A: Datasheet

Algorithm: verijelas_000

Developer: [**Developer name**]

Submission Date: 2022_10_11

Template size: 2048 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 333 msec

Template time (median): 334 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 347 msec

Investigation:

Mugshot webcam ranking 315 (out of 337) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.3692 vs. lowest 0.0055 from sensetime_008

Mugshot profile ranking 274 (out of 306) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.9682 vs. lowest 0.0521 from sensetime_007

Immigration visa-border ranking 212 (out of 264) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0861 vs. lowest 0.0006 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 185 (out of 209) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.2816 vs. lowest 0.0395 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Identification:

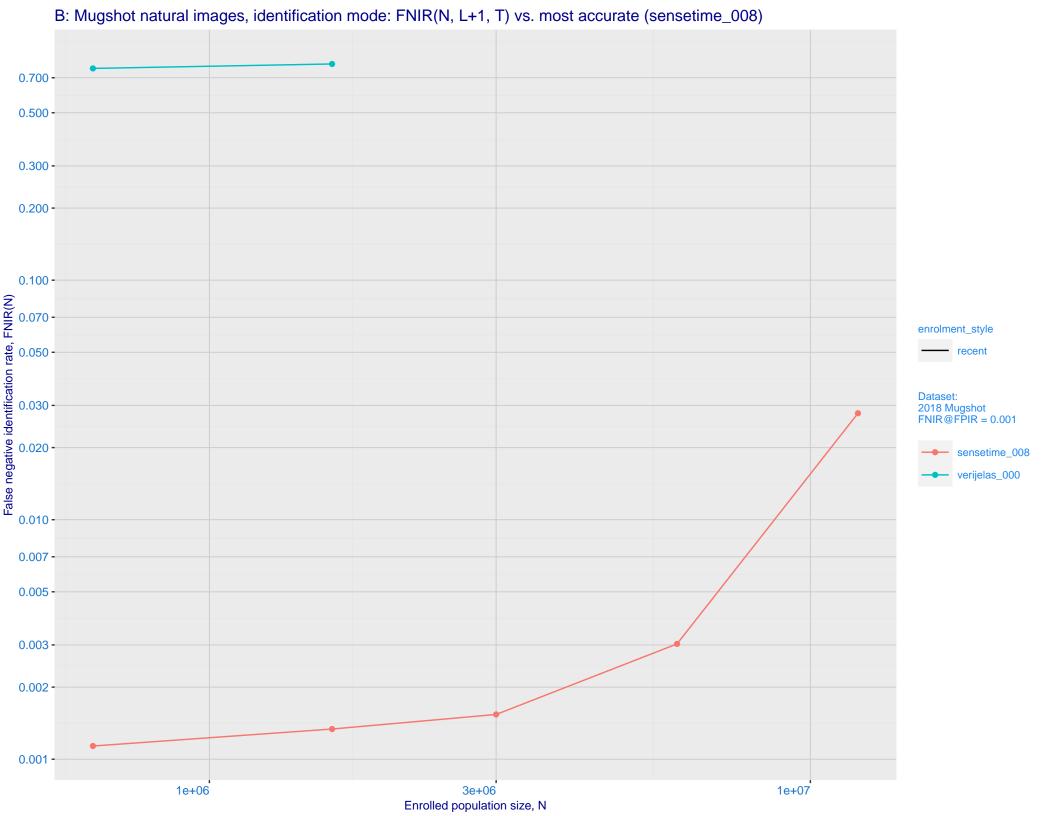
Frontal mugshot ranking 349 (out of 375) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.7992, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0013 from sensetime_008

Mugshot webcam ranking 309 (out of 335) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.8131, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0090 from sensetime_008

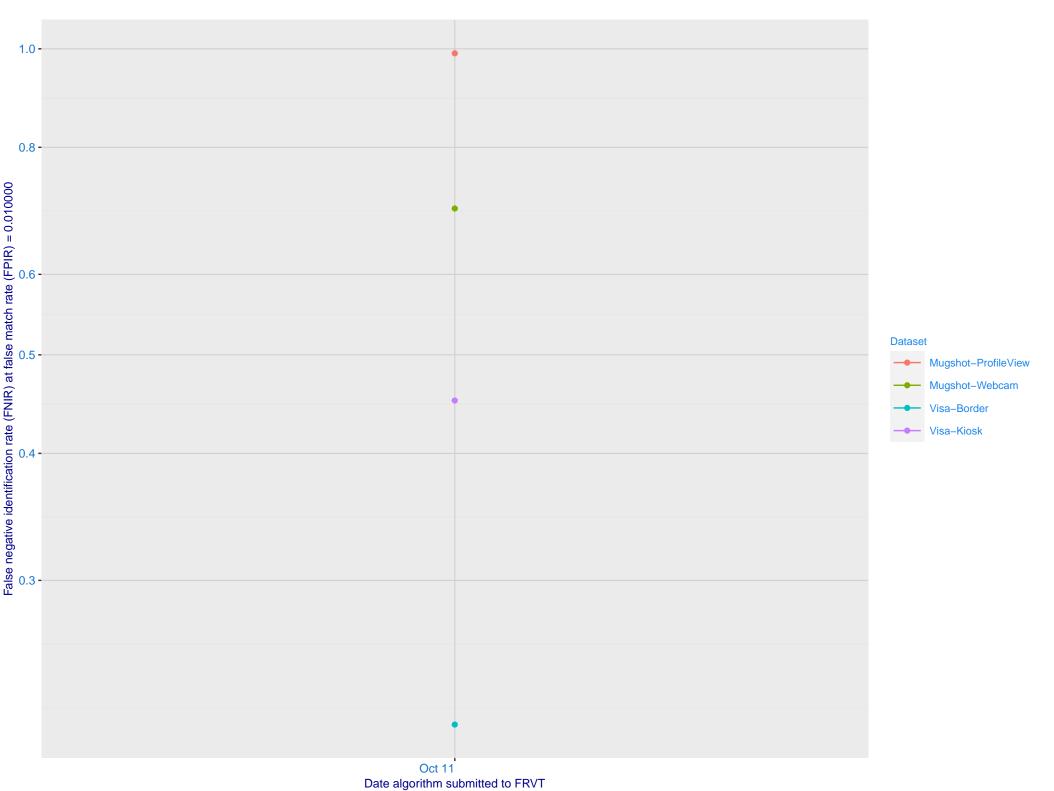
Mugshot profile ranking 204 (out of 305) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9987, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0698 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-border ranking 198 (out of 263) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.3240, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0013 from cloudwalk_mt_001

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 140 (out of 209) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.5709, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0532 from cloudwalk_mt_001



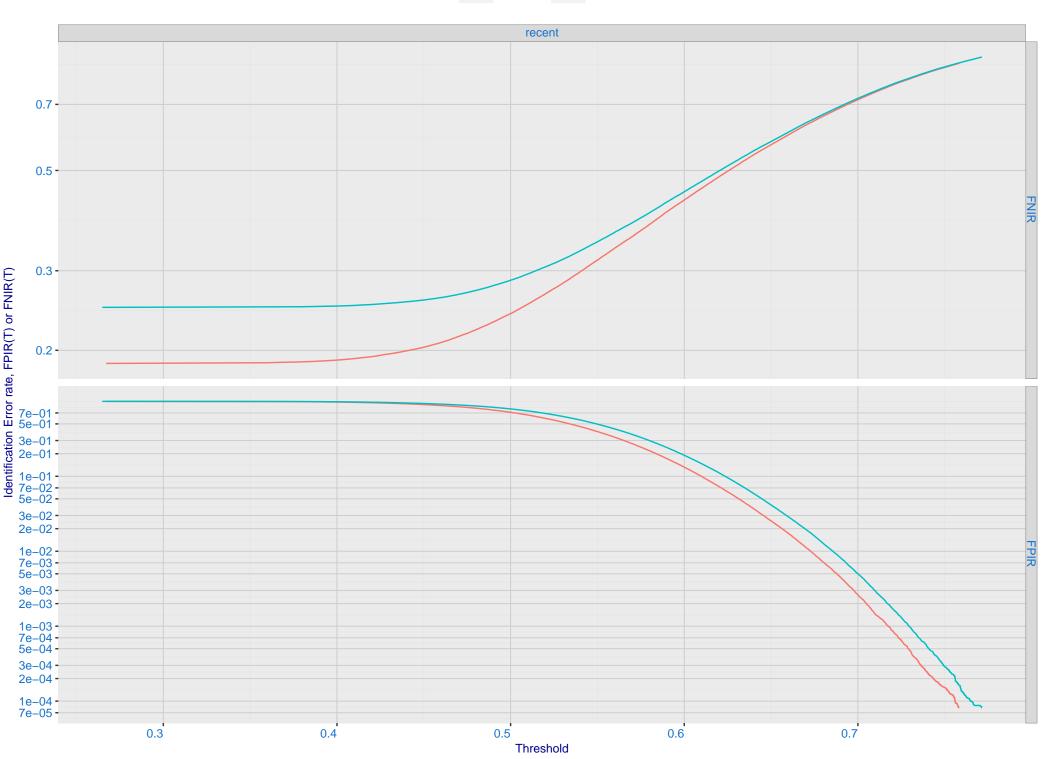
C: Evolution of accuracy for VERIJELAS algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present



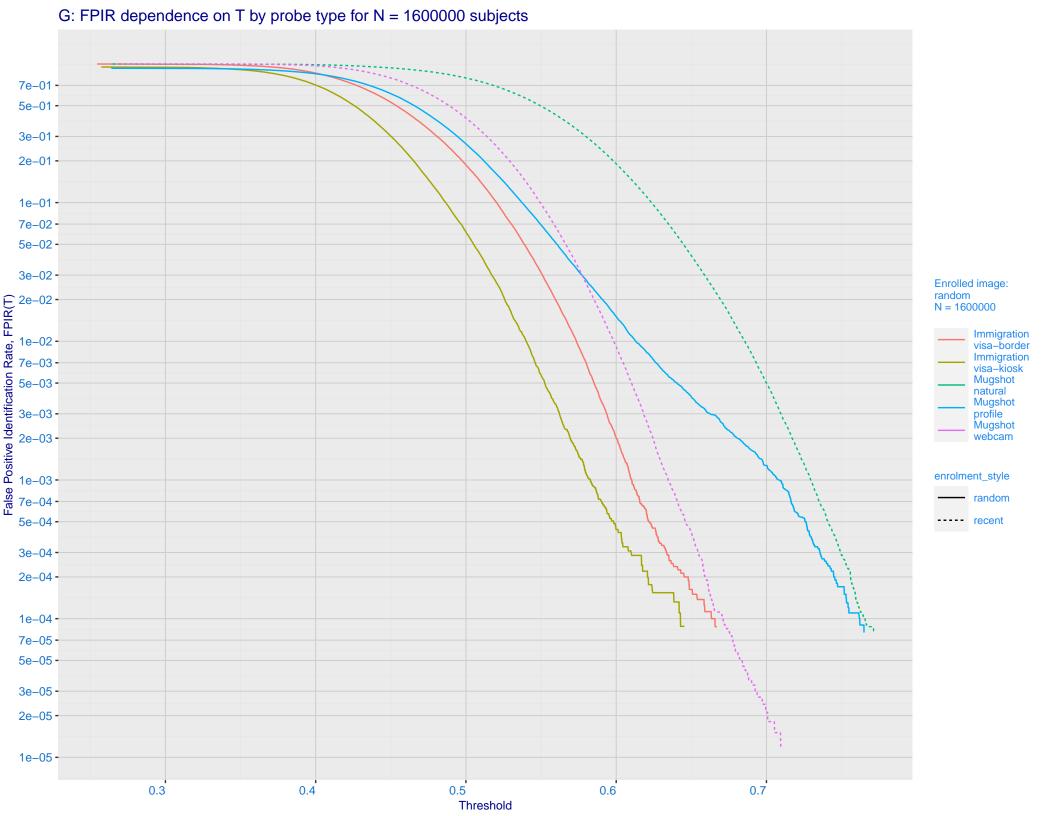
D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 sensetime 008 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 - 0.003 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.000 - 0.500 - 0.200 enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 verijelas 000 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images

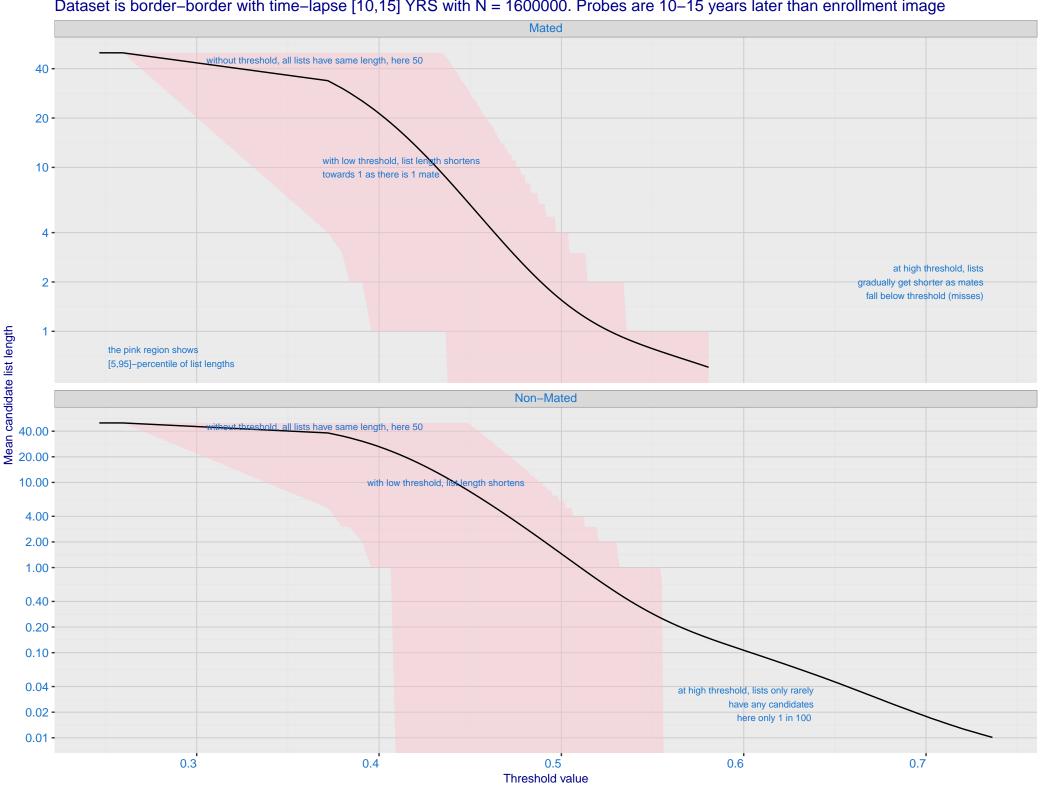




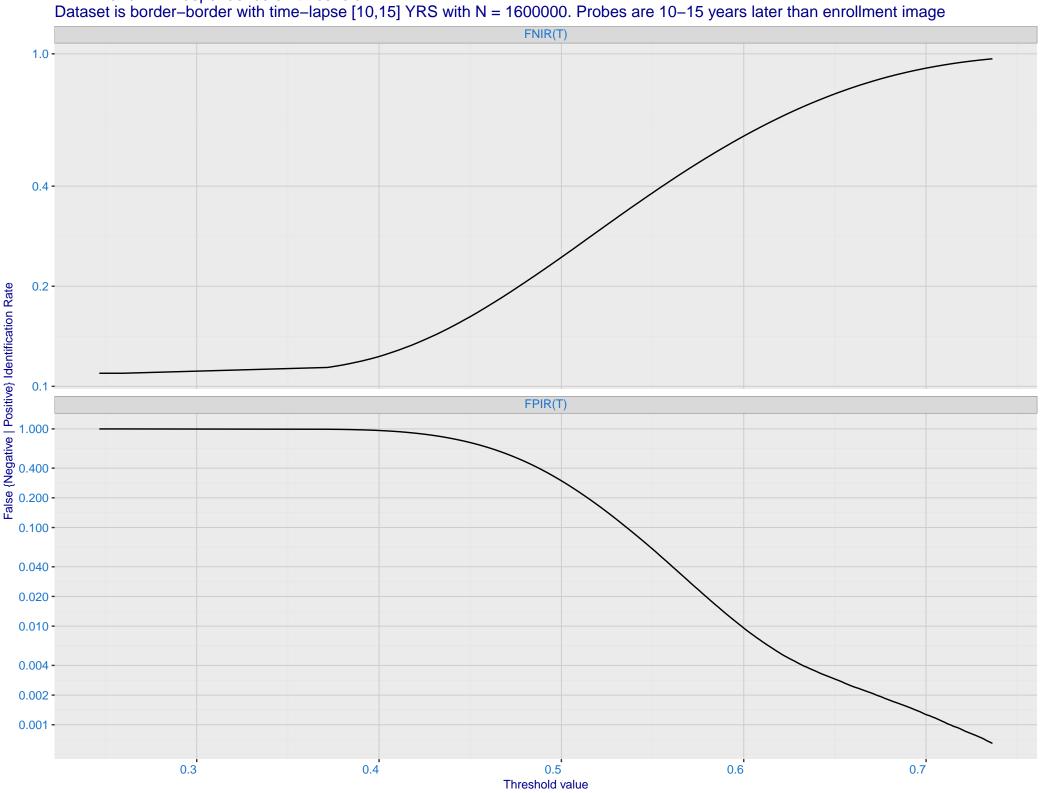
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 -2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Identification Rate, FPIR(T)

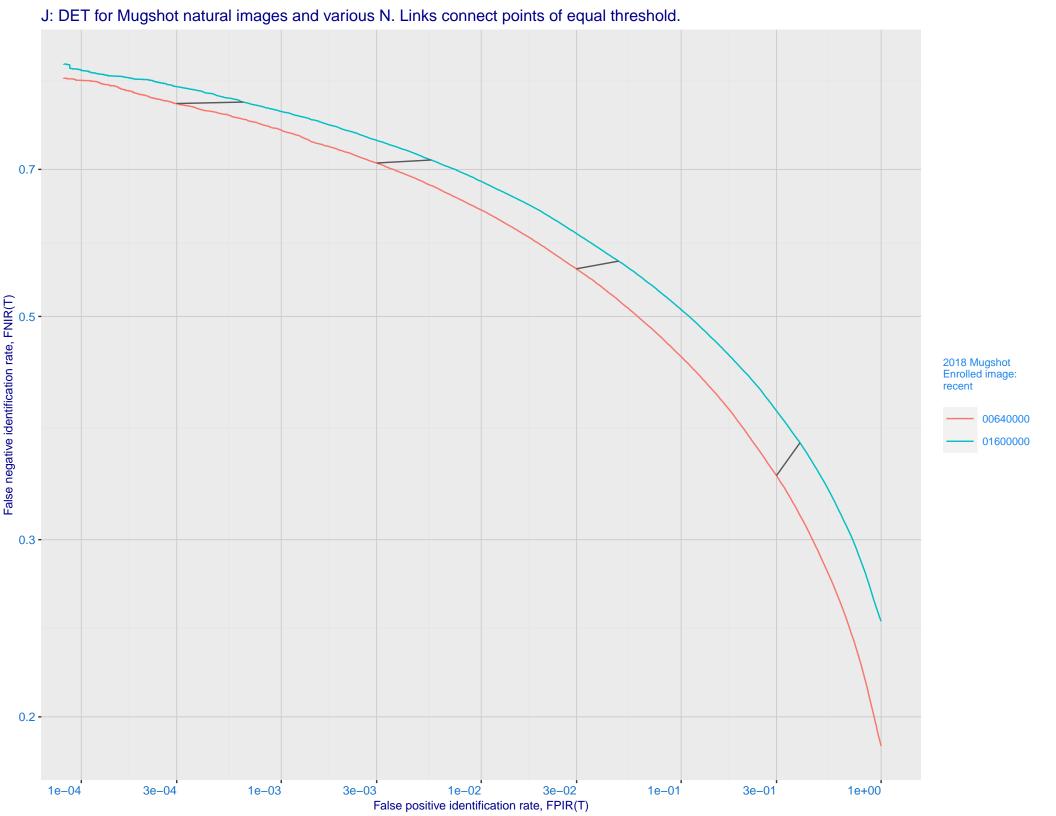


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

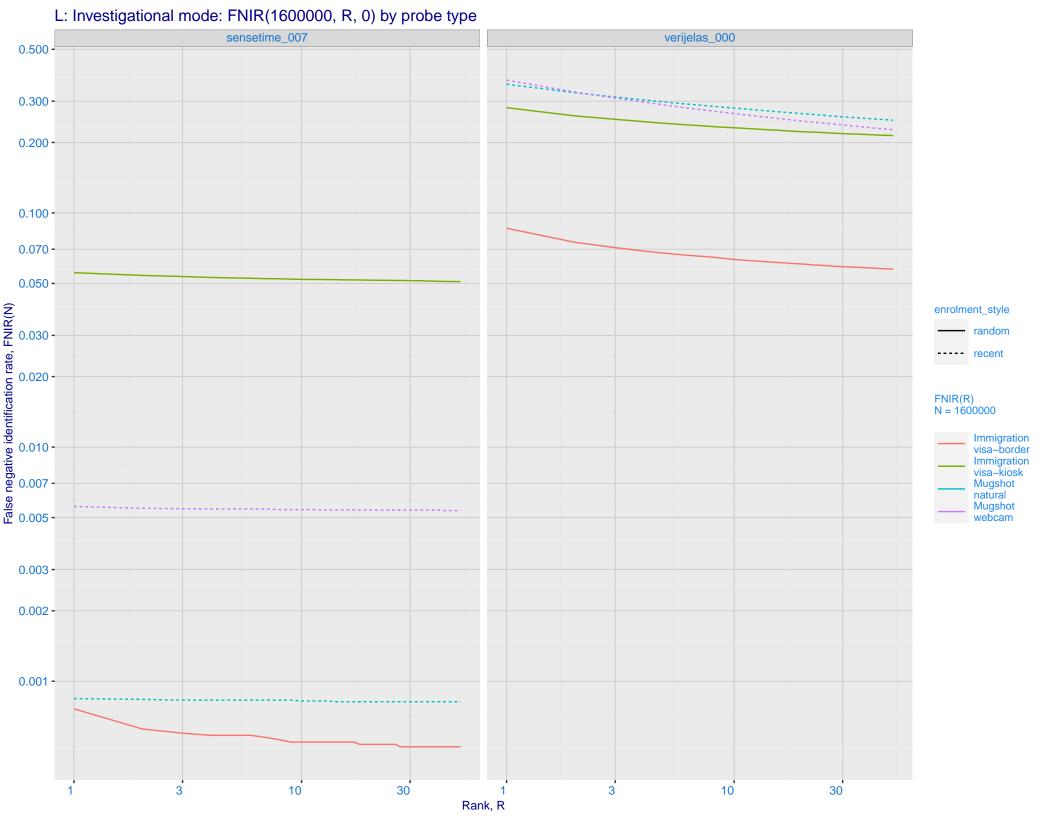


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image





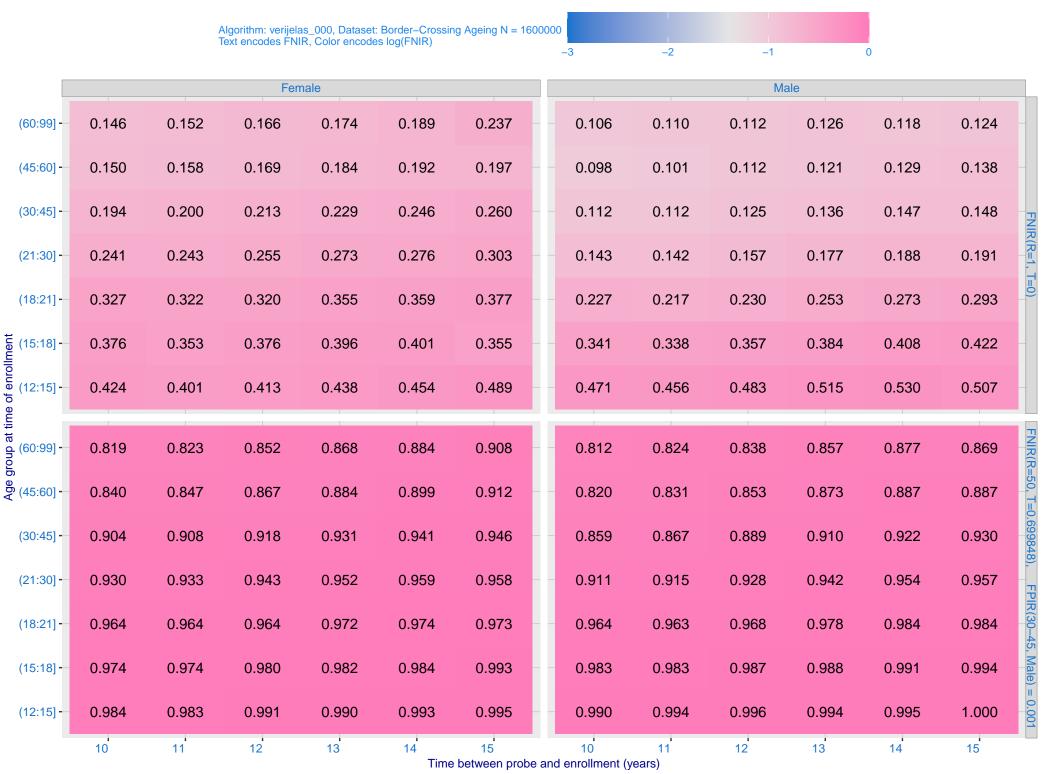
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_007) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.500 0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -Palse negative identification rate, FNIR(N) 0.003 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0.100 - 0. enrolment_style - random ---- recent Mugshot webcam Mugshot natural FNIR@Rank = 1 sensetime_007 verijelas_000 0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



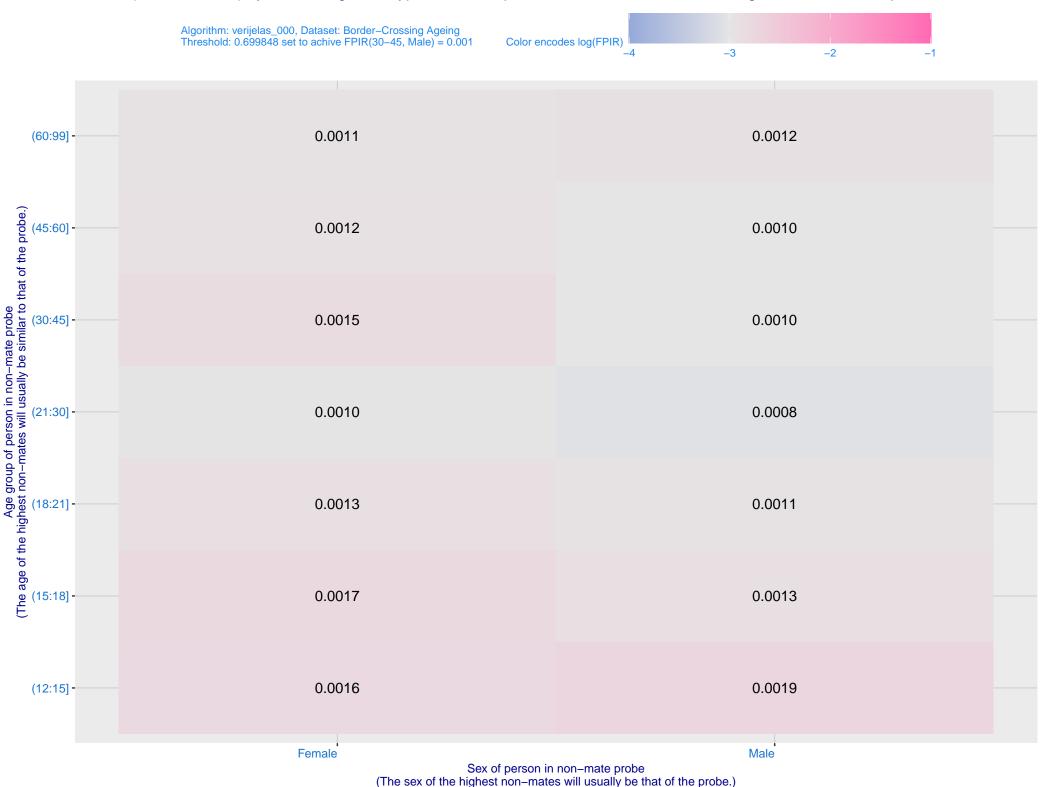
M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations Log Model ---- Power Law Model 300 -200 -Search Duration (milliseconds)
00
-50 -30 -20 -7e+05 8e+05 1e+06

Enrolled population size, N, one image per person

O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



