A: Datasheet

Algorithm: intellivision_002

Developer: Intellivision

Submission Date: 2022_07_28

Template size: 2056 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 330 msec

Template time (median): 331 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 357 msec

Investigation:

Mugshot webcam ranking 207 (out of 331) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0308 vs. lowest 0.0055 from sensetime_008

Mugshot profile ranking 240 (out of 300) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.9424 vs. lowest 0.0521 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa-border ranking 167 (out of 258) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0175 vs. lowest 0.0006 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 162 (out of 203) — FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1865 vs. lowest 0.0395 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Identification:

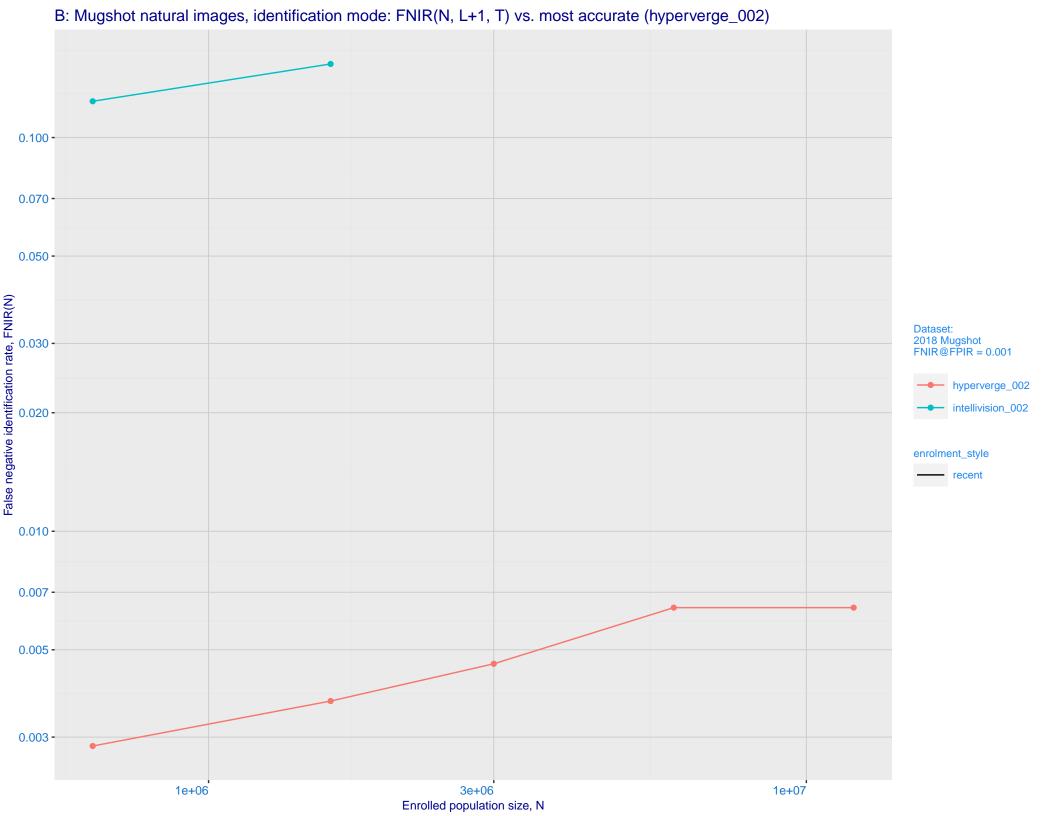
Frontal mugshot ranking 253 (out of 369) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1538, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0013 from sensetime_008

Mugshot webcam ranking 218 (out of 329) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1959, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0090 from sensetime_008

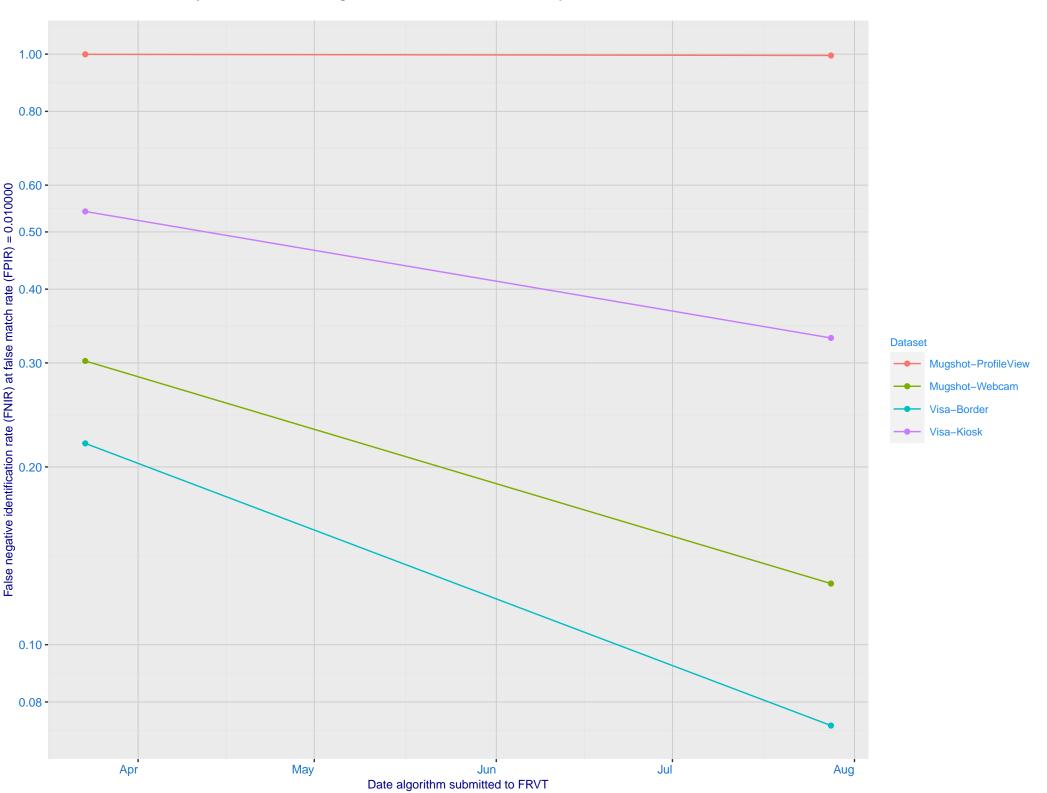
Mugshot profile ranking 204 (out of 299) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9988, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0698 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-border ranking 166 (out of 257) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1337, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0013 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 117 (out of 203) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.4288, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0532 from cloudwalk_mt_001

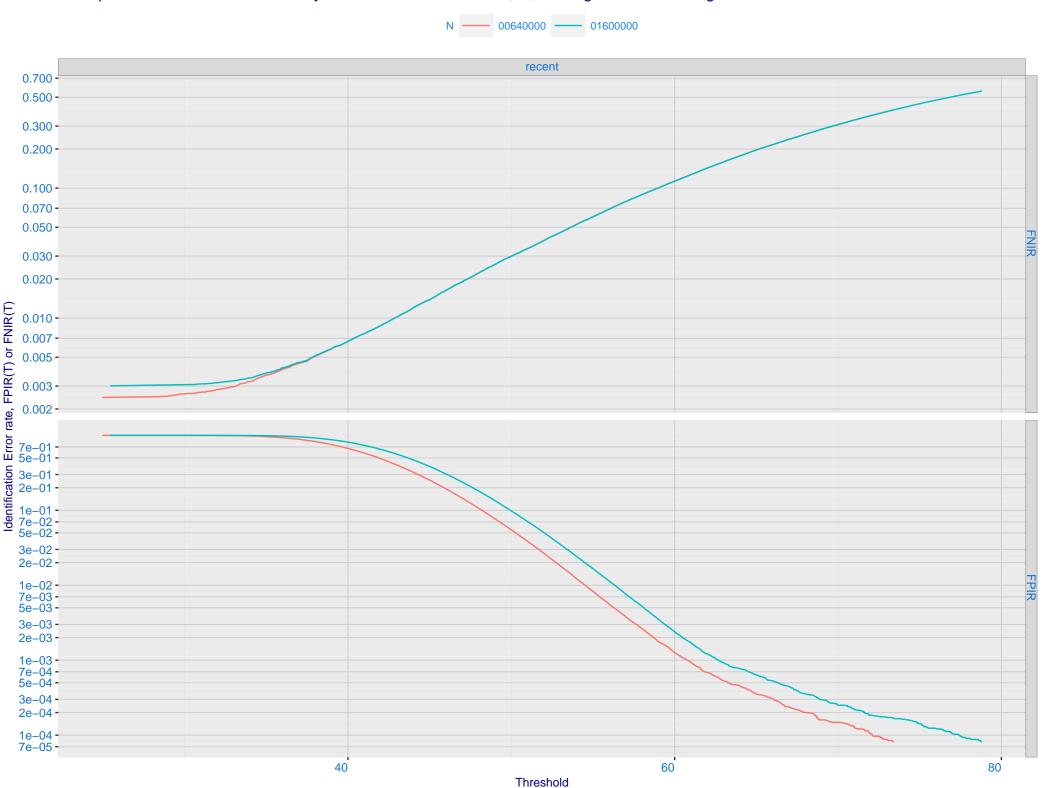


C: Evolution of accuracy for INTELLIVISION algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

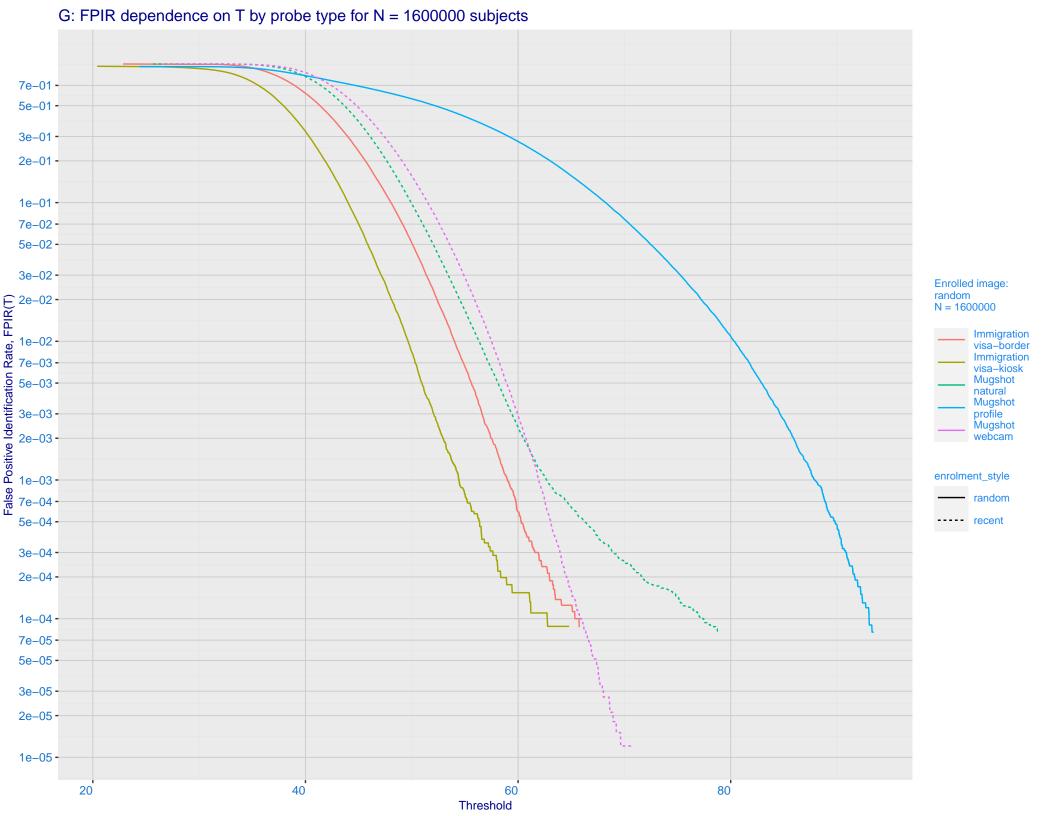


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 hyperverge 002 0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 - 0.005 - 0.005 - 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.700 - 0.500 - 0.200 enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.100 -0.070 intellivision 002 0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

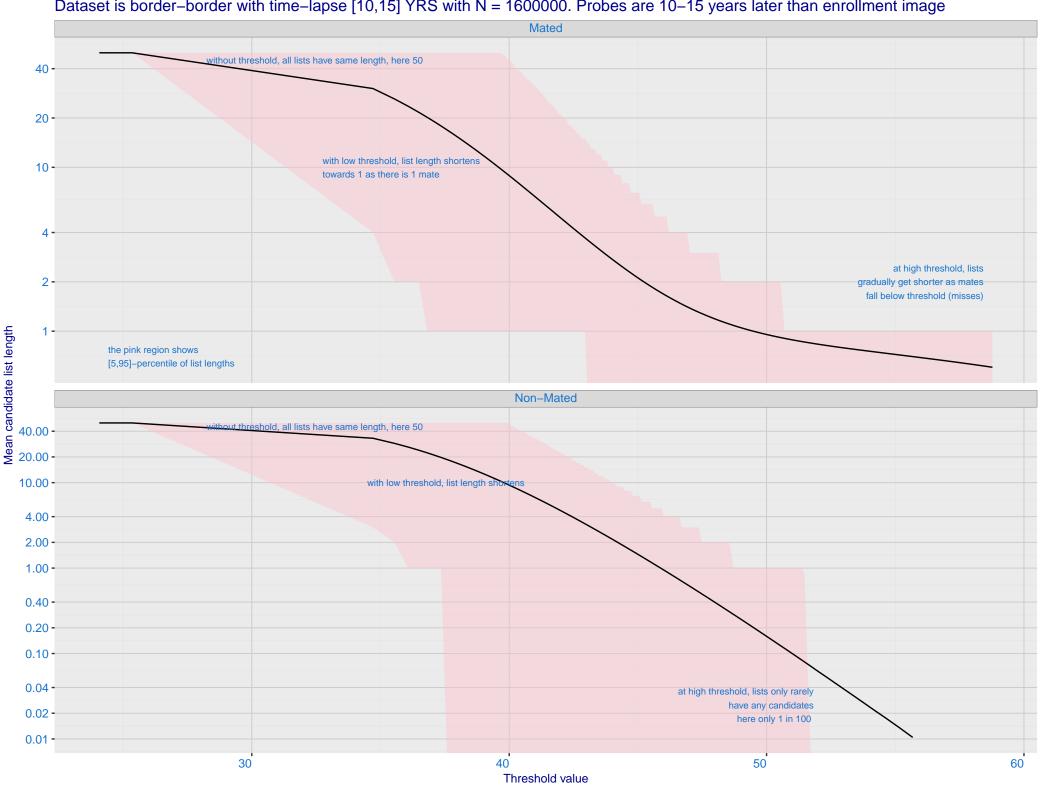
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



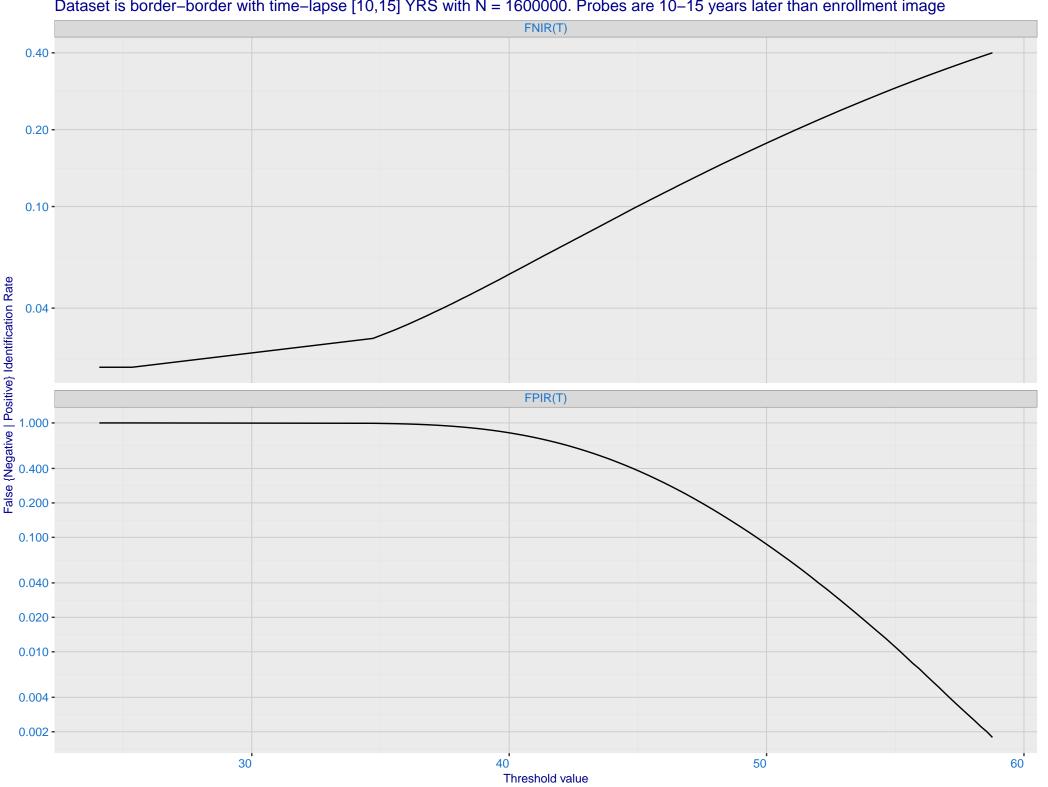
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 -2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Identification Rate, FPIR(T)

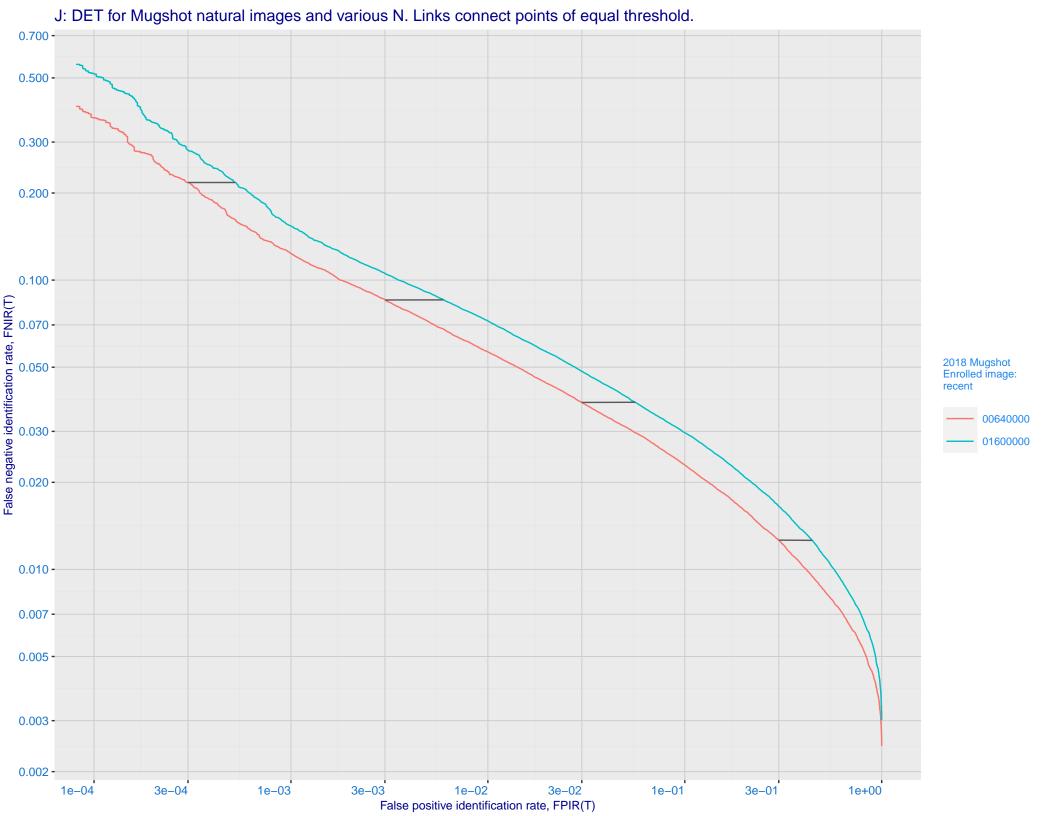


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

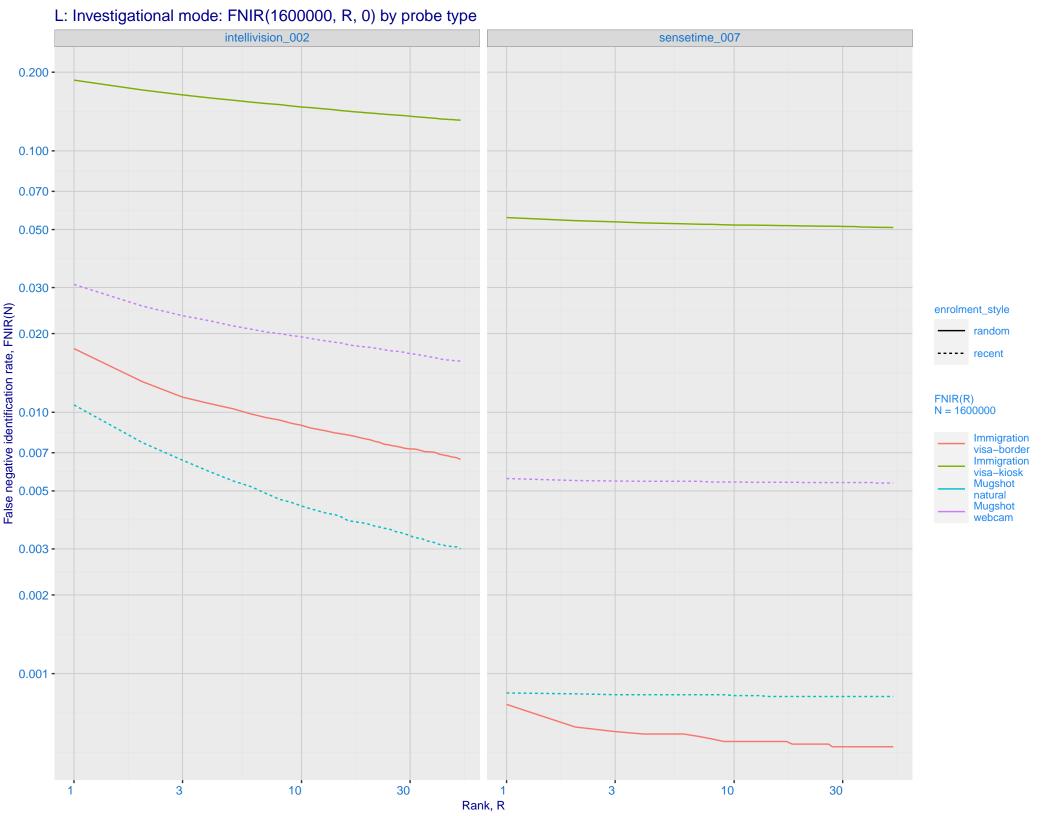


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

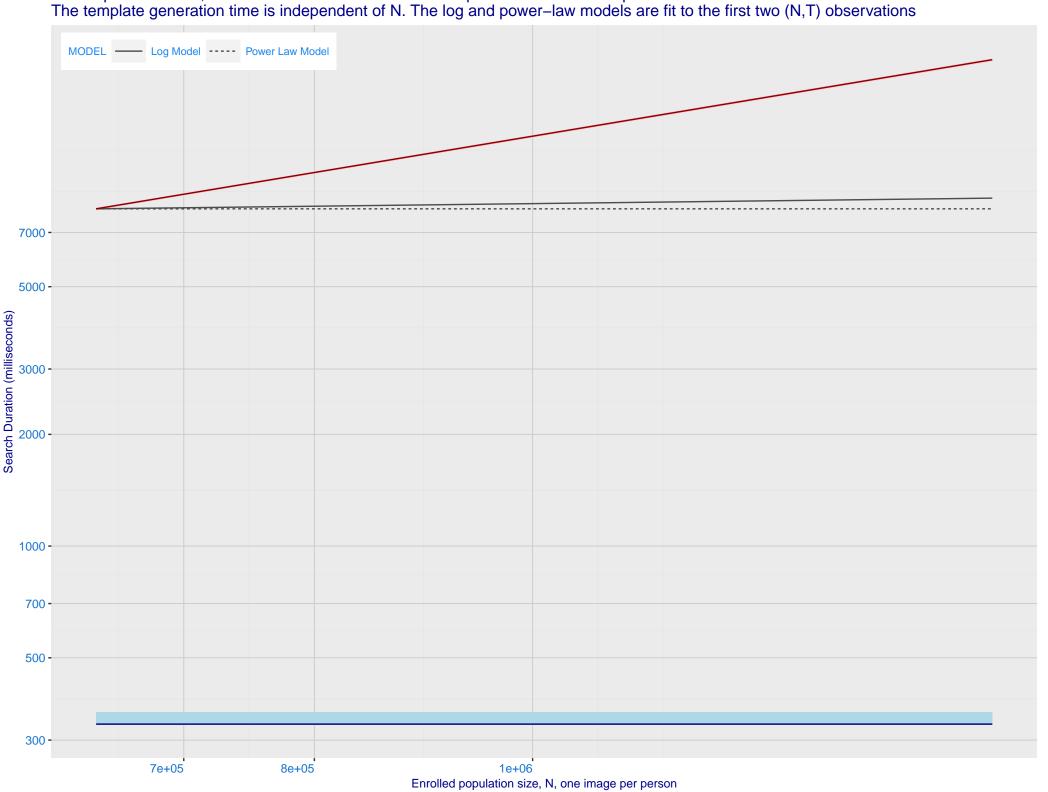




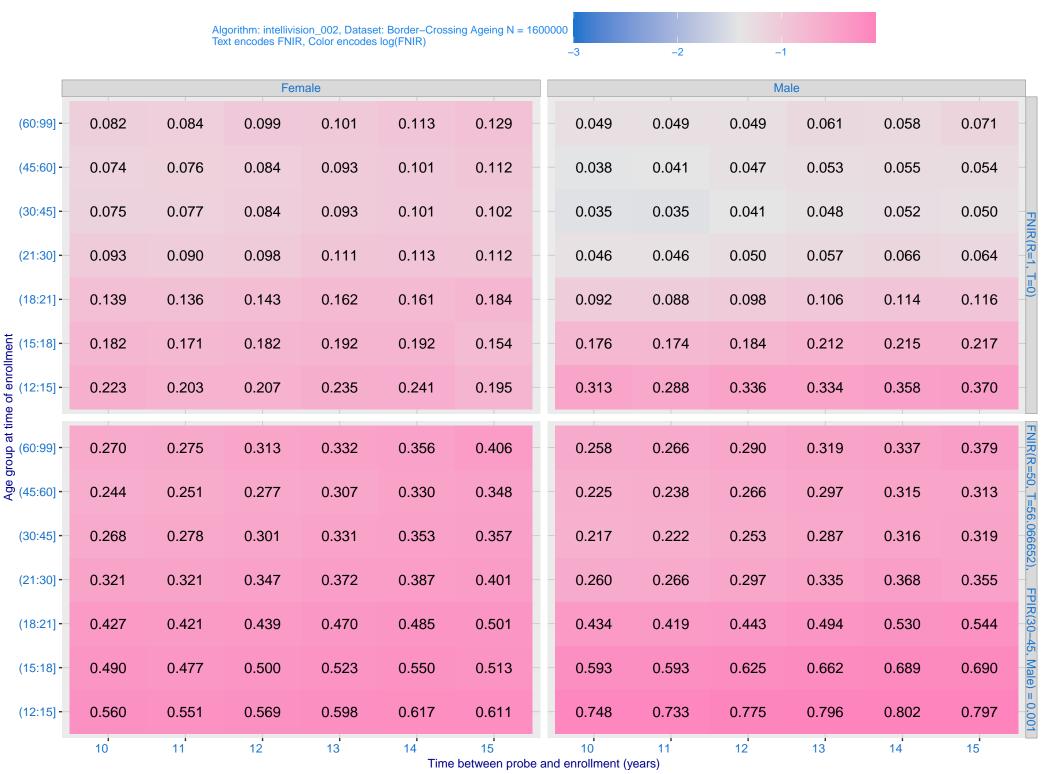
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_007) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 - 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.000 FNIR@Rank = 1 intellivision_002 sensetime_007 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam enrolment_style random ---- recent 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



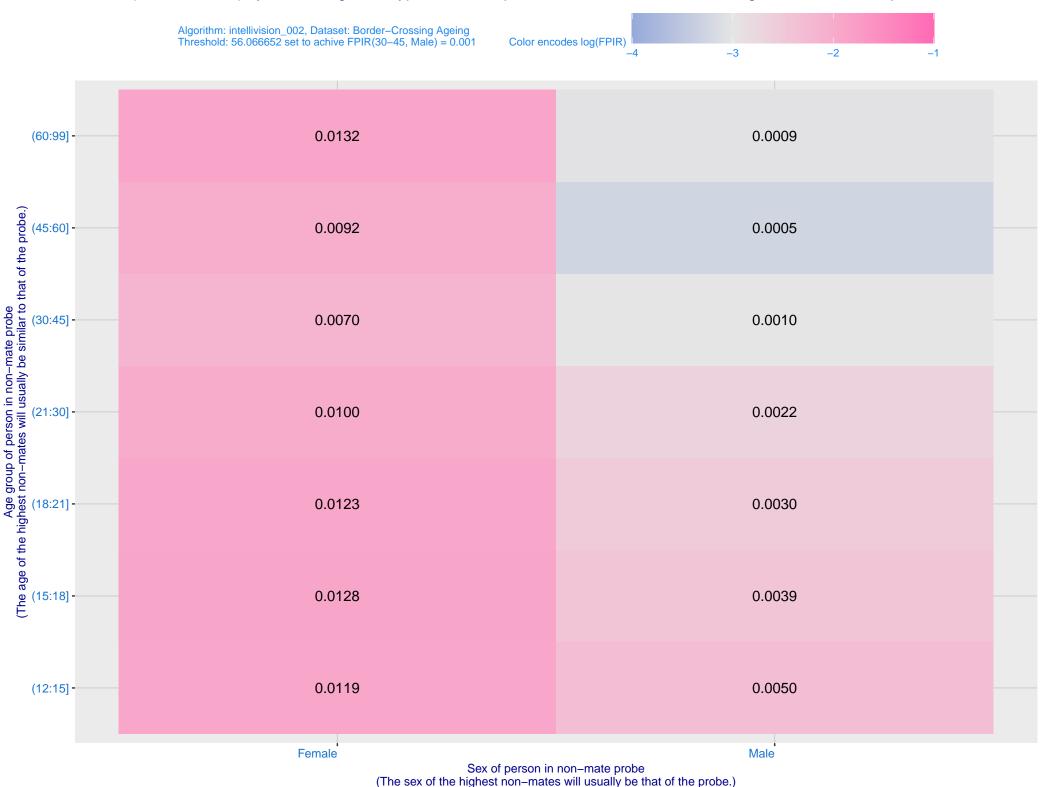
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



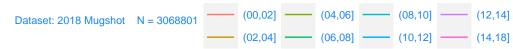
O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.

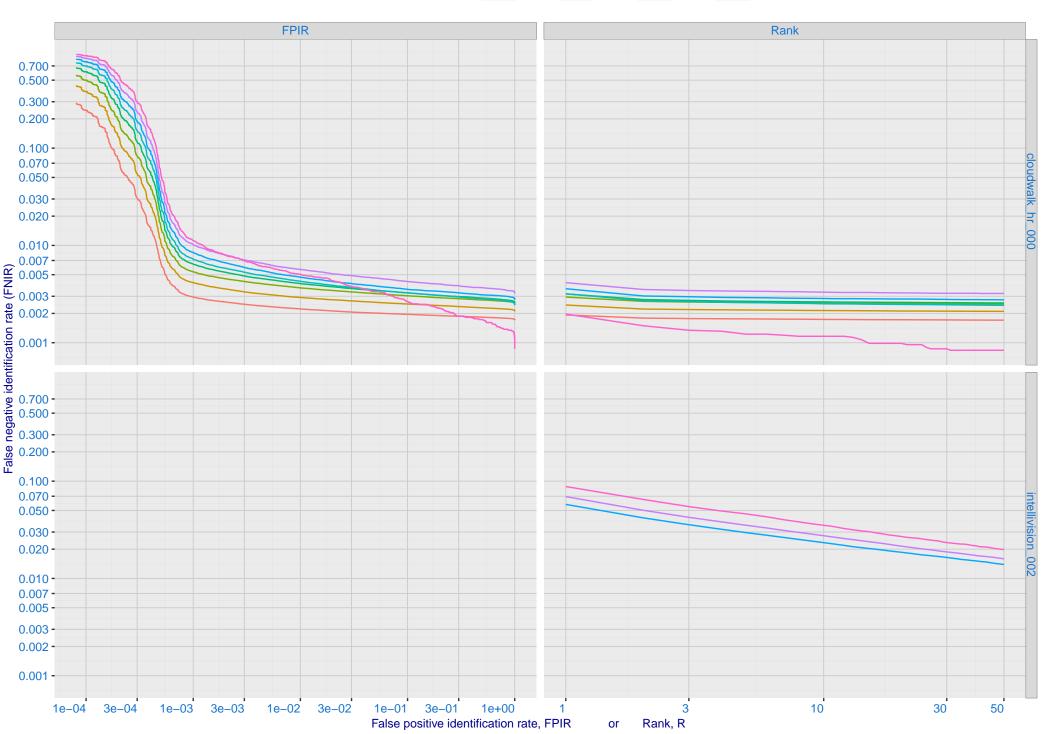


P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing





R: Decline of genuine scores with ageing, with some eventually dropping below typical thresholds shown by the horizontal lines

