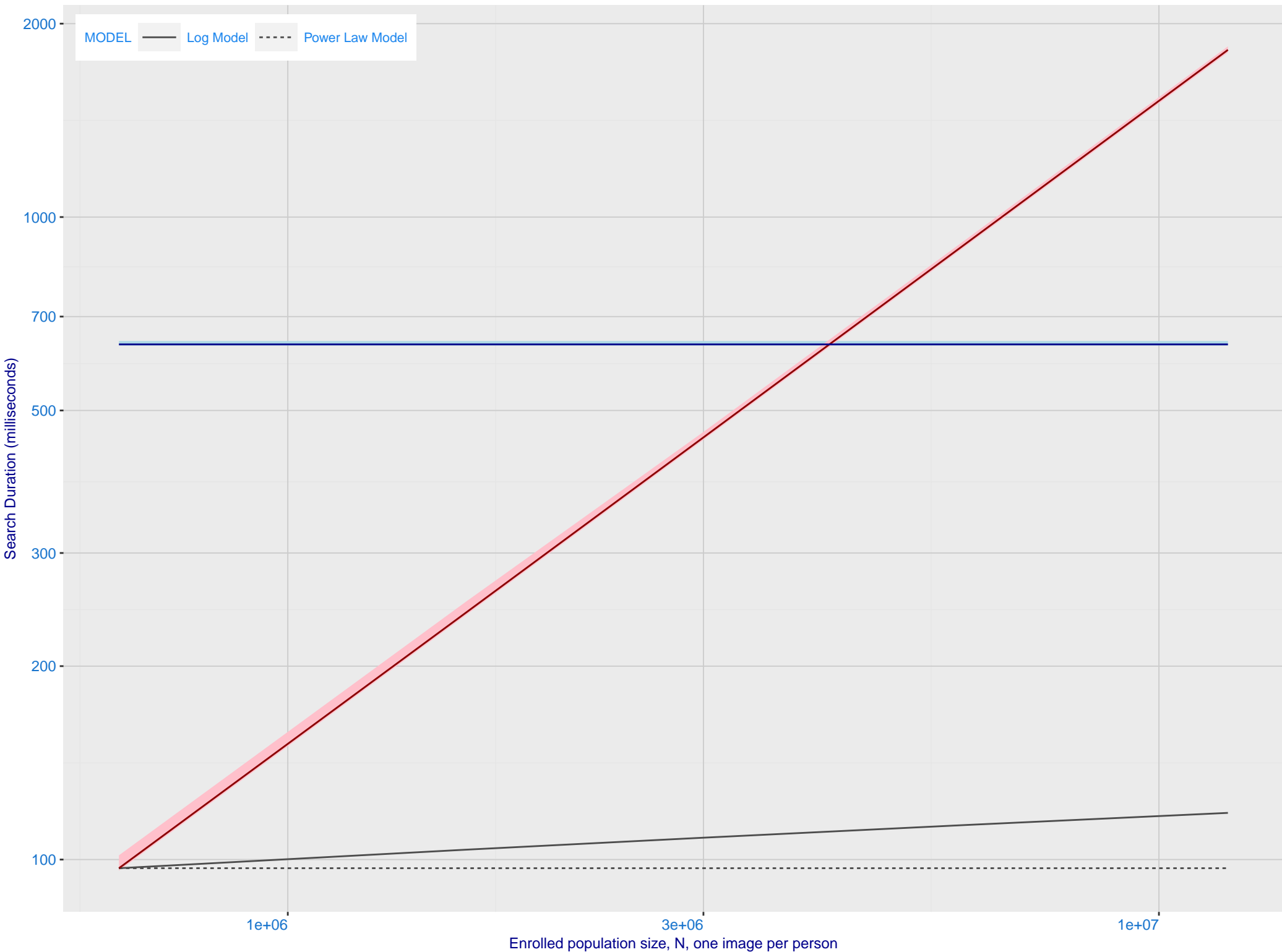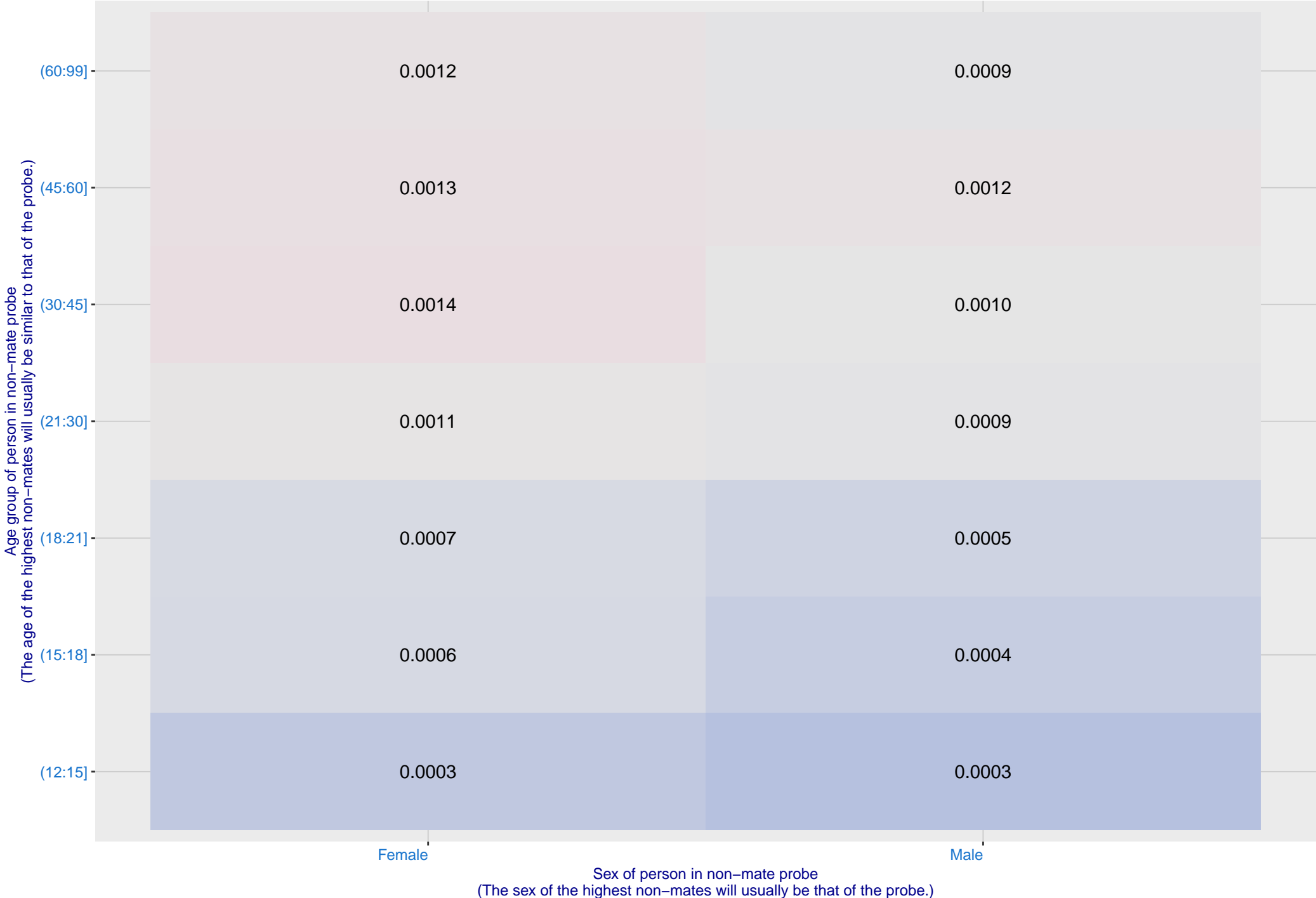
O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time−lapse. The top row gives investigational rank−1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights−out identification with low FPIR.

Algorithm: dermalog_010, Dataset: Border−Crossing Ageing N = 1600000
Text encodes FNIR, Color encodes log(FNIR)

P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.

Algorithm: dermalog_010, Dataset: Border−Crossing Ageing
Threshold: 97.144890 set to achive FPIR(30−45, Male) = 0.001

Color encodes log(FPIR)

−4   −3   −2   −1

Age group of person in non−mate probe
(The age of the highest non−mates will usually be similar to that of the probe.)

	Female	Male
(60:99]	0.0012	0.0009
(45:60]	0.0013	0.0012
(30:45]	0.0014	0.0010
(21:30]	0.0011	0.0009
(18:21]	0.0007	0.0005
(15:18]	0.0006	0.0004
(12:15]	0.0003	0.0003

Sex of person in non−mate probe
(The sex of the highest non−mates will usually be that of the probe.)

Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing

Dataset: 2018 Mugshot   N = 3068801

Legend: (00,02] (02,04] (04,06] (06,08] (08,10] (10,12] (12,14] (14,18]
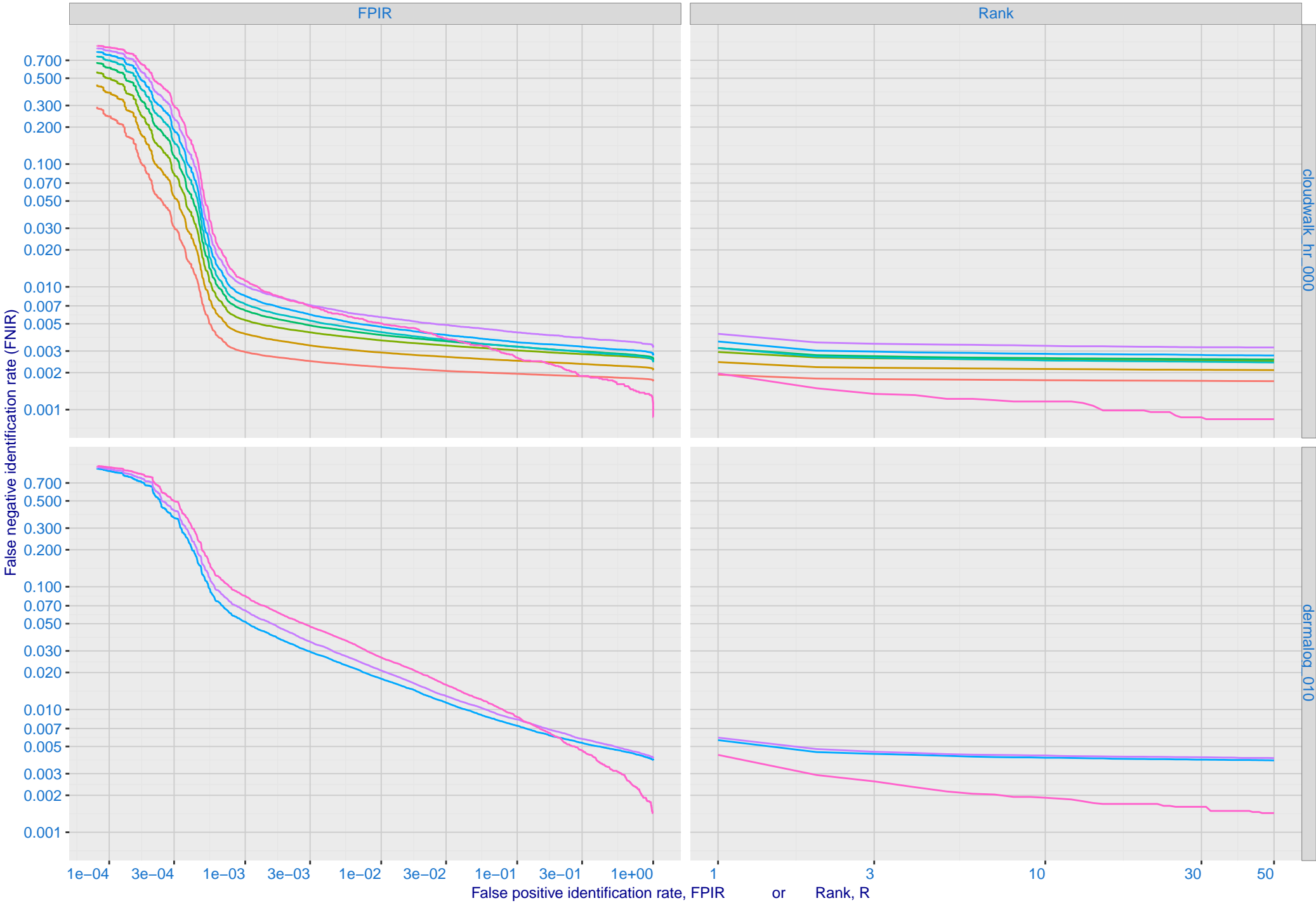
R: Decline of genuine scores with ageing, with some eventually dropping below typical thresholds shown by the horizontal lines