

Forensic Memory Analysis - Files Mapped In Memory

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Forensic Memory Analysis: Files mapped in memory

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Introduction

- Why analyse memory dumps?
- Files mapped in memory
- Implementation
- Results
- Demonstration

Why analyse memory?

- Interesting data [Walters 2007]
 - Processes
 - Network information
 - Passwords
 - Cryptography keys
 - •
- Can provide information about recent activities on a system
- Mapped files...



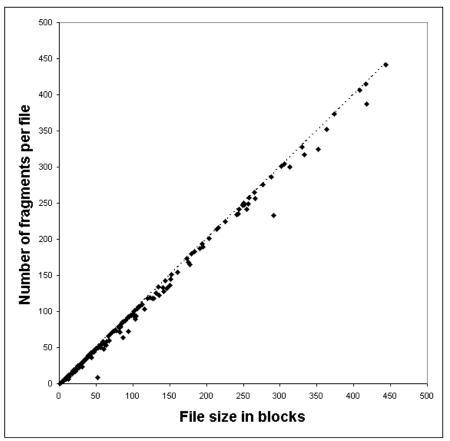
Files mapped in memory

- Link files to a user or process
- Point out recently used data
- Identify data in a memory dump to reduce search space for other information, e.g. passwords

Fragmentation

Problem:

High degree of fragmentation of files in memory



Approach

- Recognize pool structures used by the Windows Memory manager
 - Process structures [Schuster 2006]
 - File structures [Dolan-Gavitt 2007]
 - Link these structures if possible
- Carve for unidentified structures

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Different methods of identification

- Find process structures
- Identify private and shared files
- Carve for specific file-mapping structures
 - Control areas (MmCa)
 - Page tables (MmSt)

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File information

- Original path in file system
- Not always available; Backup:
 - Use known mapping to eliminate fragmentation
 - Header/footer information

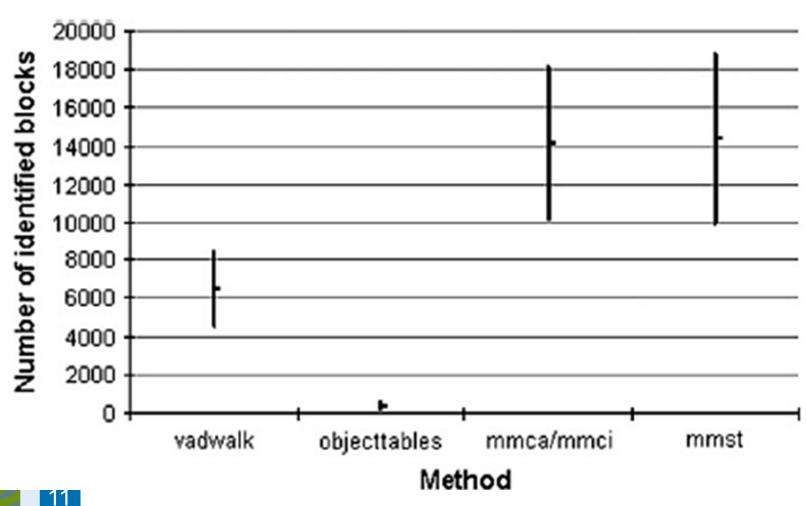
Implementation

- Proof of concept
- Currently only Windows XP SP2
- File size not always known
- Needs more testing
 - Different configurations (PAE, 64 bit)
 - Larger memory dumps

Results by extension

DFRWS	2005 -1	DFRWS	2005 -2	Windows XP	
.dll	202	.dll	211	.dll	298
.pnf	82	.exe	28	.gif	86
.exe	29	.mmf	11	.ttf	52
.mmf	11	.ttf	8	.ini	31
		1001			
.png	11	.log	5	.jpg	30

Results by method



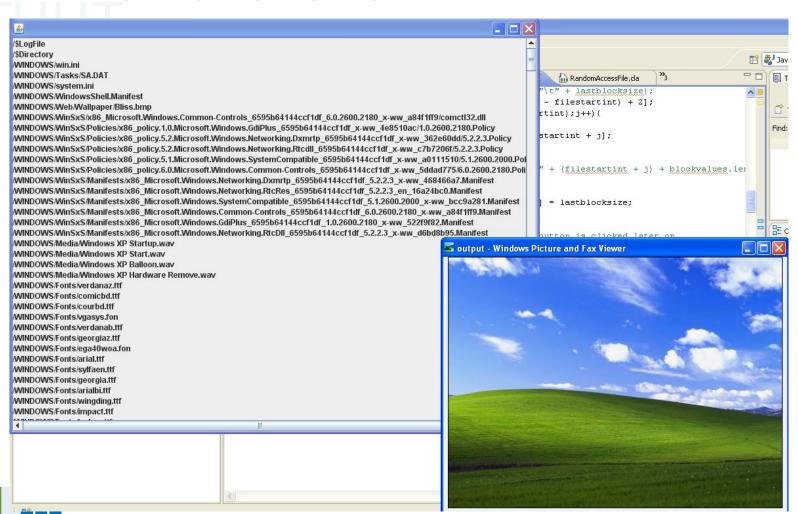
Conclusion

- Possible to identify 25% of pages as part of mapped files
- 40% of these pages can be linked to the relating process or processes
- Less informative methods result in more pages identified

Demonstration

- Test memory dump of a VMWare system running Windows XP SP2 with 256MB of RAM.
- VirtualBLOB [XIRAF 2006]

Demonstration



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