

An Empirical Study of Automatic Event Reconstruction Systems

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Event Reconstruction

 Identify the underlying conditions and chain of events that led to the security event

Necessary for effective incident response and recovery





Event Reconstruction cont.

- Ex-post evidence
 - Disk, Memory dumps. Network logs
 - -TCT, Sleuthkit, Encase, Ethereal...
- Ex-ante logging
 - Audit trails (hopefully tamper proof)
 - Back Tracker, Forensix...





Why an empirical study?

- Guidance for investigators in choosing the right tool
- Likelihood calculation for hypotheses
- Towards standardization and thwarting Trojan Horse Defense [Carney et al. 2004,]
- Directions for future research





A really quick survey of event reconstruction systems



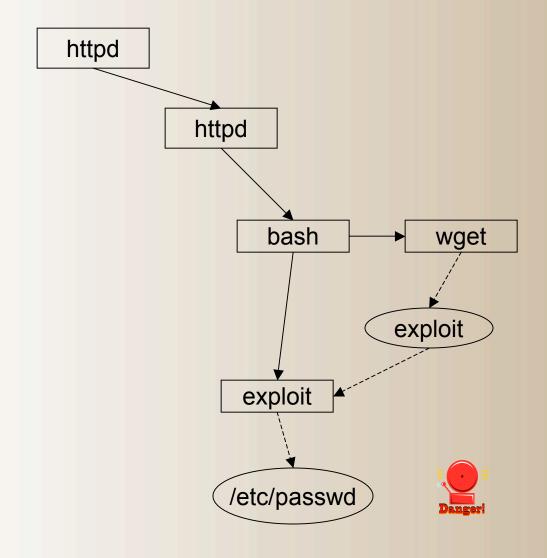


BackTracker [king et al. 2003]

- At run time:
 - Monitor system objects and events
 - Record dependences between system objects
- Post-mortem:
 - Build dependence graph
 - Traverse graph to reconstruct the events

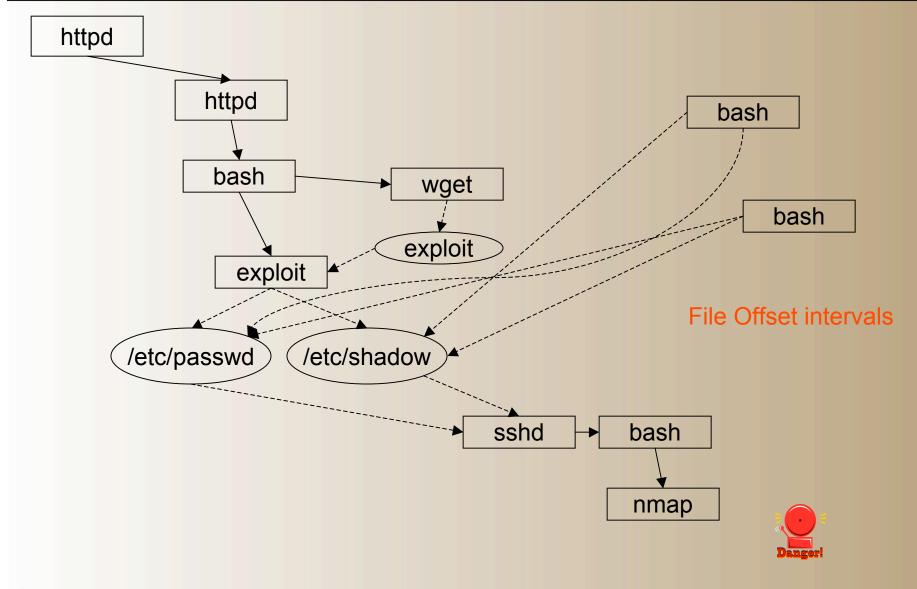






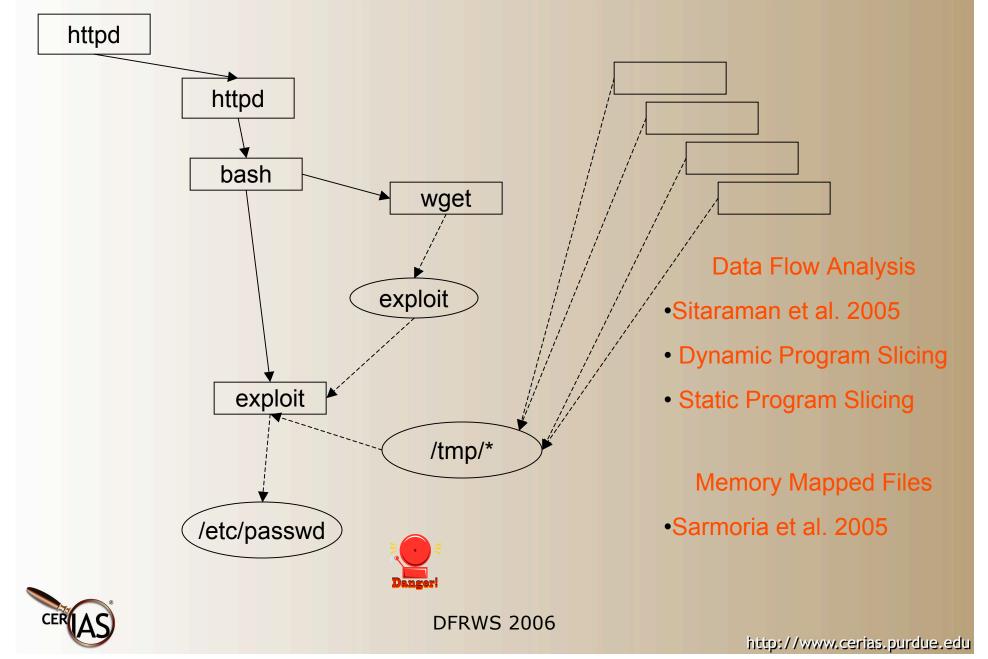














In Summary

- Tracking OS-enabled dependences
 - BackTracker, Forensix, CIDS, Process Labels
 - Improved BackTracker
 - File Offset Intervals
- Tracking process-enabled dependences
 - Improved BackTracker
 - Static Program Slicing
 - Dynamic Program Slicing
 - Memory mapped files





Methodology

- Equivalent ability in tracking causal relationships enabled by the OS.
- Difference arises in the ability to track those enabled by the process address space
- Use dynamic slicing to determine falsepositives and false-negatives





Reconstruction Systems

- Tracking OS-enabled dependences
 - BackTracker, Forensix, CIDS, Process Labels
 - Improved BackTracker
 - File Offset Intervals
- Tracking process-enabled dependences
 - Improved BackTracker
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Methodology cont.

- A set of applications as a benchmark suite
- Regression test suite for each application
- Metrics
 - Average rate of false-positives





BenchMark Suite

gnuPG 1.4.2	GNU's replacement for PGP	
gnu wget 1.10	Program for retrieving files through HTTP(S), FTP	
find (findutils 4.2.25)	Search for files in a directory hierarchy	
locate (findutils 4.2.25)	List files in a database that matches pattern	
Is (coreutils 4.5.3)	List directory contents	
cp (coreutils 4.5.3)	Copy files	
wc (coreutils(4.5.3)	Print the number of bytes, words and lines in a file	
tar 1.15.1	Archiving software	
gzip 1.3.3	A popular data compression program	
grep 2.5.1	Search files for a given input pattern	





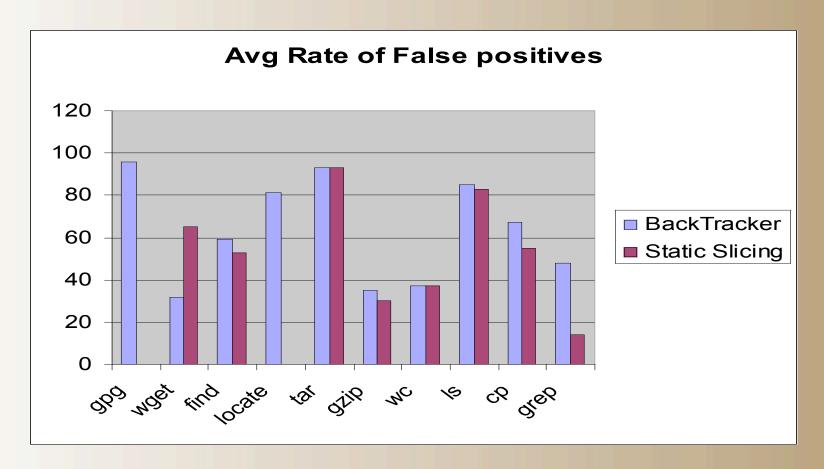
Experimentation

- Dynamic slicing implemented using PIN
- Static Slicing implemented using CodeSurfer
- Approx. 100,000 system calls and 11 Billion instructions executed as part of the test cases





Avg rate of False-positives







Overhead of Dynamic Slicing

Application	CPU overhead	Wallclock overhead
gpg	8458	7646
wget	4933	45
find	648	648
locate	43298	48
tar	12808	14149
gzip	32894	1510
wc	28719	760
Is	22153	8140
ср	10502	11525
grep	53	57





Limitations & Discussion

- Incomplete coverage of reconstruction systems
- Limitations of benchmark suite
 - No multi-threaded applications
 - No application > 100K LOC
- No statement coverage statistics for testcases
- Implicit dependences
- Better analysis of the results





Comments/Questions/Brickbats?

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Iterative and Recursive Behavior

```
while (pending_dirs)
{
  extract_files_from_dir(pending_dirs);
  print_files();
}
```

```
dir1 dir2 dir3
| | |
----- f2 f3
| |
f1 d1
```

`ls dir1 dir2 dir3`

