## A: Datasheet

Algorithm: verigram\_000

Developer: Verigram

Submission Date: 2023\_05\_17

Template size: 4096 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 680 msec

Template time (median): 682 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 714 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 160 (out of 416) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0025 vs. lowest 0.0008 from intema\_001

Mugshot webcam ranking 162 (out of 376) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0157 vs. lowest 0.0054 from sensetime\_009

Mugshot profile ranking 29 (out of 345) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0640 vs. lowest 0.0517 from sensetime\_009

Immigration visa-border ranking 63 (out of 305) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0018 vs. lowest 0.0006 from cloudwalk\_mt\_002

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 18 (out of 249) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0487 vs. lowest 0.0387 from cloudwalk\_mt\_002

Identification:

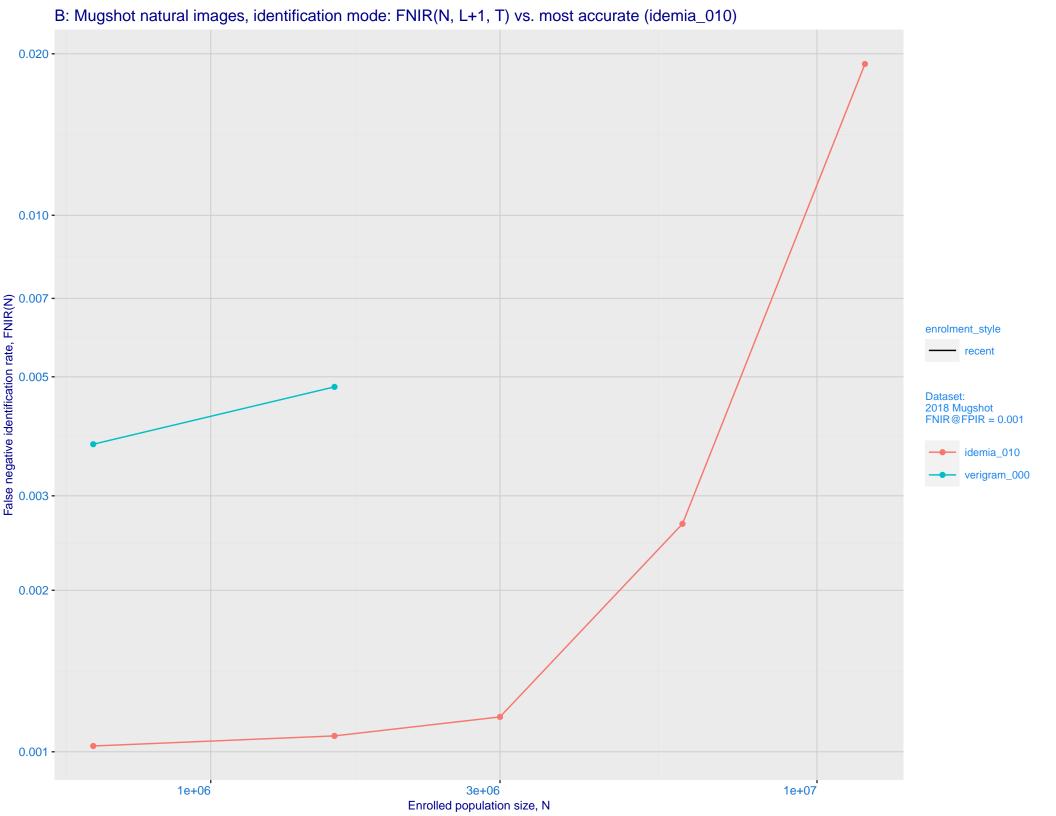
Frontal mugshot ranking 56 (out of 416) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0048, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0011 from idemia\_010

Mugshot webcam ranking 60 (out of 374) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0278, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0072 from sensetime\_009

Mugshot profile ranking 21 (out of 344) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.2213, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0634 from cloudwalk\_mt\_002

Immigration visa-border ranking 32 (out of 303) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0063, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0010 from cloudwalk\_mt\_002

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 18 (out of 248) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0792, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0517 from cloudwalk\_mt\_002

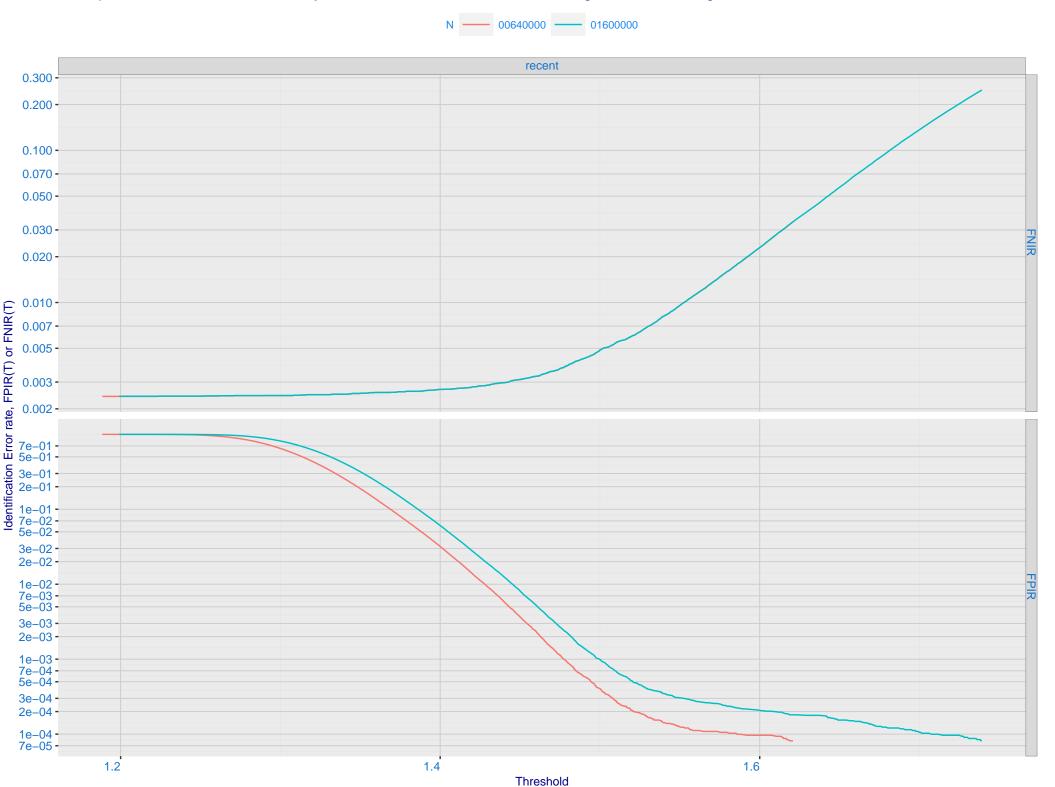


## C: Evolution of accuracy for VERIGRAM algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

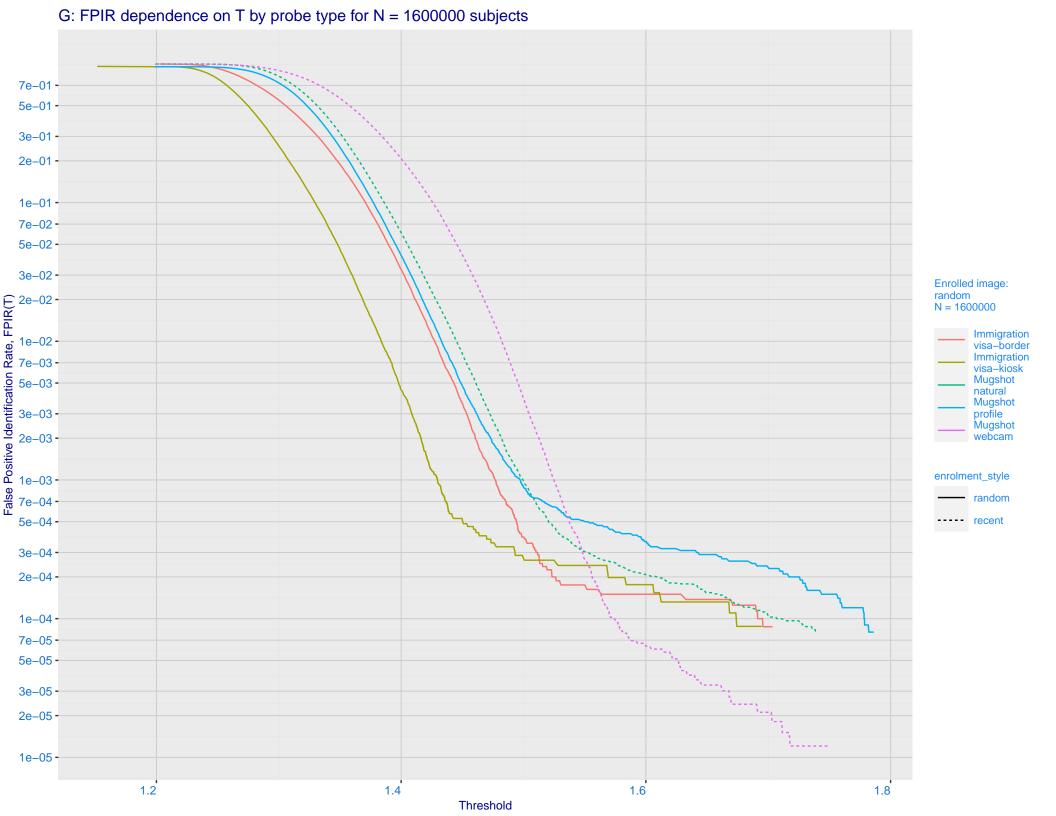


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(T) 0.003 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0.100 - 0. enrolment\_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.070 0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

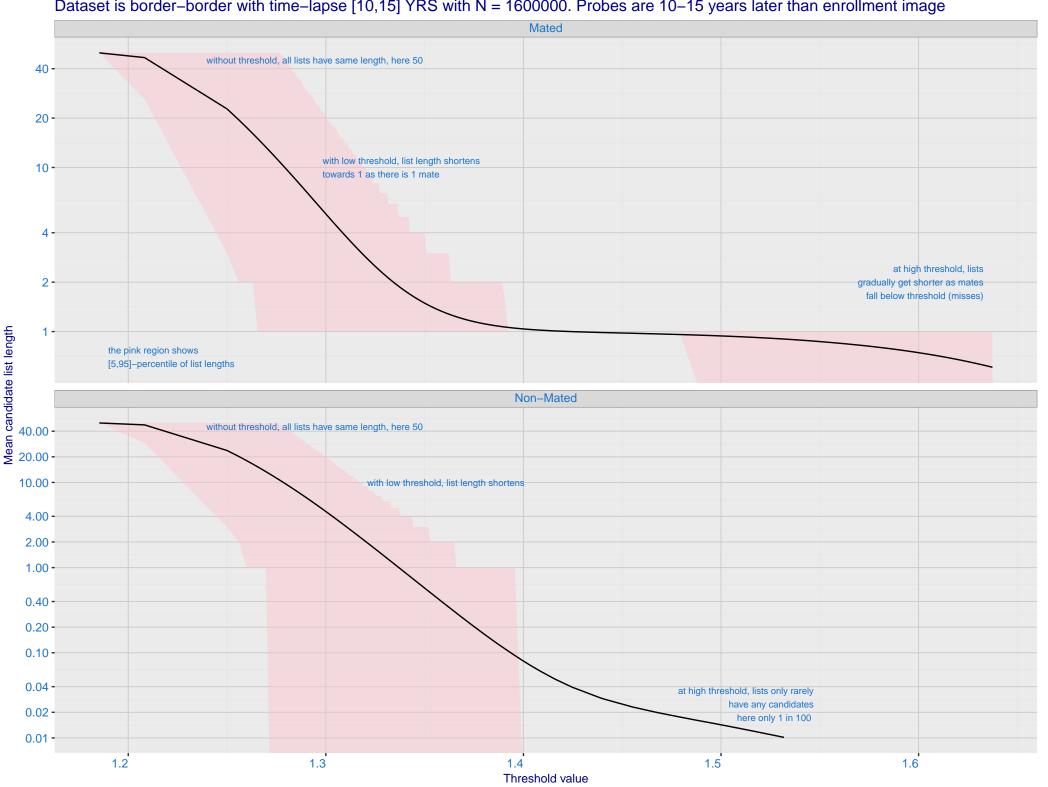
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



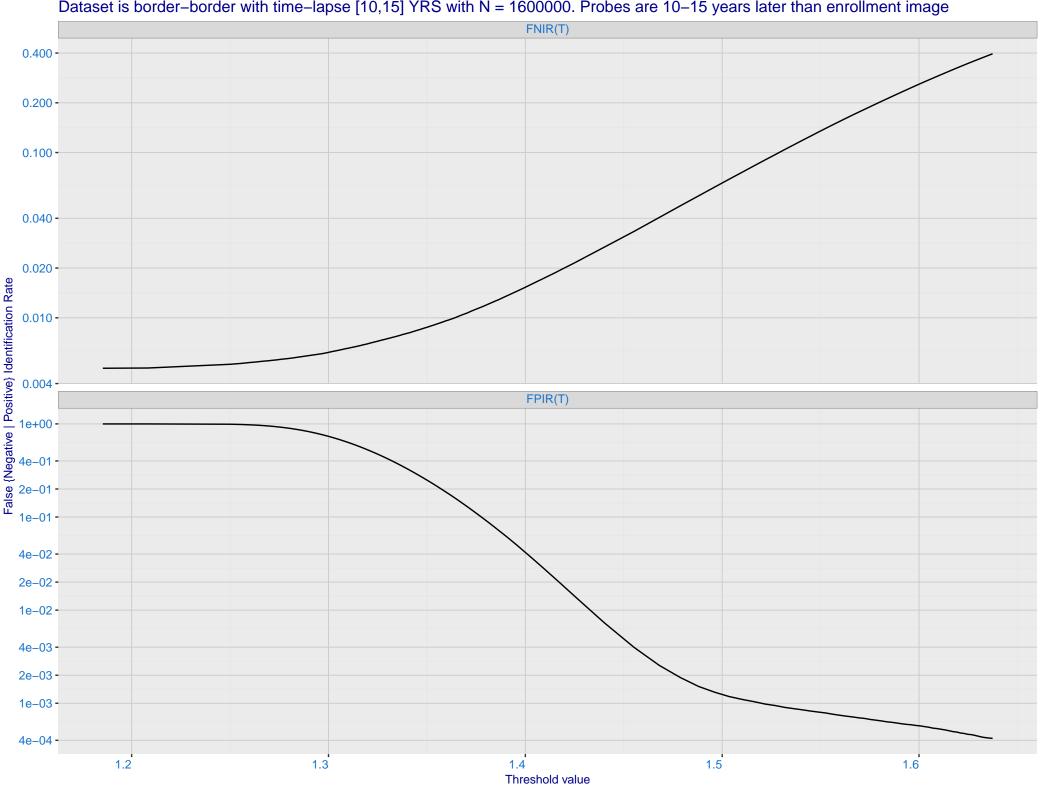
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 · 2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Identification Rate, FPIR(T)

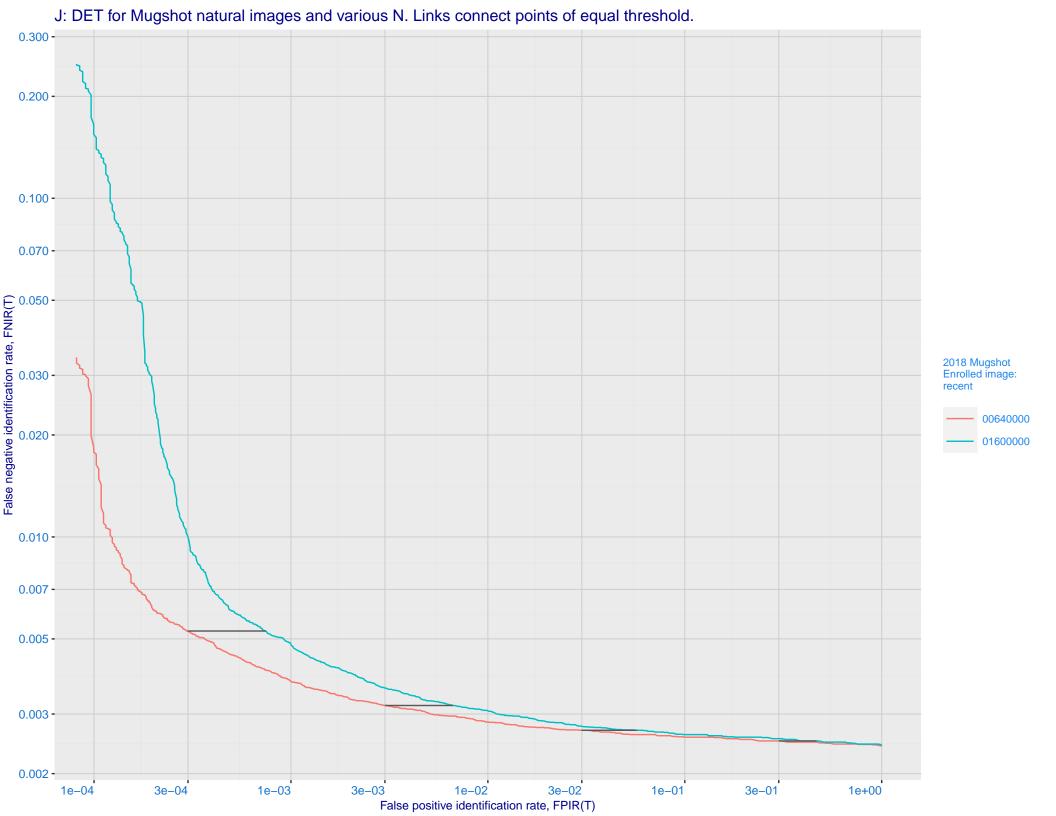


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

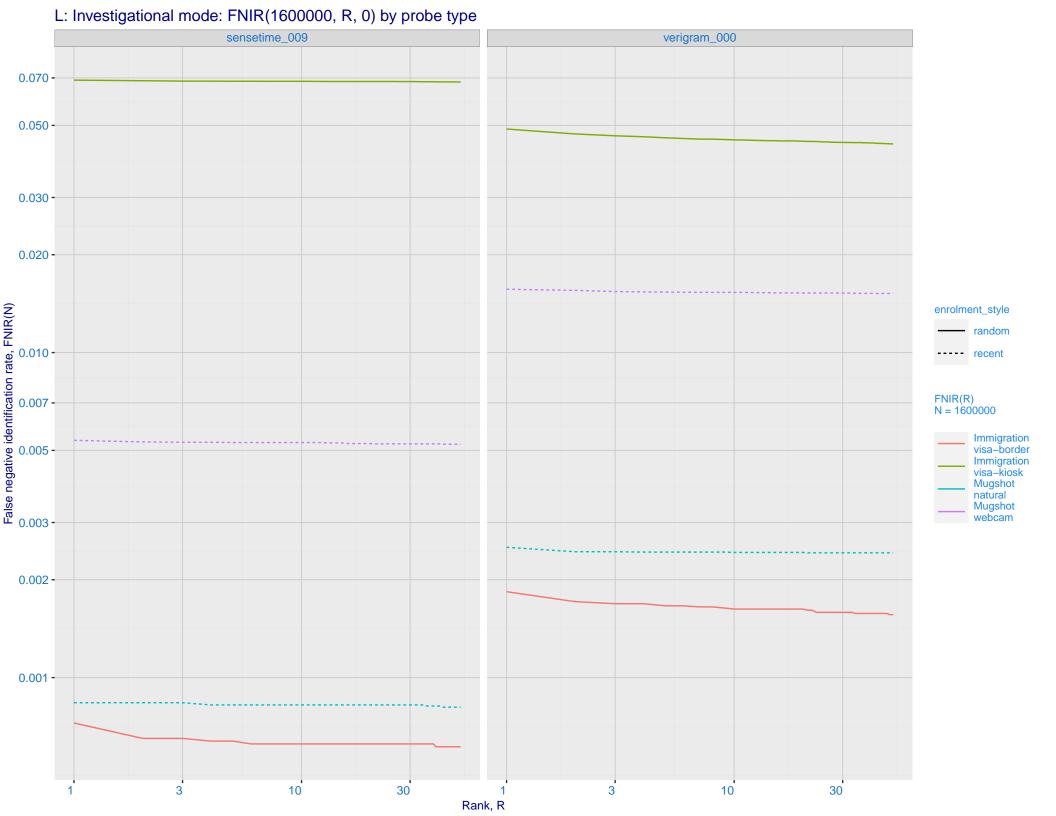


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

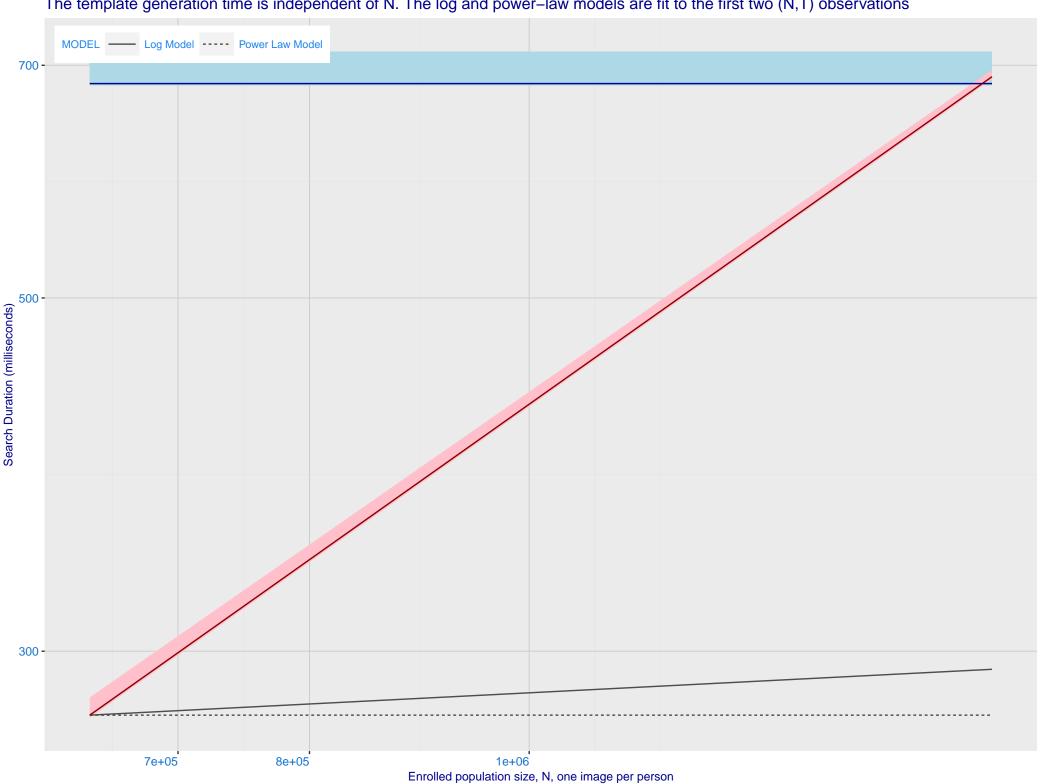




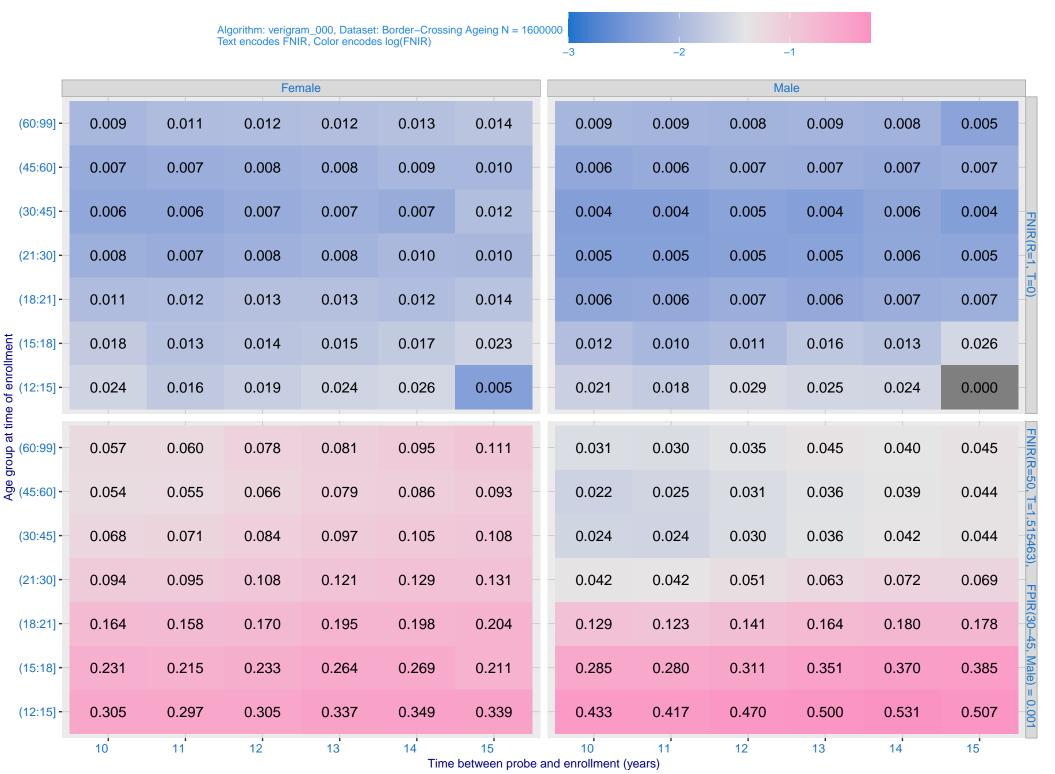
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime\_009) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(N) - 0.001 - 0.000 - 0.050 - 0.030 enrolment\_style random ---- recent Mugshot webcam Mugshot natural FNIR@Rank = 1 sensetime\_009 verigram\_000 0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



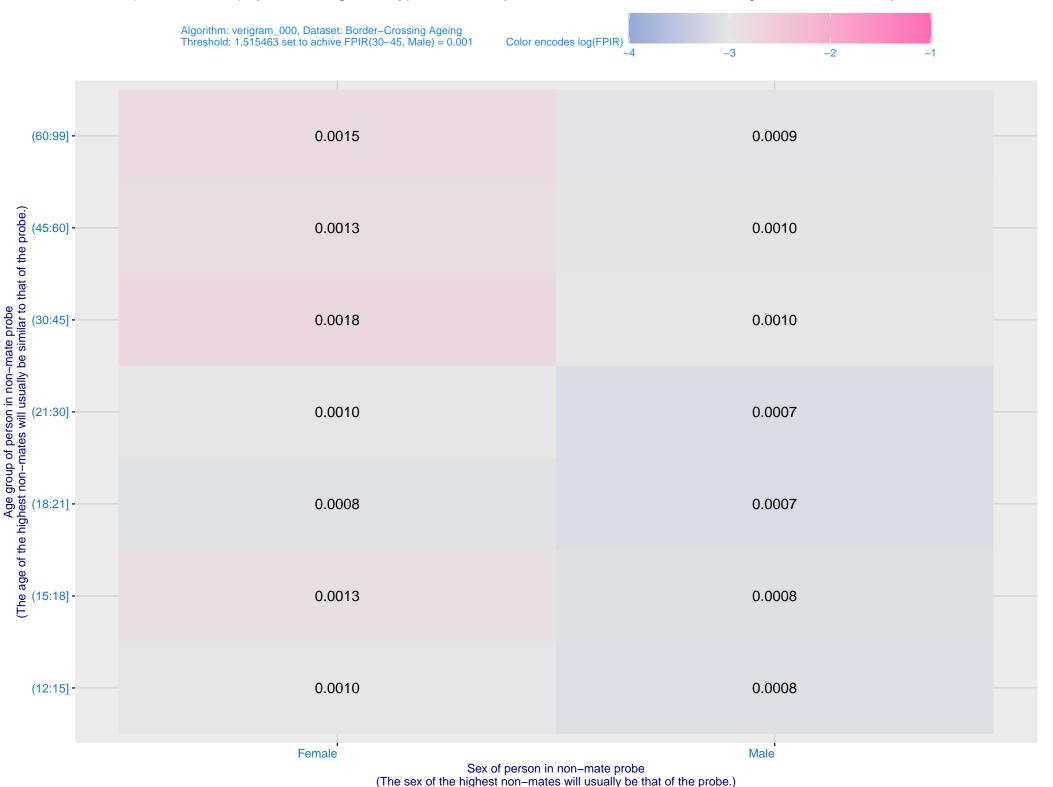
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



