

Terminology

- (a) A hardware target is a switching asic, FPGA, NPU, or generic compute.
- (b) A hardware platform is a switch (using asic), smartNIC (using FPGA or NPU), or server/laptop machine.

List

The list covers hardware targets and platforms supporting P4-16 in alphabetical order. Supporting p4 entails the target supports a p4c (P4 compiler) backend. A hardware target is useless without a P4 compiler (p4c) - therefore compiler vendors are also listed. Lastly, a target that only supports p4runtime is not included.

For FPGA, Xilinx provides their P4 programming tools chain. There is also Netcope who has a tools chain for P4 programming FPGA from Intel and Xilinx.

1. Barefoot Networks Tofino/Tofino2 asic in ODM switches - some ODM vendors are Edgecore (<https://www.edge-core.com/>), Netberg (<https://netbergtw.com/about/>), Inventec (<https://www.inventec.com/english/indexEN.htm>), Delta, WNC (http://www.wnc.com.tw/mobile/index.php?action=product_detail&top_id=28&scid=31&tid=99&lid=99&id=353), and Foxconn. Stordis and Kaloom use ODM switches with open or proprietary switch OS.
2. Intel has P4 to DPDK: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ul29_q-SoPU . Also see http://lists.p4.org/pipermail/p4-dev_lists.p4.org/2019-June/003981.html
3. Mellanox has Spectrum/Spectrum2 asic. Their switches are SN2100, SN2700 (Spectrum) and SN3700 (Spectrum 2). Their Linux switch uses TC. Mellanox has a p4c with front-end and mid-end using open-source p4lang/p4c. Mellanox has a p4c backend they plan to open source (as soon as we get it modularized from our common backend infra). Marian presented this at this year's netdev conference. <https://www.netdevconf.org/0x13/session.html?p4-compiler-backend-for-tc>
4. Netcope : <https://www.netcope.com/en/products/netcopep4>. Has tools chain to program FPGA with P4 (p4-16?)
5. Netronome NIC using NPU - has p4 compiler. <https://www.netronome.com/products/datapath-programming-tools/>
6. Orange: Has a p4c backend for linux user space. See <https://github.com/P4-Research/p4c/tree/master/backends/ubpf>
7. Pensando has a service card that goes into a PCI slot of a computing machine. Also, see <https://p4.org/p4/pensando-joins-p4.html>
8. p4lang/p4c EBPF (Enhanced Berkeley Packet Filter). EBPF runs inside Linux kernel. <https://github.com/p4lang/p4c/tree/master/backends/ebpf>
9. Xilinx FPGA with P4 compiler. <https://www.xilinx.com/support/documentation-navigation/development-tools/software-development/sdnet.html>
10. Development platform for \$100. See <https://northboundnetworks.com/collections/zodiac-fx> and <https://github.com/NorthboundNetworks/p4c-zodiacfx>. The platform converts P4 to C.

Specifically, no openwrt access point implementation for P4 exists.