A: Datasheet

Algorithm: dilusense_000

Developer: DiluSense Technology

Submission Date: 2022_05_26

Template size: 2048 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 246 msec

Template time (median): 247 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 291 msec

Investigation:

Mugshot webcam ranking 92 (out of 337) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0120 vs. lowest 0.0055 from sensetime_008

Mugshot profile ranking 97 (out of 306) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.2970 vs. lowest 0.0521 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa-border ranking 139 (out of 264) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0078 vs. lowest 0.0006 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 87 (out of 209) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0902 vs. lowest 0.0395 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Identification:

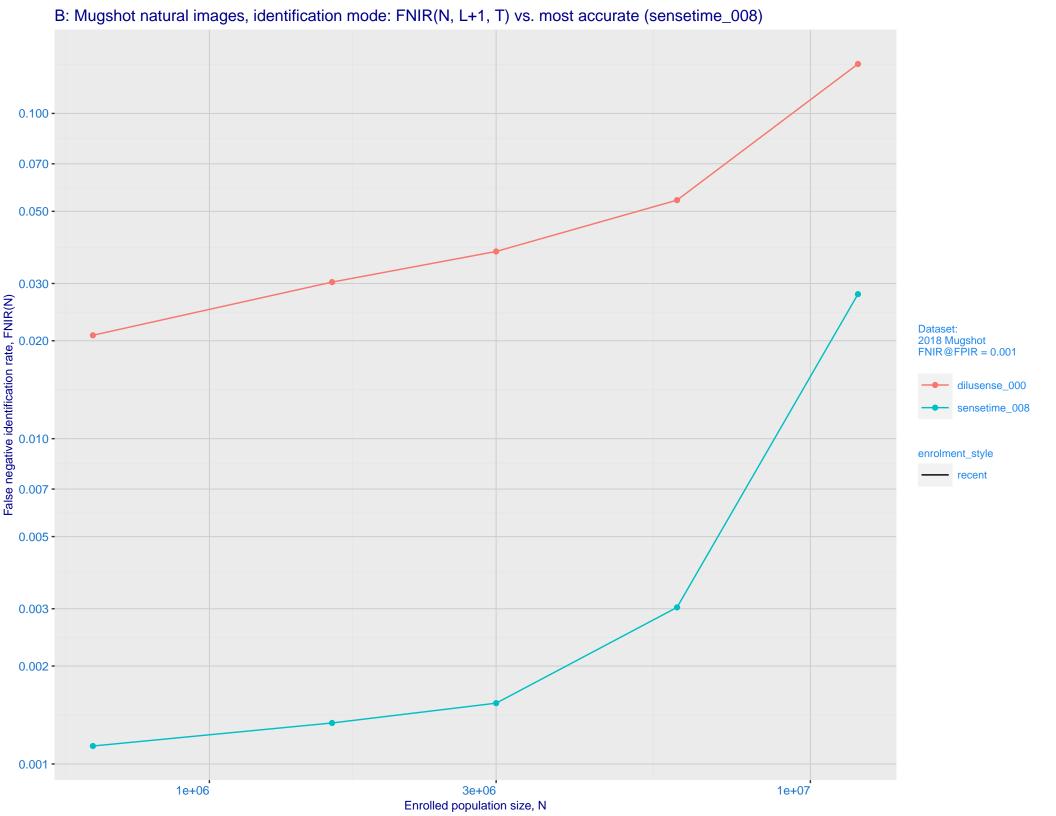
Frontal mugshot ranking 138 (out of 375) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0303, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0013 from sensetime_008

Mugshot webcam ranking 124 (out of 335) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0780, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0090 from sensetime_008

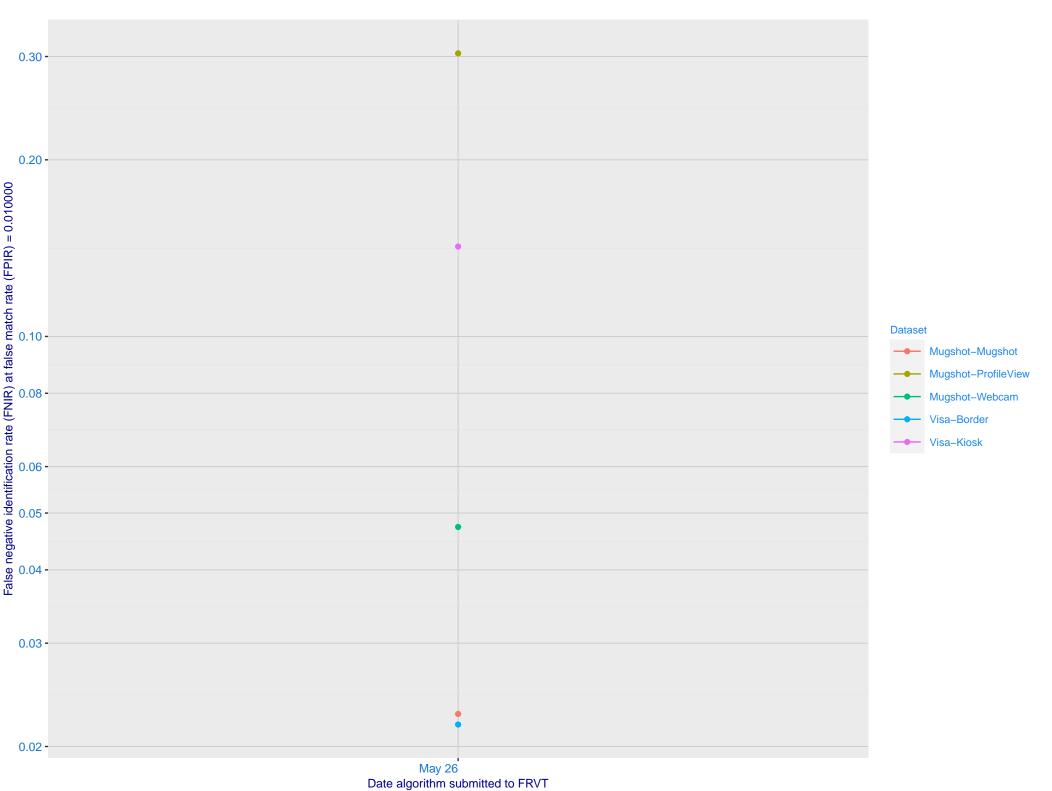
Mugshot profile ranking 46 (out of 305) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.6549, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0698 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-border ranking 112 (out of 263) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0387, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0013 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 71 (out of 209) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1868, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0532 from cloudwalk_mt_001

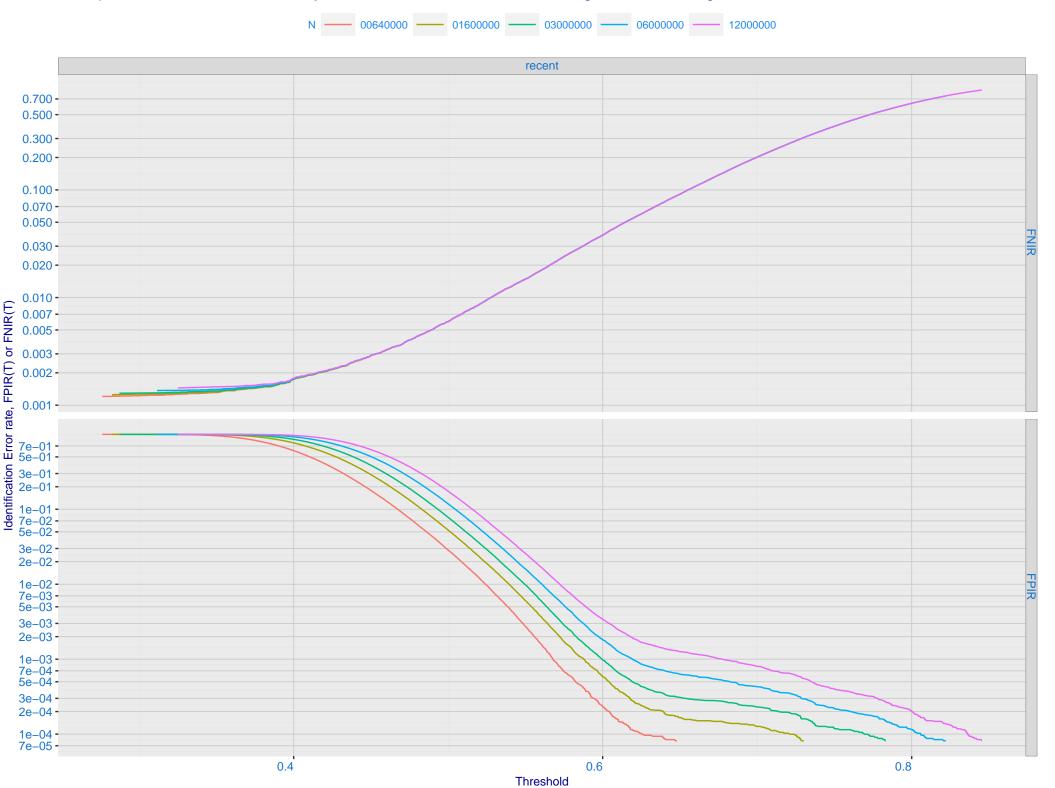


C: Evolution of accuracy for DILUSENSE algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

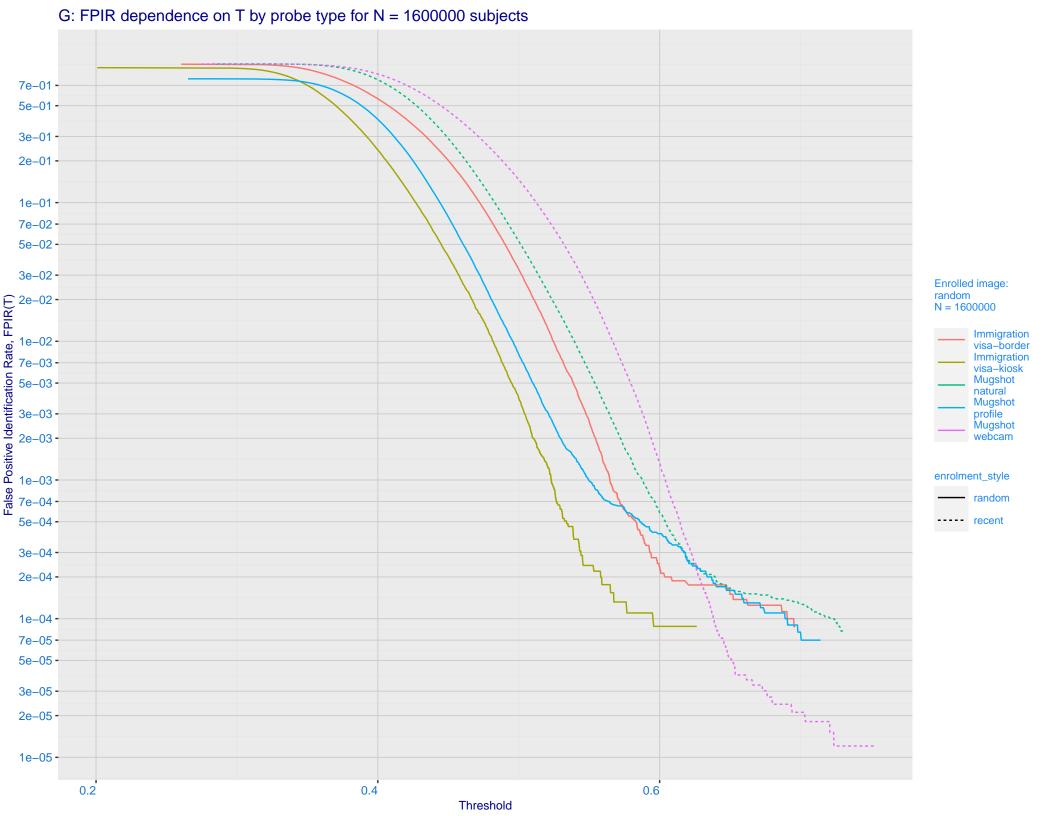


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(T) 0.003 - 0.001 - 0.500 - 0.300 - 0.100 - 0.070 - 0. enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.050 sensetime 008 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

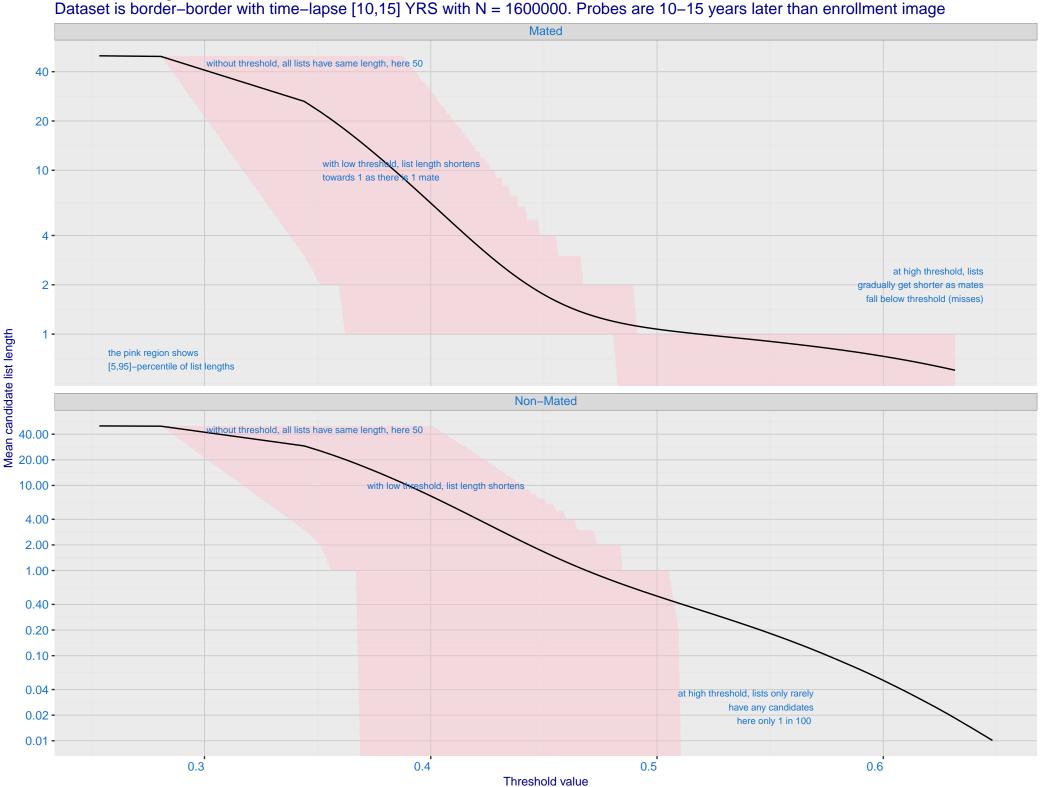
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



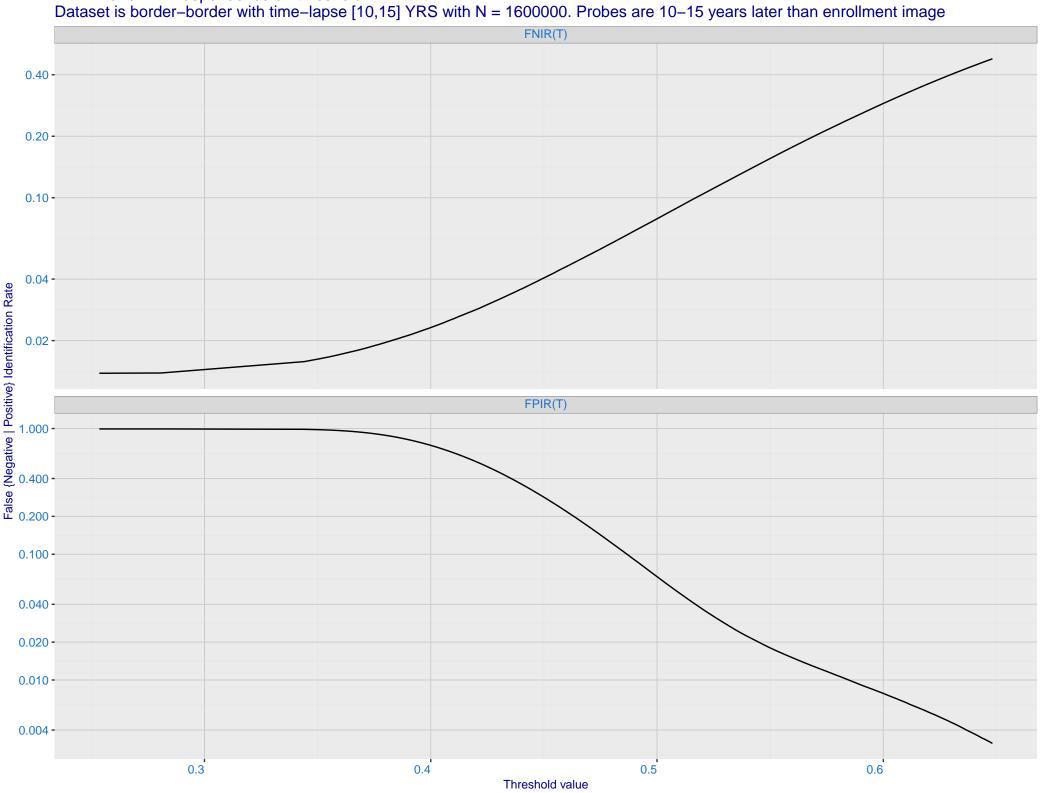
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 -2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Identification Rate, FPIR(T)

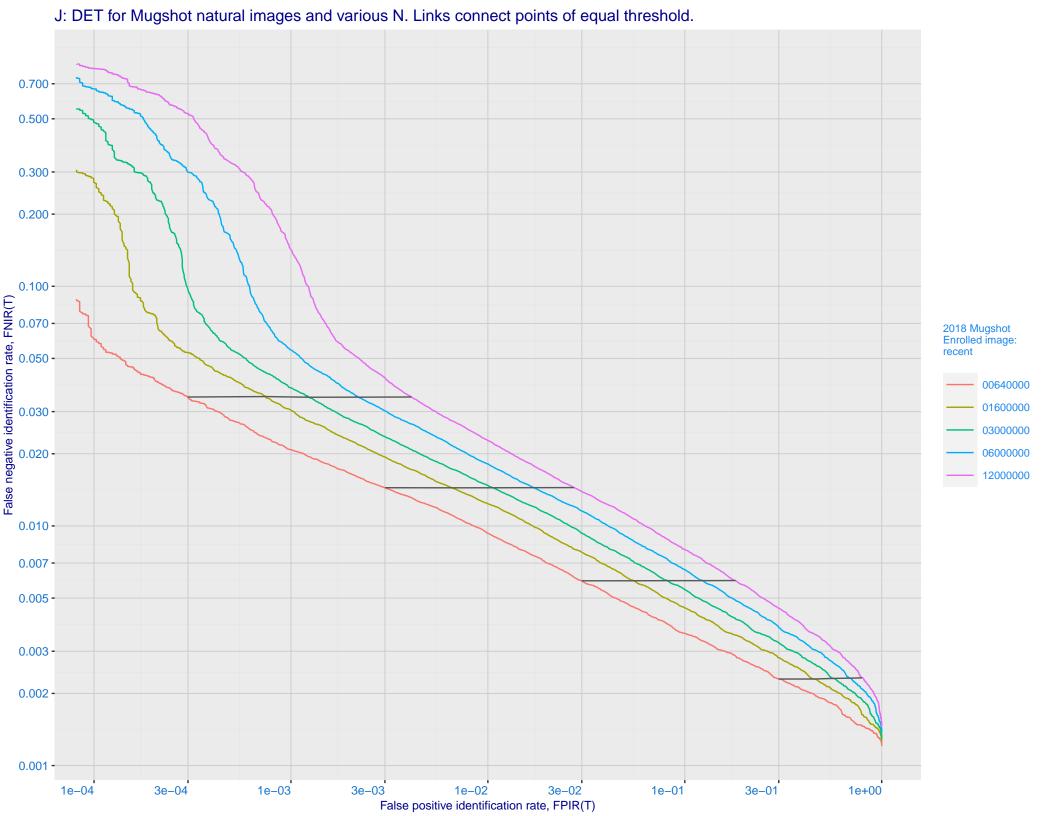


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

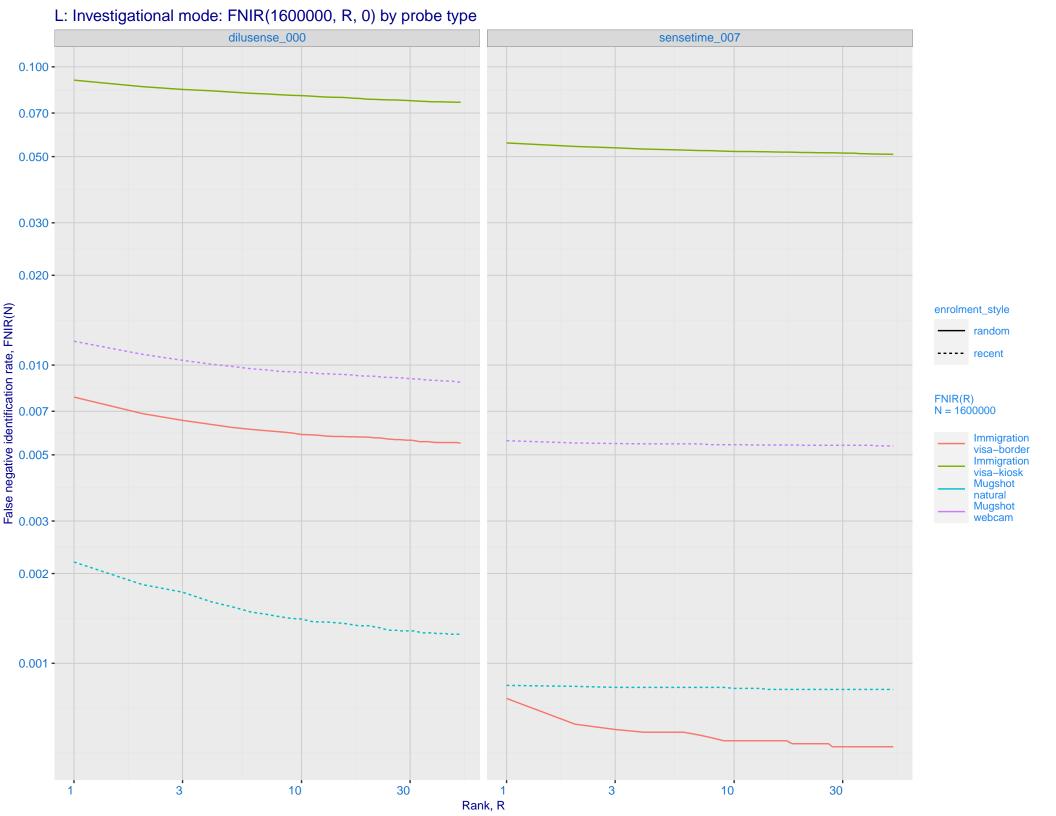


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

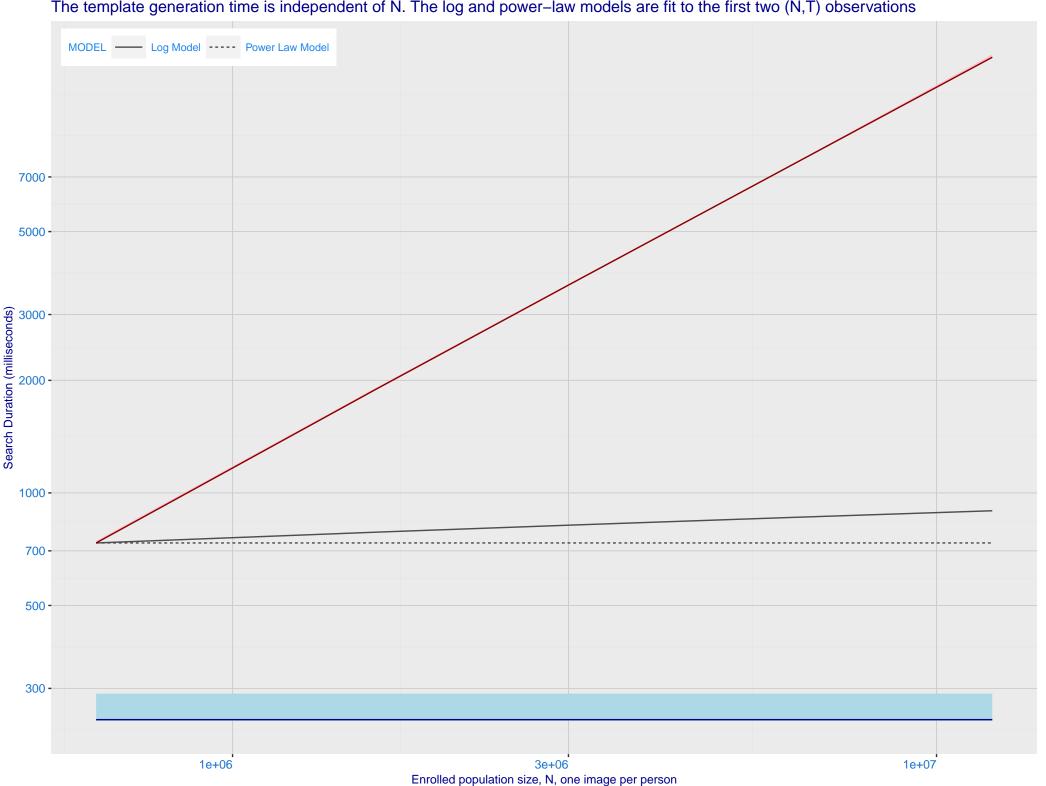




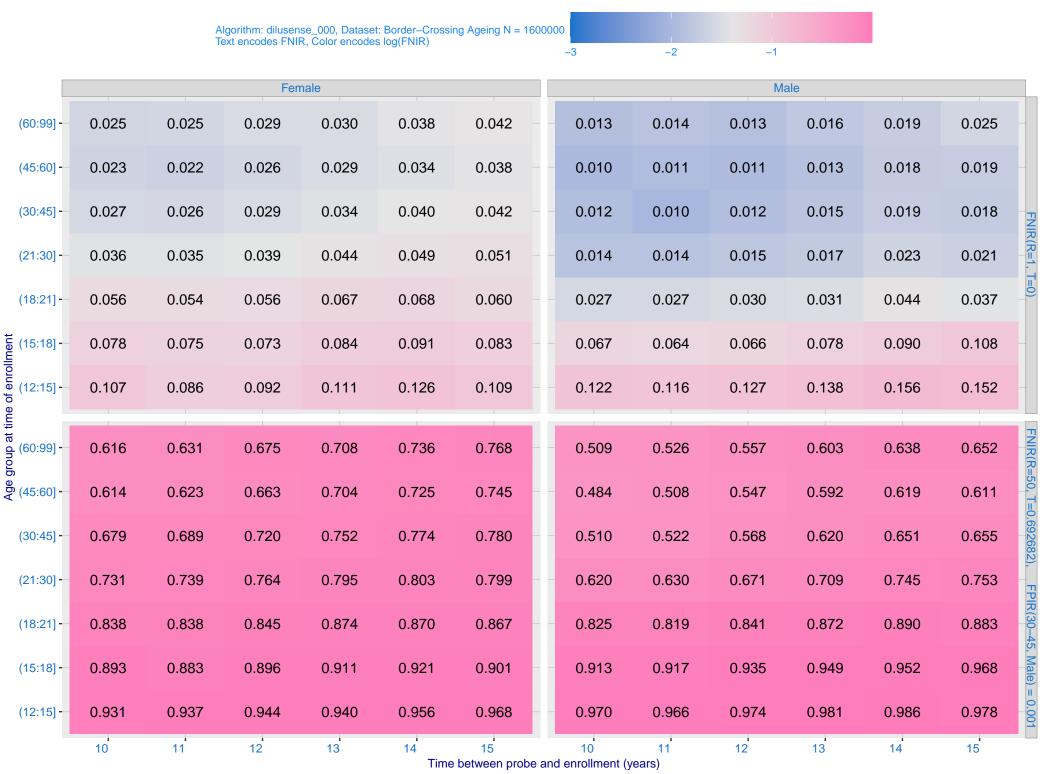
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_007) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(N) - 0.000 - FNIR@Rank = 1 dilusense_000 sensetime_007 Mugshot webcam Mugshot natural enrolment_style random ---- recent 0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



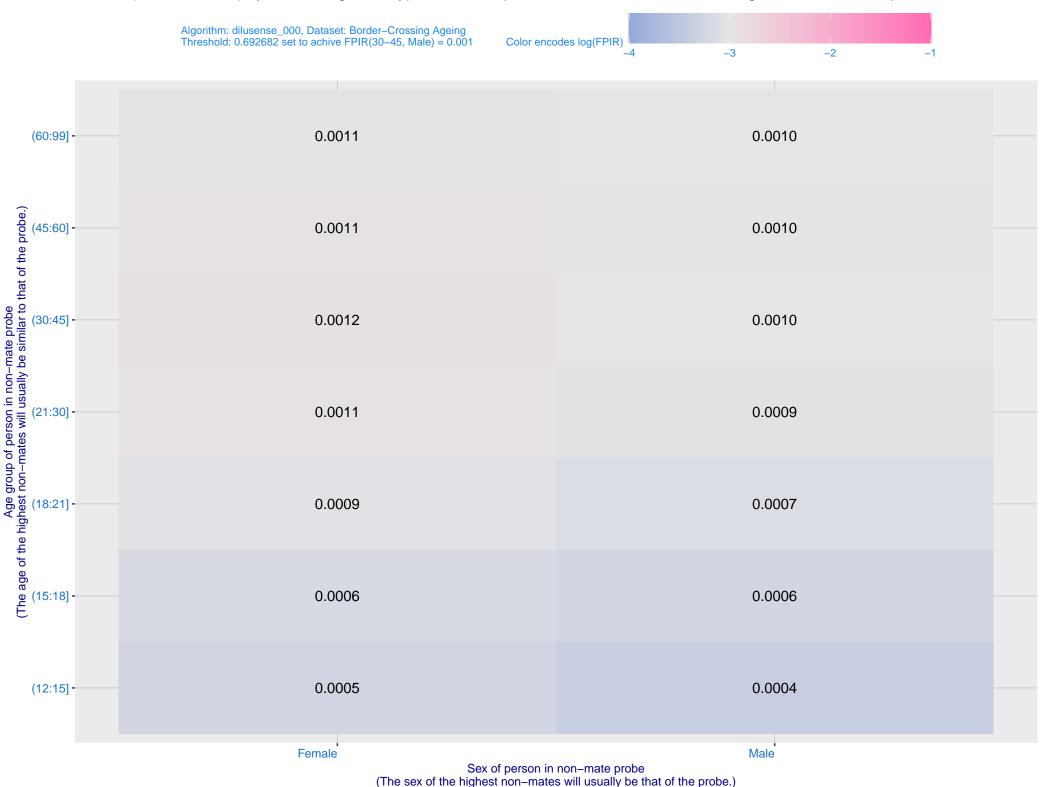
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



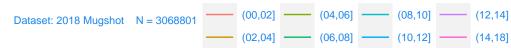
O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.

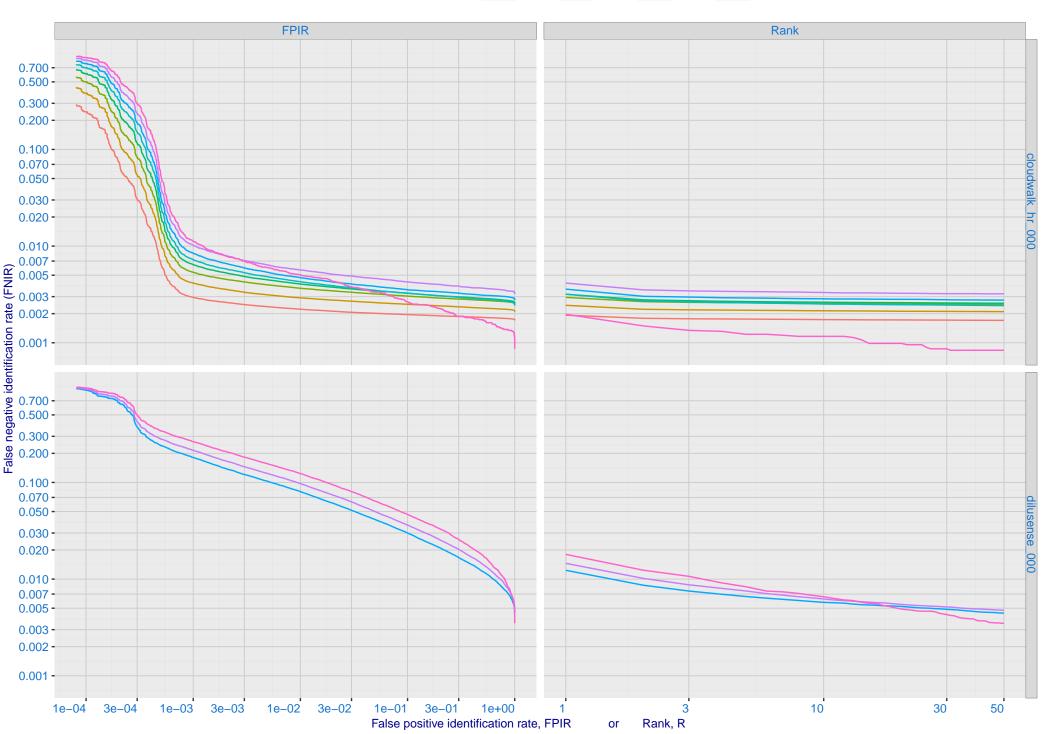


P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing





R: Decline of genuine scores with ageing, with some eventually dropping below typical thresholds shown by the horizontal lines 1.0 -Dataset: 2018 Mugshot N= 3.1M Color encodes FNIR (Rank = 1) 0.8 -0.15 0.10 0.05 0.00 0.6 -TVAL - FPIR = 0.001 - FPIR = 0.003 FPIR = 0.010FPIR = 0.030 0.4 -(14,18] (10,12](12,14]

Time lapse between search and initial encounter enrollment (years)

Score