

DELETED FILE PERSISTENCE ON DIGITAL MEDIA

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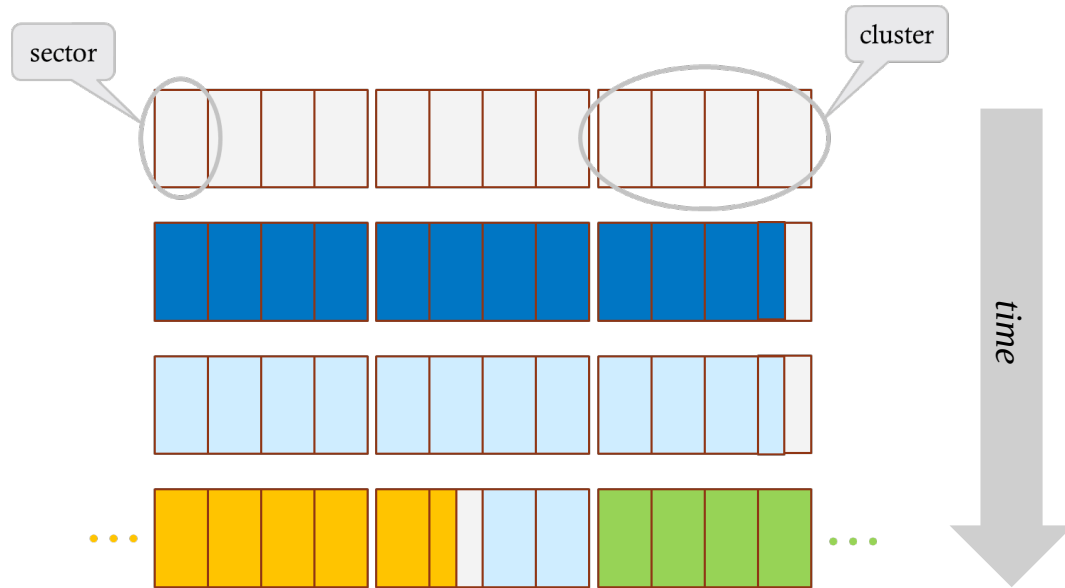
and several others...

George Mason University



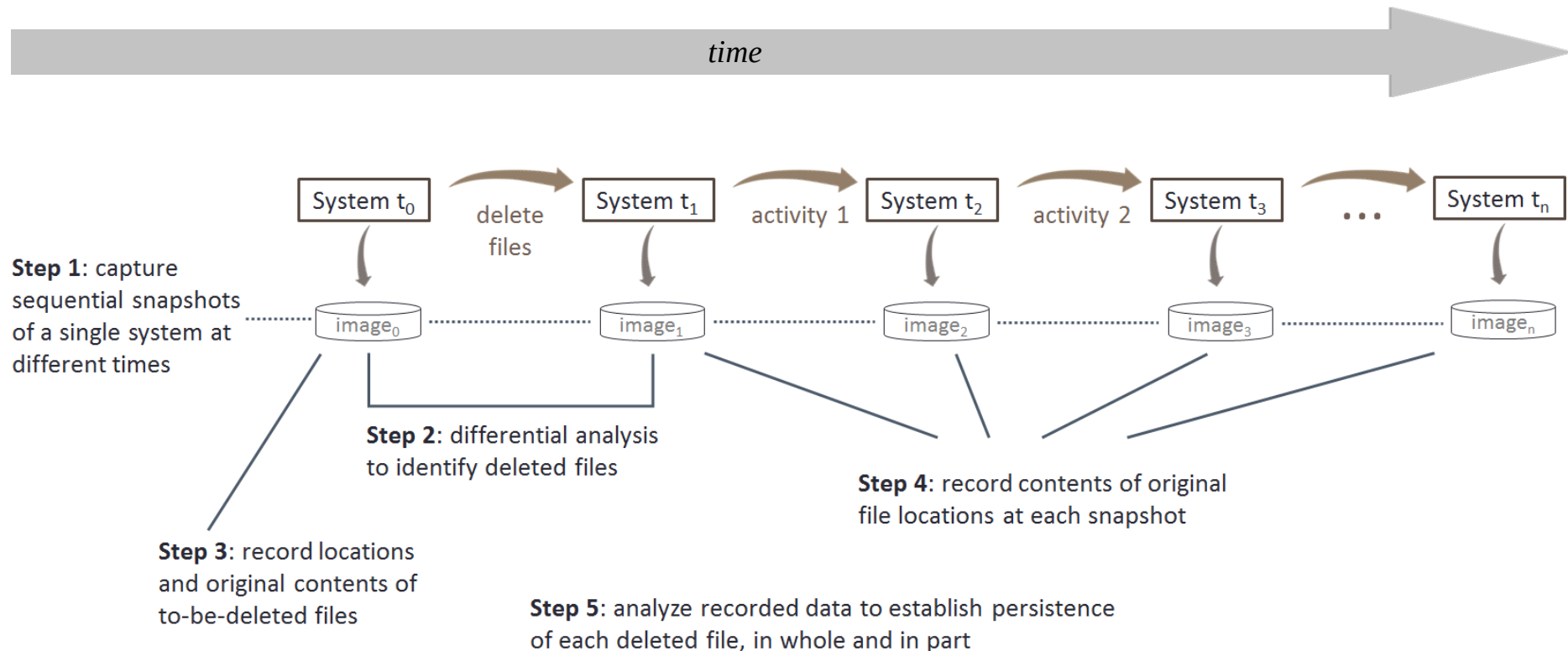
DFRWS 2017

WHAT ARE THE FACTORS THAT AFFECT DIGITAL FILE PERSISTENCE (DECAY)?



- Can a predictive model be constructed?
- Could it be used for triage decisions? to interpret recovered residual fragments? privacy?

WE DEVELOPED TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES TO STUDY THIS QUESTION



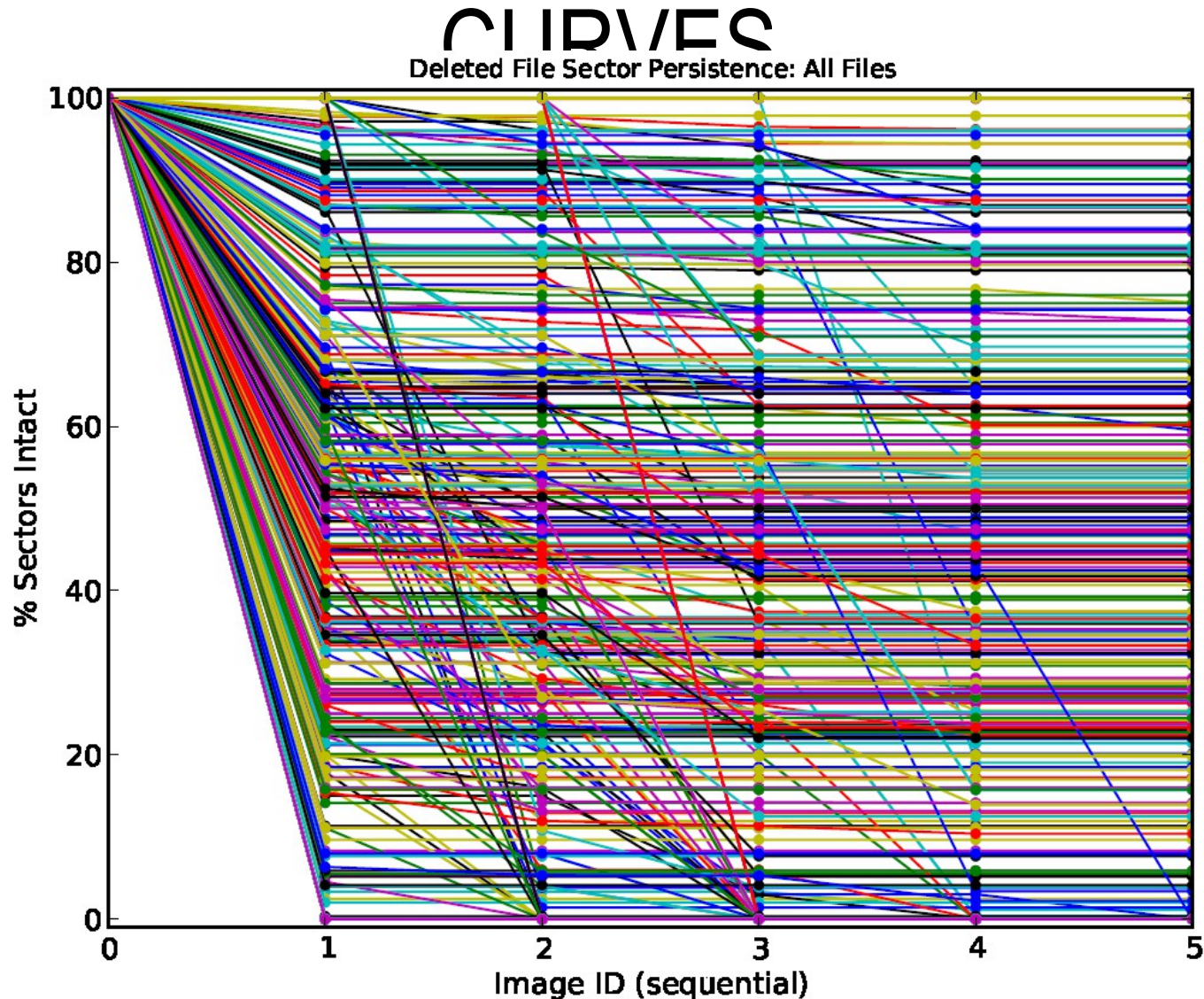
Jones, J. H., & Khan, T. M. (2017, January). A method and implementation for the empirical study of deleted file persistence in digital devices and media. In *Computing and Communication Workshop and Conference (CCWC), 2017 IEEE 7th Annual* (pp. 1-7). IEEE.

M57 ADVANCED KEYLOGGER

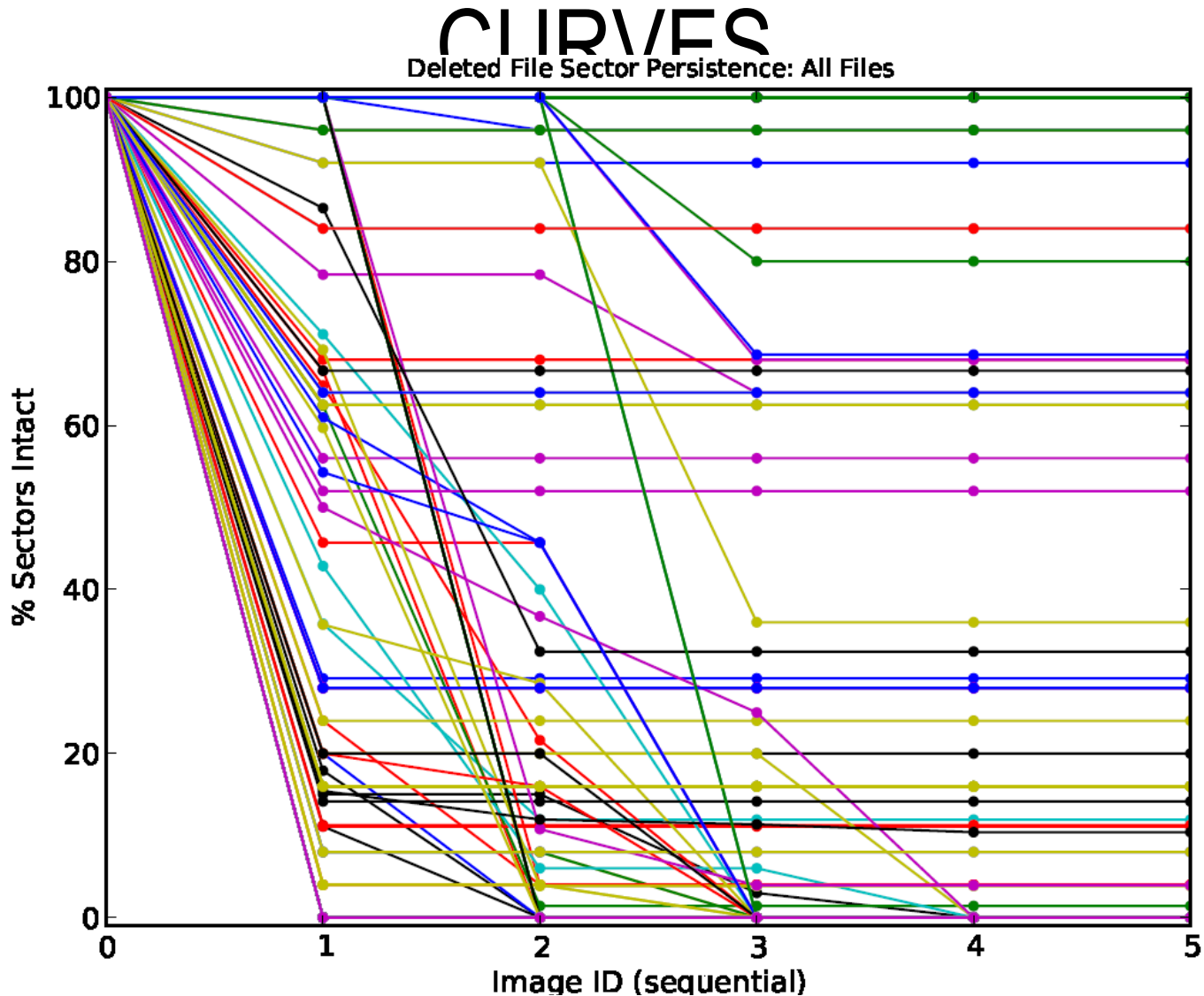
- 17 snapshots over 25 days (11/16 - 12/11)
- Advanced Keylogger installed on machine Pat 12/02 - 12/03
- Uninstalled and files deleted 12/04 - 12/07
 - 1314 files (662,307 sectors) deleted between these images
 - 691 of these files (13,173 sectors) are Advanced Keylogger logs
- Continued use 12/07 - 12/11

Garfinkel, Farrell, Roussev and Dinolt, Bringing Science to Digital Forensics with Standardized Forensic Corpora, DFRWS 2009, Montreal, Canada

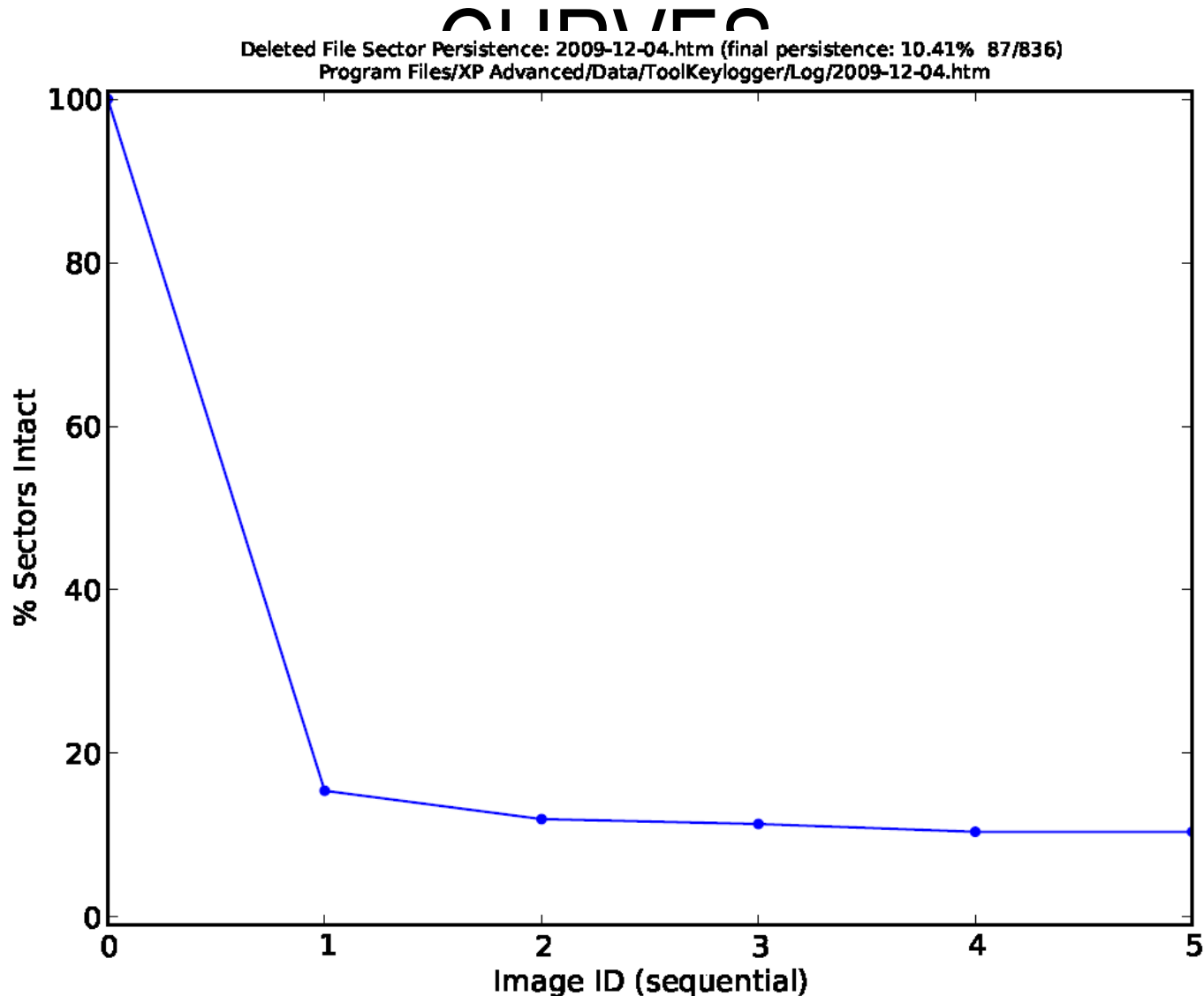
M57 ADVANCED KEYLOGGER: DECAY



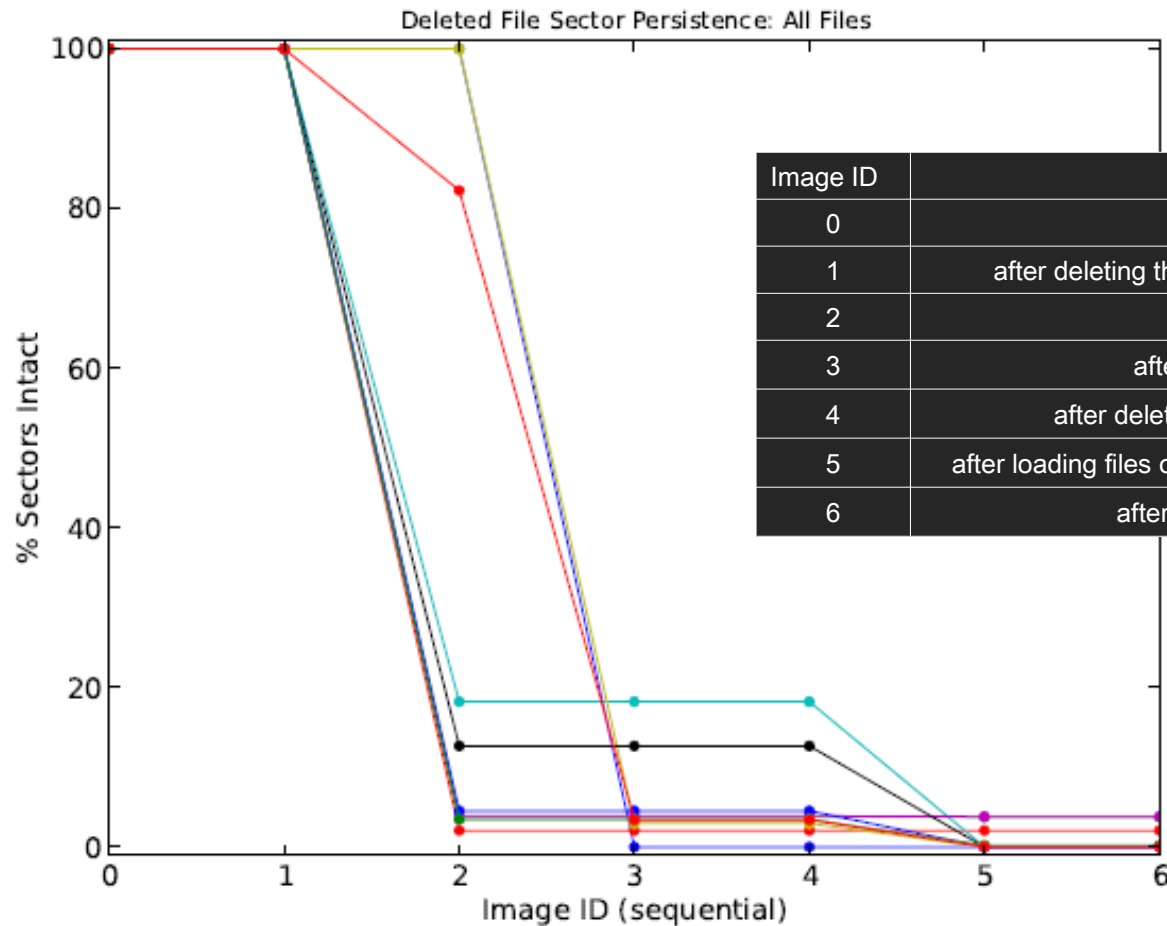
M57 ADVANCED KEYLOGGER: DECAY



M57 ADVANCED KEYLOGGER: DECAY

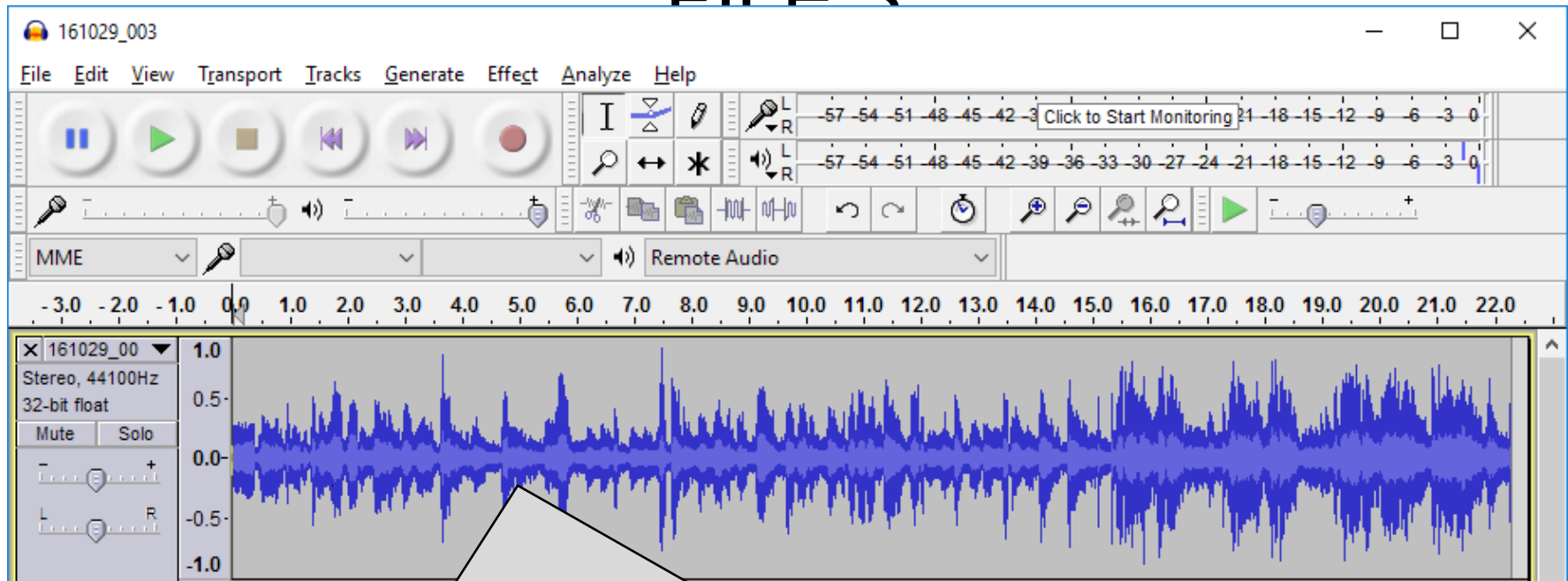


RESULTS: AUDIO FILES

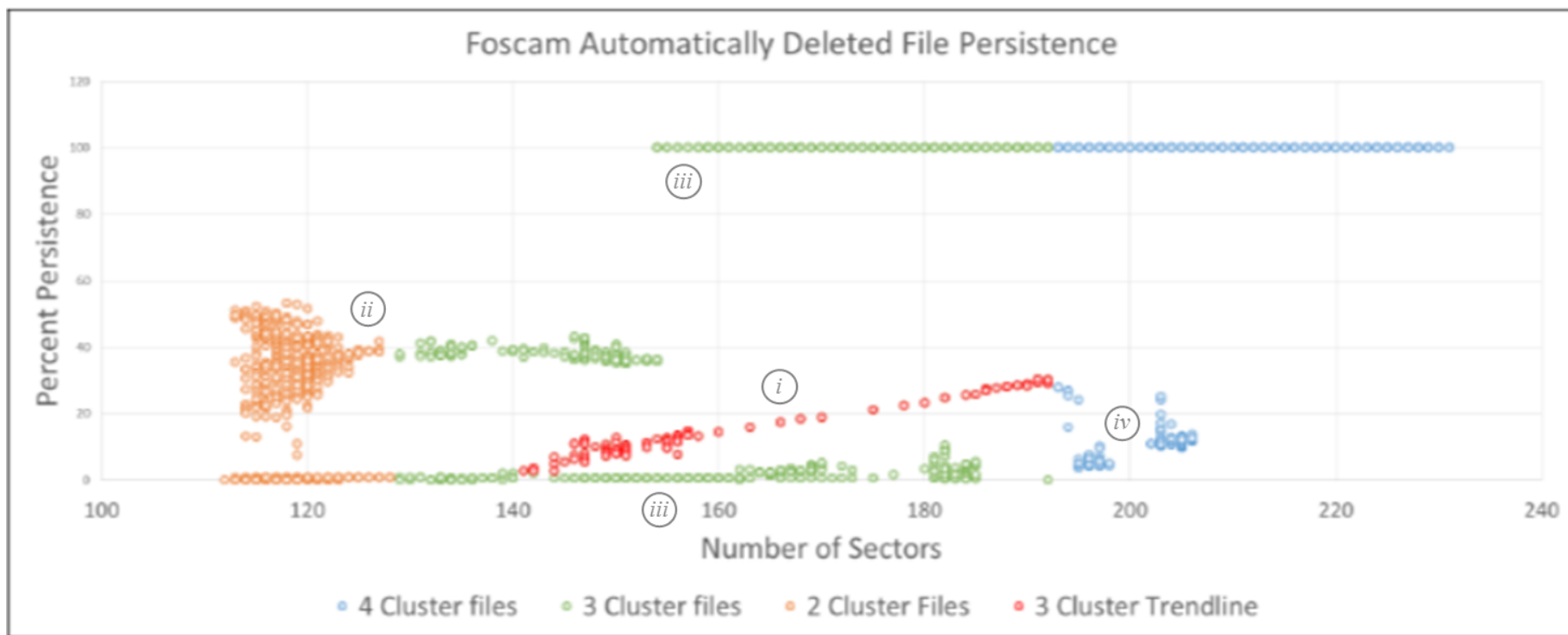


Jones, James. "Deleted Audio File Decay on a Digital Voice Recorder." Audio Engineering Society Conference: 2017 AES International Conference on Audio Forensics. Audio Engineering Society, 2017.

RECOVERED AUDIO FRAGMENTS FROM FILE 2

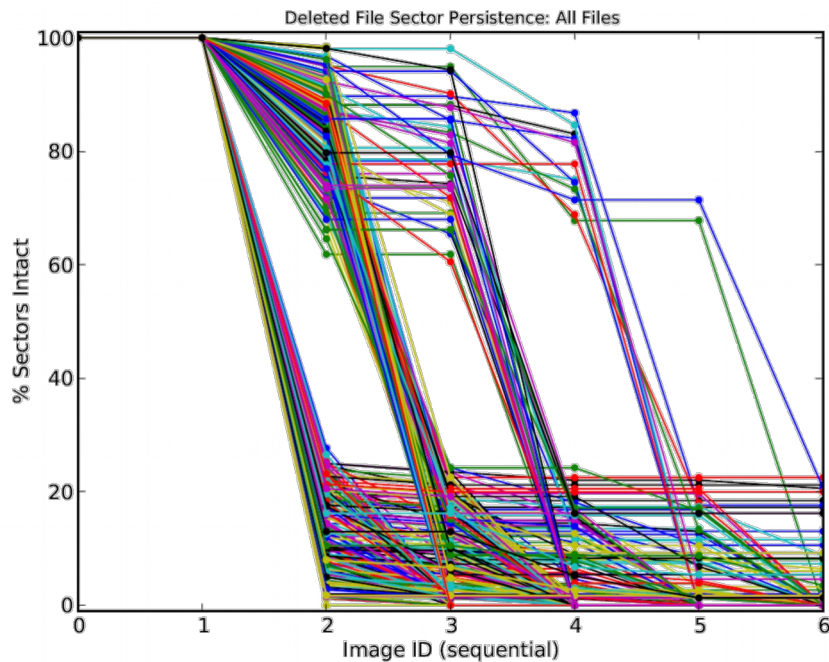


RESULTS: CAMERAS AND SDCARDS

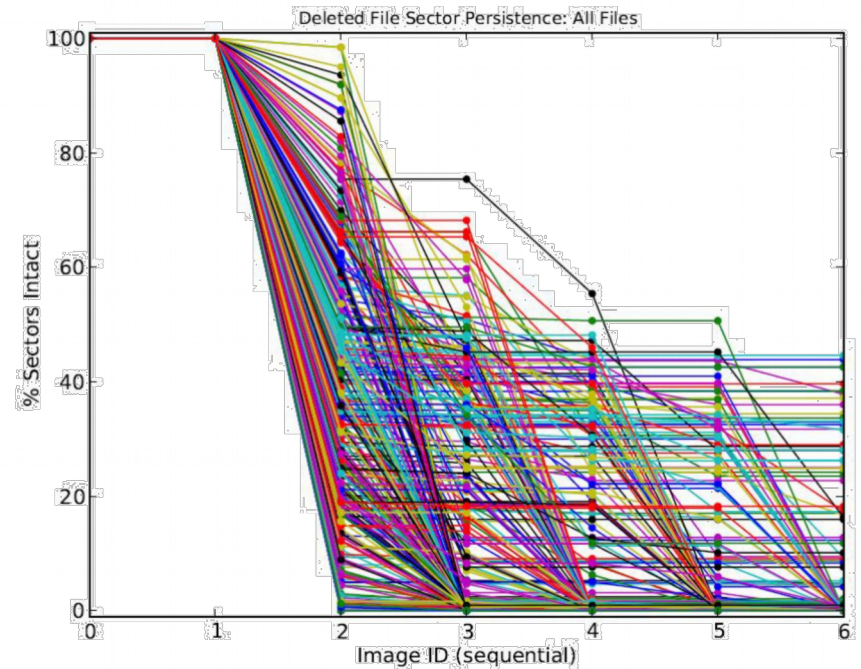


Jones, James H. Jr; Srivastava, Anurag; Mosier, Josh; Anderson, Connor; and Buenafe, Seth, "Understanding Deleted File Decay on Removable Media using Differential Analysis" (2017). Annual ADFSL Conference on Digital Forensics, Security and Law. 13.

SD CARDS: CLUSTER SIZE

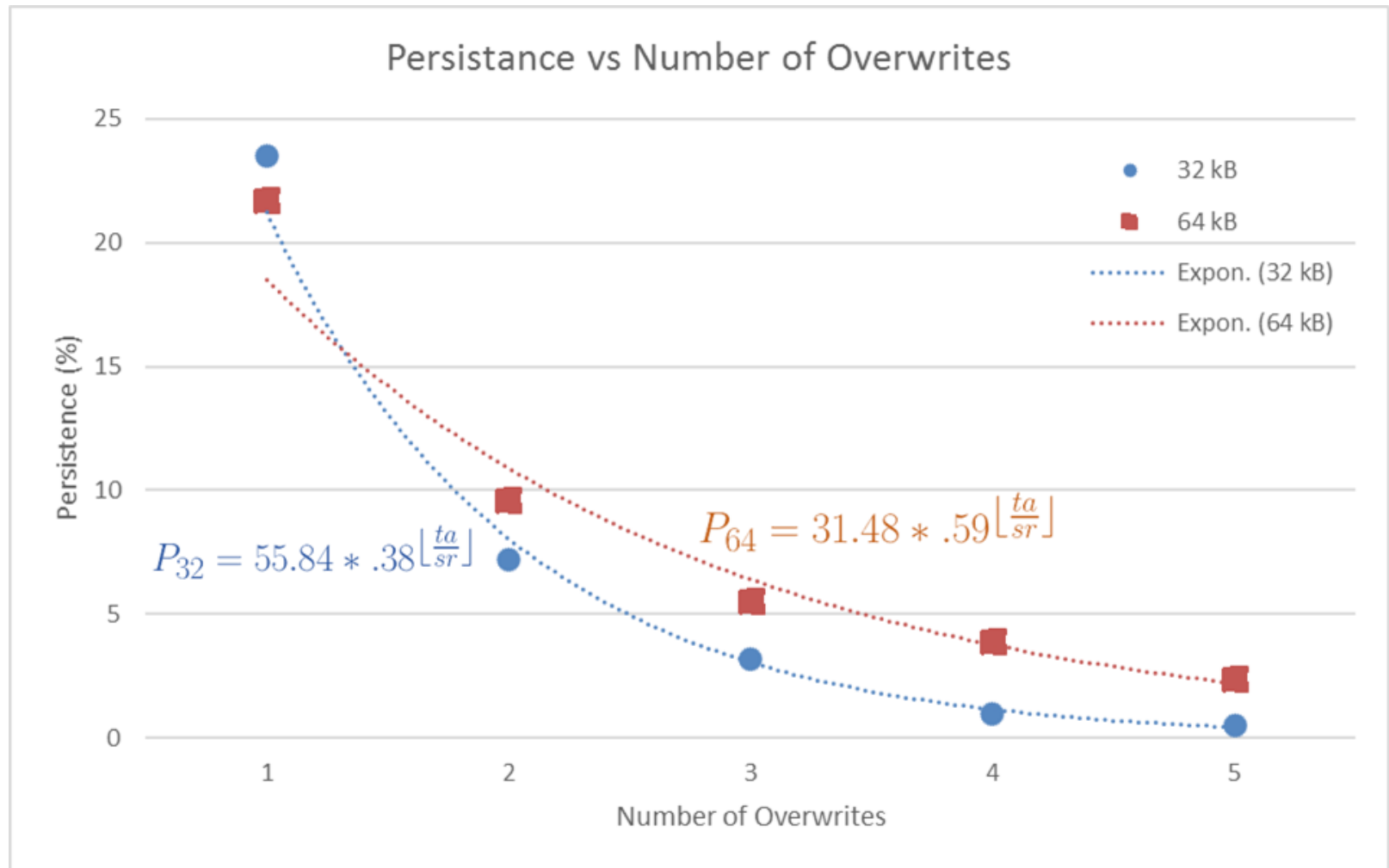


32 kB clusters



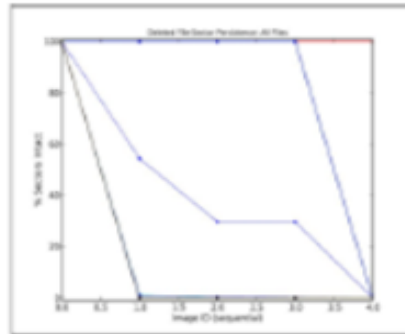
64 kB clusters

SD CARDS: CLUSTER SIZE (CONTINUED)

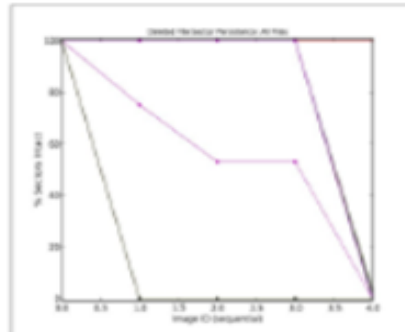


SD CARDS AND USB STICKS

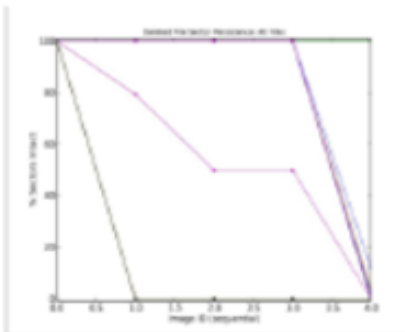
SD Card



**512
Bytes**

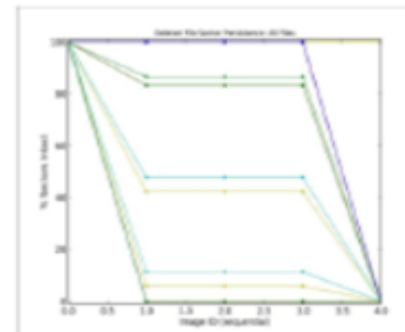
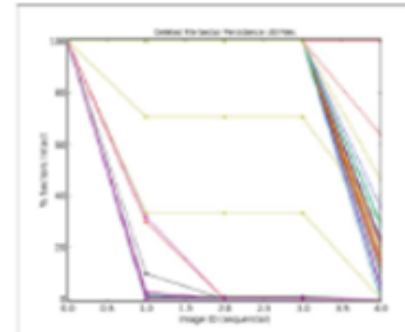
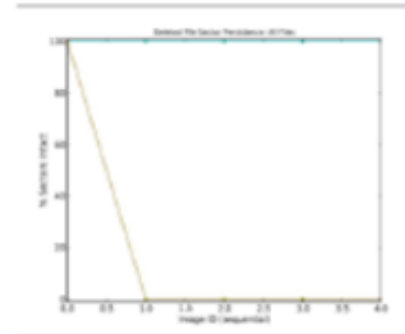


**4096
Bytes**



**8192
Bytes**

USB

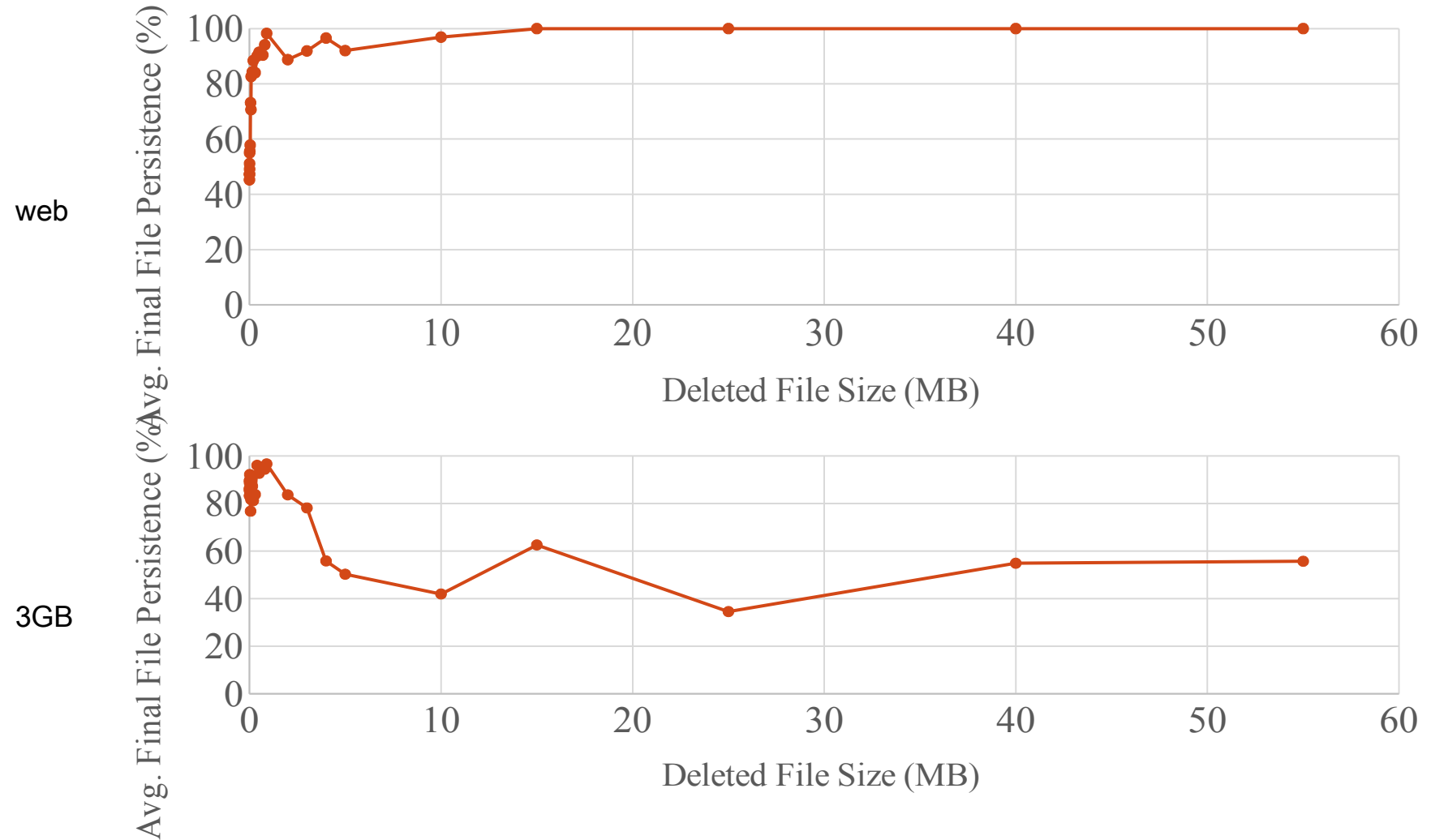


RESULTS: MAGNETIC HARD DISKS

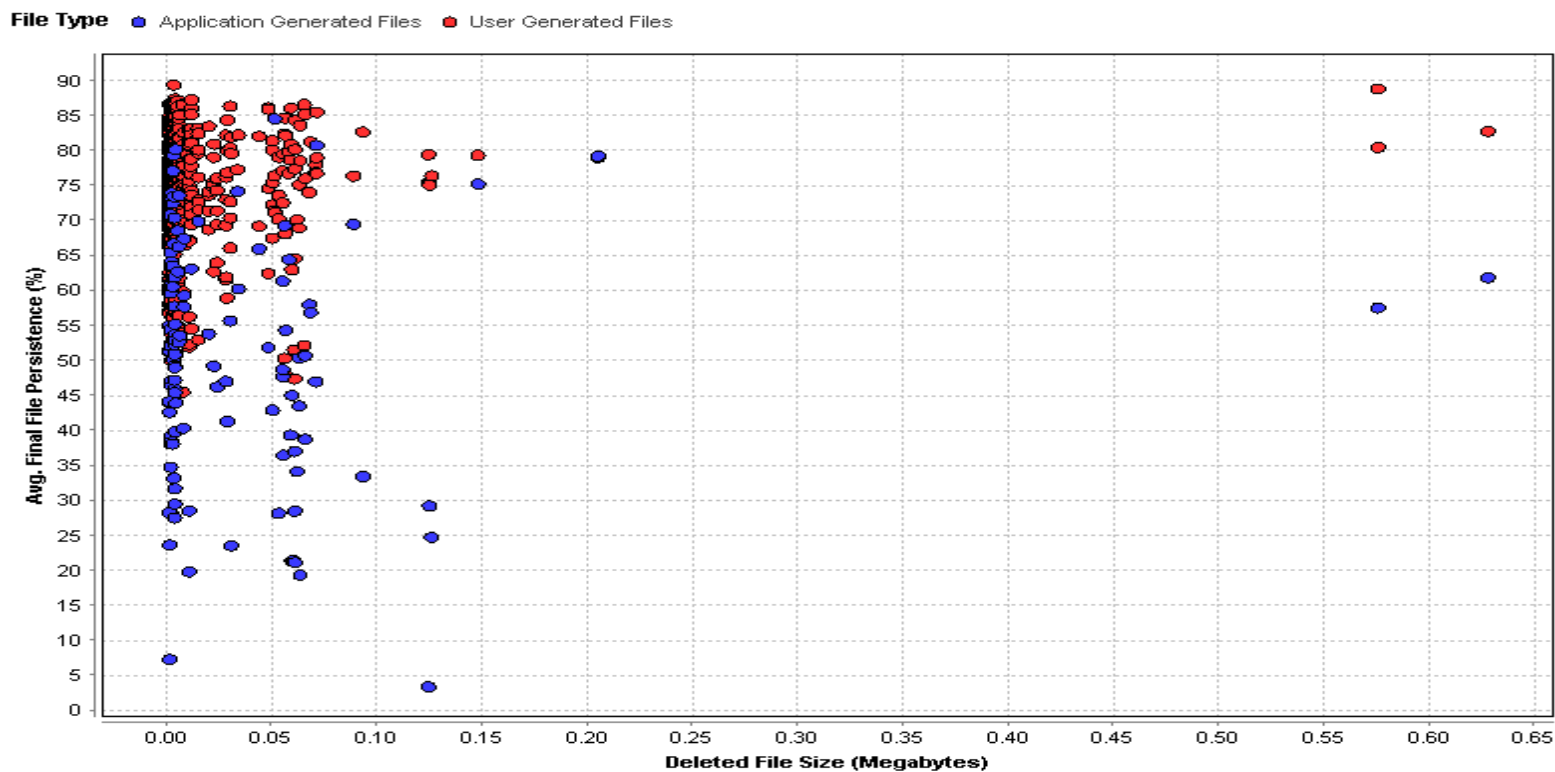
- 12 Disks (3 disk frag levels x 4 disk free levels)
- 9 User Activities, Repeated 3 Times
- $12 \times 9 \times 3 = 324$ experimental runs
- Dataset Includes:
 - Disk Free Bytes
 - Disk Fragmentation
 - User Activity
- File Characteristics:
 - Source, Path, Image Offset, Extension, Size, Fragmentation
- Final File Persistence

Experimental runs: 324
Tracked deleted files: 1917
Dataset records: 621,108

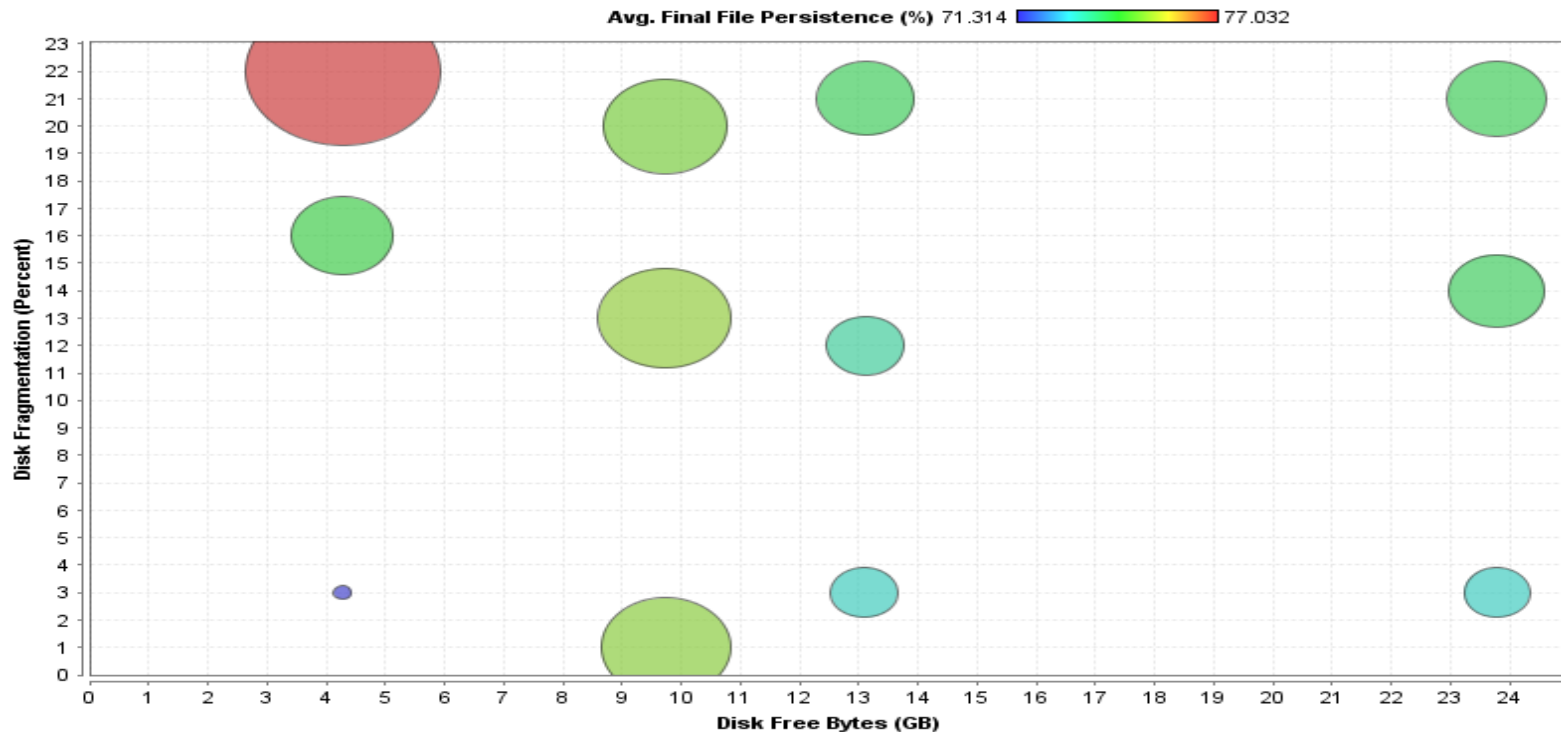
USER ACTIVITY



FILE SOURCE ("WHO" WROTE IT)



DISK FRAGMENTATION AND FREE DISK SPACE



LIMITATIONS AND FUTURE WORK

- Content is copied and moved, but we only track the initial logical location
- Deleted file decay is complicated; depends (at least) on:
 - OS, filesystem, hardware, user and system activity, format, disk usage and fragmentation, file characteristics, ... need to do more work
- Time matters: can we use a model to date the file deletion?
- Other devices, media, and applications:
 - SSDs, mobile, malware, ICS, ...

QUESTIONS?

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(w) <http://cfrs.gmu.edu/>
Github: [jjonesu/DeletedFilePersistence](https://github.com/jjonesu/DeletedFilePersistence)

BACKUP

M57 ADVANCED KEYLOGGER

