



The Application Of Reverse Engineering Techniques Against The Arduino Microcontroller To Acquire Uploaded Applications

By

Steve Watson

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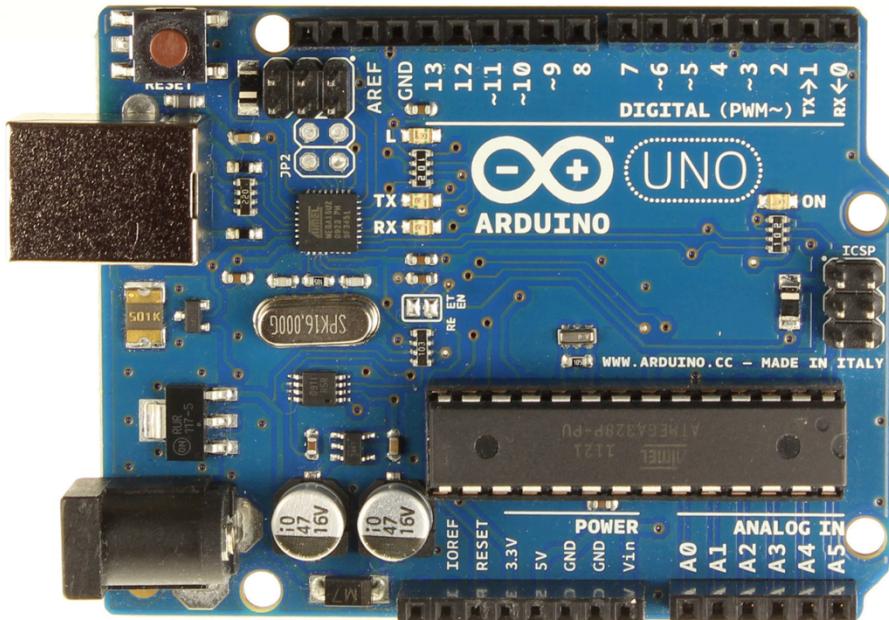
<http://dfrws.org>

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What is Arduino?

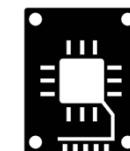
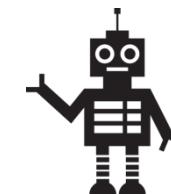
- A single board microcontroller platform.
- An open source electronics platform.



Why are we talking about Arduino?

- New, foundational technology appearing in many different form factors.
- No clear direction on forensic acquisition of data on this evolving platform.

Where is Arduino today?





WHY GARTNER ANALYSTS RESEARCH EVENTS CONSULTING ABOUT

Search

Newsroom

Newsroom \ Announcements \ Gartner Reveals Top Predictions for 2014

Press Release

ORLANDO, Fla., October 8, 2013

Gartner Reveals Top Predictions for 2014

Analysts Explore Latest Trends in Technology

Gartner, Inc. has revealed its top 10 predictions for 2014, which include the rise of 3D printing, the Internet of Things and the impact of mobile devices on business.

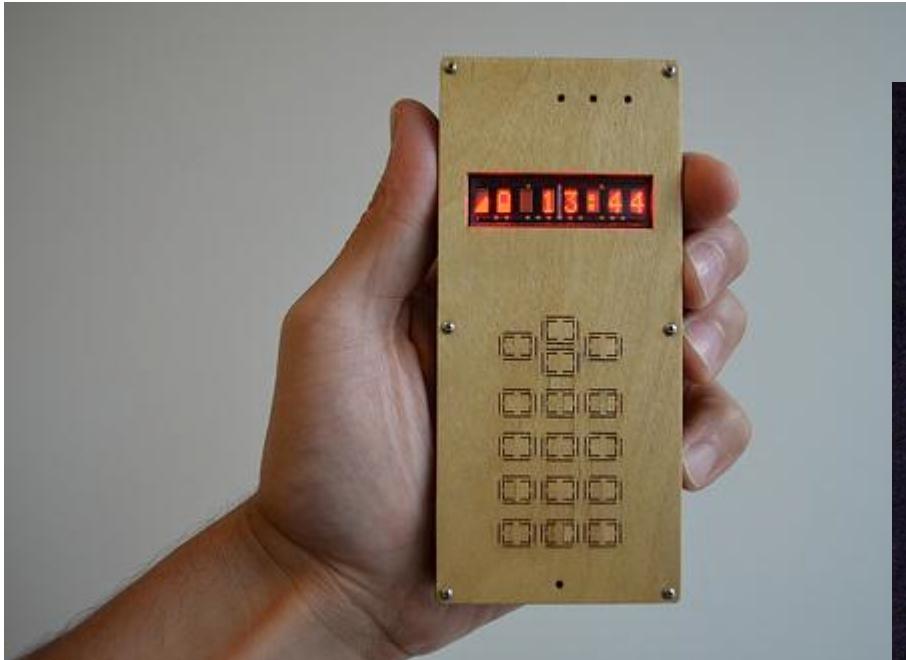
"Gartner's 2013 CEO survey found that 75 percent of respondents expect to invest more each day into a world of technology that is changing rapidly," said Mark Hulbert, distinguished analyst at Gartner. "The challenge is how to manage about by disruptive shifts in technology and business models."

Gartner analysts presented their findings at the Gartner Symposium & ITxpo, which is being held here through October 10.

Digital Industrial Revolution — IT is no longer the IT function. Instead, IT has become the catalyst for the next phase of innovation in personal computing and business ecosystems. One place where this is

"By 2018, 3D printing will result in the loss of at least \$100 billion per year in intellectual property globally."

Example - Arduino Phone



<http://blog.arduino.cc/2013/08/12/diy-cellphone/>

<http://www.instructables.com/id/ArduinoPhone/>



Examples - ArduSat

KICKSTARTER

ARDUSAT SUCCESSFULLY LAUNCHED IN SPACE – WATCH VIDEO!

Zoe Romano — August 12th, 2013

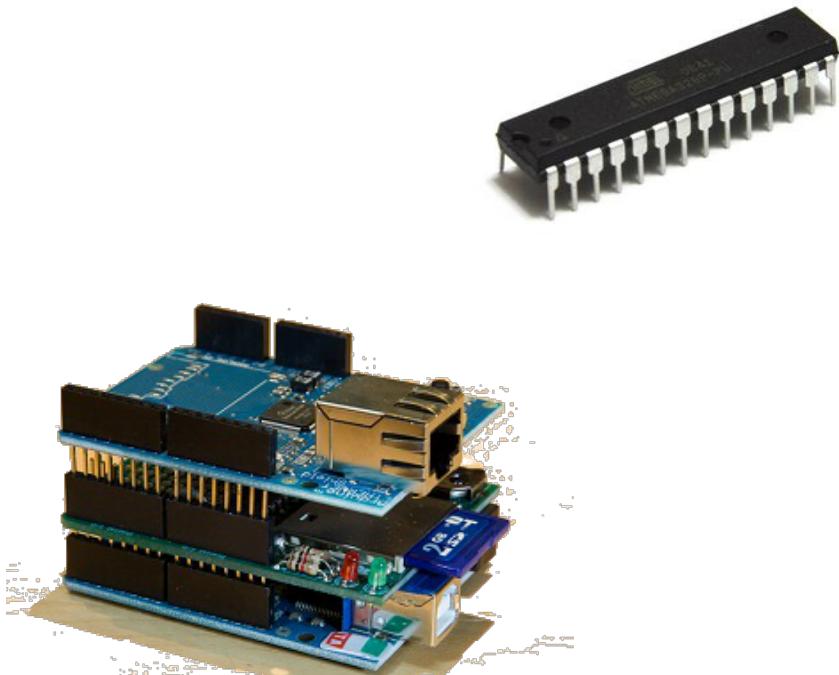


Exploration

0

ArduSat was successfully launched in space last Sunday 4th August and it's now on its way to the International Space Station (ISS).

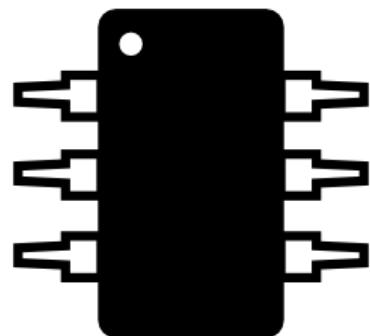
Arduino Basics



microcontroller	CPU, RAM and ROM on a single chip.
shield	daughter card that sits on top of the Arduino
sketch	the code or application written in C++ that is uploaded to the Arduino

Is there data to recover?

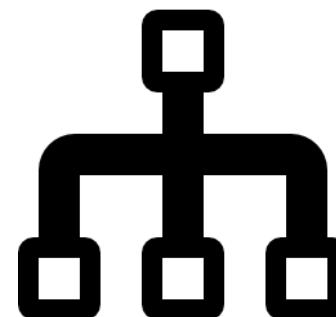
Where is the data?



Microcontroller



Development Systems



Remote Endpoints

What is the data?

Microcontroller	Development Systems	Remote Endpoints
running applications (flash)	.ino (Arduino sketch)	cloud computing updates (Twitter, Facebook, IoT pages)
NVM, persistent (eeprom)	.elf (intermediate step between c+ + and assembly)	control messages (c&c of other microcontroller devices)
.csv, .txt (asci or hex on SDCARD)	.hex (assembly)	.txt, .csv
Fuses (single byte hex values)		.json (JSON calls to other applications)

How I approach new devices

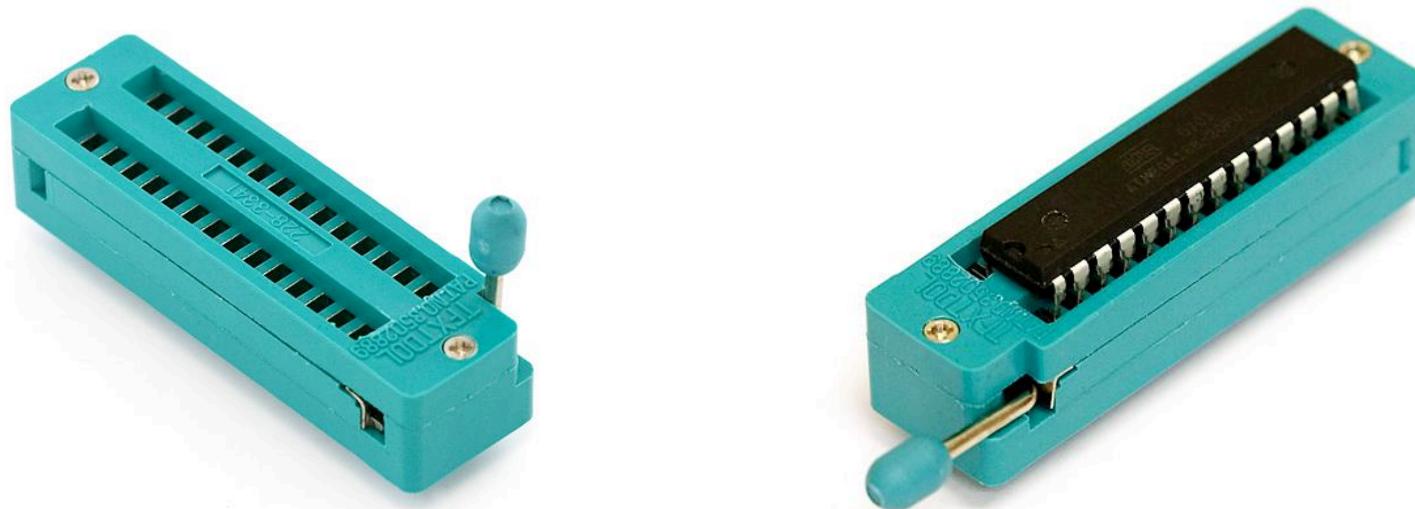
1. What is the operating system?
2. What is the storage?
3. What is the connectivity?
4. How is the system updated, installed, accessed?
5. What are the parallels with other systems and devices?
6. What existing documentation and information exists?

Focus on the Arduino

Connection to the target

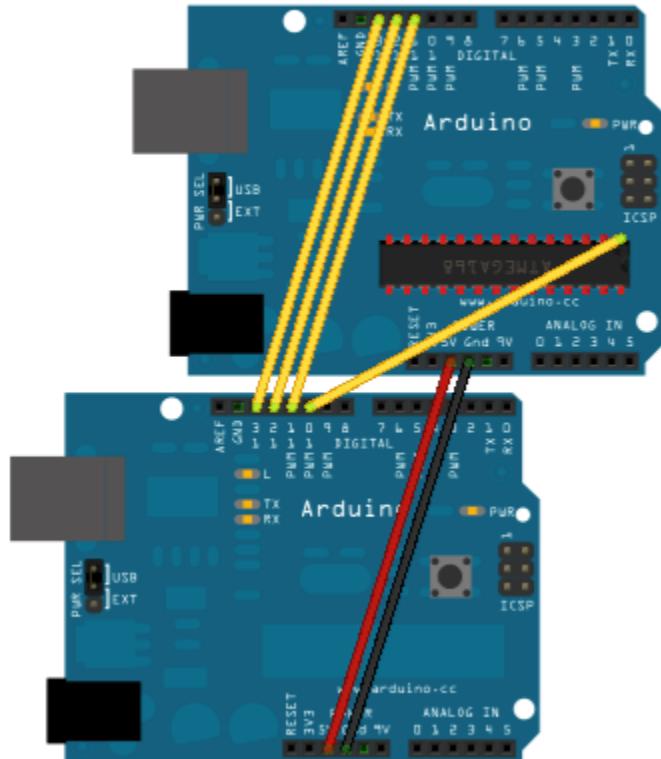
1. Chip removal (chip-off equivalent)
2. Tethered to another Arduino (computer to computer equivalent)
3. Connect to a programming port on the board (JTAG equivalent)

Connection: Chip-off



Example: ZIF Socket 28-Pin, <https://www.sparkfun.com/products/9175>

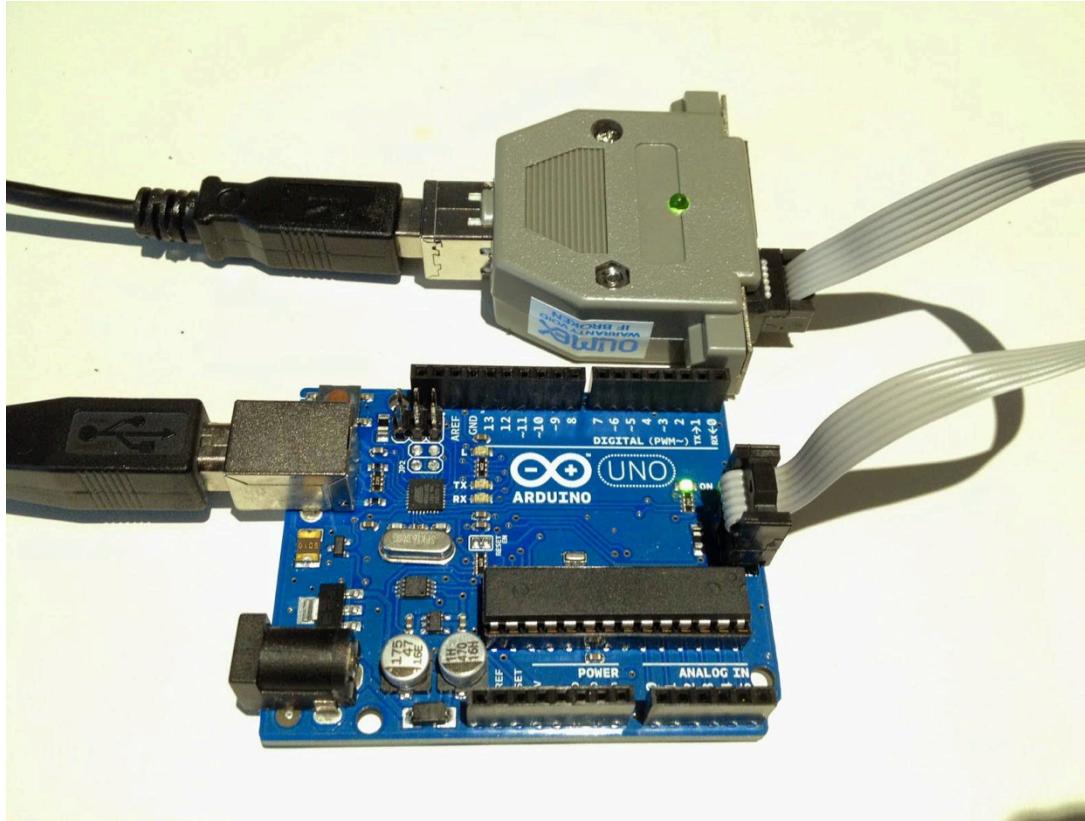
Connection: Tethered Arduino



Arduino Tutorial:
Using an Arduino as an AVR ISP (In-System
Programmer)

17 <http://arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/ArduinoISP> DFRWS US 2014

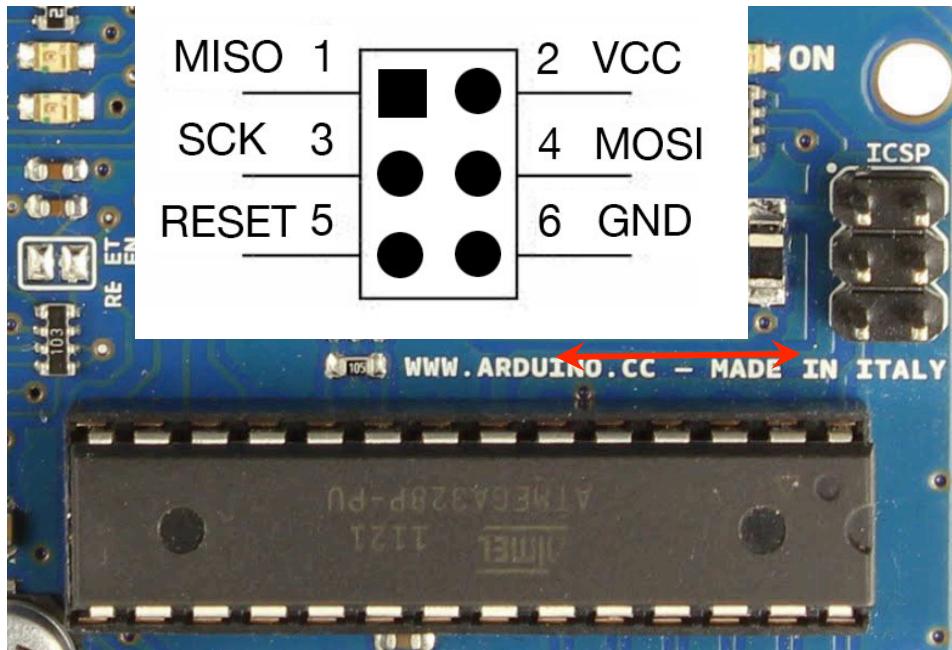
Connection: JTAG Equivalent



Olimex STK500v2
connected via ICSP to an
Arduino UNO

Connection: ICSP

ICSP - In-Circuit Serial Programming



(PCINT14/RESET)	PC6	1	28	□ PC5 (ADC5/SCL/PCINT13)
(PCINT16/RXD)	PD0	2	27	□ PC4 (ADC4/SDA/PCINT12)
(PCINT17/TXD)	PD1	3	26	□ PC3 (ADC3/PCINT11)
(PCINT18/INT0)	PD2	4	25	□ PC2 (ADC2/PCINT10)
(PCINT19/OC2B/INT1)	PD3	5	24	□ PC1 (ADC1/PCINT9)
(PCINT20/XCK/T0)	PD4	6	23	□ PC0 (ADC0/PCINT8)
VCC		7	22	□ GND
GND		8	21	□ AREF
(PCINT6/XTAL1/TOSC1)	PB6	9	20	□ AVCC
(PCINT7/XTAL2/TOSC2)	PB7	10	19	□ PB5 (SCK/PCINT5)
(PCINT21/OC0B/T1)	PD5	11	18	□ PB4 (MISO/PCINT4)
(PCINT22/OC0A/AIN0)	PD6	12	17	□ PB3 (MOSI/OC2A/PCINT3)
(PCINT23/AIN1)	PD7	13	16	□ PB2 (SS/OC1B/PCINT2)
(PCINT0/CLK0/ICP1)	PB0	14	15	□ PB1 (OC1A/PCINT1)

Software used to acquire

1. AVRDUDE - AVR Downloader/UploaDER

- a. opensource
- b. <http://www.nongnu.org/avrdude/>
- c. Included in the Arduino IDE install under install directory ..\Arduino\hardware\tools\avr\bin/
avrdude.exe

Data to acquire

Flash (32KB)

EEPROM (1KB)

- NVM reserved for persistence across uploads

Fuses (1B x 3 reserved)

- Ifuse, hfuse, efuse
- single byte hex configurations related to clock, bootloader and voltage (see reference slide for more detail)

Software: AVRDUDE

Example: Read flash memory and dump hex to specific file.

```
avrdude -p m328p -c stk500v2 -P com4 -U flash:r:"[path/to/file/filename.hex]":r
```

-p [part number]

-c [programmer]

-P [com port]

-U [memory operation]

- Note the :r: and :r to define READ
- change ‘flash’ to eeprom, lfuse, hfuse and/or efuse to acquire reserved portions.

Software: AVRDUDE

```
C:\apps\avrdude -p m328p -c stk500v2 -P com4 -U flash:r:"c:/temp/arduino_uno.hex":r

avrdude: AVR device initialized and ready to accept instructions

Reading | ##### | 100% 0.03s

avrdude: Device signature = 0x1e950f

avrdude: reading flash memory:

Reading | ##### | 100% 94.89s

avrdude: writing output file "c:/temp/arduino_uno.hex"

avrdude: safemode: Fuses OK (E:05, H:D6, L:FF)

avrdude done.  Thank you.
```

Software: Atmel Studio

Full walkthrough (screenshots) of an MCU acquisition in the backup slides.

Investigations where data may be needed

1. Supply chain investigations
2. Malware analysis
3. Improvised devices
4. Automation and control systems
5. Medical, fitness
6. Security, access control
7. Drones
8. Cloud

Why does this matter?

1. Investigations and litigation are coming to this new technology area.
2. The principles applied here can be expanded to other embedded technologies.

Thank you!

Steve Watson

forensics@stevewatson.net
steve.watson@intel.com

[Twitter @stevewatson](#)
[LinkedIn - watsonsteve](#)

Backup Material



Credits

title slide - Arduino schematic, <http://arduino.cc/en/uploads/Main/arduino-uno-schematic.pdf>

slide 3 - Arduino UNO photo, http://arduino.cc/en/uploads/Main/ArduinoUno_R3_Front.jpg

slide 5 - Icons made by www.flaticon.com

slide 6 - Image http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/8/87/Makerbot_Thing-O-Matic_Assembled_Painting_Blue_Rabbit.jpg

<http://www.gartner.com/newsroom/id/2603215>

slide 7 - <http://blog.arduino.cc/2013/08/12/diy-cellphone/>, http://farm6.staticflickr.com/5475/9474701418_798e142291.jpg,
<http://www.instructables.com/id/ArduinoPhone/>

slide 8 - Screenshots and images in order of animation:

<https://www.kickstarter.com/projects/575960623/ardusat-your-arduino-experiment-in-space>,

<http://www.blogcdn.com/www.engadget.com/media/2012/06/ardustat838867666666.jpg>

slide 11 - Icons made by www.flaticon.com

slide 16 - Example: ZIF Socket 28-Pin, <https://www.sparkfun.com/products/9175>

slide 17 - image created with Fritzing

slide 19 - monochrome images <http://allaboutee.com/2011/05/11/how-to-program-an-avr-microcontroller/>

Reference - Fuses

Bit	Ifuse		hfuse		efuse	Extended
	Low	High				
7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CKDIV8 Divide clock by 8	<input type="checkbox"/> RSTDISBL External reset disable				
6	<input type="checkbox"/> CKOUT Clock output	<input type="checkbox"/> DWEN debugWIRE Enable				
5	<input type="checkbox"/> SUT1 Select start-up time	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SPIEN Enable Serial programming and Data Downloading				
4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SUTO Select start-up time	<input type="checkbox"/> WDTON Watchdog Timer Always On				
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CKSEL3 Select Clock Source	<input type="checkbox"/> EESAVE EEPROM memory is preserved through chip erase				
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CKSEL2 Select Clock Source	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BOOTSZ1 Select boot size			<input type="checkbox"/> BODLEVEL2 Brown-out Detector trigger level	
1	<input type="checkbox"/> CKSEL1 Select Clock Source	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BOOTSZ0 Select boot size			<input type="checkbox"/> BODLEVEL1 Brown-out Detector trigger level	
0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CKSELO Select Clock Source	<input type="checkbox"/> BOOTRST Select reset vector			<input type="checkbox"/> BODLEVEL0 Brown-out Detector trigger level	

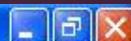
AVR Acquisition with Atmel Studio

Begin

Software: Atmel Studio



Start Page - AtmelStudio



File Edit View VAssistX ASF Project Debug Tools Window Help



Start Page X



New Project...

New Example Project...

Get Started

Tools Help

Latest News

Welcome

Links and Resources

ATMEL
STUDIO
6

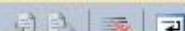
Solution Explorer X

Solution 'Solution1' (0 projects)

ASF... VA VI... VA O... Solut...

Output

Show output from: General



Breakpoints Output

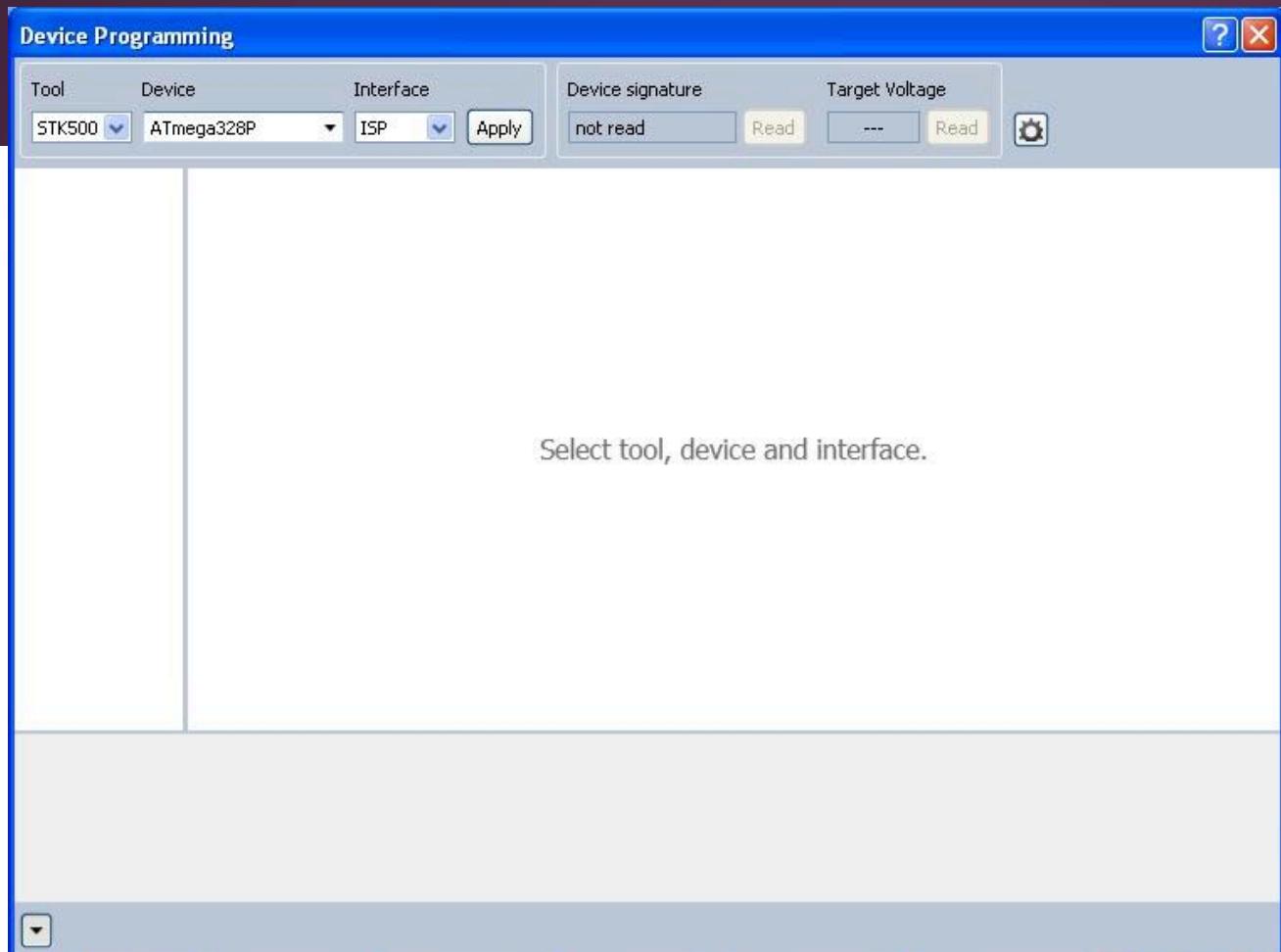
Ready

Ln 1

Col 1

Ch 1

INS



1. From Atmel Studio main screen, choose 'Debug' then 'Device Programming'.
2. Identify the 'Tool', 'Device', and 'Interface' then click 'Apply'.

STK500 (COM4) - Device Programming



Tool

Device

Interface

STK500

ATmega328P

ISP

Apply

Device signature

Target Voltage

Read

Read



Interface settings

Tool information

Board settings

Device information

Oscillator Calibration

Memories

Fuses

Lock bits

Production file

ISP Clock



11.45 kHz

The ISP Clock frequency must be lower than 1/4 of frequency the device is operating on.

Set

STK500 (COM4) - Device Programming



Tool	Device	Interface
STK500	ATmega328P	ISP
		Apply

Device signature	Target Voltage
0x1E950F	4.8 V
Read	Read

Interface settings

Detected Device

Tool information

Device names ATmega328P, ATA6614Q

Board settings

Device signature 0x1E950F

Device information

Oscillator Calibration

Memories

Fuses

Lock bits

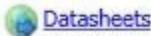
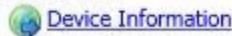
Production file

Datasheet Information

ATmega328P

CPU	AVR8
Flash size	32 KB
EEPROM size	1 KB
SRAM size	2 KB
VCC range	1.8 - 5.5 V
Maximum speed	N/A

External links

[Copy to clipboard](#)

Getting board properties...OK

Getting board properties...OK

STK500 (COM4) - Device Programming



Tool

Device

Interface

STK500

ATmega328P

ISP

Apply

Device signature

0x1E950F

Target Voltage

4.8 V

Read



Interface settings

Tool information

Board settings

Device information

Oscillator Calibration

Memories

Fuses

Lock bits

Production file

Device

Erase Chip

Erase now

Flash (32 KB)

- Erase device before programming
- Verify Flash after programming

Program

Verify

Read...

EEPROM (1 KB)

- Verify EEPROM after programming

Program

Verify

Read...

Reading EEPROM...

Reading EEPROM...



Waiting for an operation to complete



An ongoing operation is taking longer than expected.

Details: Modules->readFromMemory

You can stop waiting for the operation, in which case you may need to restart AVR studio, or wait some more.

(The timeout can be set using the "Tools->Options->Debugger->AVR Debugger->AVR Communication Timeout" option.)

[Wait 1 more minute](#)

[Stop waiting](#)

STK500 (COM4) - Device Programming



Tool

Device

Interface

Device signature

Target Voltage

STK500

ATmega328P

ISP

Apply

0x1E950F

Read

4.8 V

Read



Interface settings

Tool information

Board settings

Device information

Oscillator Calibration

Memories

Fuses

Lock bits

Production file

Device

Erase Chip

Erase now

Flash (32 KB)

 Erase device before programming Verify Flash after programming

Program

Verify

Read...

EEPROM (1 KB)

 Verify EEPROM after programming

Program

Verify

Read...

Getting board properties...OK

Device information copied to clipboard

OK

Save As



Save in: temp



My Recent
Documents



Desktop



My Documents



My Computer



My Network

File name: atmel_atmega328p

Save

Save as type: Intel Hex (.hex)

Cancel

STK500 (COM4) - Device Programming



Tool

Device

Interface

STK500

ATmega328P

ISP

Apply

Device signature

0x1E950F

Target Voltage

4.8 V

Read

Read



Interface settings

Tool information

Board settings

Device information

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Device

Erase Chip

Erase now

Flash (32 KB)

 Erase device before programming Verify Flash after programming

Program

Verify

Read...

EEPROM (1 KB)

 Verify EEPROM after programming

Program

Verify

Read...

Reading Flash...



Reading Flash...



Save As



Save in: temp



My Recent
Documents



Desktop



My Documents



My Computer



My Network

File name:

Save

Save as type:

Cancel

AVR Acquisition with Atmel Studio

End