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4.2.1.2 Sustainable Action Plans: Antalya; Cork; Gdynia; Gijón; Seville; Szeged

Sustainable Energy Action Plan; Antalya: Antalya Metropolitan Municipality prepared "Antalya Sustainable Energy Action Plan" in 2012 and became the first local government in Turkey to take action in this regard. Antalya Metropolitan Municipality signed the "Covenant of Mayors" in 2013, which was established by the European Commission to encourage and support urban reduction plans to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from cities and to encourage the use of clean energy sources. Under the leadership of Metropolitan Municipality, Environmental Protection and Control Department, Antalya Climate Change and Clean Energy Directorate took an important step by preparing a "Sustainable Energy Action Plan" (SEEP) in coordination with local stakeholders by determining greenhouse gas reduction actions to make Antalya a sustainable city. Metropolitan Municipality is the first municipality in Turkey that acquire the TSI Climate Friendly Organisation Certificate. When the emissions of Antalya, including industry, are analysed in 2019, the total energy consumption in the province is 28,623,531 MWh and greenhouse gas emission is 10,683,551 tCO2e. With the city's Sustainable Energy Action Plan (SEEP), it is aimed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and energy consumption by at least 40% in 2030 compared to the base year of 2019.

Find out more at:

 $\frac{http://www.matchupantalya.org/Uploads/f46e815d3f5f434aa590e43b3b0489e8.pdf}{http://matchupantalya.org/Uploads/0baf3fe617ef4bddb9b91b8d20dcb0e7.pdf}$

Development of Sustainability Strategy; Cork: Visit Cork has developed the 'Visit Cork Sustainability Strategy 2020-2023' and the corresponding 'Sustainability Policy' which serve to benchmark the organisation's goals and activities against the UN's Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The strategy is reviewed annually and embodies a vision and ambition for the region's tourism sector to invest in more sustainable practices. One of the priorities of the plan is to ensure that all Cork Convention Bureau (CCB) member businesses have a formal written sustainability policy and third-party sustainability certification. Visit



Cork also launched the inaugural 'Green Award' in 2020 to celebrate and acknowledge the industry's commitment to improving sustainability.

Find out more at:

https://www.corkconventionbureau.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/08/Visit-Cork-Sustainability-Strategy-2020-2023-4.pdf
https://www.corkconventionbureau.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/08/Visit-Cork-Sustainability-Policy.pdf

"Gdynia Development Strategy 2030" for sustainability and air quality monitoring; Gdynia: has introduced an action plan with respect for the natural environment and resources. The "Gdynia Development Strategy 2030" as a line of actions is working towards social and economic development that is sustainable. The consistent implementation of strategic plans like the Development Strategy has allowed Gdynia to become the city with the cleanest air in Poland. The city's air quality is perpetually monitored by a network of meters.

Find out more at: https://kgseen.ug.edu.pl/2015/05/gdynia-development-strategy-2030/ https://www.2030.gdynia.pl

Plans for a sustainable city; Gijón: Gijón has implemented many initiatives and is following several plans to be a sustainable city. It is the case with the Sustainable and Integrated Urban Development Strategy (EDUSI), Gijón, Ciudad Atlántica, which strives for a more environmentally and socially sustainable environment. Furthermore, the city has put in place the Gijón Strategic Plan 2016-2016, aiming the creation of an open, connected, and sustainable city. The latter is also raising awareness on sustainability in companies with the participation in the Impulsa Empresas EcoCircular project.

Find out more at:

https://dryfta-assets.s3.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/assets/eusmarttourism2023/abstractfiles/165355749711GIJON_PEG202 6_DocFinal.pdf

Plan8; Seville: The product of the combined collaboration of 117 experts and 200 stakeholders in the city's tourism industry, Seville's Plan8 is an ambitious plan to reactivate the tourism industry following the wake of the global COVID-19 pandemic and reignite the creation of employment and taking on the challenges following the pandemic. As a result, Plan8 was conceived which is based on around 8 main axes that each demonstrate a different line of work and set of tools for moving the municipal tourism industry forward. Tourism in Seville is taking a proactive role and focused its efforts by engaging with stakeholders and experts to bring a cohesive and innovative strategy for change.

Find out more at: https://plan8sevilla.org

Szeged Sustainable Energy and Climate Plan; Szeged: Szeged has adopted a Sustainable Energy and Climate Action Plan (SECAP) that sets an emission reduction target of 40% by 2030 – compared to the 2008 base year. This means that Szeged's annual CO2 emissions will not exceed 369 000 tons by 2030. Szeged is in a fortunate position: As its territory is rich in