## A: Datasheet

Algorithm: vts\_002

Developer: Viettel Group

Submission Date: 2022\_02\_08

Template size: 2048 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 901 msec

Template time (median): 903 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 909 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 70 (out of 341) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0019 vs. lowest 0.0008 from sensetime\_007

Mugshot webcam ranking 78 (out of 303) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0130 vs. lowest 0.0056 from sensetime\_007

Mugshot profile ranking 60 (out of 272) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.2332 vs. lowest 0.0521 from sensetime\_007

Immigration visa-border ranking 138 (out of 230) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0144 vs. lowest 0.0008 from sensetime\_007

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 104 (out of 227) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1245 vs. lowest 0.0487 from cubox\_000

Identification:

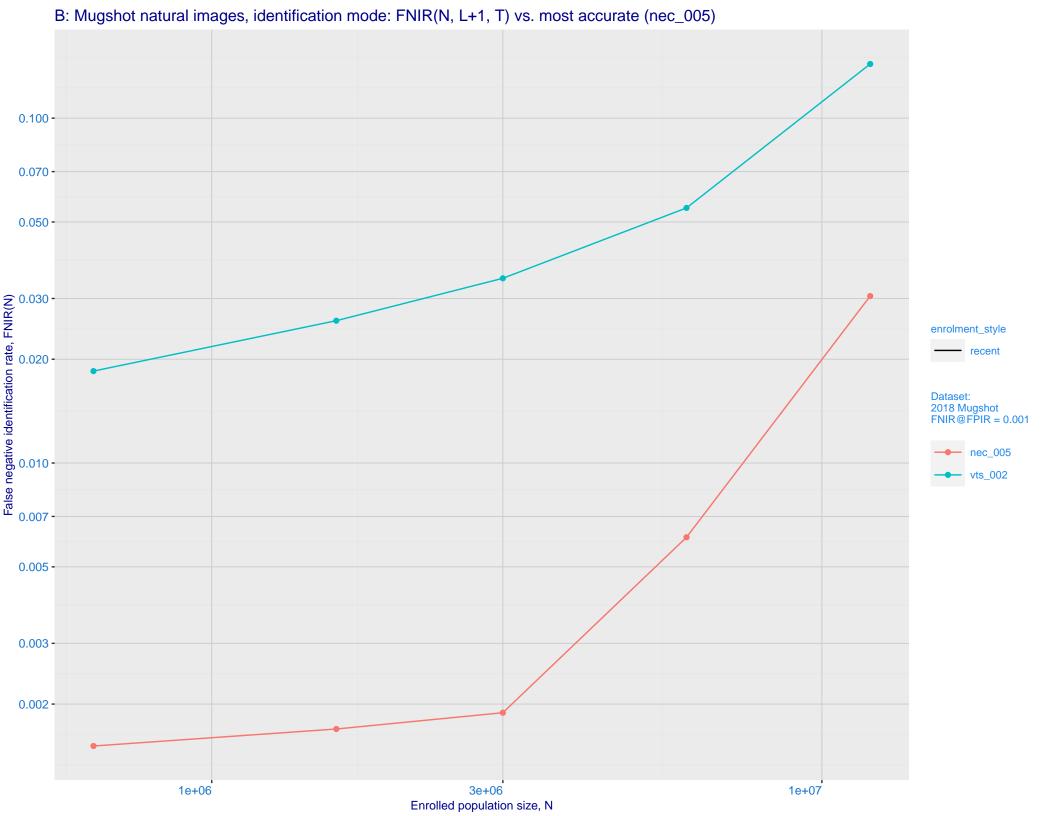
Frontal mugshot ranking 98 (out of 341) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0259, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0014 from sensetime\_007

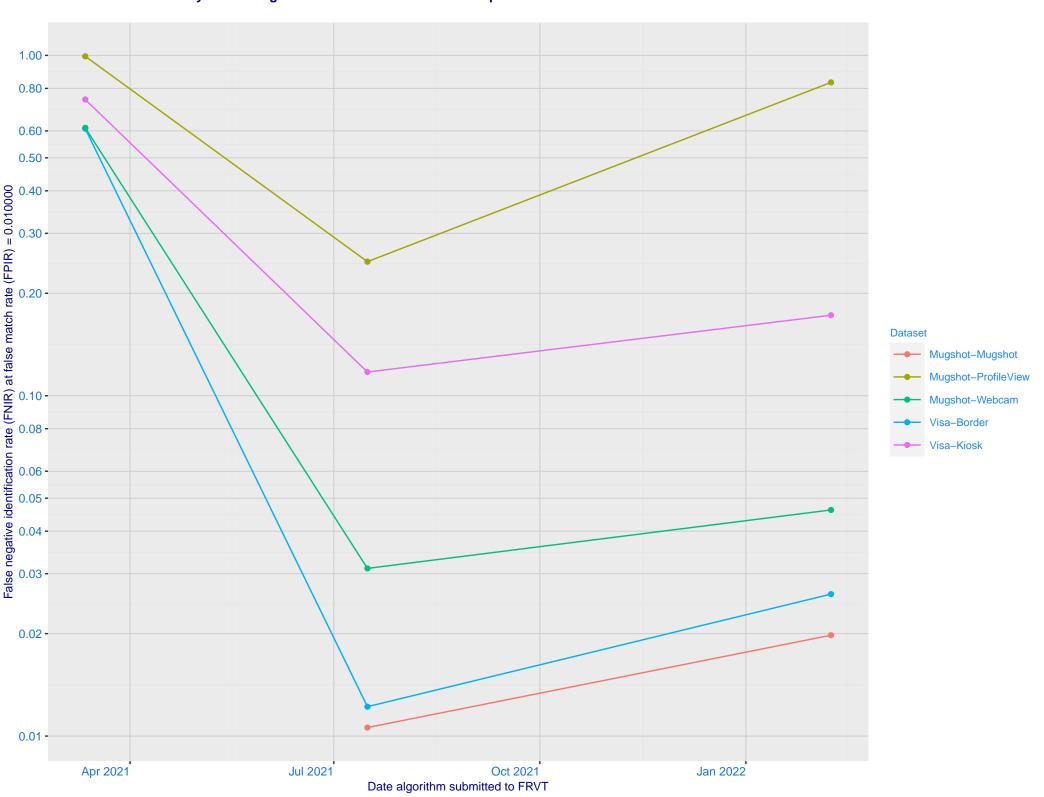
Mugshot webcam ranking 96 (out of 301) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0753, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0093 from sensetime\_007

Mugshot profile ranking 200 (out of 271) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9995, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1093 from cloudwalk\_mt\_000

Immigration visa-border ranking 98 (out of 229) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0446, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0024 from cloudwalk\_mt\_000

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 107 (out of 224) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.4244, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0719 from cloudwalk\_mt\_000

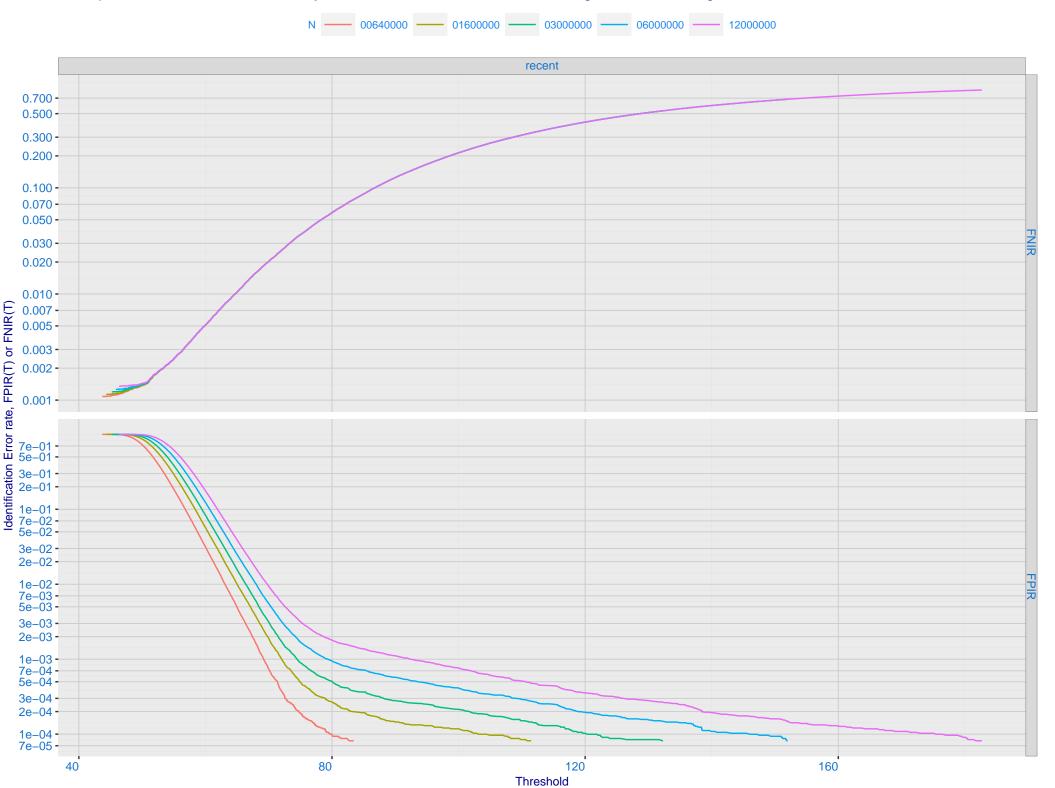




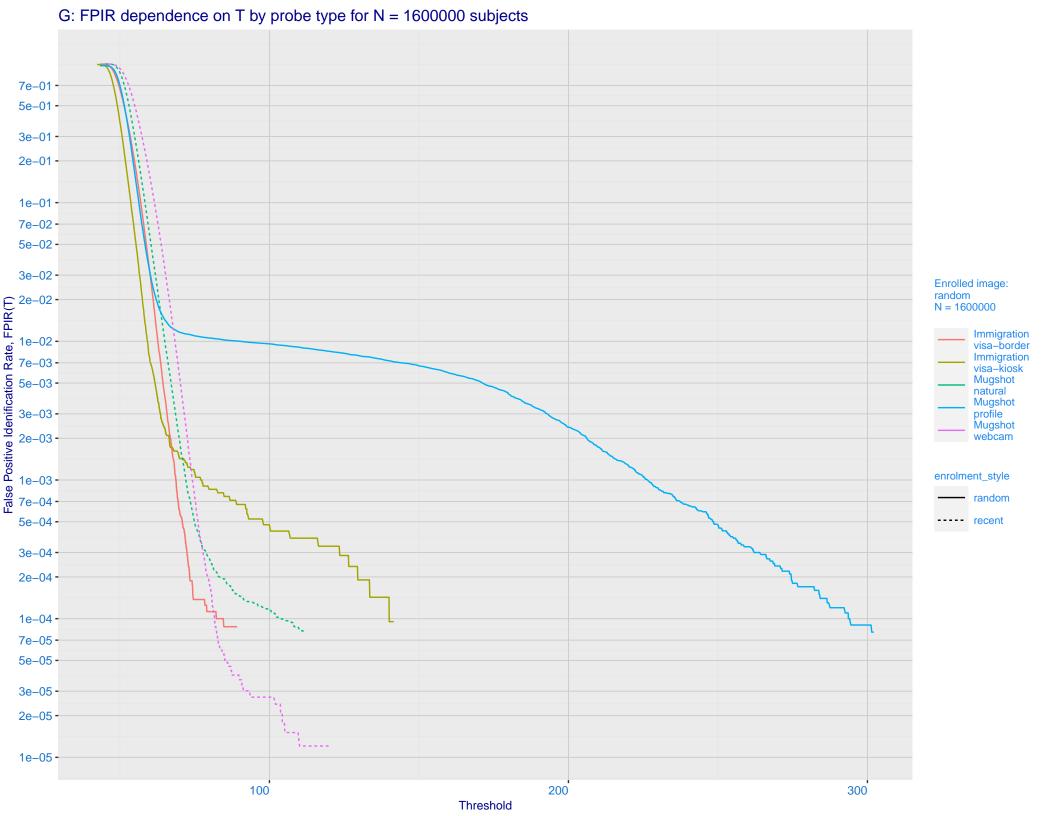
D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(T) 0.003 - 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.700 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0. enrolment\_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -

False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

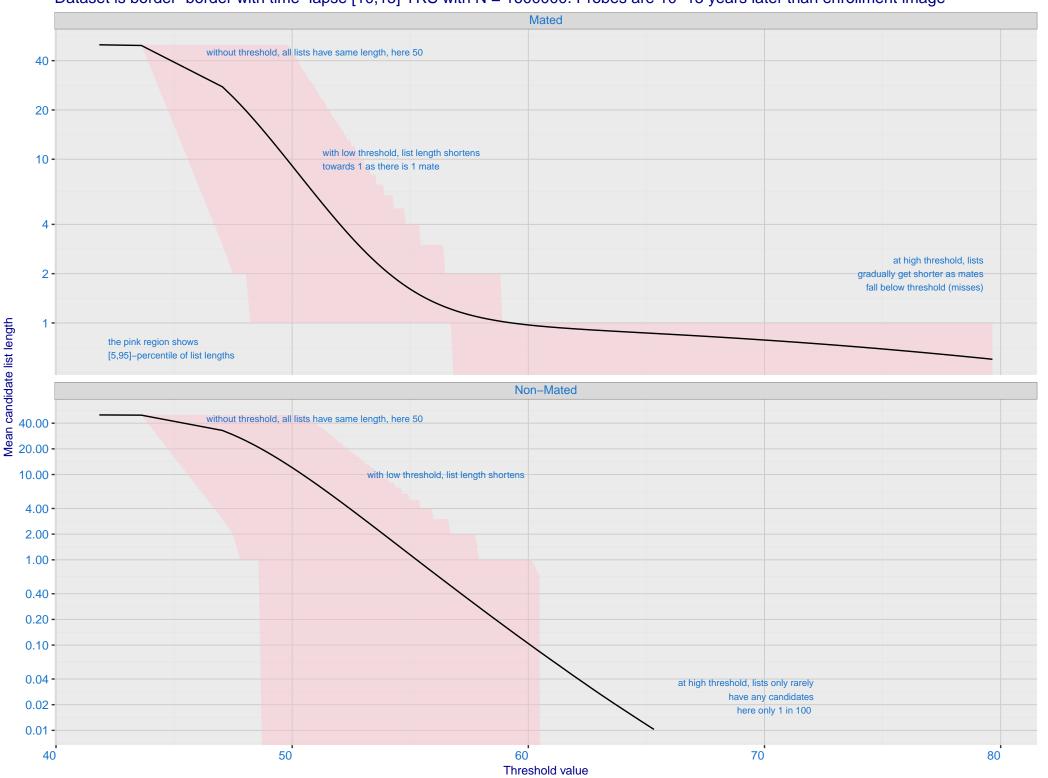
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



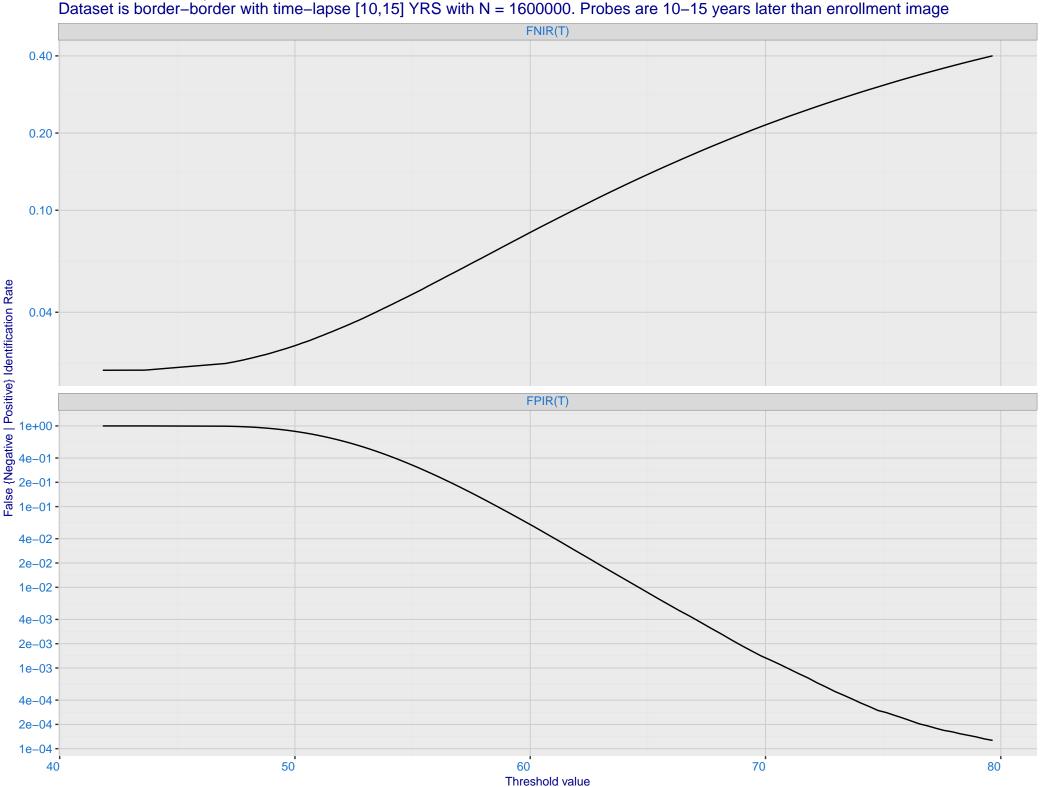
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 -2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Idenification Rate, FPIR(T)

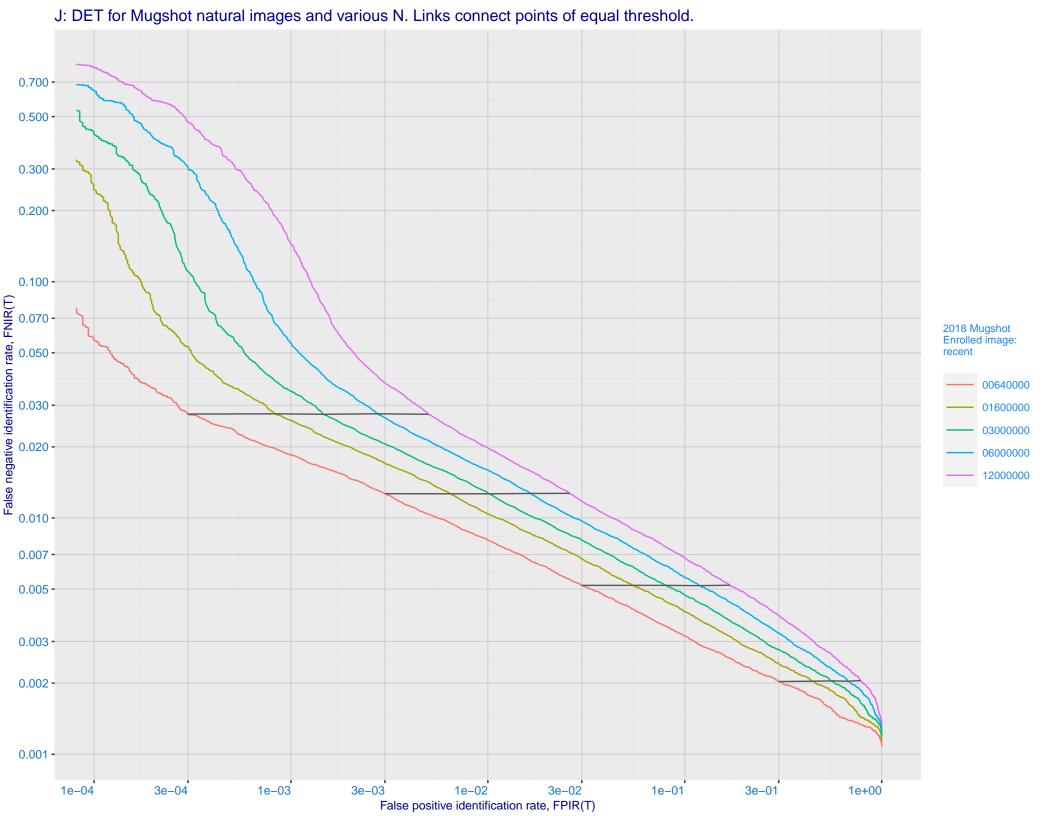


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

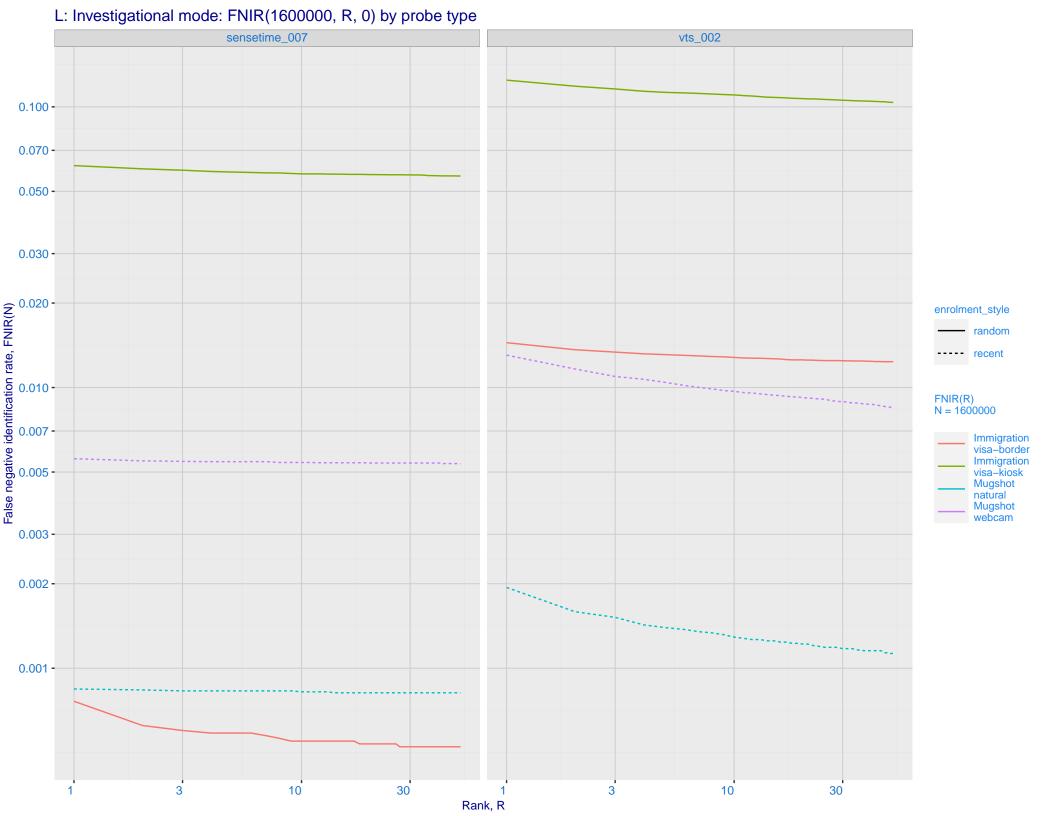


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

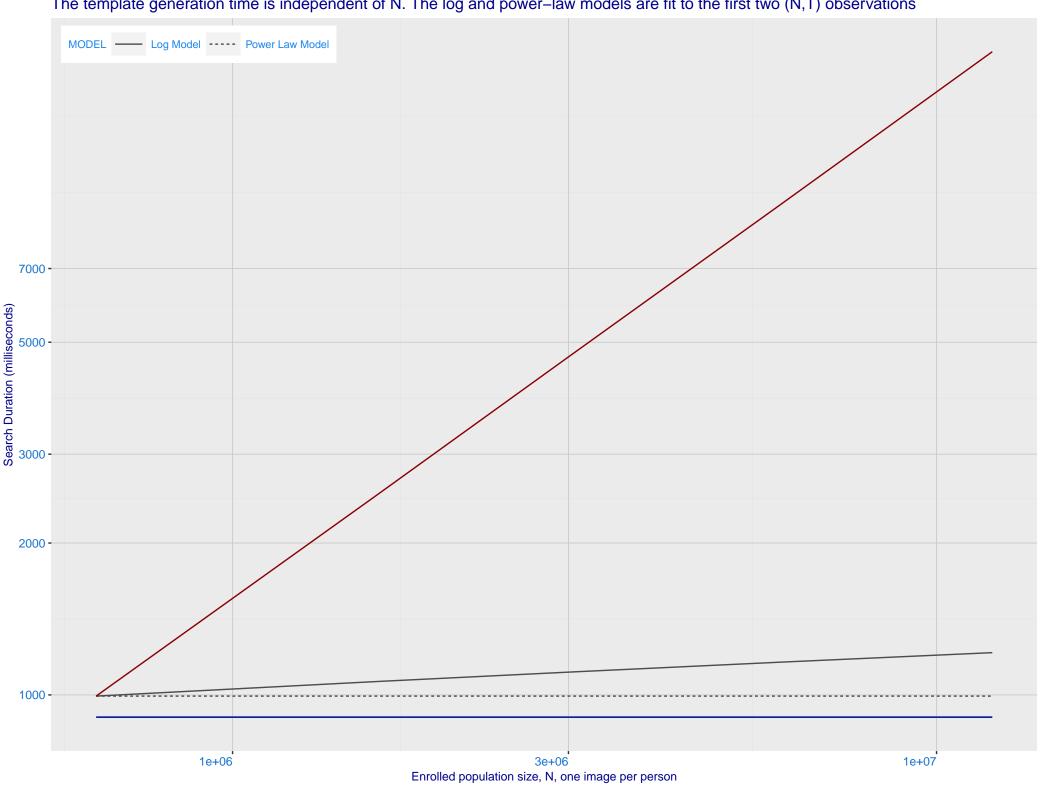




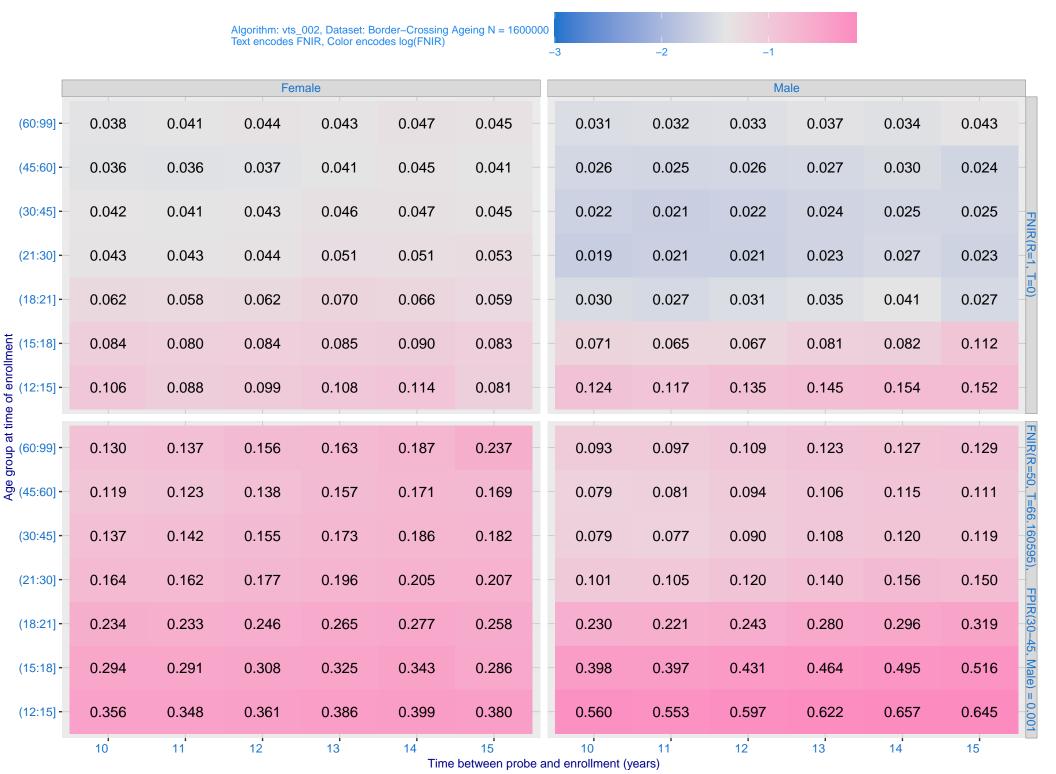
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime\_007) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(N) 0.002 - 0.001 - 0.000 - 0.050 - 0. FNIR@Rank = 1 sensetime\_007 vts\_002 Mugshot webcam Mugshot natural enrolment\_style random ---- recent 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



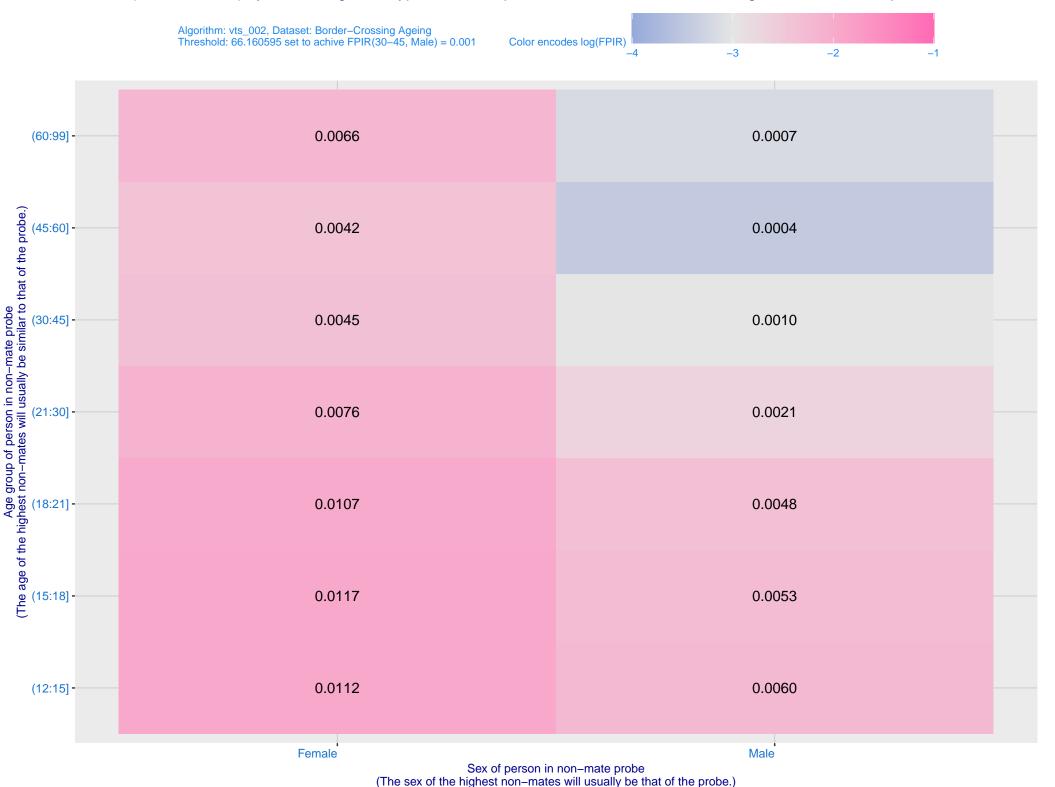
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



