### Exercise 1:

We assume that there is a probability of 0.10 to be inspected by a conductor when one takes Tram 15. Charles travels 700 times a year on this line.

- 1. What is the approximate probability that Charles is inspected between 60 and 100 times a year?
- 2. Charles is in fact a cheater and always travels without any ticket. Given that the price of a ticket is 2 CHF, what is the minimum penalty that the TPG should fix so that Charles's probability of having a loss of profits is bigger than 75%?

### Exercise 2:

From 7 am, buses pass every 15 minutes at a given stop. So they pass at 7:00, then 7:15, etc. A user arrives between 7:00 am and 7:30 am at this stop, the exact time of his arrival being a uniform random variable over this period. Find the probability that he has to wait

- 1. less than 5 minutes,
- 2. more than 10 minutes.

### Exercise 3:

The parts of a car are often copied and sold as original. We want to replace a part of a car. With probability 1/4, we buy a pirated part and probability 3/4 we buy an original part. The lifetime is a exponential random variable with expectation 2 if it is a pirated part and expectation 5 if it is an original part. Let's call T the lifetime of a part that we bought. Assume that the part has survived until time t after its installation.

- 1. What is the probability  $\pi(t)$  that this part is pirated? Find the limit of  $\pi(t)$  when  $t \to \infty$ .
- 2. Let's formalize the problem using a random variable Y taking values 1 if the part is pirated and 0 when it is not.
  - (a) What is the distribution of Y?

- (b) Compute  $P(T \le t | Y = y)$ , the conditional probability of T given Y = y.
- (c) Compute  $P(T \le t \cap Y = y)$ , the joint probability of T and Y.
- (d) What is the marginal probability distribution of T?
- (e) Find P(Y = y|T > t) and deduce  $\pi(t)$ .

## Exercise 4:

Let  $S_t$  be the value of an asset at the end of the year t and  $R_{0,n}$  be the rate of return over a horizon of n years, that is,  $R_{0,n}$  is the solution of the equation

$$S_n = S_0(1 + R_{0,n})^n$$
.

Let  $Z_t = S_t/S_{t-1}$ . Suppose  $Z_t$  follows a log-normal distribution with parameters  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$ :

$$Z_t = \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1}} \sim LN(\mu, \sigma^2), \quad t = 1, 2, ..., n.$$

It is also assumed that the  $Z_t$  are independent of each other.

(a) Show that

$$R_{0,n} = \left(\prod_{t=1}^{n} \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1}}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1.$$

Indication:

$$\frac{S_n}{S_0} = \frac{S_1}{S_0} \cdots \frac{S_2}{S_1} \cdots \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1}} \cdots \frac{S_n}{S_{n-1}} = \prod_{t=1}^n \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1}}.$$

(b) Let

$$Y = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} \log \left( \frac{S_t}{S_{t-1}} \right).$$

Find the distribution of Y and specify its expectation and variance.

- (c) Show that  $R_{0,n} = \exp(Y) 1$ . Deduce the expectation and the variance of  $R_{0,n}$ .
- (d) What happens when  $n \to \infty$ ?

# Exercise 5(Optional):

Let V a uniformly distributed random variable on [0,1], that is  $V \sim U(0,1)$ .

- (a) What is the cumulative distribution function of  $W = \frac{-1}{\lambda} \log(V)$ ? Compute its density. Which distribution is it?
- (b) Let F(x) be some cumulative distribution function. Show that the random variable  $X = F^{-1}(V)$  is distributed with cumulative distribution function F(x). Hint:  $F^{-1}(x)$  is the inverse function of F(x), that is it satisfies  $F^{-1}(F(x)) = x$  and  $F(F^{-1}(x)) = x$ .
- (c) The cumulative distribution function of the Dagum distribution is:

$$F(x) = (1 + \lambda x^{-2})^{-1}$$

where  $x \geq 0$  and  $\lambda > 0$ . From the uniformly distributed random variable V, define the transformation g(V) such that g(V) follows a Dagum distribution.