A: Datasheet

Algorithm: intema_001

Developer: Intema-LGL Group

Submission Date: 2023_02_22

Template size: 512 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 937 msec

Template time (median): 939 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 954 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 1 (out of 399) — FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0008

Mugshot webcam ranking 349 (out of 361) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.6007 vs. lowest 0.0054 from sensetime_009

Mugshot profile ranking 4 (out of 330) — FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0524 vs. lowest 0.0517 from sensetime_009

Immigration visa-border ranking 8 (out of 288) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0008 vs. lowest 0.0006 from cloudwalk_mt_002

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 4 (out of 233) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0428 vs. lowest 0.0387 from cloudwalk_mt_002

Identification:

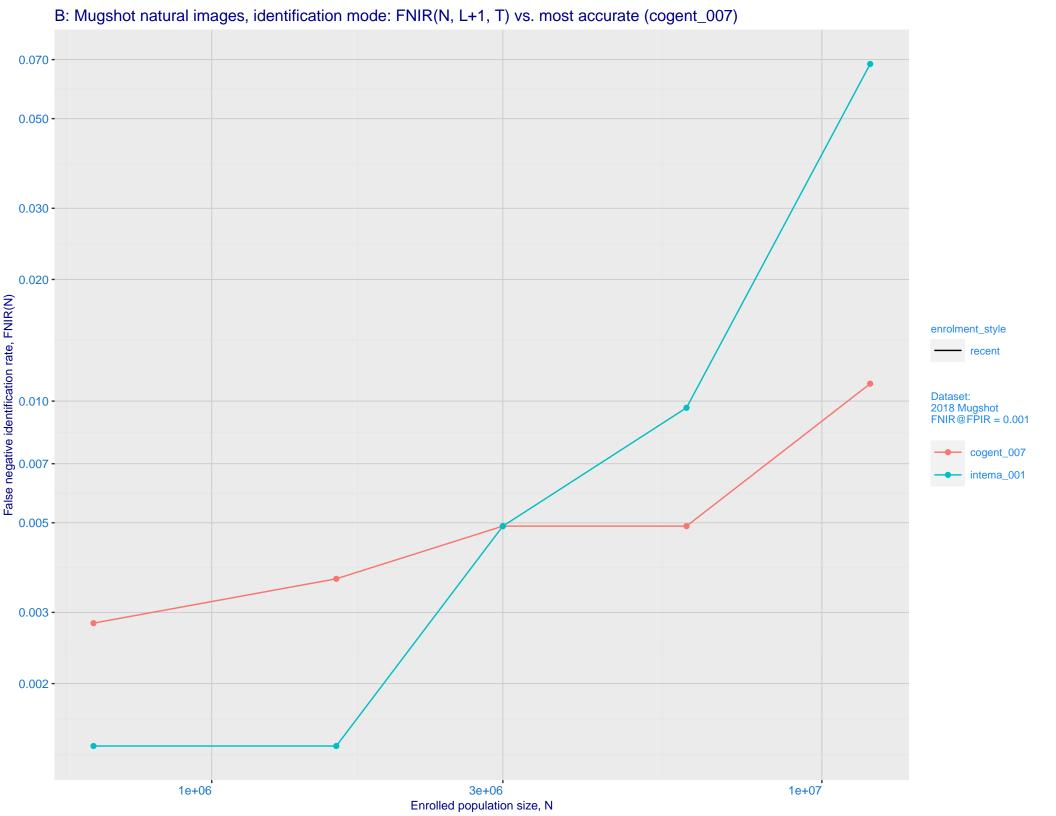
Frontal mugshot ranking 5 (out of 399) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0014, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0011 from idemia_010

Mugshot webcam ranking 315 (out of 359) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.6028, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0072 from sensetime_009

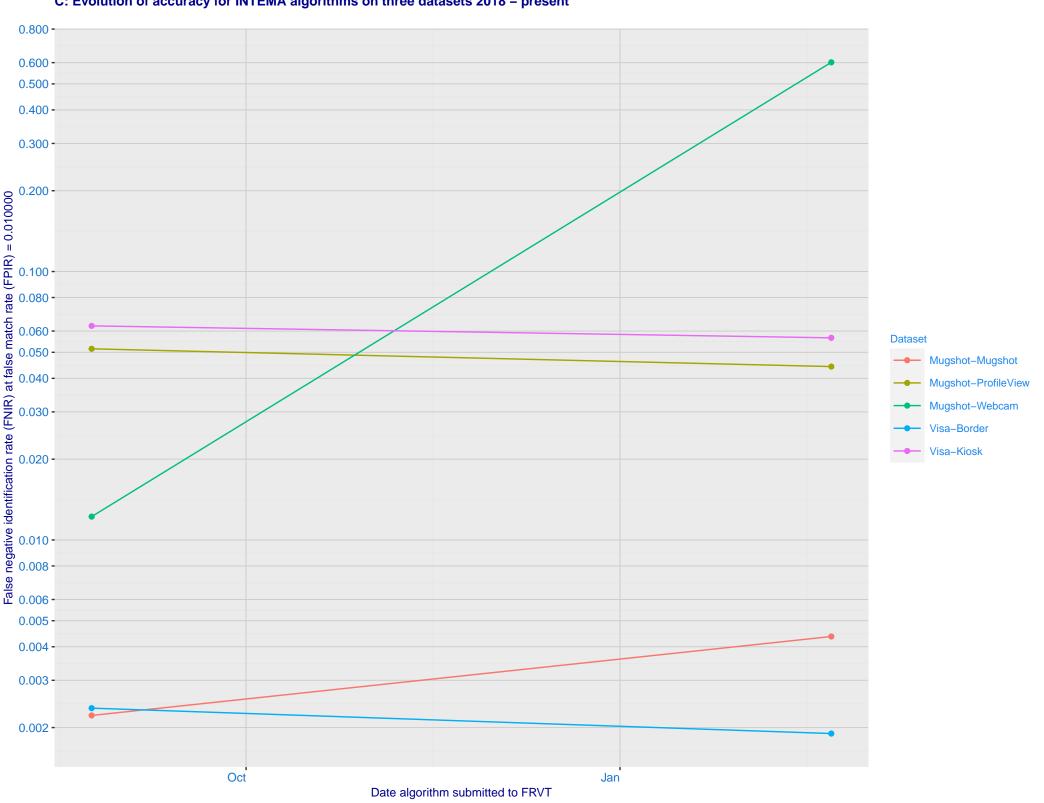
Mugshot profile ranking 3 (out of 329) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.1034, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0634 from cloudwalk_mt_002

Immigration visa-border ranking 14 (out of 287) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0039, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0010 from cloudwalk_mt_002

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 11 (out of 233) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0732, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0517 from cloudwalk_mt_002

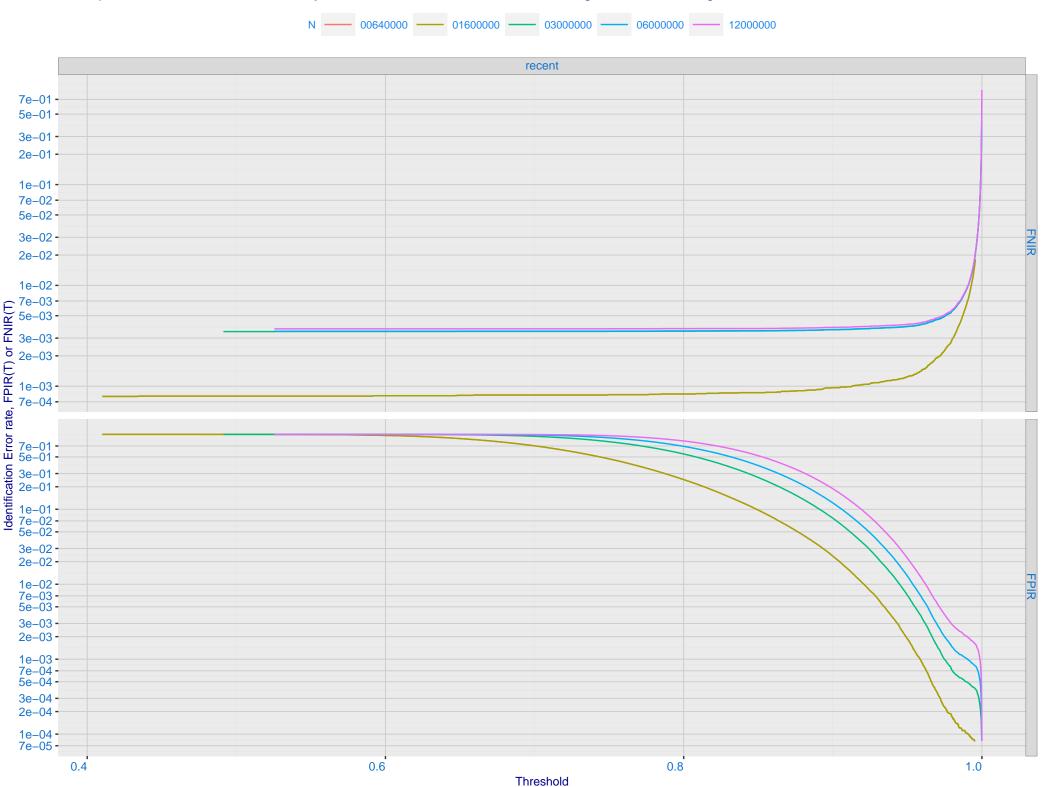


C: Evolution of accuracy for INTEMA algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

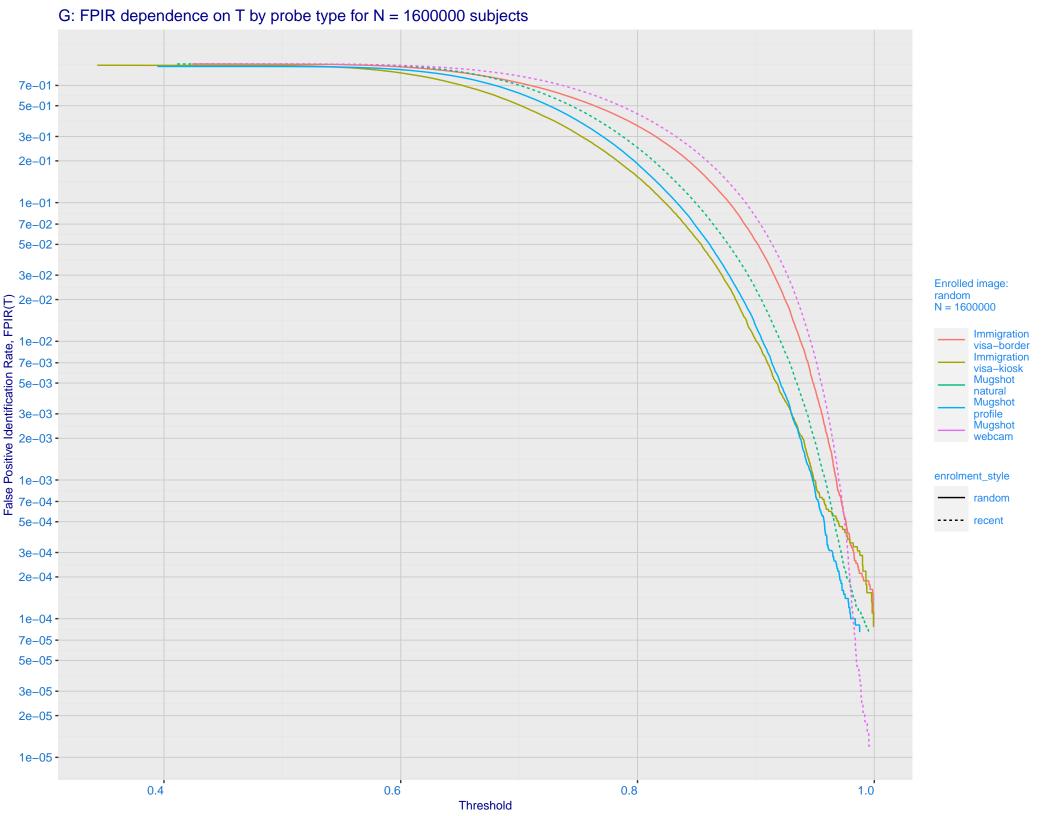


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals Immigration Immigration Mugshot visa-border visa-kiosk natural 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(T) 0.003 - 0.001 - 0.700 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0.100 - 0. enrolment_style random-ONE-MATE recent-ONE-MATE 0.070 -0.050 intema_001 0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -False positive identification rate, FPIR(T)

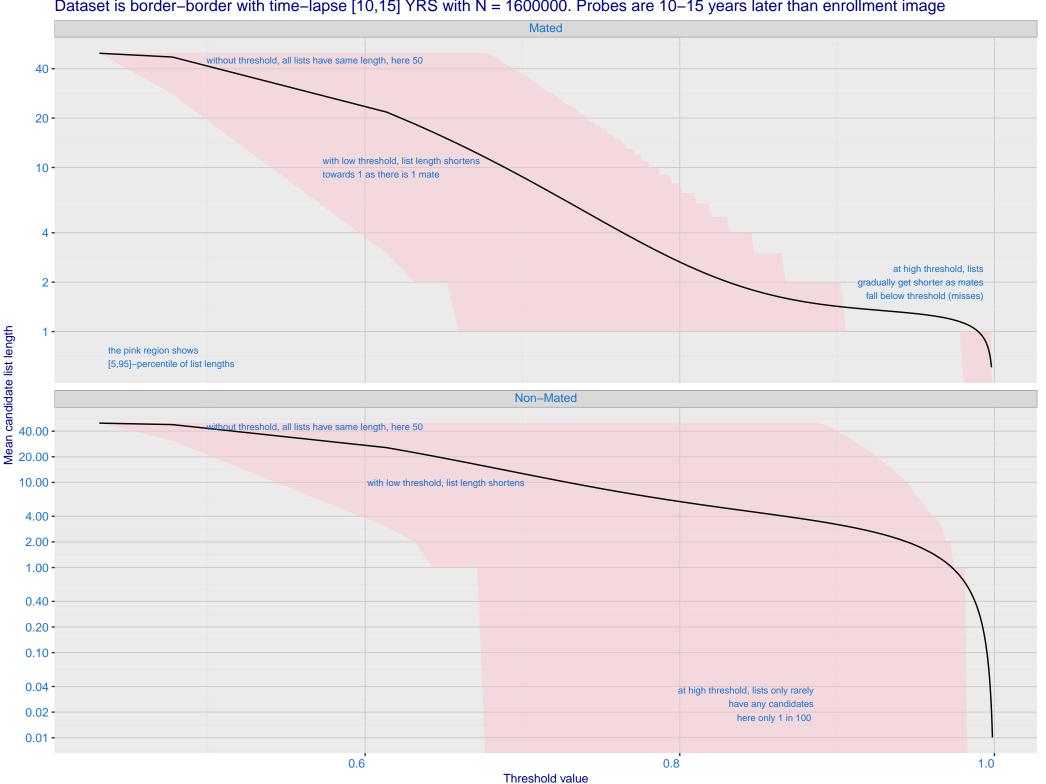
E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images



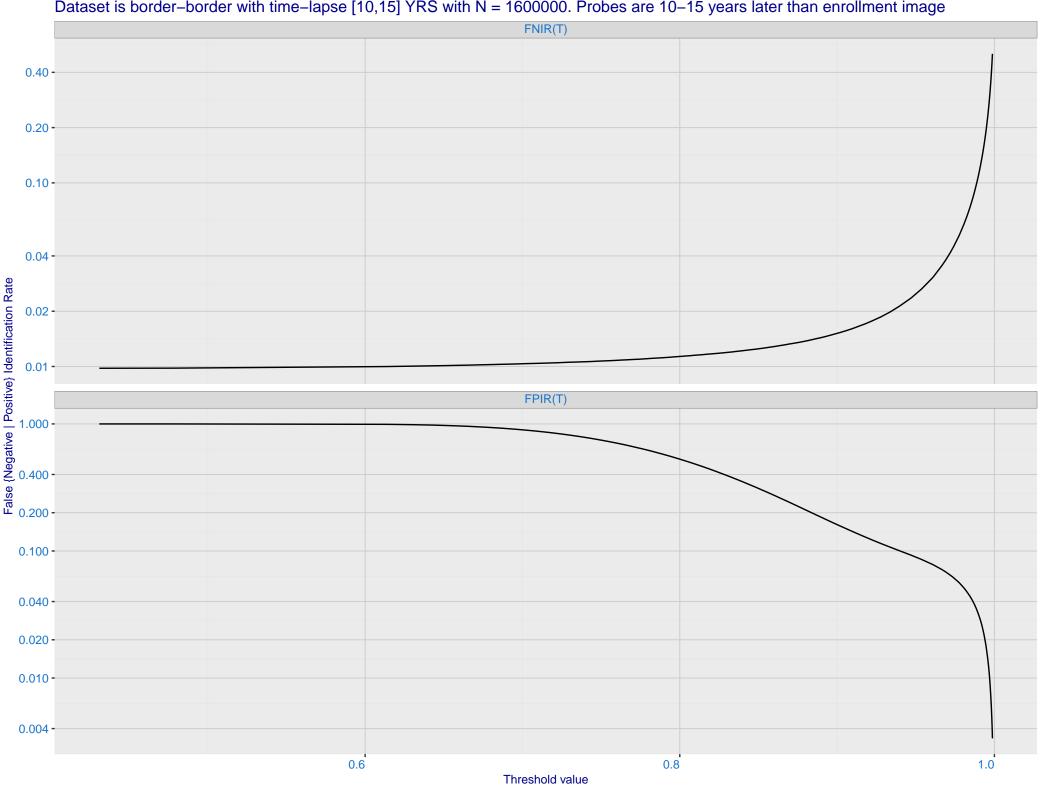
F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate 7e+01 -5e+01 -3e+01 -2e+01 -1e+01 -7e+00 -5e+00 -3e+00 -2e+00 -1e+00 -7e-01 -5e-01 -3e-01 -2e-01 -1e-01 -7e-02 -5e-02 -3e-02 -3e-02 -1e-02 -**Enrolled images:** recent N = 1600000 Mugshot natural Mugshot webcam 7e-03 -5e-03 -3e-03 -2e-03 -1e-03 -7e-04 -5e-04 -3e-04 -2e-04 -1e-04 -7e-05 -5e-05 -3e-05 -2e-05 -1e-05 -1e-05 3e-05 1e-04 3e-04 1e-03 3e-03 1e-02 3e-02 1e-01 3e-01 False Positive Identification Rate, FPIR(T)

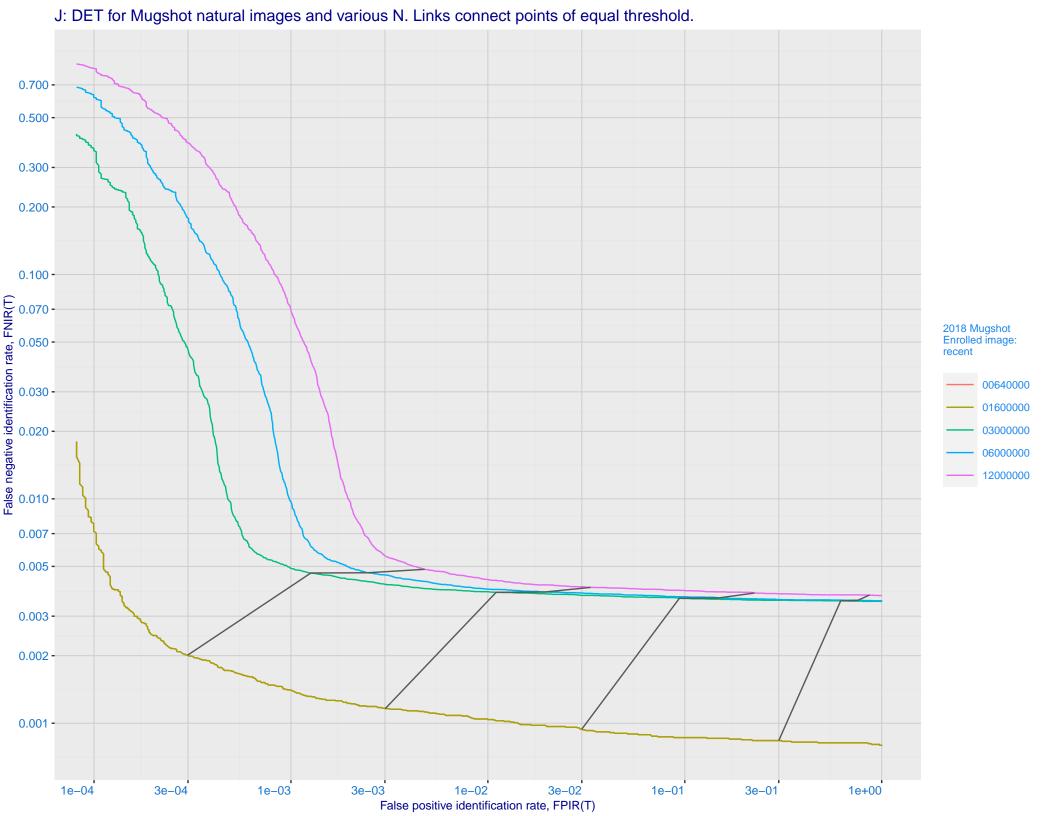


H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

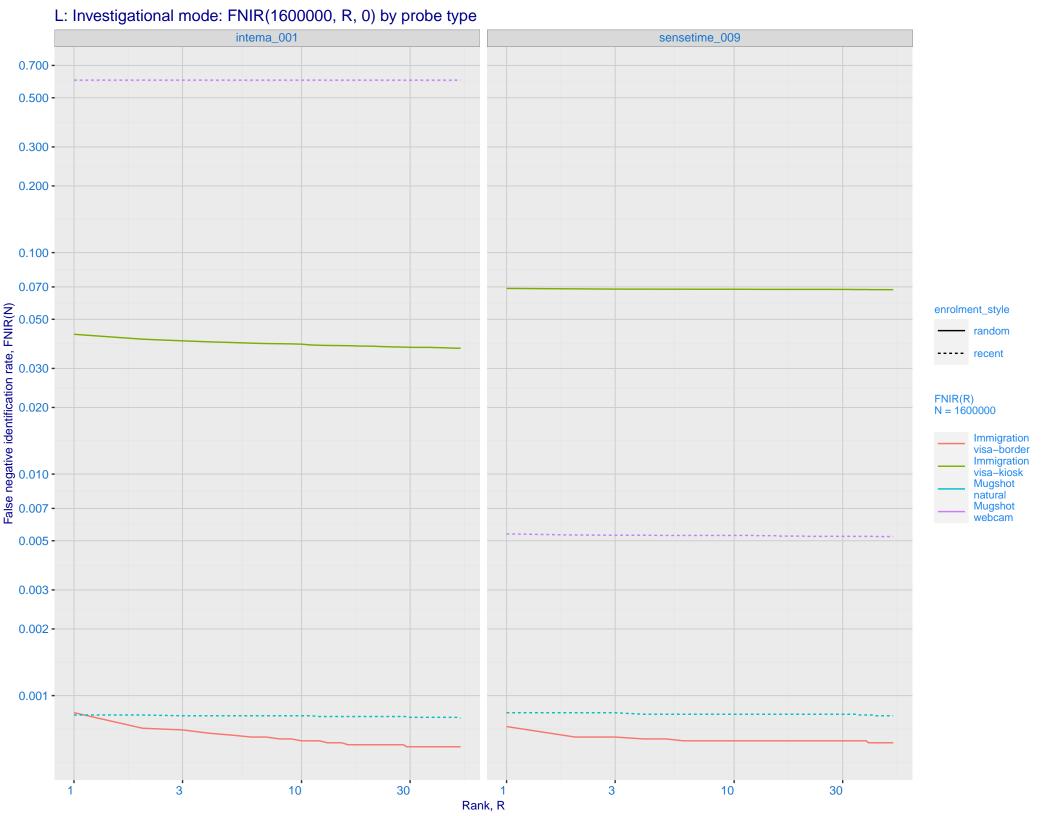


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

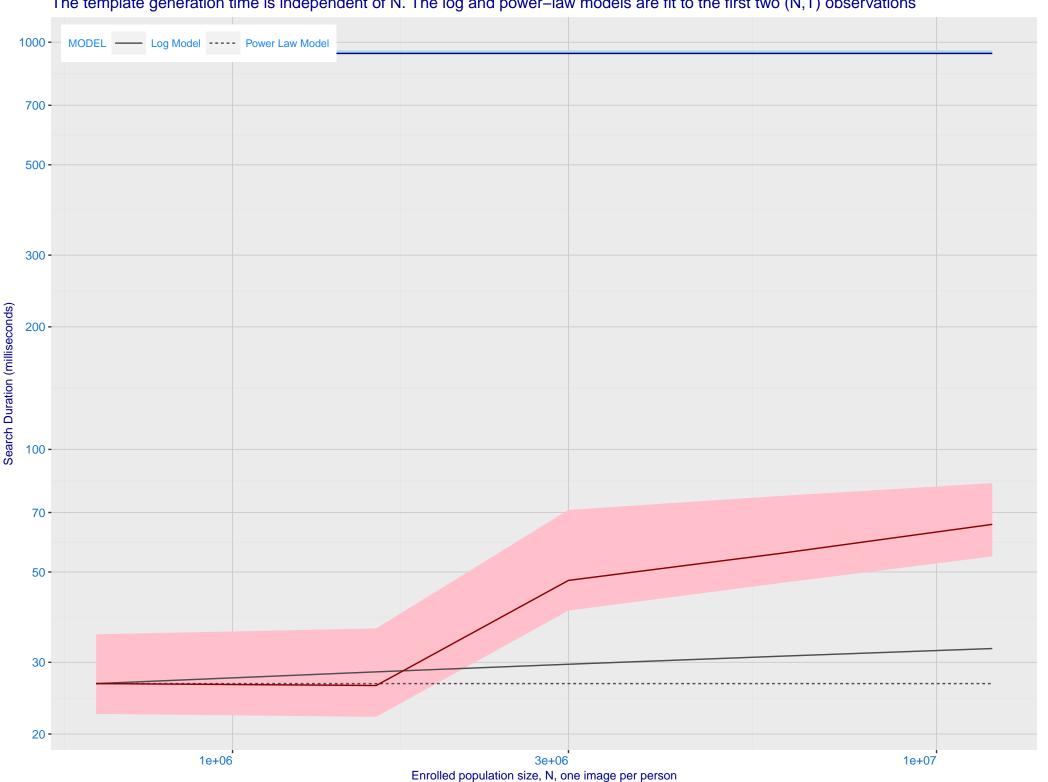




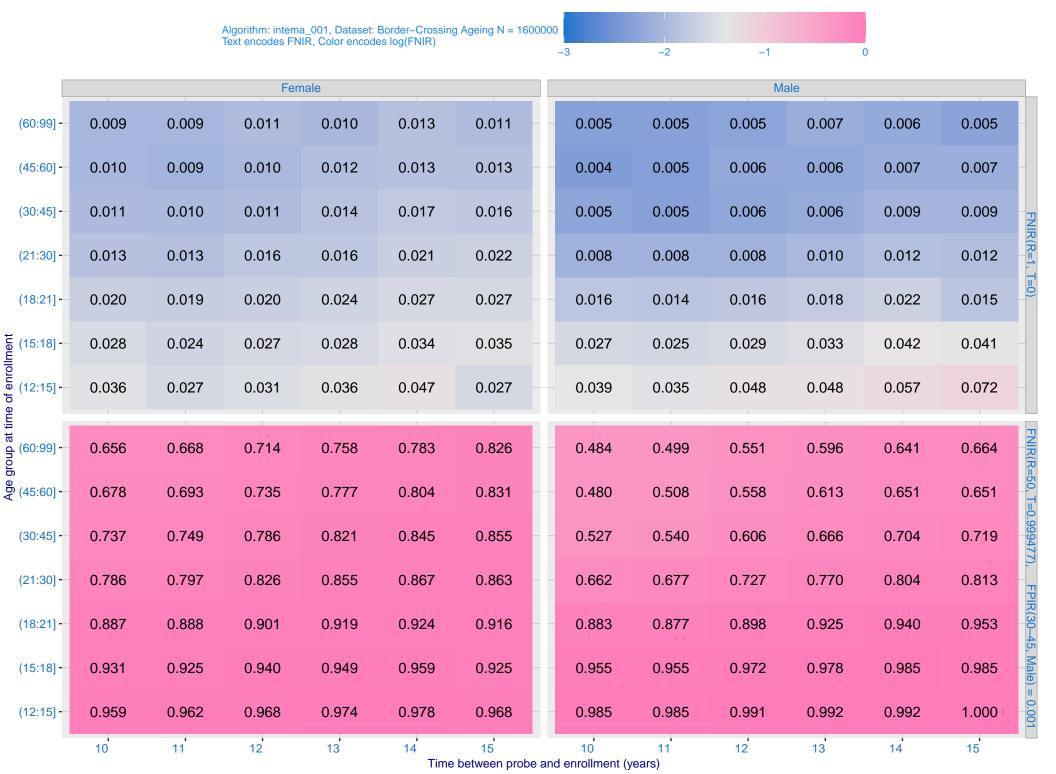
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_009) Immigration **Immigration** visa-border visa-kiosk 0.700 -0.500 -0.300 -0.200 -0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -Ealse negative identification rate, FNIR(N) 0.003 - 0.001 - 0.001 - 0.700 - 0.500 - 0.200 - 0. enrolment_style - random ---- recent Mugshot webcam Mugshot natural FNIR@Rank = 1 -- intema_001 sensetime_009 0.100 -0.070 -0.050 -0.030 -0.020 -0.010 -0.007 -0.005 -0.003 -0.002 -0.001 -1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 1e+06 3e+06 1e+07 Enrolled population size, N



M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements. The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power–law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates. The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.



Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing



