Parabolic, L strbility.

Let G be a Conn. reductive group (t. Let T be a max split torus. Let us call a parabolic subgroup $P \subseteq G$ admissible if P contains T. Similarly we have admissible Example: G=GL3. Then admissible Boxels are (* * * and its W-conjugates. $\begin{pmatrix} * \\ * \\ * \\ * \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} * \\ 0 \\ * \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} * \\ 0 \\ * \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} * \\ * \\ * \end{pmatrix}$

In addition to theor, we have the following maximal parabolics:

$$\begin{pmatrix} * & * & * \\ * & * & * \\ 0 & 0 & * \end{pmatrix}, \qquad \begin{pmatrix} * & * & * \\ 0 & * & * \\ 0 & * & * \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \\ \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

Up<u>shot</u>: We have 6 minimal admissible partilize

2 6 maximal (& proper) admissible

perobolies,

Def: An elemt ze og is called T-stable if it is not in any admissible Purabolic PEg. Note: This is not the original definition of stability but Convenient for our purposes Remork: This is equivalent to saying that X & 17 for any maxime (proper) admissible Now consider the adjoint ration of Thesen: If x is T-stable, then Tx := Stab (2) is finte.

This follows from the Hilbert - Munford Criteria for stability. It would be nice to have a livert groof. Question: Let B be a Bond & x a T-stable elemt. Is the stabiliser Bx = Stab (a) fint? I checked the case of Gh & Ghz and it seems B= Ta for T-stable elements. I that always the can?