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Find out more at: https://rotterdamsedakendagen.nl/en/

Repurposing riverbeds into new urban spaces for residence and tourists; Valencia: The city of València has a strong proven track record of integrating sustainable urban planning. The Turia Gardens offer some examples of the city of València strengthening their ecological ties to the natural resources and the integration of old natural structures into their urban planning. The old Turia Gardens is one of the largest urban parks in Spain spanning 9km of green footpaths, leisure and sports areas as well as paths suitable for cyclists. Built



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on the old riverbed of the river Turia which was diverted to prevent flooding, the Turia Gardens offer a prime example of integrating natural resources into the urban planning of a city. By doing so the city has created a sustainable alternative and green areas for local flora to grow and provide shade as well as open, green leisure areas for the residents and visitors alike.

Find out more at: https://www.visitvalencia.com/en/what-to-do-valencia/nature-in-valencia/ parks-and-gardens-valencia/turia-gardens

4.2.1.7 Sustainable water cycle; Karlsruhe

Majolika factory mugs and Refill program for more climate friendliness; Karlsruhe:

The Majolika manufactory is supporting the city in reducing waste of material like disposable coffee cups by designing trendy porcelain vessels or mugs - at the same time the products are supposed to shine as iconic objects of identification or souvenirs. Karlsruhe's drinking water – whether from wells or from the tap in hotels - has also been made available in a 100% climate-neutral way since 2018. More than 50 volunteer retailers also participate in the Refill program by offering visitors free refills of drinking vessels they bring with them with tap water.

Find out more at: https://majolika-karlsruhe.de/en/

4.2.1.8 Tourism taxation: Palma

How taxation can lower the carbon footprint of tourism; Palma: In order to incorporate the tourism sector and its effect on climate change the city of Palma as part of the Balearic Islands has begun enforcing a "sustainable tourism tax" on its visitors. The tax is the used to protect and preserve the Islands natural resources as well as invest in scientific research, training, and employment, especially in Palam. By including the visitor in the solution of the carbon footprint generated by the tourism sector is an inclusive way of sharing the responsibility of helping nature in a tourist destination.

Find out more at: http://www.ecotasa.es